

WINNIE MADIKIZELA MANDELA LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

DRAFT INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN 2022-2027

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1. MAYOR'S FOREWORD

The Draft Integrated Development Plan as developed for the 2022 - 2027 Municipal Council term of office is hereby presented as a product of robust consultative engagements and interactions with the communities in all our 32 Wards, development role-players in the public & private sectors, and civil society stakeholders of Mbizana Local Municipality. This review consolidates the development plans to be implemented in the in the thirty two (32) wards of Mbizana.

The communities through the consultative processes made it clear that ensuring increased access to water supply, roads maintenance, electricity provision and housing are still the top basic service needs our government must focus on. These mentioned top community priorities are raised in full awareness of the need to reduce the general basic services and infrastructure backlogs for economic growth. There was also a sharp focus on the need to ensure improved monitoring during projects implementation and improved operations and maintenance on existing projects. The key to achieving service delivery needs presented by communities require improved cooperation and collective response by government spheres in partnership with the private sector. The Declaration of the National State of Disaster by the President of the Republic on the 15th March 2020 together with the lockdown strategy to fight against the spread of Covid-19 which has put social and economic distress across the world has negatively affected our original plans and threatened our future plans. We are continuously reviewing our infrastructre strategies and plans in alignment with the Economic reconstruction and recovery plan as announced by the President Ramaphosa. We call on every member of our communities to adhere to all precautionary measures in our fight against this enemy. We are certain that we will ultimately defeat Covid-19, only when we work together.

It is further acknowledged that a sustainable solution to the high levels of poverty, inequality and unemployment is to build a flourishing local economy that ensures inclusive ownership and employment. We have realised that the building of sustainable communities does require partnerships with the local and international stakeholders. To realise the above objective, our municipality through the assistance of the South African Local Government Association (SALGA) entered into a partnership with the City of Strathroy-Caradoc in Canada. This partnership is under a programme called Building Inclusive Green Municipalities (BIGM) with a special focus on building local economic development in order to fight unemployment and poverty. This project (BIGM) is now firmly part of our reviewed IDP and has led to the revision of our LED organisational structure, ongoing Business incubator and the replication of the Rural Economic Development Hub (RED Hub) sub-projects are being implemented. The agriculture and tourism sectors still continue to occupy our attention in order to fight hunger and poverty whilst we grow our local economy. We are mindful of the threats caused by climate change to the agricultural sector and the community well-being, we are implementing a comprehensive climate change strategy in order to mitigate its negative effects whilst we improve adaptation to the changes.

This IDP continues to advance radical social and economic transformation era as espoused in the National Development Plan, the Eastern Cape's Provincial Development Plan, and the District Development Plan. Mbizana guided by the 2021 Local government's electoral mandate vision: "Together advancing people's power in every community, Local government is in your hands".

Our reviewed and revised Integrated Development Plan puts more focus and emphasis on the following priorities: -

- Progressively extending the provision of basic services to all the communities served;
- Together with the development players we shall enhance the growth of our local economy in order to produce the much needed jobs;
- Together we shall continue to improve public participation and accountability;
- To continuously improve and enhance institutional capacity;
- To improve our roads maintenance works especially after heavy rains of April 2019, this is done in order to improve people mobility for social and economic development.
- Enhancing our fight against the spread of communicable diseases, mainly Covid-19 and HIV & Aids pandemics.

The above will be done within the scope of the prescribed five (5) Local Government Key Performance Areas. The municipality continues to enhance the implementation of Back to Basics programme. The additional pillars of focus during the 2nd phase of B2B are the following: Addressing spatial injustice and spatial dislocation which continue to impact on the lives of our people; Building resilient communities; and implementing ways in which social and economic transformation can best be achieved at a local level. We have included an improved focus on revenue enhancement measures which includes electricity metering assessment for improved revenue collection as stated in our revenue enhancement strategy. This we do in order to secure the much needed financial resources for continued service delivery. On the one hand, we have agreed on cost containment measures in order to reduce our expenditure on non-core services. These measures are being implemented as a response to the slow economic growth our country and world faces against the heightened negative growth effects worsened by Covid-19 pandemic.

Therefore, the implementation of this integrated development plan enjoys the support of all community stakeholders, the organs of State and traditional authorities. This IDP puts more emphasis on putting people needs first, improved public accountability and effective & efficient provision of services. Allow me to say "Let us grow Mbizana" together, indeed "Umanyano ngamandla".

Yours truly,

CLLR T. D. MAFUMBATHA

MAYOR

2. THE EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Pre-Planning

In accordance with Section 28 of the Municipal Systems Act, a process plan was developed, agreed and adopted by Municipality council to guide the planning and drafting of this review IDP. This document takes into consideration the five yearIDP (2017 – 2022) and focuses on 4 key areas *viz*, response to MEC & AG comments, Updating of information and restricting of the report to make it more accessible. It is based on a process plan which was adopted by council on August 2021.

Municipal Overview

Mbizana covers an area of 2806 km² with 32 wards. Winnie Madikizela - Mandela Local Municipality falls under the Alfred District Municipality in the Eastern Cape Province. This is a very rural Municipality with a population that is 319943 (StatsSA: CS: 2016. The Municipality is characterized by youthfulness of its population with 47% of the total population less than 35 years of age and 48% of the population economically active. Consistent with the national trends 55% of the population is women. The statistics tell us that we have to develop policies and programmes that will address the plight of the young people and women in the main. Mbizana is 98% rural.

Local Economic Development

The preplanning phase of this IDP formulation involved a gap analysis. Key indicators show that:-

- Unemployment is at about 44%, poverty widely spread with dependency ratio of 99% for children to economically active,
- Government services and domestic (55%) as well as retail account for the majority of jobs in the market (19%) followed by finances (11%)
- An HDI of 0.35 indicates very poor lifestyles across the municipality

The key economic drivers as prioritised in the LED strategy are agriculture, tourism and mining and are said to be underdeveloped. The municipality supports SMME development and has invested in establishing the LED forum, Local Tourism Organisation and Contractor development programme for information sharing, capacity development and marketing. The Municipality in collaboration with other key stakeholders have supported SMMES in almost all sectors on various aspects which amongst them include training, funding, marketing, and creating access to markets and information. The Municipality has also developed and adopted Agricultural development plan to ensure the development of the sector is appropriately guided and to transform subsistence agricultural practise to commercial practise. The tourism plan was adopted and is currently under implementation and the mining potential assessment was done for the local investors to tap into available opportunities. These plans also seek to attract investors to invest in Mbizana for sustainable job creation and further develop the area as an economically viable region. There are compounding environmental challenges coupled with lack of internal capacity to undertake key responsibilities in terms of our powers and functions; The municipality has also signed an MOU with Ray Nkonyeni municipality which is the municipality in the Kwazulu Natal border nearer

to Winnie Madikizela – Mandela Municipality the MOU is on LED initiatives which includes business licencing and incubation SMME development this partnership has proven to be effective as most business ventures have been established mainly by Winnie Madikizela – Mandela municipality business sector.

Institutional Development & Transformation

The municipality operates within a Collective Executive System combined with a ward participatory system. It has 32 wards and 62 Councillors with an Executive Committee consisting of 10 members. There are 12 Traditional Leaders participating in the council. Ward Councillors are chairpersons of ward committees which are responsible for discussing local development issues and concerns. The Council meets once a quarter to consider recommendations from the Executive Committee and/or the Standing Committees through a report from the Honourable Mayor. The Executive Committee meets on a monthly basis to consider matters tabled to it by the Municipal Manager with the management team.

The organisational structure was designed to achieve the strategic objectives of Council and was reviewed and adopted by council on the 28th of May 2020 with a total of 282 positions and 243 positions filled and 39 vacant positions. The administration is clustered into six areas of service delivery or departments. There are 5 Section 56 Managers and the Municipal Manager all were appointed on a fixed term performance based contract to lead the Municipal Administration as indicated below:-

- Office of the Municipal Manager;
- Budget & Treasury Office;
- Engineering Services;
- Development Planning;
- Community Services; and
- Corporate Services

The municipality has developed, adopted and is implementing a skills plan and an equity plan to guide our capacity building and training interventions. All the necessary policies to guide the functioning of the municipality and its employees were developed and adopted by council.

Financial Viability

The demographics of the Winnie Madikizela - Mandela Local Municipality make it clear that it is a rural municipality, with only a small urban area comprising its town and surrounding settlements. This means that the municipality has a limited revenue generating base where it can levy rates and other taxes. The reliance on grant funding then becomes unavoidable. The point about a limited revenue base is then demonstrated by the fact that of the funding, only 20.4% of this was own funding and the remaining 79.6% was grant funding.

The municipality has reliable accounting systems that are able to produce reports as and when they are needed. These systems are yet to translate into positive audit outcomes as improvements are done consistently. The improvements are both on accounting systems as well as the operational systems within the Budget and Treasury Office. The department is well established and satisfactory staffed, and efforts are made to ensure that the finance personnel are trained on a regular basis to ensure that they are always informed of the changes that are happening within the accounting framework. Our audit outcomes have been improving from 2014/15 financial year which was a qualified into unqualified consistently.

Basic Service Delivery

Backlogs for services are generally high and efforts to provide such needed services are in place. The District municipality as a water services Authority has revised most of the water schemes in rural areas and plans are in place to reticulate water from the big dam. Though Water backlog is at 73.6% while that of sanitation improved to 73% with only 27% unserved households.

Only 3% households and 100% businesses including rural business hubs receive refuse collection from the municipality. Others use their own means while an estimated 21% does not have any means. Electricity back lock is currently sitting at 9701 (13%) households pending completion of the current running projects, however municipality is estimating 16000 growth of households still in need of electricity this is due to new developing households and new locations. About 28% of households have no access to telephones. Those who have access are largely assisted by cell phone connectivity which is often hampered by poor network and signal coverage's in especially rural areas. Approximately 385.6km of road has been created using MIG funding by end June 2019 from 2013/2014 and 23.6km is targeted for the current financial year 2019/20 with a budget of 27 Million. In road maintenance the municipality due to its terrain has a recurring need for road maintenance to the extent that sets of yellow machine has been purchased to withstand the need. The municipality has managed to maintain 125km of roads from 2016/2017 to date.

Social amenities, community services, education, health, road network, transport, social development services have drastically improved where in most of the wards community halls and others have under construction and the municipality has planned to implement the ISDM to utilise all the services and resources available in its area of jurisdiction. The municipality does involve all sector departments on the IDP REP Forum so that they can submit their infrastructure plans this has proven to be a challenge as not all of them attend the IDP REP Forum. The current situation is that the municipality does not have a Comprehensive Infrastructure Plan as not all sector departments are included only the municipality has got its own detailed plans. However the office of the Mayor has been mandated to improve IGR relations with sector departments so as to provide the municipality with sector departments infrastructure plans. The Alfred Nzo District Municipality is both the WSA and WSP, there is also no SLA that has been entered into between District & LM.

Spatial Development Framework

The council reviewed and adopted its SDF during 2015/16 financial year. It identifies rural service centres that will be used to reach-out to rural communities as we expand service delivery. We embrace the call of the 3rd Presidential Local Government

Summit theme: "Transforming Municipal Spaces for radical social and economic development" as a programme towards the realisation of the objectives of the Second Phase of Back to Basics programme.

Planning for the future

The vision, mission and values have been amended in the 2022/2027 review reading as a vibrant socio economic growing municipality that creates sustainable communities with equal opportunities for all.

Conclusion

This document represents the fourth review of 2022 – 2027 five year IDP, it will be implemented from 01 July 2022 as adopted by council and will be monitored in terms of our annual PMS and SDBIP.

MR. Ĺ. MAHLAKA MUNICIPAL MANAGER

3. INTRODUCTION - BACKGROUND AND PURPOSE

Section 34 of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act provides for the annual review of the IDP in accordance with an assessment of its performance measurements and to the extent that changing circumstances so demands. As such, this document represents the fourth comprehensive Integrated Development Plan (IDP) for the Winnie Madikizela – Mandela Local Municipality since the establishment of the municipality. The IDP document aims to:-

- Link, integrate and co-ordinate all development plans within the municipality
- Align the resources and capacity of the municipality with the implementation plan.
- Form policy frameworks which constitute the general basis on which the annual budget must be based
- well-match the National and Provincial development plans and with the municipal plans

The strategic objectives and targets contained in this document were reached subsequent to extensive systematic and structured internal and external consultation through various public participation mechanisms with the community and stakeholders within the Municipal area of jurisdiction.

Section 35 of the MSA clearly states that an Integrated Development Plan adopted by the Council of a municipality is the principal strategic planning instrument, which guides and informs all planning and development, and all decisions with regard to planning, management and development, in the municipality. It binds the municipality in the exercise of its executive authority, except to the extent of any inconsistency between a municipality's Integrated Development Plan and national or provincial legislation, in which case such legislation prevails. Section 36 furthermore stipulates that a municipality must give effect to its integrated development plan and conduct its affairs in a manner that is consistent with its integrated development plan.

3.1. Integrated Development Planning Objectives

Integrated development planning is a process whereby municipalities prepare strategic development plans for a five-year period. These plans should inform planning, decision making, budgeting, land management, promotion of local economic development, and institutional transformation in a consultative systematic and strategic manner. The main objective of developing an IDP is the promotion of developmental local government, through the following:-

- Institutionalizing performance management in order to ensure meaningful, effective and efficient delivery (monitoring, evaluation and review) -Speed up service delivery through making more effective use of scarce resources.
- Enabling the alignment and direction of financial and institutional resources towards agreed policy objectives and programs.

- Ensure alignment of local government activities with other spheres of development planning through the promotion of intergovernmental co-ordination.
- Assist the municipality to focus on environmentally sustainable development strategies and delivery
- Assist in the development of a holistic strategy for local economic development and job creation in the context of a strong poverty alleviation focus.
- Strengthen democracy and institutional transformation.
- Attracting additional funds from private investors and sector departments as the IDP indicates a developmental direction.

A critical concept in the development of an IDP is ensuring that integration takes place. The IDP process and development of plans amounts to an advantage to ensure alignment of all the plans with the IDP. This will ensure that consolidated and integrated sectoral programmes will be developed and that aspects, both horizontally and vertically, ranging from spatial, economic, environmental and social impacts are completely connected. This IDP also aims to:-

- Create a higher level of focus and thereby improve the strategic nature of the document;
- Align this strategic document with the limited financial and human resources
- Align the IDP with the activities of the municipality's departments and other social partners in other spheres of government
- Align the IDP with the various sector and management plans of the municipality.

3.2. Legislative Framework

The following legislation defines the nature of the Integrated Development Planning:-

a) Constitution of the Republic of South Africa Act 108 of 1996

Sections 152 and 153 of the Constitution stipulate that a municipality must give priority to the basic needs of its communities and promote their social and economic development to achieve a democratic, safe and healthy environment.

b) Local Government: Municipal Systems Act 32 of 2000

Sections 28 and 34 of the Act stipulate the need for each and every municipality to develop and adopt an IDP, which should be reviewed annually. In addition, it outlines the IDP process and components.

c) Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act 56 of 2003

Section 21 of the Act makes provision for alignment between the IDP and the municipal budget. The Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan is an annual contract between the Municipality's administration, Council and the community, which ensures that the IDP and the Budget are aligned.

d) Local Government: Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations (2001).

These Regulations make provision for the inclusion in the IDP of the following:-

- The institutional framework for the implementation of the IDP;
- Investment and development initiatives in the Municipality;
- Key performance indicators and other important statistical information;
- A financial plan of a municipality; and
- A spatial development framework.

e) Local Government: Municipal Structures Amended Act 117 of 1998

This Act provides for the establishment of municipalities and defines the various types and category of municipality. It also regulates the internal systems, structures and office-bearers of municipalities and provides for appropriate.

f) Municipal Property Rates Act 6 of 2004

The objective of this Act is to regulate the power of a municipality to levy rates on property. Rates represent a critical source of own-revenue for municipalities in order to achieve their constitutional development objectives.

g) The Strategic Agenda of the Municipality

The people-driven IDP and Budget of the Municipality takes place within the context of the Intergovernmental Relations Framework and therefore takes into account global, national and provincial perspectives. The IDP is therefore a government-wide expression of developmental commitments. Within the multitude of government policy frameworks, legislation, guidelines and regulations that seek to advocate for the path, pace and direction for the country's socio-economic development agenda, the section below focuses on National Development Plan Vision 2014; Popular Mandate across Spheres of Government; Government Outcomes; Medium Term Strategic Framework (MTSF); the National Spatial Development Perspective (NSDP); Millennium Development Goals.

h) National Development Plan, Vision 2030

The National Development Plan (NDP) offers a long-term perspective. It defines a desired destination and identifies the role different sectors of society need to play in reaching that goal. The NDP aims to eliminate poverty and reduce inequality by 2030. According to the plan, South Africa can realize these

goals by drawing on the energies of its people, growing an inclusive economy, building capabilities, enhancing the capacity of the state, and promoting leadership and partnerships throughout society. The Diagnostic Report of the National Planning Commission, released in June 2011, sets out South Africa's achievements and its shortcomings since 1994. The Vision Statement of the NDP is a step in the process of charting a new path for our country. The NDP has the following objectives:-

- Seeks to eliminate poverty and reduce inequality;
- Seeks a country wherein all citizens have the capabilities to grasp the ever-broadening opportunities available;
- Plans to change the life chances of millions of our people, especially the youth; life chances that remain stunted by the apartheid history.
- Sustainable Development Goals

On September 25th 2015 countries adopted a set of goals to end poverty, protect the planet and to ensure prosperity for all as part of a new sustainable development agenda. Each of these goals has its own targets that are to be achieved over the next 15 years. For the goals to be reached everyone needs to do their part government, private sector civil society. This therefore means even this municipality has the role to pay in realizing these development goals.

These seventeen (17) goals mainly focus on human and social development, infrastructure investment and economic development as well as environment management and sustainability for the benefit of the continent. Each of these goals consists of quantified measurable targets that are meant to address these areas of focus. The identified sustainable development goals include the following:-

- Ending poverty in all its forms and everywhere.
- End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture.
- Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages.
- Quality education: Ensure inclusive and quality education for all and promote lifelong learning.
- Achieve gender equality and empower al women and girls
- Ensure access to water and sanitation for all
- Affordable and clean energy: ensure access to affordable reliable sustainable and modern energy for all
- Promote inclusive and sustainable economic growth, employment and decent work for all
- Build resilient infrastructure, promote sustainable industrialization and foster innovation.
- Reduce inequality within and among countries
- Make cities inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable
- Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns
- Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts.
- Conserve and sustainably use oceans, seas and marine resources
- Sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, halt and reverse land degradation, halt biodiversity loss.
- Promote just, peaceful and inclusive societies

• Revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development.

This therefore suggests that all development plans should be settled around these goals so as to ensure that the aspirations of the united nations of saving the world are fulfilled.

i) Delivery Agreement: Outcome 9

The aim of Delivery Agreement: Outcome 9 is to ensure a responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system so as to restore the confidence of citizens in the local government sphere. As such municipalities need to ensure that the basic needs of communities are met; build clean, effective, efficient, responsive and accountable local government; improve performance and professionalism and strengthen partnerships between local government, communities and civil society. The Outcome consists of seven outputs which need to be achieved, viz.:

- Implement a differentiated approach to municipal financing, planning and support;
- Improve access to basic services;
- Implementation of the Community Work Programme;
- Actions supportive of the human settlement outcome;
- Deepen democracy through a refined Ward Committee Model;
- Improve administrative and financial capability;
- A single window of coordination.

The outputs consist of targets, indicators and key activities which need to be achieved. The achievement of these outputs will go a long way in improving the lives of residents whilst at the same time improving the processes within government so they are able to operate more effectively and efficiently.

j) National Spatial Development Perspective (NSDP)

The NSDP's objective is to promote informed economic investment profiling to guide regional growth and development planning within a socio-economic framework. The National Spatial Development Perspective also informs the Spatial Development Framework of the Municipality.

k) Back to Basics - COGTA Programme for change

The programme is a national initiative aimed at ensuring that municipalities perform their core mandate of delivering basic services to local communities, as enshrined in Chapter seven (7) of the Constitution of South Africa. The Back to Basics approach is based on five principles which are:-

- Putting people first and engaging with the community;
- Delivering basic services;
- Good governance;
- Sound financial management; and
- Building capabilities.

I) Provincial Development Plan, 2030 Vision for the Eastern Cape

The National Development Plan as explained above sets out a vision for South Africa – a prosperous country with no poverty or inequality. The Eastern Cape's Provincial Development Plan (PDP) plan aims to provide creative responses to the province's challenges. A sustainable future for the Eastern Cape rests on people-centred development to achieve five related goals:

- An inclusive, equitable and growing economy for the province
- An educated, innovative and empowered citizenry
- A healthy population
- Vibrant, equitably enabled communities
- Capable agents across government and other institutional partners committed to the development of the province.

These goals will be pursued with a focus on rural development to address serious inherited structural deficiencies – the legacy of apartheid has left the rural regions of the Eastern Cape underdeveloped, with an urban economy that is unduly stressed and experiencing slow growth. Addressing this spatial unevenness in endowment and development will take time and hard work, but it can be done. The PDP's design and implementation planned to shift discriminatory attitudes towards women and other vulnerable sectors of society.

3.3. Powers and Functions

The municipality's mandate stems from the section 152 and 156 of the constitutions (Act 108 of 1996) coupled with the assigned powers and functions drawing from the schedules 4b & 5b. The Constitution indicates that the objects of local government are:-

- To promote democratic and accountable government for local communities;
- To ensure the provision of services to communities in a sustainable manner;
- To promote social and economic development;
- To promote a safe and healthy environment; and
- To encourage the involvement of communities and community organizations in the matters of local government.

Within this Constitutional role, powers and functions have been defined in terms of the Local Government: Municipal Structures Act as amended. The Municipality should be undertaking all powers

and functions listed under column three; however, the main challenge is that the municipality does not have sufficient capacity to undertake all the assigned powers and functions.

Function	ANDM	WMM LM	Implementation Status	Challenges				
Schedule 4 Part B								
Air pollution	Х	N/A	N/A	N/A				
Building regulations		Х	By law under review as there were gaps identified during implementation	Illegal buildings due to non-compliance with approved building plans				
Child care facilities		Х	Progressing fairly	Keeping up with demand from communities				
Electricity reticulation	Х	Х	Progressing well	Limited funds to				
Firefighting Services	Х	Х	Vehicles and staff deployed by the DM	Vastness of wards and roads conditions in some areas				
Local tourism	Х	Х	Progressing well	N/A				
Municipal airports	Х		N/A	N/A				
Municipal planning	Х	Х	Progressing well	N/A				
Municipal Health Services	X		N/A	N/A				
Municipal Public Transport		Х	Not implemented	Limited funding				
Pontoons and Ferries	Х		N/A	N/A				
Storm water		Х	Progressing	Limited resources				
Trading regulations		Х	By law gazetted and implemented	Rapid growth of traders within limited space				
Water (potable)	Х		N/A	N/A				
Sanitation	Х		N/A	N/A				
Schedule 5 Part B								

Function	ANDM	WMM LM	Implementation Status	Challenges			
Schedule 4 Part B							
Beaches and amusement facilities		X	Progressing	Seasonal operation and access due to roads leading to these facilities			
Billboards and the display of adverts in public places		X	By law gazetted	Illegal billboards			
Cemeteries, Crematoria and funeral parlours		Х	One operating cemetery	Limited space			
Cleansing		Х	Progressing well	Currently utilising unlicensed dumping site			
Control of public nuisances		Х	By law gazetted and implemented	N/A			
Controlofundertakings that sell liquor to the public		Х	Bylaw in process of promulgation	No by law in place which has resulted in illegal liquor trading especial in rural areas			
Facilities for the accommodation, care and burial of animals		х	By law gazetted and service provider appointed to undertake removal and burial of animals	Removal of fencing along the main roads resulting to stray animals gett			
Fencing and fences	Х		N/A	N/A			
Licensing of dogs		Х	Bylaw gazetted	Illegal keeping of dogs			
Licensing and control of undertakings that sell food to the public		Х	By law gazetted	Non-compliance by traders with by law provisions			
Local amenities		Х	Progressing well	N/A			
Local sport facilities		X	Progressing at slow pace due to limited resources	Maintenance of facilities and lack of ownership by communities			
Markets		Х	Temporal market place operational	Unavailability of space/land			

Function	ANDM	WMM LM	Implementation Status	Challenges				
Schedule 4 Part B								
Municipal abattoirs		X	Currently performed by DM	N/A				
Municipal parks and recreation		Х	1 park in town	Unavailability of space/land				
Municipal roads		Х	Progressing with back log	Maintenance of constructed roads				
Noise pollution		Х	By law gazetted and	Difficulty in implementing the bylaw due to cultural practices				
Pounds		Х	Animal pound operational	N/A				
Public places		Х	Non available	N/A				
Refuse removal, refuse dumps and solid waste disposal		Х	In progress	Operating unlicensed dumping site				
Street trading		Х	Issuing of trading licencing progressing	Number of traffic wardens to keep up with the number of street vendors				
Street lighting		Х	Progressing	N/A				
Traffic and parking		Х	In progress	Increasing volume of motor vehicles in town				
Disaster Management	X	X (Devol ved Functi on)	Disaster management plan developed and adopted	Community understanding of disaster terms				

3.4. The Integrated Development Planning Focus Areas

3.4.1. Updating the planning data

As the municipality, we have collected better information to update our planning baseline. The information changes relate to inputs by desktop statistical research, ward consultations and sector departmental engagements. Local government operates in an ever-changing environment. The dynamic nature of local, national and global environments constantly presents local government with new

challenges and demands. Similarly, the needs of the communities of Winnie Madikizela-Mandela continuously change.

This IDP is not only a good corporate governance requirement only; it is also a Legislative requirement in terms of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act 32 of 2000. The focus of this IDP has therefore been on aligning municipal programmes, projects, strategies and budgets with:-

- Community needs and priorities;
- Updated statistical information;
- Expanding and improving the situational analysis;
- More outcomes orientated targets, to make them realistic and measurable;
- The revised Spatial Development Framework and related sector plans;
- Outcome 9 outputs;
- Integrated and sustainable human settlements, as envisaged in Outcome 8;
- More integrated funding streams;
- The prioritization of job creation and poverty eradication

3.4.2. Previous IDP Assessments by the MEC

The municipality's IDP for 2021 - 2022 was assessed by MEC for Local government as mandated by S32 of the Municipal Systems Act (Act No 32 of 2000) as amended. The municipality managed to obtain and overall high ratings with one KPA (Service Delivery & Infrastructure Planning) rated medium. The details of the assessment are as follows: -

KPA	2017/2018	2018/2019	2019/2020	2020/2021	2021/2022
Spatial Planning Framework	High	High	High	High	High
Service Delivery & Infrastructure Planning	High	High	High	Medium	Medium
Financial Planning & Budgeting	High	High	High	High	High
Local Economic Development	High	High	High	High	High
Good Governance & Public Participation	High	High	High	High	High
Institutional Arrangements	High	High	High	High	High
Overall Rating	High	High	High	High	High

3.4.3. Previous IDP Assessment Findings Corrective Action Plan

There were no major findings with regard to non-compliance with the core-components of the IDP as prescribed in Section 26 of the Local Government Municipal Systems Act, however, the municipality has developed an assessment findings corrective action plan to address the MEC comments:

Focus Area Specific Finding		Improvement Measure	Time Frames	Responsible Person				
KPA NO. 1 SPATIAL PLANNING, LAND, human Settlements and Environmental Management								
Spatial Development	The municipality must develop Spatial Development Framework (SDF) according to the requirements of 2017 SDF Guidelines	The SDF is in place and has been adopted by Council	N/A	SM:DP				
	The municipality must develop Land Invasion Policy	Land Invasion Policy will be done in the next financial year (2022/23)	July 2022-June 2023	Manager PLU				
Environmental Management	The municipality must expedite the adoption of Air Quality Management Plan of the district and the signing of the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) for implementation	The municipality to facilitate Adoption of the Air Quality Management Plan by council.	June 2022	SM: Community Services				
	The municipality must develop environmental conservation by-laws	The municipality to develop environmental by-laws	December 2022	SM: Community Services				
	The municipality must list all capital projects that will require environmental authorization in compliance with an Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) process.	The municipality has already included all projects that obtained Environmental Authorisation, will continue the process	June 2022	SM: Community Services				
KPA NO.2 Service Delivery an	d Infrastructure Planning							
Roads Storm Water Management	The municipality must make follow up on its support requests to develop and approve the storm water management plan from stakeholders such as COGTA, Municipal Infrastructure Support Agency (MISA) and Development Bank of Southern Africa (DBSA).	Municipality made a submission for the DBSA grant funding support on the 31st of March 2021 as required by EC COGTA. The submission for the development and implementation of Road and Stormwater Management Plan.	September 2022	SM: Engineering Services				
		DBSA has appointed a PSP namely Snethemba Consultants who have since						

		develop the business plan and presented it to the key stakeholders. DBSA will procure a suitable service provider (contractor) to carry out the necessary remedial works.		
Road Maintenance	The municipality must budget for roads maintenance.	The municipality has budgeted an amount of R 16 700 000.00 during 2021/22 financial year to rehabilitate some of the gravel access roads. The allocated budget is far less than the required funding to meaningfully eradicate roads maintenance backlogs.	March 2022	SM: Engineering Services
		Winnie Madikizela-Mandela local Municipality has an amount of R2 797 654.00 budgeted for CBD Infrastructure Rehabilitation in the current financial year		
	The municipalities must establish a forum to coordinate roads planning	An inquiry has been made to Provincial DOT on establishment of Roads Planning Forum. To make a follow up	June 2022	SM: Engineering Services
	The municipality must budget for non-motorised roads facilities.	Municipality to prioritise budgeting for non- motorised roads facilities versus maintaining existing infrastructure	June 2024	Exco
Integrated Waste Management Plan	The municipality must expedite the endorsement of its adopted Integrated Waste-Management Plan by both MECs for Cogta and DEDEAT	The municipality submitted IWMP to DEDEAT regional office in 2019, no response was received until we were again offered by MISA to review the document, it is currently under-review and will be resubmitted to DEDEAT and COGTA	June 2022.	SM: Community Services.

	The municipality must develop and adopt its Integrated Waste Management Plan and formally appoint a designated Waste Management Officer.	Waste Management Officer was designated.	N/A	SM: Community Services
	The municipality must develop and gazette waste management by-laws that comply with the National Environmental Management: Waste Act 59 of 2008.	The municipality has developed its waste management bylaw, currently awaiting adoption by municipal council and gazetting thereafter	June 2022	SM: Community Services
	The municipality must reflect projects that address waste management challenges.	The municipality indicated that it conducts 3 waste management campaigns yearly to educate communities, working with several local recyclers, which assist in diverting recyclables from other streams of waste. Rehabilitation of EXT 3 dumping site, waste skip bins introduced in the CBD and extended waste service to unserviced areas.	N/A	SM: Community Services
	The municipality must develop mechanisms to capacitate local communities on waste management issues e.g. awareness campaigns, access to waste management information.	The municipality has indicated that it conducts waste awareness campaigns in the IDP.	N/A	SM: Community Services
	The municipality must establish a forum to coordinate waste management.	The municipality has already established its waste management forum in 2015 and it is indicated in the IDP.		SM: Community Services
Disaster Management	The municipality must develop safety plan.	To develop a safety plan.	By June 2022	SM: Community Services
	The municipal must develop a Spatial Development Plan that is informed by disaster vulnerability and risk assessment reports.	The municipal Spatial Development Framework addresses the issue of disaster	N/A	SM: Development Planning
	The municipality must develop emergency procurement measures and stipulate them in the disaster management plan.	Include emergency procurement measures in the reviewed Disaster Management Plan	By June 2022	SM: Community Services

Electricity	The municipality must reflect in the IDP a three-year electricity capital plan.	Three-year electrical plan is now incorporated on IDP	January 2022	SM: Engineering Services
	The plan must make provision for infrastructure reticulation or bulk infrastructure for electricity	Municipality will embark on electricity infrastructure renewal	June 2022	SM: Engineering Services
KPA NO.3 Financial Pla	anning and Budgets			
Financial Plans	The municipality must spend all of its capital budget.			
	The municipality must develop integration plans between itself and local municipality.			
KPA NO.4 Local Econo	mic Development (LED)			
Local Economic Development	The municipality must provide detailed information with regards to economic infrastructure	The South African National Road Agency is currently constructing the N2 toll road from Durban to East London via wild Coast area, the road will provide mobility access to economic activities. The Municipality working with the National Department of Tourism are working on the development of beach infrastructure development such as life guide towers, showers and toilet. The municipality working with the department of Rural development and land reforms facilitated the construction of dipping tanks in various ward.	N/A	Manager- LED
		The construction of the RED HUB which is an agro- processing plant		

	The second teacher that the second second	Maria de la Constantina del Constantina de la Co	1 0000	Marrie LED
	The municipality should have a heading on economic infrastructure with list of economic infrastructures such as transport infrastructure, communication and Information Communication & Technology, educational institutions, physical buildings and services and facilities.	When we doing Situational Analysis, the information will be updated in order to talk to the economic infrastructure	June-2022	Manager- LED
	The municipality must have mechanisms for business expansion and retention for existing businesses and attraction of further investment.	The Municipality will incorporate business expansion, retention and attraction of the new investment on the Led strategy review and align with the IDP	June 2022	Senior Manager DP
	The municipality must reflect on the mechanisms for attracting investments into township economies.	The Municipality in 2017 developed and adopted Mbizana small town's regeneration strategy in order to promote investment into township and the situational analysis would be updated in order to include such information	N/A	Manager- LED
PA NO. 5 Good Governar	nce and Public Participation			
ublic Participation	The municipality must establish and implement the Integrated Service delivery Model (ISDM)	Revival of ward war rooms structures and Induction of new ward councillors their role in driving the ISDM at ward level	April 2022	CoGTA
	The municipality must design a supporting programme towards integration of functional Ward Committees	Induction and continuous capacity building of ward committees with accredited courses targeting those with matric	March 2022	LM, District for Support and CoGTA training
	The District Municipality must engage	Training of newly appointed Petitions	April 2022	District supported by CoGT

4.7. Institutional Transformation And Human Resource Development	The municipality must reflect in the IDP document the critical and scarce skills that are a challenge to the municipality	An analysis will be conducted to identify institutional goals and gaps in our organogram.	June 2022	SM: Corporate Services
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3.4.4. The IDP Review Process

This document describes the process to be followed in developing as five - year Integrated Development Plan (IDP) for the 2022/2027 council term. This process is guided and regulated by the Local Government Municipal Systems Act 32 of 2000, herein-after the "Act" or MSA. The Act prescribes that the municipal Council must review its integrated development plan annually in accordance with its performance measurements and to the extent that changing circumstances so demand

Tabulated herein below is a schedule of the programme to be followed by the Winnie Madikizela - Mandela Local Municipality in its process of reviewing the IDP and Budget. The proces plan was developed as expected with schedule of activities and time frames and was adopted by council on the 19th of August 2021. The dates indicated are as per the approved calendar of events and as per prescripts of Section 28 and 29 of the MSA, will be adhered to so as to ensure that the process of the review of the IDP is both credible and adheres to the principles as contained in the Act.

Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality

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EXTRACT FROM MINUTES OF THE ORDINARY COUNCIL MEETING

Venue

: VIRTUAL

Date

: 19 August 2021

Time

: 09Hrs

7. Executive Committee Reports

7.2. Draft IDP, Budget and PMS Process Plan 2022-2027 Review

On the motion of Councillor Z. Mashiyi seconded by Councillor N. Bhengu it was resolved that: -

 The Draft IDP, Budget and PMS Process Plan be and hereby adopted by Council.

Signed by

Cllr S. Magini The Speaker WINNIE MADIKIZELA-MANDELA LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PO BOX 12 BIZANA 4800

2 0 AUG 2021

OFFICE OF THE SPEAKER TEL: 039 251 0230 FAX: 039 251 0917

Vision: A vibrant socio economic growing municipality that creates sustainable communities with equal opportunity for all.

3.4.5. Schedule of Activities, Time Frames and Responsible persons

PHASE	PROCESS	ACTIVITIES	LEGISLATIVE REQUIREMENT	TIMEFRAMES	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
		JULY	– SEPTEMBER 2021		
PLANNING PHASE	IDP	Preparation of the Draft IDP / Budget and PMS Process Plan.	Section 27, 28 & 29 of MSA No.32 0f 2000 and Section 21 of MFMA No.56 of 2003	July 2021	IDP Coordinator
FRASE		Special Exco - consideration of draft IDP, PMS & Budget Process Plan.	Section 17 & 18 of MSA NO. 32 of 2000	28 July 2021	OM & AO
		Tabling of the IDP, PMS & Budget Process to Council for adoption.	Section 28 of MSA No.32 of 2000	19 August 2021	The Mayor
		Submission of IDP, PMS and Budget Process Plan to the District Municipality and COGTA.	Section 27 of MSA N. 32 of 2000	7 September 2021	IDP Coordinator
		Advertise IDP, PMS and Budget Process Plan in Municipal Website and in local newspapers	Section 28 of MSA No.32 of 2000	7 September 2021	IDP Coordinator
		Consolidation of Situational Analysis Reports		September 2021	All Senior Managers & Sector Departments
		IDP Steering Committee- Presentation of IDP Process Plan and MEC's Comments on the Previous IDP	Section 17 & 18 of MSA NO. 32 of 2000	17 September 2021	Municipal Manager
		IDP Representative Forum – Presentation of IDP Process Plan and MEC's Comments on the Previous IDP		28 September 2021	The Mayor
	PMS	Signing of new performance contracts for Section 57 Managers and submission to EXCO.	Section 69 of the MFMA and Section 57 of the MSA	31 July 2021	AO

	Submission of Q4 SDBIP Reports (for last quarter of 20/21). Submission of the Annual Performance Reports to Council for Adoption Section 46 of MSA 2000 to Council Submission of Annual Performance Report to Auditor General	Section 46 of MSA No.32 of 2000	30 July 2021 30 July 2021 31 August 2021	OM & AO
BUDGET	Submission of Section 71 Report to Provincial & National Treasuries The accounting officer of a municipality must by no more than10 working days after the end of each month submit to the mayor of the municipality and the relevant provincial treasury a statement in the prescribed format on the state of the municipality's budget.	MFMA Section 71(1)	13 July 2021	CFO and Manager: Budgeting & Reporting
	Develop process and timetable for the 2022/2023 Budget At least 10 months before the start of the budget year the mayor of the Municipality must table in the municipal council a time schedule outlining key deadlines for the preparation, tabling and approval of the annual budget; annual review of the integrated development plan in terms of section 34 of the Municipal Systems Act and the budget related policies; the tabling and adoption of any amendments to the integrated development plan and the budget related policies and any consultative processes forming part f the processes	MFMA Section 21(1)(b -)	09 August 2021	CFO and Manager: Budgeting & Reporting
	Submission of Section 71 Report to Provincial & National Treasuries The accounting officer of a municipality must by no more than10 working days after the end of each month submit to the mayor of the municipality and the relevant provincial treasury	MFMA Section 71(1)	13 August 2021	CFO and Manager: Budgeting & Reporting

		a statement in the prescribed format on the state of the municipality's budget. 2020/21 Financial Statements submitted to Auditor-General Establish Budget Steering Committee for 2022 / 2023 budget year Submission of Section 71 Report to Provincial & National Treasuries. The accounting officer of a	MFMA Section 71(1) –	31 August 2021 31 August 2021 14 September 2021	MM & CFO MM & CFO CFO and Manager: Budgeting & Reporting
		municipality must by no more than10 working days after the end of each month submit to the mayor of the municipality and the relevant provincial treasury a statement in the prescribed format on the state of the municipality's budget.			
		OCTOE	BER - DECEMBER 2020		
ANALYSIS PHASE	IDP	Mayoral Imbizos - Feedback on IDP Implementation, Data Collection & Analysis continues	Section 16 & 17 of MSA NO. 32 of 2000	02 -12 November 2021	The Mayor, Exco, MM & All Senior Managers
		Consolidation of situational analysis report	MFMA No. 56 of 2003 (S21) & MSA No. 32 of 2000 (S29)	01-30 October 2021	IDP Unit & All Senior Managers
	DMC	Constitution of First Ocean a Defense		00 Ostak az 0004	MAN's Office
	PMS	Compilation of First Quarter Performance Report		20 October 2021	MM's Office
		Finalize the draft 2020/2021 Annual Report incorporating financial and Non - financial on performance, audit reports and annual financial statements.	MFMA No. 56 of 2003 (S127)	10 December 2021	Senior Managers & Operations Manager
	BUDGET	Submission of Section 71 Report to Provincial & National Treasuries. The accounting officer of a municipality must by no more than 10 working days after the end of each month submit to the mayor of the municipality and the relevant provincial treasury	Section 71(1) of MFMA No. 56.20003	14 October 2021	CFO and Manager: Budgeting & Reporting

STRATEGI	IDP	a statement in the prescribed format on the state of the municipality's budget Submission of D-Form to NERSA Applicability of Tax and Tariff capping on Municipalities	Section 43 of the MFMA No. 56 of 20003	29 October 2021	CFO, Manager: Revenue & Expenditure and Electrical Superintendent Engineer
ES PHASE		Reviewal of, objectives, strategies, programs, KPI's, targets (operational plans) IDP Steering Committee Meeting to present consolidated situational analysis report IDP Rep Forum Meeting to present consolidated situational analysis report.	Section 21 of MFMA No.56 of 2003 and Section 29 of MSA No. 32 of 2000 Section 17 & 18 of MSA NO. 32 of 2000	01 – 30 November 2021 25 November 2021 8 December 2021	All Internal Depts. & Sector Depts. MM, All Senior Managers & Sector Departments The Mayor
	BUDGET	Check with National, Provincial Governments and District Municipalities for any information in relation to budget and adjustment budget to projected allocations for the next three years.		08-30 November 2021	Manager: Budgeting & Reporting /CFO
		Submission of Section 71 Report to Provincial & National Treasuries Section 71(1) —The accounting officer of a municipality must by no more than10 working days after the end of each month submit to the mayor of the municipality and the relevant provincial treasury a statement in the prescribed format on the state of the municipality's budget.	Section 71(1) of MFMA No. 56.20003	12 November 2021	CFO & Manager: Budgeting & Reporting
		Submission of Section 71 Report to Provincial & National Treasuries Section 71(1) —The accounting officer of a municipality must by no more than10 working days after the end of each month submit to the mayor of the municipality and the relevant provincial treasury a statement in the prescribed format on the state of the municipality's budget.	Section 71(1) of MFMA No. 56.20003	14 December 2021	CFO & Manager: Budgeting & Reporting

		JAN	IUARY- MARCH 2022		
PROJECT	IDP	Review Prioritization of IDP projects		January 2022	The Mayor & EXCO
S PHASE		Integration & alignment of projects and programmes of LM, DM, sector departments and parastatals.		February 2022	IDP Coordinator & OM
		IDP Steering Committee sit to discuss prioritized projects for 2022 / 2027 period	Section 17 & 18 of MSA NO. 32 of 2000	24 February 2022	AO & OM
		Consolidation of drat IDP Document		01- 12 March 2022	IDP Coordinator
		EXCO - presentation of draft IDP 2022/2027	MFMA No. 56 of 2003 (S30) & MSA No. 32	24 March 2022	Municipal Manager
		Draft IDP& Budget tabled before Council for noting	of 2000 (S34)(a)	31 March 2022	The Mayor
	PMS	Senior Managers to submit Mid - year Assessment Report (Q2 reports)	Section 72 of the MFMA 56 of 2003	07 January 2022	Senior Managers & Operations Manager
		Strategic Planning Session for Mid – year assessment report. Refining objectives and strategies	Section 21 of the MFMA 56 of 2003 & Section 29 of the MSA No.32 of 2000	January 2022	Municipal Manager
		Municipal Manager submits Midterm/Midyear Report to the Mayor		January 2022	Municipal Manager
		Revise SDBIP in accordance with adjusted budget		February 2022	
		Submit report to AG, Provincial Treasury and COGTA		February 2022	
		2020/2021 Oversight report on the Annual Report	MFMA No. 56 of 2003 (S127)	February 2022	МО
		Council adopts the 2020/2021 Annual report with the comments of the Oversight Committee.		25 March 2022	
	BUDGET	Obtain any projected adjustment allocations from National, Provincial Governments & District Municipality for the next three years.	Section 21 of the MFMA 56 of 2003	11 - 15 Jan 2022	Manager: Budgeting & Reporting /CFO

Submission of Section 71 Reports to Provincial & National Treasuries Submission of Mid-year assessment report to council The accounting officer of a municipality must by no more than10 working days after the end of each month submit to the mayor of the municipality and the relevant provincial treasury a statement in the prescribed format on the state of the municipality's budget.	Section 71(1) of the MFMA 56 of 2003	14 January 2022	CFO and Manager: Budgeting & Reporting
Budget adjustment Consultation Process begins, the Municipality May revise an approved annual budget though an adjustment budget	Section 28 of the MFMA 56 of 2003	24 Jan - 04 February 2022	Manager: Budgeting & Reporting/CFO
Mid – year budget engagements with Provincial Treasury		10 February 2022	MM & CFO
Submission of 71 Report to Provincial & National Treasuries The accounting officer of a municipality must by no more than10 working days after the end of each month submit to the mayor of the municipality and the relevant provincial treasury a statement in the prescribed format on the state of the municipality's budget.	Section 71(1) of the MFMA No. 56 of 2003	14 February 2022	CFO and Manager: Budgeting & Reporting
Budget Steering Committee - To discuss the and Finalize the Draft MTREF Budget and Adjustment Budget: Budget Preparation Process	Section 21 of the MFMA 56 of 2003	14 February 2022	Executive Mayor and Municipal Manager
Council to approve Adjustment Budget Section 28 of the MFMA the Municipality May revise an approved annual budget though an adjustment budget and read together with Section 72(3) The Accounting Officer must as part of the review make recommendations as to whether an adjustment budget is necessary and recommend revised projection of revenue and	Section 28 of the MFMA & Section 72(3) of MFMA of 56 of 2003	28 February 2022	Executive Mayor and Municipal Manager

expenditure to the extent that this may be necessary			
Consultation with departments for submission of 2022/2023 First Draft Budget Section 16(2) Annual Budget: The Mayor of a Municipality must table the annual budget at a council meeting 90 days before the start of the budget year Section 43 of the MFMA	Section 16(2) & Section 43 of the MFMA	21 Feb – 04 March 2022	CFO, all Heads of departments and Manager: Budgeting & Reporting
2022 / 2023 First Draft Budget to Budget Steering Committee Section 16(2) Annual Budget: The Mayor of a Municipality must table the annual budget at a council meeting 90 days before the start of the budget year Section 43 of the MFMA		11 March 2022	Portfolio Head: Finance
Approval of Electricity Tariffs by NERSA Section 16(2) Annual Budget: The Mayor of a Municipality must table the annual budget at a council meeting 90 days before the start of the budget year Section 43 of the MFMA		01-26 March 2022	Manager: Revenue & Expenditure, CFO and Electrical Superintendent Engineer
Council adopts First Draft Budget for 2022/2025 Section 16(2) Annual Budget: The Mayor of a Municipality must table the annual budget at a council meeting 90 days before the start of the budget year Section 43 of the MFMA		31 March 2022	Executive Mayor
Submission of Section71 Report to Provincial & National Treasuries Section 71(1) –The accounting officer of a municipality must by no more than10 working days after the end of each month submit to the mayor of the municipality and the relevant provincial treasury a statement in the	Section 71(1) of the MFMA No. 56 of 2003	12 March 2021	CFO and Manager: Budgeting & Reporting

		prescribed format on the state of the municipality's budget.			
		APR	RIL – JUNE 2022		
APPRO	IDP	Publicize / advertise the IDP & Budget Road - show schedule.		08 April 2022	IDP Coordinator
VAL		Draft IDP advertised for public viewing & comments		01-23 April 2022	
PHASE		Submission of Draft IDP documents, Provincial Treasury and the MEC for Local Government ad Traditional Affairs		14 April 2022	IDP Coordinator
		IDP & Budget Road-shows		11-14 April 2022	Local & DM Mayors
		EXCO– consideration and incorporation of public comments in the IDP & Budget		19 May 2022	The Mayor & Municipal Manager
		Mayor tables 2022/2027 IDP and Budget to Council for final adoption.		31 May 2022	The Mayor & Municipal Manager
		Final IDP Presented to the IDP Representative S forum	Section 17 & 18 of MSA NO. 32 of 2000	07 June 2022	The Mayor & Municipal Manager
		Public notices on approval of the final IDP 2022/2027		03 June 2022	IDP Coordinator
		Uploading the adopted IDP and Budget to the Municipal Website		03 June 2022	
		Submission of the final IDP to COGTA		14 June 2022	
	DMO	Output Annual report to AO Day in sight		A = = 1 0000	Luo
	PMS	Submit Annual report to AG, Provincial Treasury, Legislature and DLGTA.		April 2022	MO
		Compilation of Third Quarter Performance Reports		15 April 2022	
		Drafting of new scorecards by s56 managers		05 June 2022	All Senior Managers
		Draft SDBIP & Performance Agreements to the Mayor 14 days after adoption of IDP & Budget		10 June 2022	MM, All Senior Managers & All Managers
		The Mayor approves Institutional SDBIP within 28 days of Budget approval		June 2022	Operations Manager

	Submit Approved SDBIP to National & Provincial Treasury		June 2022	Operations Manager
BUDGET	Budget advertised for public comments, Public Meetings & Consultation Section 22(a) after an annual budget is tabled in the municipal Council, the Accounting Officer must make public the annual budget and documents referred to in section 17(3) and invite the local Community to submit representation in connection with the budget	Section 22(a) of the MFMA No. 56 of 2003	14 April 2022	Municipal Manager /CFO
	Submission of Section71 Report to Provincial &National Treasuries Section 71(1) –The accounting officer of a municipality must by no more than10 working days after the end of each month submit to the mayor of the municipality and the relevant provincial treasury a statement in the prescribed format on the state of the municipality's budget.	Section 71(1) of the MFMA No. 56 of 2003	14 April 2022	CFO and Manager: Budgeting & Reporting
	Draft budget engagements with Provincial Treasury		05 April 2022	Municipal Manager and CFO
	Section 71(1) –The accounting officer of a municipality must by no more than10 working days after the end of each month submit to the mayor of the municipality and the relevant provincial treasury a statement in the prescribed format on the state of the municipality's budget the start of the budget year considers approval of the annual budget Submission of Section 71 Report to Provincial & National Treasuries	Section 71(1) of the MFMA No. 56 of 2003	15 May 2022	CFO and Budget & Reporting
	2022/2025 Final Draft Budget to IDP, Budget and PMS Steering Committee Section 24(1) the Municipal Council must at least 30 days before the start of the budget year consider approval of the annual budget	Section 24(1) of the MFMA No. 56 of 2003	13 May 2022	Portfolio Head Finance

E S le	•	Section 24(1) of the MFMA No. 56 of 2003	31 May 2022	Executive Mayor and Municipal Manager
a S a re tl		Section 75(1)(a,b) of the MFMA No. 56 of 2003	14 June 2022	Manager: Budgeting & Reporting and Manager: ICT
P R n v a N a e	Annual Budget Reports to National & Provincial Treasury. Regulation 20(1) The Municipal Manager must comply with section 24(3) of the Act within 10 working days after the council has pproved the annual budget, The Municipal Manager must submit to National Treasury and relevant provincial Treasury in both lectronic and printed form	section 24(3) of the MFMA No. 56 of 2003	14 June 2022	CFO and Manager: Budgeting & Reporting
P S n v s tl tl tl	dubmission of Section 71 Report to Provincial & National Treasuries Section 71(1) –The accounting officer of a municipality must by no more than 10 working days after the end of each month submit to the mayor of the municipality and the relevant provincial treasury a statement in the prescribed format on the state of the municipality's budget.	Section 71(1) of the MFMA No. 56 of 2003	14 June 2022	CFO and Manager: Budgeting & Reporting

3.4.6. The roles and Responsibilities in the IDP Processes

Stakeholder	Composition and Responsibility
Local Council	The Municipal Council is the ultimate political decision-making body of the municipality and the Council has the responsibility to:
	consider and adopt the IDP Process Plan & time schedule for the preparation, tabling & approval of the annual budget;
	consider and adopt the IDP and annual Budget;
	ensure the municipal budget is coordinated with and based on the IDP;
	adopt a Performance Management System (PMS)
	Monitor progress and IDP implementation
The Executive Committee of Local Municipality	The Executive Committee of Winnie Madikizela – Mandela Local Municipality have the ultimate responsibility for the preparation and implementation of the IDP, Budget & Performance Management. The EXCO is responsible for:-
	for the overall oversight, development and monitoring of the process or delegate IDP & PMS responsibilities to the Municipal Manager;
	ensure that the budget, IDP & budget related policies are mutually consistent & credible; Submit the revised IDP & the Annual Budget to the municipal Council for adoption.
Ward Councilors, Traditional &	Ward Councillors are the major link between the municipal government and the residents. As such, their role is to:
Ward Committees	link the planning process to their constituencies and/or wards;
	ensure communities understand the purpose and the key mechanisms of the IDP, Budget process, Performance Management and are motivated to actively participate;
	facilitate public consultation and participation within their wards.
	provide feedback to their communities on the adopted IDP and Budget.
The IDP, PMS & Budget Steering Committee	The IDP/PMS Steering Committee will be established to provide technical guidance over the IDP/Budget & PMS review
	An IDP Steering Committee that would function, as a technical working team shall be composed of the following members:

Stakeholder	Composition and Responsibility
	Municipal Manager (Chairperson)
	Municipal Management Team
	Senior Managers from Sector Departments
	Secretariat from IDP & PMS Unit
The Municipal Manager	The Municipal Manager has the responsibility to provide guidance and ensure that the administration actively participates and supports the development and review of the IDP and Budget and works towards its implementation.
Directorates & Departments	Directorates and Departments are responsible for sector planning and for the implementation of the IDP. The participation of all Departments is thus critical and they:
	provide technical / sector expertise and information, throughout the IDP Budget process;
	ensure that the review process is participatory, integrated, strategic, implementation-oriented, budget linked and aligned with and satisfies sector planning requirements;
Representative Forum and Community Stakeholders	The IDP/ PMS/ Budget Representative Forum constitutes the structure that institutionalizes sectoral participation in the IDP Process. The members of the IDP Representative Forum include Business, Traditional leaders Government& NGO sectors (as well as political and technical leaders of the IDP Clusters) The Mayor or her nominee chairs the Forum. The Forum has the
	following functions and duties:
	represents the interests of their constituents in the IDP
Budget Steering	The primary aim of the Budget Steering Committee is to ensure:
Committee: Shall be constituted as follows:	that the process followed to compile the budget complies with legislation and good budget practices;
The Mayor	that there is proper alignment between the policy and the service
The Chairperson – Finance Standing Committee	delivery priorities set out in the municipality's IDP and the budget, taking into account the need to protect the financial sustainability of the
The Municipal Manager	municipality;
All Senior managers	that the municipality's revenue and tariff setting strategies ensure that the cash resources needed to deliver services are available; and
Managers IDP & PMS	

Stakeholder	Composition and Responsibility
	that the various spending priorities of the different municipal departments are properly evaluated and prioritised in the allocation of resources.

3.4.7. Public Participation Mechanisms and Procedures for this IDP

As a required by the Municipal Systems Act No. 32 of 2000, one of the main features about integrated development planning and budget process is the involvement of community and stakeholder organizations in the IDP processes. Community involvement is to ensure that the IDP addresses the real issues that are experienced by the citizens. The Constitution stipulates that one of the objectives of municipalities is "to encourage the involvement of communities and community organizations in the matters of local government". The White Paper on Local Government also put emphasis on public participation. Through the Municipal Systems Act participation in the decision making processes of the municipality is determined to be a right of communities, residents and ratepayers. Integrated development planning is emphasized as a special field of public participation.

The main feature of the IDP process is the involvement of communities and all interested parties / stakeholders to ensure that the IDP addresses the real issues that are experienced by the citizens within the jurisdiction of the municipality. Public Participation will then occur in the following manner as outlined below: -

- IDP Representative Forum;
- Mayor's conversations with different stakeholders;
- Ward Community & Ward Committee meetings convened by Councillors;
- Published annual reports on municipal progress;
- Newspaper advertisements and notices;
- Making the IDP document available to all members of the public;
- Outreaches by Municipality to communities and Stakeholders;
- Information dissemination through the WMM LM quarterly newsletter;
- Sector specific for a, namely, LED Forums, Local Communicators Forum.

3.4.8. Community Participation and Community Issues

Community Based Planning (CBP) is a tool that is used to enhance participation of communities in developmental programs and process. It was introduced to encourage ownership of government developmental initiatives by communities. With the introduction of the Masiphathisane campaign by the Premier (War rooms) the municipality has been in the position of fully implementing the community based planning approach, even though in some wards the war rooms need to be revived.. The executive

committee as mandated by council uses the ward priorities to prioritise projects to be funded and implemented through the IDP and SDBIP in each financial year.

Below is the consolidated list of needs/priorities as raised by communities during the Mayor's IDP outreach held in October 2021 in all the 32 wards of Wnnie Madikizela-Mandela LM.

3.4.9. Public Comments from Mayoral Imbizo - October 2021

PUBLIC COMMENTS FROM MAYORAL IMBIZO – OCTOBER 2021

WARD NO.	DATE	SERVICE DELIVERY NEEDS / PRIORITIES	UNFINISFHED PROJECTS	GENERAL SERVICE DELIVERY COMPLAINTS
12	20/10/2021	 A bridge from Nyanisweni to Mzambana be maintained. Mhlabi Pre-School be constructed. Dayimani to Mampingeni Access Road be constructed. Access Road to Ndinomntu School be gravelled. Mfundambili to Ndela Access Road to be maintained. Ntlanezwe to Sizabonke Bus Stop must be constructed. Ntlanezwe Village to be provided with VIP toilets. The whole ward to be provided with RDP houses. All Villages to be provided with water. DR273 need to be maintained 		A special attention be made to a 72 years old man at Mhlabi Village with no shelter.
1		 Extension 3 must be provided with street lights Both Extension 3 and 4 must be provided with flushed toile. 	Extension 3 few streets were bladed others were not bladed, the job must be completed.	A shack by KFC be removed.
4		Provision of infills to the ward.	 Provision of RDP Houses to the villages with no RDP Houses. 	

16	 Access road from Hlalanathi to Dawede villages be maintained. The community hall for the ward must be constructed. Majuba and Dlangezwa Access roads are accessible, they need heavy mentainance. Daliwonga to Baleni TRoad must be maintained 		
5	 Gwala Access Road is in a bad state need to be maintained. All villages be provided with RDP Houses. 	Unfinished toilets must be completed.	 A man from Mmangweni Village be provided with a wheel chair as he is unable to walk.
10	 The ward be provided with RDP Houses. Ntlenzi to Rockville via Mcetheni Access Road need to be maintained. Mcijweni to Ziphambukweni Access Road must be maintained. Butville to the Clinic and Tribal Authority Access road must be maintained. 		
27	 Cabane to Krestu must be constructed. Phase 2 Hosing project must proceed. Thaleni Bridge must be constructed. Tar Road from Nkantolo to obo Clinic. Mdikiso to Clarkville Access Road must be maintained. 	 DR0012 done but there is a spring that need to be done. Zilangwe housing project incomplete Completion Thusong centre at Nkantolo. 	
29	 Bulala electricity transformer is overloaded, it must be upgraded. 		
25	 Lubekelele Access Road must be maintained. Phandulwazi to Baleni Bridge must be maintained. 		 Poor service at Oliver and Adelaide Tambo Regional Hospital must be taken into consideration.

6	 A bridge from Mhlanga to Nikhwe must be constructed. Nikhwe next to Mhlanga Access Road must be constructed. Fonoza to Bantubonke must be constructed. Mkhuna village must be provided with an Access Road Mbongweni Village must be provided with RDP Houses. Fonoza to Ngcingo must be constructed. Ward be provided with water. Xesibe village to be provided with an Access Road. 		 The Municipality must monitor projects. When maintenance of Access roads is taking place water pipes must not be destroyed.
9	 Ndayini access road needs maintenance Electrification should be prioritized for the community hall in ward 9. Requested for the provision of water and toilets at Envis Village. 	 Infills project is incomplete Grading of the access road- Thaleni to Swane has not been completed Incomplete toilets project. Gwabeni access road incomplete 	Security should be employed for the community hall.
19	 Simakadeni to Mzamba access road should be prioritized RDP Houses should be prioritized. Provision of water was requested. 	Borehole incomplete.	Monitoring of projects should be done by municipality.
26	 No access to water No Access roads in the WardNo Electricity at Nomlacu E-Section. No Service delivery at all at Ekuphumleni Village 	Section A- Infills incomplete	•

CHAPTER TWO

4. SITUATIONAL ANALYSIS

Situational Analysis provides an overview of the composite development challenge facing Winnie Mandela - Mandela Municipality based on its own self-assessment and analysis. It gives a brief overview of Mbizana demographic profile and illustrates the composition of Mbizana population considering key 1 indicators such as: population numbers; racial make-up, house hold income, employment and education. In the end a number of pertinent issues shall be drawn from the demographic profile, and it is these issues that shall inform the strategies which shall be presented in later chapters.

The statistics information included in this section comes from the 2011 census and Community Survey 2016. It also highlights key issues and challenges relating to municipal demographics profile, Institutional Transformation and Development, Financial Viability, Local Economic Development, Service Delivery profiles and Spatial Development Framework.

4.1 The Municipal Context and Demographic

Winnie Madikizela – Mandela Local Municipality (EC443) was established in terms of Section 155 (1) (b) of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa. Our Municipality is one of the four category B municipalities falls within the Alfred Nzo District Municipality (DC44). It is located within the Wild Coast Region of the Eastern Cape Province along R61 connecting kwaZulu Natal South coastal boundary to the N2 highway. To the west and south the municipality shares common boundaries with the Umzimvubu, Ntabankulu and Ngquza Hill local municipalities. The Mtamvuna and Mtentu rivers form the northern and southern boundaries of the municipality. Dominant land users within Winnie Madikizela - Mandela Municipality are mostly rural with a large emphasis on subsistence agriculture in the interior and some tourism development along the coast. The natural environment in the coastal belt of the area is in an unspoiled condition and has exceptionally high conservation value. The conservation value of the inland areas is significantly lower than the coastal areas due to human activities.

4.1.1 Population Trends and Concerns

The total population of our municipality has increased from 281 905 in 2011 to 319 948, living in 61, 383 households which represent an estimated household's average of 5.2 persons per household (CS: 2016). . WMMLM accounts above 35% of the total district population which makes it the largest in population size within ANDM:-

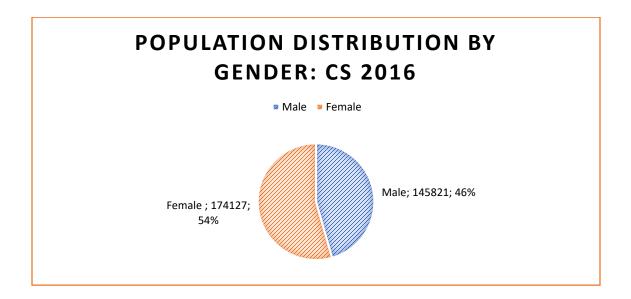
Population by Households					
Census 2011 – CS 2016					
2011		2016			
Total Households	48, 447	Total Households	61, 383		
Average Household size	5,8	Average Household size	5,2		

There are also factors such as migration of people into the municipality particularly in the urban area of Bizana for better employment opportunities and services this exacts pressure to the municipality as it has to increase its budget for service provision in town and mainly for indigent households. As the municipality is a boarder municipality there has been also a great noticeable migration of young people to Kwazulu Natal for employment some drop out of school this also affects education levels of the municipality. The municipality also experiences high HIV/AIDS prevalence rate due to migration of teenagers from Kwazulu Natal. Interventions have been developed by the municipality and NGOs to overcome this strategy. The table below illustrates population growth between 2011 Census and 2016 Community survey:-

Popula	Population Trends													
Census	Census 2011 – CS 2016													
Census	s 2011					Comn	nunity Sı	urvey 2	016					
Total	Population	Total (15-	54yeals)	Youth	Persons aged 20 years	Total	Population	Youth (15-	34years)	Youth	Sex ratio	Total Population	intercensal	Persons aged 20 years
Male	12833 2	Male	430 53			Mal e	1458 21	Mal e	571 76					
Fem ale	15357 3	Fema le	497 89	32 <i>,</i>	2127 8	Fem ale	1741 27	Fe mal e	663 90	38 <i>,</i>	8	0,029	ı	28996
Total Popu latio n	28190 5	Total Yout h	928 42	9	0	Tota I Pop ulati on	3199 48	Tot al You th	123 567	0	7			

4.1.2 Gender Distribution

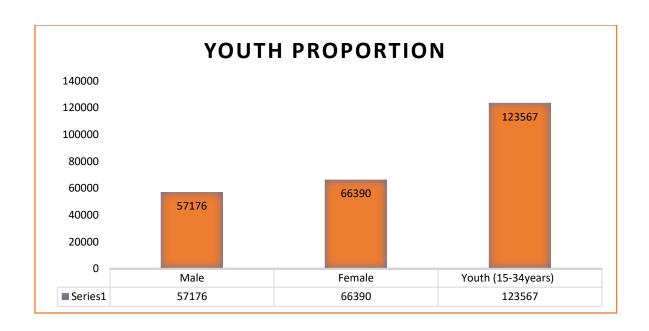
The *Census* 2011 and 2016 Community survey by Stats SA simultaneously indicates the population of Mbizana is dominated by females at about 54% of the total population compared to 46% of males. The table below shows that about 174 127 (54%) of the total population of Mbizana is women against 145 821 (46%) which are males: CS 2016.



This indicates that there should be dedicated programs of integration and incorporation of women in key planning and decision making roles of the municipality. Moreover there is need for consideration of the following:-

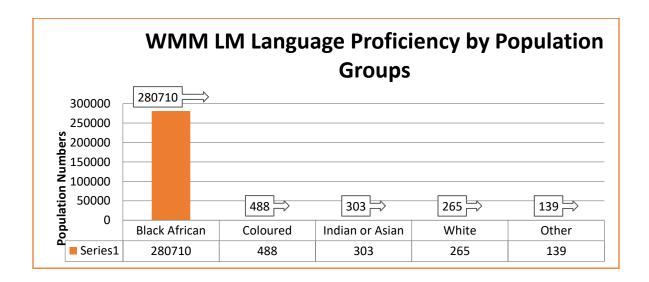
- Promoting participation of women in policy making and development.
- Ensure involvement of women in economic development activities.
- Improving women's earning power and reducing vulnerability of women to poverty.

The following table indicates that the according to Community Survey of 2016 by Stats SA about 123 567 of the total population is the youth ages between 15 to 34 years, of which 66 390 are women against 57 176 which are male.



4.1.3 Population Distribution by Race

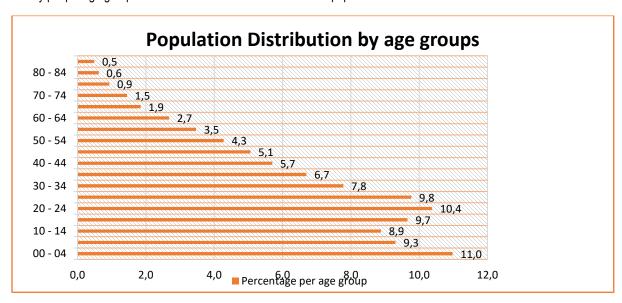
The largest population group in Mbizana is Black Africans at 99, 58% of the total population followed by Coloureds at 0, 17%, Indians / Asians at 0, 11%, Whites at 0, 09% and others at 0, 04% as demonstrated in the chart below:-



4.1.4 Population Distribution by age groups

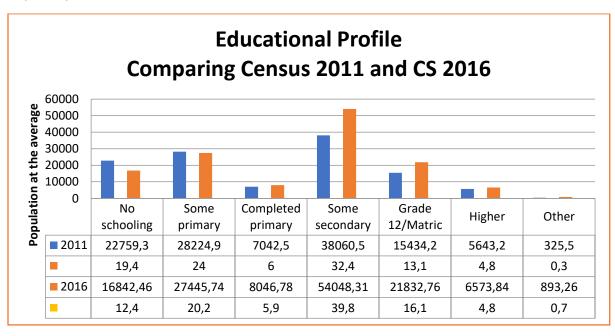
The age profile below shows that approximately 66% of Mbizana population is young people between 0 to 34 years old. These population trends oblige government in all levels to ensure that a large percentage of the budget is allocated to youth

development and learner support programmes in order to deal with the needs of this majority section of our populations. The elderly people age group 60 and over accounts for 8% of the total population.



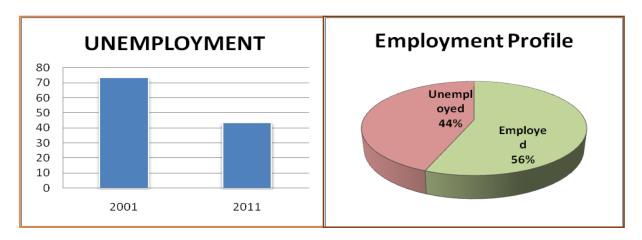
4.1.5 Educational Profile and Literacy Levels

Education plays a fundamentals role in community development as it provides a set of basic skills for development, creativity and innovative abilities within individuals. The South African Constitution states that everyone has a right to education. Educational levels for Mbizana are low with less than 50% of people attending at pre-school, primary schools and secondary school level. Only few people attend post matric studies and that calls for the government to have enough resources allocated for education as primary factor.



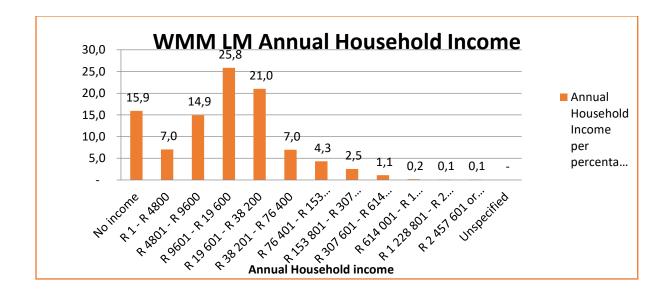
4.1.6 Employment Profile

The employment profile of WMM Local Municipality shows that unemployment rate declined between 2001 and 2011. In 2001 unemployment was 73.5% which dropped to 44% in 2011. Likewise, figure shows that people who were employed in 2011 were 56% compared to 44% of unemployed. This indicates that Mbizana has made significant strides in creating new job opportunities.



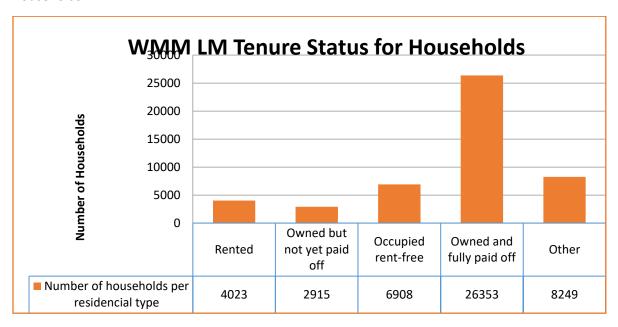
4.1.7. Household Distribution by Annual Income

According to Census 2011 by Statistics South Africa, approximately only 15,9% of people have no income and that shows another improvement as compared to 2007 community survey where 76% of the total population had no income. As shown in chart below the highest number of population which is at 25,8 is earning between R9 601 – R19 600 and the lowest number of population which is 0,1% is earning R2 457 601 or more .



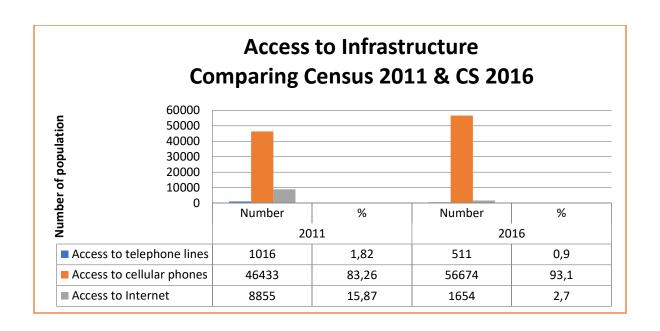
4.1.8 Tenure Status

There are different tenures within the municipality. However it is encouraging that the majority of households either own or have paid off their houses. By 2011, the number of households that owned and fully paid off their houses were 54, 4%. This is encouraging houses are regarded as an asset for households.



4.1.9 Household Access to infrastructure services

According to 2016 CS, the majority of the total population of Mbizana depends on cellular phones for tele – communication and internet access as only 0,9% of the population have access to telephone lines and only 2,7% have access to internet services. The graph below illustrates the comparison between 2011 Census and 2016 CS.



4.2.KPA 1: BASIC SERVICE DELIVERY - ENGINEERING SERVICES

The primary of objective of establishing an Engineering Services Department within the municipality was to enable effective service delivery to the constituencies serviced by Winnie Madikizela - Mandela Local Municipality. The department has three sections namely **Electricity**, **PMU** and **Operations & Maintenance**. Service delivery is therefore an integral provision and main objective of Winnie Madikizela - Mandela Local Municipality and this can be only achieved through properly planned facilitation and collaborations with governmental and non-governmental agencies.

Currently the municipality receives infrastructure funding from MIG, INEP, EPWP & the Equitable Share, however source of funding for infrastructure development needs to be diversified through funding applications to all public & private agencies who might be willing to support infrastructure investment so as not to heavily rely on grants such as MIG, INEP, EPWP, OTP, DBSA & the Equitable Share as mentioned above. The department has managed to get the infrastructure plans from other sector departments within its area of Jurisdiction. The Municipality is currently in the process of consolidating all the sector plans so as to have one infrastructure master plan. Previously the municipality used to prioritize projects for both MIG and Maintenance on a yearly basis but that has since changed now as projects are now prioritized for a period of three years.

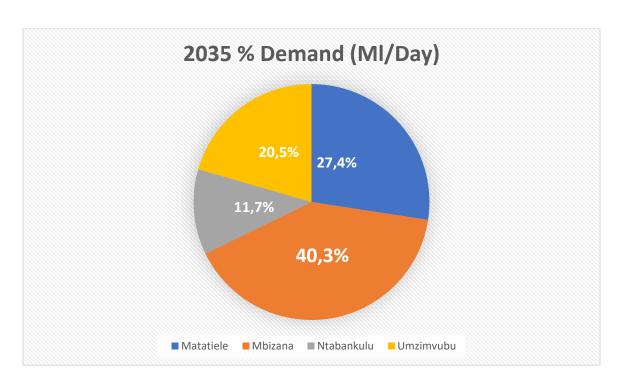
The municipality has adopted a method of incorporating projects implemented by other departments within the plans of the municipality so as to ensure that local contractors are aware of any job opportunities that may be available through these projects. The primary mandate of the Engineering Services is to ensure that the population within Mbizana jurisdiction has access to basic services such as electricity and roads and is the vision of the municipality to have all its citizens provided with such necessities, but due to our country's historical socioeconomic discrimination amongst population groups, backlogs remains relatively high especially in rural towns such as Bizana.

4.2.1. Water and Sanitation

Water Service delivery is one of the primary functions of the District Municipality (Alfred Nzo District Municipality). Alfred Nzo District Municipality is both the Water Services Authority (WSA) and Water Services Provider (WSP) for Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality adopted in terms of Section 78 of the Municipal Systems Act (MSA). Currently there is no service level agreement between the WMMLM and the DM about the provisioning of water. Primary discussions take place quarterly through the District Wide Infrastructure Forums (DWIF). With regard to provision of water services in Mbizana community, our analysis indicates that backlogs for water services remain high just below 50% of the total households. The estimated backlog for water service delivery out of total household population of 61 383 is 25 577 is 41.7% households with no access to water, and 58.3% have access to water. The District Municipality (Alfred Nzo DM) is in a process of developing the following plans:-

- ⇒ Water services Master plan: this will be in line with the Regional bulk Water Implementation readiness study that is currently being conducted by the DM.
- ⇒ Ground water management plan.

In Mbizana, the current implementation of the Greater Mbizana Regional scheme will take care of at least 85% backlogs after completion and connection to the existing infrastructure. According to the ANDM's water service levels and water requirements in 2015 it needed 70Ml/day and by 2035 it will need 128Ml/day. Mbizana LM is said to be the largest water consumer in the ANDM, requiring 40.3% of the ANDM's water supply.



Household access to water services

TOTAL	HOUSE	HOLDS	PERCENTAGE	
HOUSEHOLDS	SERVED	UNSERVED	SERVED	UNSERVED
61 383	35 806	25 577	58.3%	41.7%

4.2.1.1. Background on the Greater Mbizana Bulk Water Supply Scheme essential

The 14.5Ml/day at Ludeke Dam, 10Ml/Day at Nomlacu WTW, 12km rising main, 4 command reservoirs have been completed. The dam capacity can serve 100% of the Mbizana population upon augmentation, possibly from Umtamvuna River. The Nomlacu WTW is designed and build at 10Ml/Day upgradable to 20Ml/Day to cover 100% of Mbizana LM. The current 10Ml/Day can supply 48% of Mbizana i.e. the whole of Phase-1 (A &B). Phase-1 reticulation will cover 48% of the entire Mbizana LM population. However, bulk pipeline and secondary bulk has to be provided first.

The following are the current running projects by the Alfred Nzo District Municipality for implementation in 2021/2022 financial year.

Contract / Phase	BUDGET	SCOPE OF WORKS / VILLAGES COVERED
Greater Mbizana Water Supply Phase 1A	R22 916 461,76	Zone 0 Mazweni (955), Ludeke (1575)
contract 4A		
Greater Mbizana WS Phase 1A contract 4B	R20 533 959,26	Majavu (727), Rholweni (457), Lusekelweni
		(170) and Nkantolo (283)
Greater Mbizana WS Phase 1A contract 4F	R7 909 185.94	Thaleni (147)
Greater Mbizana WS Phase 1A Contract	R 27 409 039,65	Mlambondaba, Thornville, Mahloshwana and
1F		Sizindeni Villages of Mbizana Ward 27
Servicing Mbizana Town Area With	R 126 777 414,25	Inlet works, Biological reactor, 2 clarifiers(13 m
Sewerage-2ml Wastewater Treatment		diameter), Sludge recycle pump station, Waste
Works And Outfall Sewer		pump station, Sludge drying beds(+/- 2 340
		square meters), Chlorine contact tank

WATER SUPPLY 10% MIG MAINTENANCE PROJECTS 2021/22 FY

CONTRACT / PHASE	BUDGET	SCOPE OF WORKS / VILLAGES COVERED
REFURBISHMENT OF WATER SERVICE SCHEME	R 8 000 000,00	NDAKENI VILLAGE
REFURBISHMENT OF WATER SERVICE SCHEME	R 5 094 727,00	NOMLACU WTW

Greater Mbizana Water Supply Phase 1A Completed Contracts

- Contract 1: Reservoirs and Bulk line Reticulation in Ward 26 & 07
- Contract 2: Reticulation in Ward 26 & 07
- Contract 3: Reticulation in Ward 06 & 07
- Contract 4: Reticulation in Ward 6
- Contract 5: Bulk line reticulation and reservoir in ward 5
- Contract 1A: bulk line pipeline and reservoir in ward 4 & 27
- Contract 1B: bulk pipeline in ward 27
- Contract 1C: reticulation in ward 4
- Contract 2A: bulk line in ward 4
- Contract 2B: reticulation in ward 4
- Contract 2C: reticulation in ward 4
- Contract 3A: bulk line in ward 4 & 27
- Contract 3B: Bulk pipeline in ward 27
- Contract 3C: Reticulation in ward 27 and part of ward 02
- Clarkville and Qungebe: reticulation in ward 27
- Gubethuka: Reticulation in ward 27
- Nkantolo: reticulation in ward 27
- Qobo and Mfundeni: Reticulation in ward 27
- Slangwe and Eskhulu: Reticulation in ward 27.

Water supply WSIG (Interim water scheme projects)

Ward	Project / scheme	Implementation period
08	Dudumeni source development (borehole)	2020/2021
21	Langalethu water supply	2020/2021
08	Mathwebu Source development (borehole	2020/2021
18	Nyaka Source Development (Borehole)	2020/2021
19	Ntlakhwe Water Supply	2020/2021
21	Tika 1 & 2 Source Development (borehole drilling)	2020/2021
13	Mathwebu water supply	2021/2022
08	Dudumeni North water supply	2021/2022

4.2.1.2. ANDM - MTEF GRANT ALLOCATIONS

GRANT	2022/23 ALLOCATION	2023/24 ALLOCATION	2024/25 ALLOCATION
Municipal Infrastructure Grant	116 000 000	180 000 000	264 099 250
(Direct transfer)			
Water Services Infrastructure Grant	20 000 000	22 500 000	23 512 500
(Direct Transfer)			
TOTAL	136 000 000	202 500 000	287 611 750

4.2.1.3. THREE YEAR MIG PLAN PROJECTS - ANDM

PROJECT NAME	22/23 ALLOCATION	23/24 ALLOCATION	24/25 ALLOCATION
Servicing Mbizana Town Area with	16 000 000	0	0
Sewerage			
Greater Mbizana WS Phase 1A	80 000 000	20 000 000	0
Reticulation System (Supply Zones			
A,C,E, &0) Project Adjustment			
Greater Mbizana WS Phase 1B	0	70 000 000	100 000 000
Refurbishment of Mbizana Projects	0	20 000 000	20 900 000
Mbizana Ward 10,12,13, &15 WSS	20 000 000	70 000 000	143 199 250
TOTAL	116 000 000	180 000 000	264 099 250

4.2.1.4. Sanitation Infrastructure

Sanitation service delivery is the competence of the District Municipality (Alfred Nzo DM, the local municipality is mainly the beneficiary of the services. The estimated backlog for RDP sanitation service delivery out of total household population of 61 383 is 41.9% households with no access RDP Sanitation, and 35 642 (58.1%) have access to RDP Sanitation (Ventilated Improved Pit-latrines (VIP Toilets)) (Source: Stats SA Community Survey 2016). Even though the WMMLM is neither a WSA nor a WSP we still keep in contact with the DM about all the sanitation projects so that we can be able to update our communities about the sanitation projects.

However, there is also another major role to be played the District Municipality in ensuring that at least every household have access to VIP toilet. The District Municipality (Alfred Nzo DM) is in a process of developing the Sanitation Master Plan. The municipality also engages the district municipality through the district wide infrastructure forum to get information about the infrastructure projects.

Household access to sanitation services

TOTAL	HOUSE	HOLDS	PERCENTAGE		
HOUSEHOLDS	SERVED	UNSERVED	SERVED	UNSERVED	
61 383	35 642	25 741	58.1%	41.9%	

4.2.2. Project Management Unit

The powers and function of transport planning in the municipalities is the function of the Department of Transport. The municipality is working on the programme to provide access roads and transport network plan from the District Municipality. Roads in the municipality are classified as Provincial, District & Access roads. Provincial & District roads are managed & maintained by the province while access roads are the responsibility of the municipality. The municipality developed an Asset register during the 2014/15 financial year and is reviewed annually and this allows for the municipality to have detailed records of all its assets.

This asset register together with the maintenance plan will go a long way in ensuring the maintenance of gravel access roads is done systematically with readily available information such as baselines. The Department of Development Planning within the municipality finalised the Geotechnical Information System (GIS) implementation project. GIS is being used to locate and asses roads utilising the latest methods.

The Alfred Nzo District Municipality and the Department of Transport recently completed Roads Asset Management System, (RAMS) which covers all the roads that are within the municipal area with details about the status of each road. RAMS indicates the backlog studies of all the roads and storm water drainage as well as the current status of all the roads within our municipality including the access roads. RAMS will also be included on the consolidated infrastructure master plan which will also include all the information from other sector departments. The information in the asset register will be incorporated into the master plan to have a comprehensive master plan that talks to the existing roads and storm water drainages as well as the roads and storm water drainages that still need to be done. The Municipality has also started the ward-based backlog studies which will also confirm the roads and storm water backlogs per ward.

This information will also be aligned to the GIS information that the municipality is currently in the process of compiling. In the long run it is the plan of the Municipality to have a Comprehensive Investment Infrastructure Master plan which will talk to the infrastructure that will attract more investors to invest within our local municipality. This investment infrastructure plan will take place once the backlog studies have been completed and it will be more a phase 2 project.

The municipality has established local transport forum which will inform district and provincial fora which will streamline the realization of an integrated transport plan and its subsequent implementation. This forum has so been able to have a sitting where it discussed and drafted the Terms of Reference. WMM Municipality is responsible for the construction, maintenance and upgrading of access roads within the municipality. The Municipality also plays an active role in the coordination of infrastructure delivery and

maintenance between the communities and the departments of roads, transport and public works. The Roads forum is active within our municipality and sits quarterly.

As a strategy to cater for non-motorized transport the municipality has recently adopted a policy on Walkways. Our studies indicate that non-motorized transport in our municipality is close to none-existent but these studies will be reviewed annually so that this type of transport can be catered for if there is a demand for it.

Through the Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG) Funding, the municipality has so far been able to construct 152 km's of gravel access roads from 2016/2017 financial year to the end of 2020/2021. 2.1 km has been resurfaced with asphalt in Ward 1. With regards to road maintenance; the existing access roads require constant rehabilitation due to the nature of the road infrastructure and the terrain. The municipality has purchased construction plant and equipment as part of a plan to internally rehabilitate existing roads and so far, the municipality has been able to maintain and rehabilitate 352.3km's of access roads as from the 2016/2017 financial year to the 2020/2021 financial year, utilising the internal and external plant. We also utilize the EPWP contract labourers to maintain the storm water drainage and also to fix the small to medium potholes within our CBD roads. A total of 588m² of pothole patching has been completed since 2016/2017 financial year.

There have been rapid improvements pertaining to building Community Halls and Early Childhood Development Centres in the wards under the jurisdiction of the municipality, with seven (7) additional Community Halls in Ward 05, 09, 18, 25, 29, 30 and 31; and five (5) Early Childhood Development Centres in Ward 08, 14, 15, 16 and 20 completed from 2016/2017 to 2020/2021 financial years. The municipality also embarked on constructing two major projects in Ward 1 that are currently under construction, namely, Mbizana Civic Centre and Mphuthumi Mafumbatha Sports field which are planned to be completed in the current financial year. The Municipality is planning to construct two (2) Community Halls (Ward 04 & 20), one (1) Early Childhood Development Centres (Ward 01) and 12.5 km's of gravel access roads across the different wards by the end of June 2022.

The following are the municipal MIG allocations for the municipality since the 2016/17 financial year to the 2021/22 financial year. The allocations also indicate the amounts that the municipality has set aside for the road construction which also include the storm water drainage.

Municipal Financial Years (July - June)

- 2016/17: R 46 159 000.00 about 64% R 29 551 800.00 was meant for roads equivalent to ±39.4km.
- 2017/18: R 59 678 000.00 about 45% R 27 146 634.66 was meant for roads equivalent to ±34.9km.
- 2018/19: R 47 416 000.00 about 50.59% R 23 988 414.50 was meant for roads equivalent to ±27.9km.
- 2019/20: R 48 362 000,00 about 56 % R27 000 000,00 was meant for roads equivalent to ±23.6km.
- 2020/21: R 48 049 000,00 about 57% R27 474 996,00 is meant for roads equivalent to ±28km.
- 2021/22: R 51 023 000,00 about 21.12% R10 777 778,43 is meant for roads equivalent to ±12.5km

The intention is to strive for a manageable balance between the need to create new infrastructure and maintain existing ones. In addition, we aim to mobilize more resources to expand coverage through working closely with EPWP and other relevant agencies responsible for road infrastructure development.

Special attention will be given to maintenance and improvement of urban storm water infrastructure which has been badly affected by spillage, clogged culverts and excessive intrusion by flood-transported debris & irresponsible people dumping foreign objects into our system. The municipality has embarked on an on-going programme to ensure that the storm water drainage in town is upgraded as the current one can no longer service the town.

Special attention will be given to needs that advance the goal of achieving the following IDP intentions: -

- Creative provision of road infrastructure that support socio-economic objectives such as improving linkages and accessibility of amenities, schools, clinics, community halls etc.
- Effective rehabilitation and revitalization of urban economic hubs through road and storm water drainage infrastructure delivery in our core urban centre of Bizana.
- Continuous engagement of other delivery agencies to take note of the need to ensure adequate provision for functional storm water drainage when designing and developing road networks in all our areas.

The CBP demonstrates that approximately 133 (54.5%) villages have no access to roads whereas 111 (45.5%) have access roads. About 448.9kms of gravel roads have been maintained from the 2013/14 financial year to end June 2020. Roads are provided with storm water drainage pipes and culverts to allow for surface run off flow without affecting road surfaces. Eleven river crossings have been constructed since 2016/2017 to end June 2020.

Major challenges with regard to road maintenance services

- ⇒ Poor conditions of infrastructure; especially roads
- ⇒ Lack of sufficient funds to construct and maintain roads.
- ⇒ Most of access roads are not tarred.
- ⇒ Availability of borrow pits

High backlog of construction of bridges, as detailed by the Ward Based Plan

- ⇒ Ward 3 from Dumsi road to Yange S.PS
- ⇒ Ward 6 Mhlanga to Sontsele
- ⇒ Ward 10 Rockville bridge
- ⇒ Ward 8 Dudumeni bridge
- ⇒ Ward 17 from Mbenya to Ntsingizi
- ⇒ Ward 29 Mntuwenzeni bridge (Cwaka and Phathekile and Mfolozi J.S.S.)

4.2.2.1. Infrastructure Projects for Financial Year 2021/2022

WARD	PROJECT NAME	SCOPE	PROJECT VALUE	STATUS
1	Mphuthumi Mafumbatha Stadium	29 702m²	R 61 862 554,68	Under Construction
1	Mbizana Civic Centre or Town Hall with Offices	2 455.24m²	R 83 412 759,95	Under Construction
19	Simakadeni Access Road	5.5km Access Road with relevant storm water drainage and road signage	R 5 542 172.22	Under Construction
12	Mapheleni Access Road	5.8km Access Road with relevant storm water drainage and road signage	R 11 850 762.22	Under construction
13	VAV Memorial College Access Road	1.2km Access Road with relevant storm water drainage and road signage	R 2 183 065.77	Under construction
1	Ward 1 Pre-school	Construction of a Pre-school	R 3 191 415.70	Under Construction
4	Ward 4 Community Hall	Construction of 300m² hall	R 3 500 000.00	Under Construction
20	Ward 20 Community Hall	Construction of 300m² hall	R 3 600 000.00	Under Construction
01	Extension 04 – Ward 1 Bridge	Construction of a 24m long bridge and approaches	R4 072 190.07	Completed
01	Upgrade of Taxi Rank (Phase 2)	Refurbishment of the roof, hawker stores, ablution facilities, inroads, taxi bays, electrical conduits, fencing.	R 27 195 533.79	Under Construction
18	Mqonjwana to Greenville Access Road	2km with a bridge	R9 681 001,48	Under Construction

4.2.2.2 Infrastructure Projects for Financial Year 2022/2023

WARD	PROJECT NAME	SCOPE	PROJECT VALUE	STATUS
28	Sidanga Bridge	7.5 km gravel and 3km concrete	R15 470 172.55	Planning Stage
		slab		
23	Siginqini to Marina Access	2.5 km	R10 600 000.00	Planning Stage
	Road with Bridge			
16	Tshongweni Access Road	1,2 KM	R2 500 000.00	Planning Stage
13	ECDC	Construction of ECDC	R3 600 000.00	Planning Stage
31	Sixhanxeni Access Road	5KM	R6 655 000.00	Planning stage
9	Tshuze to Luphilisweni	3,9KM	R5 375 495.65	Planning Stage
	Access Road			

4.2.2.3. Infrastructure Projects for Financial Year 2023/2024

WARD	PROJECT NAME	SCOPE	PROJECT VALUE	STATUS
01	Mphuthumi Mafumbatha Indoor Multi-Purpose Centre	TBC	TBC	Planning Stage
27	Thaleni Bridge	3,9 km with a bridge	R8 985 789.98	Planning Stage
14 & 19	Mgomazi Access Road - Phase 2	8.9 KM	R3 954 777.90	Planning Stage
16	Mhlwazini Access Road	3.9 KM	R6 879 444.88	Planning Stage

WARD	PROJECT NAME	SCOPE	PROJECT VALUE	STATUS
18	Mgqutsalala Access Road	8.9 KM	R14 100 000.00	Planning Stage
21 & 29	Mbongwana via Dotye to Greenville Hospital Access Road	Rehabilitation of 18.8 km	R2 938 658.02	Planning Stage
08	Bhukuveni to Ntshikitshane Concrete Slab	Concrete slab	R4 567 890.00	Planning Stage

4.2.2.4 Infrastructure projects proposed for implementation by SANRAL for 2023/24 FY.

WARD	PROJECT NAME	SCOPE	PROJECT VALUE	STATUS
03	Mwilini to Zibanzi Access Road	TBC	TBC	Planning Stage
25	Mthatha to Moscow Access Road	TBC	TBC	Planning Stage
24	Mzamba Mouth Access Road	TBC	TBC	Planning Stage
23	Seaview to California Access Road	TBC	TBC	Planning Stage
23	Seaview to Plangweni Access Road	TBC	TBC	Planning Stage
28&16	Rehabilitation of Hlalanathi to Dawede Access Road	TBC	TBC	Planning Stage

4.2.3. Operations and Maintenance section

Over the past three years, the municipality decided to improve its internal capacity to maintain access roads. We have improved our road works machinery in order to continuously improve the state of our roads. The general state of our access roads is poor and hence the municipality has budgeted an amount of R 16 700 000.00 during 2021/22 financial year to rehabilitate some of the gravel access roads. The allocated budget is far less than the required funding in order to meaningfully eradicate roads maintenance backlogs. The municipality already has two (2) fully-fledged sets of construction plant (2 x Grader, 2 x Roller, 2 x water cart, 1 x Excavator, 1 x TLB, 1 x Diesel Tanker Truck, 1 x Lowbed Truck and 3 x tipper trucks), however these are not enough to rapidly deal with the current backlog as it is too high.

We also utilize the EPWP contract labourers to maintain the storm water drainage and also to fix the small to medium potholes within our CBD roads. The municipality has allocated R3 570 000.00 to create 400 new EPWP jobs by June 2022. An amount of R2 797 654.00 has been budgeted for a total of 200m² of pothole patching in the CBD for 2021/2022 financial year. The long-term strategy the municipality is developing is that of developing a comprehensive Roads Master Plan that incorporates the road maintenance plan for a period of three to five years. The mentioned plan shall enable the municipality to enjoy an informed roads maintenance programme. The Roads Master Plan shall further explore and introduce contemporary roads maintenance technologies as our competitive edge. The section is also responsible for the maintenance of municipal buildings.

4.2.3.1. Prioritized Maintenance Projects for Financial Year 2021/2022

WARD	PROJECT NAME	LENGTH (km)	STATUS
7	Nompumalanga to Tshezi Access Road	1.3	Completed
9	Tshuze Access Road	1.6	Completed
14	Mkolweni Access Road	4.8	Road still in good condition
20	Prossed to Madadana Access Road	5.9	Completed
21	Mobeni to Greenville Hospital Access Road	13.9	Assessed
25	Dumasi Access Road	6.5	Completed
27	Qotyana to Dindini Access Road	5.7	Skimming in progress
28-16	Daliwonga to Baleni Access Road	8.3	Completed
4	Mgomanzi Access Road	4.7	Completed
29	Mfolozi Access Road	1.7	Completed
1	Nontlanga Access Road	10.2	Completed
4	Mdeni Access Road	4.6	Assessed
26	R 61 to Malola Access Road	13.1	Assessed
27	Ndlolothi to Thaleni Access Road (Sizindeni)	2.8	Assessed
28-16	Hlalanathi to Dawede Access Road	11.1	Assessed
4	Ludeke to Mabutho Access Road	7.5	Assessed
21-29	Mbongwana to Dotye to Greenville Hospital Access Road	18.8	Assessed
1	Emithini Emikhulu to Section C Access Road	0.9	Assessed
2	Ntamonde Access	7.6	Completed
30	Dutyini to Dunga Access Road	4.3	Blading completed at Dutyini
11	Giniswayo Access Road	2.3	Assessed
19	Vuyisile Access Road	5.8	Assessed
6	Andile to Mbhongweni Access Road	2.7	Assessed
13	Khotsho Access Road	7.7	Assessed
15	Makhosonke Access Road		Assessed
16	Izibandeni Access Road		Assessed
12	Ndela to Mfundambini		Assessed

4.2.3.2. Emergency Intervention Access Roads Received in 2021/22 FY

NO.	ROAD/VILLAGE	WARD NO.	STATUS
1	Ntamonde A/R	02	Completed
2	Dindini A/R, Mhlanga A/R, Jali A/R	06	Blading completed
3	Jerusalema A/R	07	Blading completed
4	Bonda A/R	09	Blading completed
5	Ndinomntu A/R	12	Blading completed
6	Ntsingizi A/R	17	Blading Completed
7	Mfuneni A/R	18	Blading completed
8	Thokozani A/R, Shukuma A/R	19	Blading completed
9	Thembalesizwe A/R	21	Assessed
10	Mdatya A/R	25	Assessed
11	Matshezi A/R	09	Assessed
12	Thaleni bridge	27	To be assessed
13	Gumzana A/R	28	Assessed
14	Phathekile A/R	29	Blading completed
15	Nyanisweni A/R	1&30	Blading completed

16	Bholorweni A/R	31	Blading completed
17	Nonja A/R	19	Blading completed
18	Dutyini A/R	30	Blading completed
19	Mcijweni to Mgodini	10	Assessed
20	Zwelethu A/R	29	Blading completed
21	Ext.4 A/R (Coly)	01	Blading completed
22	Ferguson to Dumping Site A/R	01	Blading completed
23	Cemetery A/R	01	Blading completed
24	Mthamvuna A/R	18	Assessed
25	Msizazwe to Marina voting station A/R	23	Assessed
26	Sankuthwana A/R	18	Assessed
27	Nokhatshile A/R	02	Completed
28	Pelepele to Zwelethu A/R	29	Assessed
29	Ntshamathe A/R	07	On progress
30	Qandashe A/R	17	Blading completed
31	Mthini Omkhulu Section C A/R	01	Blading Completed
32	Zinini	07	Blading completed
33	Nikhwe A/R	32	Completed
34	Topozo / Mtshonelwa to Gumzana A/R	28	Assessed
35	Ntlozelo A/R	13.19	In progress
36	Kananda A/R	22	Blading Completed
37	Ntlozelo JSS	19	Assessed
38	Sidanga JPS & Bridge	28	Assessed
39	Ntlavukazi JSS Bridge	27	Not Assessed
40	Thaleni SPS Bridge	27	Not Assessed
41	Ntsimbini SPS	30	Not Assessed
42	Mpenkulu SPS	30	Not Assessed
43	Izinini SPS	07	Assessed
44	Jali SPS	06	Assessed
45	Mzamba SPS	12	Assessed
46	Vayi SPS	12	Assessed
47	Nobamba SPS	12	Assessed
48	Nongeke SPS	20	Assessed
49	Kwantika SPS	21	Not Assessed
50	Matwebu SPS	13	Not Assessed
51	Greenville SS	21	Not Assessed
52	Sigodlweni JSS	11	Assessed
53	Ndayini SPS	09	Assessed
54	Thembalesizwe Comtech	21	Assessed
55	Mfundambini SPS	09	Assessed
56	Emgodini SPS	10	Not Assessed
57	Cwaka to Phathekile A/R & Bridges	29	Not Assessed
58	Qobo Clinic to Gubethuka A/R	27	Not Assessed
59	Cabhana to Chrest A/R	27	Not Assessed
60	Nkantolo via Komkhulu A/R	27	Not Assessed

4.2.3.3. 2022/23 AND 2023/24 ROAD MAINTANANCE PROJECTS

WARD	PROJECT	SCOPE /KMS	BUDGET	FY
01	potholes patching in the CBD	400m²	R 3 000 000,00	22/23
Various wards	Maintenance of gravel access roads	75km	R 18 000 000,00	22/23
01	potholes patching in the CBD	500m²	R 3 300 000,00	23/24

Various wards	Maintenance of gravel access roads	80km	R 21 000 000,00	23/24
01	potholes patched in the CBD	600m²	R 3 850 000,00	24/25
Various wards	Maintenance of gravel access roads	90km	R 25 000 000,00	24/25
			,	

4.2.3.4. CBD MAINTENANCE

CBD infrastructure is in a dilapidated state and requires urgent remedial works. Winnie Madikizela-Mandela local Municipality has an amount of R2 797 654.00 budgeted for CBD Infrastructure Rehabilitation in the current financial year. This budget is normally utilised to appoint a service provider to attend the major CBD road failures.

EPWP contract labourers are also used to maintain storm water drainage and also to fix the small to medium potholes within our CBD roads. A service provider is to be appointed in March to attend the major CBD road failures. WMMLM in partnership with DBSA and EC COGTA have interred into a Non-Lending Support Programme that will see the development of **Road and Stormwater Master Plan**

4.2.3.5. Municipal Buildings Maintenance 2021/2022

WARD	PROJECT NAME	PROJECT SCOPE	BUDGET	STATUS
1	51 Main Street (Main	Periodic repairs and R 1 575 000.00		Construction
	municipal Building)	maintenance		
1	Cultural Village	Periodic repairs and	R 787 000.00	Advertised
		maintenance		
1	Maintenance of DLTC	Periodic repairs and	R 861 997.50	Advertised
		maintenance		

4.2.3.6. BUILDINGS PROJECTS

WARD	PROJECT	BUDGET	FY
13	Construct 1 Early Childhood Development Centre	R 3 500 000,00	2022/23
01	Construction of security guard house at DLTC and Cultural Village	R 3 000 000,00	2022/23
01	Periodic repairs and maintenance of Municipal buildings	R 4 900 000,00	2022/23
01	Upgrading of DLTC building	R 5000 000.00	2023/24
01	Installation of perimeter lights at Main building and cultural village	R 4 000 000,00	2023/24
01	Periodic repairs and maintenance of Municipal buildings	R 5 225 000,00	2023/24
01	Upgrading of Vehicle pound	R 3 000 000,00	2024/25
01	Upgrading of DLTC building	R 7 000 000,00	2024/25

01	Periodic repairs and maintenance of Municipal buildings	R 5 550 000,00	2024/25
01	Construction Multi-Purpose Centre for Mphuthumi Mafumbatha Sportsfield	R 10 000 000,00	2024/25

4.2.4. Electricity section

The Winnie Madikizela – Mandela Local Municipality has a NERSA approved electricity distribution licence (NER/D/EC 132/2016/17) and is responsible for the provision and maintenance of electricity to the residents of the town which is the seat of the local municipality and Eskom provides the service of electricity to the rest of the municipal area starting from the outskirts of the town to the municipal boundary. The municipality also receives funds from the department of Energy through schedule 5b to do electrification on the rural areas. The municipality and Eskom did a 5-year electrification master plan which when completed the municipality would have reached a universal access within its area of jurisdiction. This electrification master plan has been adopted by council though the numbers per village are reviewed before the implementation of the project.

There is a general increase of electricity demand in Mbizana as new households are constructed. In conjunction with Eskom the Municipality has managed to reduce electricity backlogs from 19000 (39 %) households in 2011 to 1 836 (4%) in 2019 based on STATS 2011. This backlog will further reduce once the on-going projects are completed. In the current financial year 20/21 WMM municipality received INEP funding allocation of R 28 453 000.00 which will be utilised for the connection of 731 households in Ward 25 and 15. The new statistics as per the recent population survey shows an increase in households because of the new extensions that are created in the already electrified area.

WMM Local Municipality is working closely with the Department of Energy in the installation of solar backed electricity in villages where grid electricity will take more than three years to be installed and where the terrain makes it difficult for grid electricity. The backlog has decreased to 1836 with the completion of 2020/21 electrification projects which consisted of 1 667 households on both Schedule 5 and 5B. This backlog figure will further decrease to 679 on completion of the 2021/22 5A & 5B project schedules. In areas where the electricity will not be provided soon the municipality is currently providing solar system for these areas through assistance from Department of Minerals and Energy

The following tables indicate the Electrification Projects that are implemented by Municipality and Eskom.

4.2.4.1. Electrification Projects Implemented by Municipality for 2021/22

Name of the Project	Ward	No of connections	Status
Electrification of Mabhenguteni	15	414	Under Construction
Electrification of Mdatya and Bhekela	25&28	317	Completed
Electrification of Xholobeni	25	385	Under Construction

4.2.4.2. Electrification Projects Implemented by Eskom for 2021/22

Name of Project	Ward No.	No of Connections	Project Status
Makhwantini Electrification (Khumbuza Village)	25	350	Under Construction
Mpahlane Eletrification (Sigidi Village)	28	137	Under Construction
Mbizana Type 2 Infills	Various	95	Under Construction

4.2.4.3. Eskom Electrification projects for 2022/23

Name of Project	Ward No.	Number of Connections
Makhwantini Electrification (Mbhobeni and Mzamba Mount Villages)	05 & 24	250
Mpahlane Electrification (KwaMba and Zikhuba Villages)	23 & 24	200
Mbizana Type 1 Infills	Various	90

4.2.4.4. Municipality Electrification projects for 2022/23 (INEP)

Name of Project	Ward No.	Number of Connections	Budget
Lower Etheridge	20	330	R2 100 000.00
Zizityaneni	31	298	R2 100 000.00
Msarhweni	22	394	R2 100 000.00
Nomlacu	04 & 26	391	R2 100 000.00
Xholobeni	25	385	R8 000 000.00

4.2.4.5. In House Projects 2021/22

Project Name	Ward	Status
Installation of High Mast Lights	01	Tender
MV & LV Maintenance	01	Under Construction

4.2.4.6. EQUITABLE SHARE ELECTRICITY PROJECTS 2022/23 - 2024/25 FY

WARD	PROJECT	BUDGET	FY
01	7KM of Low Voltage lines upgraded in town	R 3 500 000,00	22/23

01	Installation of two high mast lights	R 2 300 000,00	22/23
01	Replacement of all faulty electricity infrastructure in town.	R 1 000 000,00	22/23
01	5KM of Low Voltage lines upgraded in town	R 2 500 000,00	23/24
01	Installation of two high mast lights	R 2 400 000,00	23/24
01	Replacement of all faulty electricity infrastructure in town.	R 1500 000,00	23/24
01	3KM of Low Voltage lines upgraded in town	R 2 000 000,00	24/25
01	Installation of two high mast lights	R 2 500 000,00	24/25
01	Replacement of all faulty electricity infrastructure in town.	R 2 000 000,00	24/25

4.2.4.7. INEP PROJECTS FOR 2024/25 FY

PROJECT	BUDGET	FY
Construction of a new substation at Zwelitsha	R 50 000 000,00	24/25

4.3. KPA 1: BASIC SERVICE DELIVERY - COMMUNITY AND SOCIAL SERVICES

4.3.1. Environmental Management

The municipality has improved its functional capacity for undertaking environmental planning and management ever since the establishment of the environmental management unit. The municipality has made a tremendous improvement in performing impact assessments for its projects and general performing environmental tasks associated with our principal responsibilities as per the Constitution.

The situational analysis provides a review and interpretation of existing information on the biophysical and socio-economic characteristics and management context of the Mbizana coastal æin order to identify and describe emergent and recurrent coastal issues, constraints and opportunities. The intention of this component of the CMP is not to re-sample the social, economic or ecological situation of the area but rather to synthesise the numerous existing documents, reports and publications that have done so previously.

4.3.1.1. Biophysical Environment

The natural area and vegetation are 65 %, with 12 vegetation dominant types, wetlands that exist are 523 ha, out of 33066 ha. There is a marine protected area and the Greening project has improved protection of natural areas. The Biodiversity patterns across this region have been categorized as per the EC Biodiversity Plan into 3 levels of priority; these 3 Critical Biodiversity Areas are CBA's 1, 2 and 3. These CBA's are both Terrestrial and Aquatic Critical Biodiversity Areas.

The ECBP included an assessment of the importance of various aquatic ecosystems and the catchments required to sustain them. Catchments were classified into CBAs reflecting their importance. The coastal strip of Bizana is categorized under CBA 1 which includes critically important sub-catchments, wetlands and estuaries. The other assessments which categorize the Aquatic CBA's of Mbizana prove that the area stands out as being classified as CBA 1 as these rivers and their catchments support estuaries that are considered national and provincial priorities (ANDM EMF, 2012). Clearing of IAP's and general cleansing along catchments has been included in the activities of the Working for the Coast Project.

Biophysically, the WMM Local Municipality coastline is characterised by a subtropical climate and oceanic conditions associated with the warm Agulhas Current, specifically warm air and ocean temperatures, and relatively high rainfall falling mostly during the summer months. The coastal area is dominated by natural areas, with scattered arable lands and rural settlement. Isolated pockets of jungle wattle are also present, while linear tracts of forest are to be found along the Mtentu and Mzamba river valleys, as well as along portions of WMM Local Municipality's shoreline. Much of the coastal area appears to be in a natural state (51%) with interspersed areas of arable land (31%). Of the 12 vegetation types found throughout the broader WMM LM, eight occur within the coastal area, which highlights the high biodiversity value of the coast. However, the Pondoland-Ugu Sandstone Coastal Sourveld vegetation type, which covers the vast majority of the coastal area, is classified from a conservation perspective as both Vulnerable and Poorly Protected, thus warranting specific conservation importance to this vegetation type.

The shoreline morphology is diverse, and comprises of a mixture of estuarine areas, fine grained sandy beaches, coarse grain sandy beaches, pebble/shingle beaches as well as wave cut rocky platforms. There are 11 estuarine systems found within the WMM Local Municipality DM, including those on the municipal borders. Two systems, the Mzamba and the Mtentu, function as permanently open estuaries and the remaining nine are intermittently closed off from the sea for much of the year. Overall, they are considered to be in excellent to good ecological condition, with five systems occurring in their natural and pristine

state, four considered largely natural with few modifications, and only one, the Mtentwana, has been moderately modified. The Mnyameni and the Mtamvuna estuaries are categorised as Endangered, having experienced a significant loss in natural habitat, specifically the destruction of mangrove forest habitat. In terms of conservation importance, the Mnyameni, Mtentu, and Mtamvuna estuaries are among the 120 priority estuarine systems required to meet the national estuarine biodiversity conservation target.

Together with the Mzamba, these systems are critically important for the biodiversity of Wild Coast and the country as a whole. However, only the Mtentu Estuary is well-protected since it falls within the provincial Mkambati Nature Reserve. While there are no formal terrestrial protected areas within the Alfred Zone Coastal Zone, approximately 90% of its coastline and nearshore area falls under the protection of the Pondoland Marine Protected Area. Furthermore, the entire coastal region and much of the incised river valleys within the WMM Local Municipality DM are categorised as Critical Biodiversity Areas, that is, areas containing critically endangered and priority conservation habitats and ecosystems, which further emphasises the vulnerability and conservation importance of the coastal area and the rivers that link it to the hinterland.



4.3.1.2. Biodiversity Management

This area is rich in medicinal plants and as such exploitation is also high, the medicinal plants like *Helichrysum petiolare* (Impepho) have been identified as the most exploited medicinal plant as they harvest this plant in tons for commercial use in KZN. The municipality further established the Planting of Indigenous trees to schools' program as a response strategy towards climate change. The program is normally linked with celebrations of the Arbor Week and serves as one of the municipal strategies towards climate change resilience.

Fencing of the proposed Mthamvuna Nature Reserve Project, a project funded by DEA was completed. The process is meant to assist the community in creating a tourist attraction/leisure spot, thereby creating job opportunities to the locals of the area. The aim of establishing the nature reserve is also meant to preserve the natural state of the area as it is rich in biodiversity

hence the fencing of the area and establishment of a medicinal nursery which will avoid the overharvesting of a medicinal plants in the area. The nursery is intended to be operated in partnership with the community trust and local traditional healers (Amagqirha) will advise on which plants need to be planted. The municipality is also advised by ECPTA in this project as it has a tourism and conservation component. Proclamation process has not been done yet. DEFF and ECPTA have initiated the People and Parks Youth Conservation Programme which is an overarching youth development programme aimed at ensuring broad-based mobilization of the youth around biodiversity conservation issues whilst ensuring enterprise development, job creation and participation in the biodiversity economy. The programme has recruited 3 participants thus far for the proposed Mthamvuna Nature Reserve and 2 more participants will be recruited added in the future.

4.3.1.3. Geology

The geology of the Eastern Cape consists of sediments of the Cape Supergroup and Karoo Supergroup. The Cape Supergroup, the first deposit, is characterised by sandstones, quartzites and shales. This geology covers large areas in the south and north of the Province, but of particular relevance to biodiversity are the diverse shales and sandstone associated with the Fynbos and Thicket Biomes as well as the isolated sand stone out crop in the Pondoland (ECBCP2018).

The regional geology of the Winnie Madikizela Mandela LM has a general trend, where older, more metamorphosed rocks are found along the coastal region. There are various types of geology (which influences soil production) as well as risk types (hazards) found in this local municipality, According to the Winnie Madikizela Mandela EMF report (2016), from inland towards the coast

The profile becomes dark grey shales with mudstones and sandstones of the Ecca Group. Exposures of Karoo dolerite intrusions are found throughout, mostly in the higher lyingareas. The geology types in Winnie Madikizela Mandela are mainly of The Karoo Super-group, Natal Sandstone, and Karoo Dolerites.

The well-known area of mineral occurrence in Winnie Madikizela Mandela is the coastal margin of the area where there are positions of known heavy mineral sands that contain titanium and zircon deposits. Other geological features with possible economic value are the dolerite intrusions scattered over the entire Winnie Madikizela Mandela area that can be quarried for aggregates and gravel that can be used for construction purposes. Alluvial sand is also use full in the construction industry.

4.3.1.4. Soils

The Winnie Madikizela Mandela area has nine (9) distinct soil types which are mainly good for grazing but poorly suitable for arable lands the soils are mainly shallow, rocky and leached fa land type which lack lime content. The erodibility of the soils is fairly high which results in the formation of the gullies or dongas.

Soil depth varies across the area with most soils varying in depth of between 450mm and 750mm. Shallow soils are more common in the south of the study area with depths of less than450mm while a large portion of the central part of the study area are typified by soils deeper than 750mmsoils with lowest clay content are found along the coast and in a small inland area as defined by the land type. These are soils that generally have a clay content of less than 15%. Higher clay content soils are found further inland mostly defined by the far land type and is categorised as having clay content between 15% and 35%. The central and north western part of them is covered by higher than 35%.

4.3.1.5. Fresh water Sensitive Areas

Winnie Madikizela Mandela LM is divided into two water management areas; the Mvoti to uMzimkhulu on the Northern Part (uMtamvuna Catchment) and the Mzimvubu to Keiskamma.

Freshwater ecosystem within the municipality comprise of nine (9) major rivers, four (4) estuaries and 28 national freshwater ecosystem priority areas recognised wetlands. There are four marine protected areas comprise of controlled and restricted zones within the Pondoland Inshore and offshore zones. The municipality is facing the challenges of dry river basins, degraded wetlands, and 21%degradedgrassland. The natural environment consists of the coastal belt; it is illegal to develop within 1km of rural coastal belt. The most threatening aspect of climate change to conservation of biodiversity is shrinking bioclimatic habitats with warming, change in the ecosystem structure due to modification of environmental conditions that increase vulnerability to veldt fires and soil fertility. As with fisheries biodiversity is extremely vulnerable to climate change increase in temperature, this may lead to extinction of plant and animal species in the area. The community is threatened by a constantly increasing population of snake (Pythons and green mambas) in rivers and Indigenous bush pigs, resulting in adverse effects on their vegetables and crops. (Winnie Madikizela Mandela Local Municipality LED Strategy, 2017- 2020). The biodiversity value of the Winnie MMLM though can be sustainably explored for tourism purposes.

According to the ANDM EMF (2012), Winnie MMLM has a natural and vegetation area of 65 %, with 12 vegetation dominant types, wetlands that exist are 523 ha, out of 33066 ha. There is 0% of protected area; however, the Greening project has improved this poor protection of natural areas. The Biodiversity patterns across this region have been categorized as per the EC Biodiversity Plan into 3 levels of priority; these 3 Critical Biodiversity Areas are CBA's 1, 2 and 3. The ECBP included an assessment of the importance of various aquatic ecosystems and the catchments required to sustain them. Catchments were classified into CBAs reflecting their importance. The coastal strip of Bizana is categorized under CBA 1. The other assessments which categorize the Aquatic CBA's of Bizana prove that the area stands out as being classified as CBA 1 as these rivers and their catchments support estuaries that are considered national and provincial priorities.

4.3.1.6. Established Indigenous Nurseries

Currently, the municipality has 2 nurseries namely uMthamvuna Nursery and Luna JSS nursery both located in Ward 18, these nurseries comprises of mainly medicinal plants and other indigenous plants. The municipality maintains the nurseries and aims to use the areas as Environmental learning centres and continue the greening of public places project.

4.3.1.7. Mthamvuna Nature Reserve

Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality comprises of uMthamvuna Nature Reserve which is situated through Ward 18,21, 29 and 24, the proposed reserve is a home to various plant and animal species and it helps in assisting with balancing the ecosystem. It serves as a tourist attraction area within the municipality. The Department of Forestry, Fisheries & the Environment through Gideon Property Developers appointed 5 participants with the aim of assisting in environmental related activities like awareness campaigns within the proposed Mthamvuna Nature Reserve as we aiming to proclaim the reserve. The participants are responsible for the following activities:

- Managing conservation awareness events such as talks, workshops and guided walks.
- Assist with volunteer activities and conservation projects.
- Increasing awareness of conservation in the community.
- General administration.
- Monitoring biodiversity.

- Preparing conservation reports, plans, publicity materials and displays.
- Fieldwork.
- General maintenance projects.
- Maintain visitor attractions.
- Wildlife observation & species surveys.
- Educate all sectors of the local community, including local schools, and raise awareness of environmental issues
 and nature conservation work.
- Promote and implement local and national biodiversity action plans in partnership with local and national statutory
 and voluntary organisations to educate young people, and those considering entering the profession, through talks
 and seminars to local colleges and universities.

4.3.1.8. Climate Change Response

The WMM Local Municipality adopted a climate change strategy in 2015 and it is due for review, processes for advertisement for appointing a consultant to review the strategy have started, as such, the reviewal of climate change has been advertised and hopefully appointment will be done by mid-year. The strategy was developed, and the responses outlined are aligned with the ANDM Vulnerability Assessment which states that our region is increasingly recognized as one of the areas in South Africa that will be hardest hit by climate change & represents significant **opportunities** for adaptation and building local community resilience against extreme hazards and adverse **climate change impacts** due to its natural biodiversity and ecosystems resource base. The climate change response strategy aimed to: -

- ⇒ Ensure that the municipality is consistent with national priorities, including poverty alleviation, access to basic amenities including infrastructure development, job creation, rural development, foreign investment, human resource development and improved health, leading to sustainable economic growth;
- ⇒ Ensure alignment with the need to consistently use locally available resources;
- ⇒ Ensure compliance with international obligations;
- ⇒ Recognize that climate change is a cross cutting issue that demands integration across the work programs of other departments and stakeholders, and across many sectors of industry, business and the community;
- ⇒ Focus on those areas that promote sustainable development;
- ⇒ Promote programs that will build capacity, raise awareness and improve education in climate change issues;
- ⇒ Encourage programs that will harness existing national technological competencies;
- ⇒ Review the strategy constantly in the light of national priorities and international trends;
- Recognize that South Africa's emissions, Provincial and Local emissions will continue to increase as development is realized.
- ⇒ Ensure that WMM Local municipality IDP prioritizes building climate resilience through planning human settlements and urban development; provision of municipal infrastructure and services; water and energy demand management; and local disaster response, amongst others.

4.3.1.9. Coastal Management

According to Winnie Madikizela Mandela LM Integrated Coastal Management Programme, the coastal belt stretches approximately 25 kms and forms part of the areas of high conservation value and is regarded as the second coast with the most species rich floristic region in South Africa. Therefore, it is important to ensure that this area is protected and conserved for the present and future generations.

The municipality as a coastal municipality has a responsibility to develop an Integrated Coastal Management Program (ICMP) which has currently been developed adopted by the councils, both WMM LM and ANDM.

The municipality in trying to implement the programme has partnerships with WESSA and the National Department of Tourism to assist in achieving full status for our 2 Pilot Blue Flag Beaches.

The Pilot Blue flag status prioritizes critical areas in which the municipality needs to improve:

- ⇒ Improved road infrastructure to the beaches.
- ⇒ Signage leading to all tourism attractions spots needs to be clearly indicated
- ⇒ Improved beach management in terms of life guards in all beaches, especially those which host a number of people during holiday seasons.
- ⇒ Alien removal and creation of walking paths and boardwalks in sensitive areas programme along the 1 km zone.
- ⇒ An informative mapping of the area which is inclusive of topographic, biodiversity, land-use and all other critical aspects.
- ⇒ Ablution facilities in all the 5 beaches including parking space, clearly demarcated and camping spots which are clearly demarcated.

It is thus worth mentioning that most of our beaches lack basic facilities.

The National Department of Tourism (NDT) and the municipality conducted a project scoping exercise aimed at identifying possible projects for Mzamba and Mtentu beach. The visit was because of Bizana Beach Infrastructure Development, a project by NDT in its initial stage.

The following were identified and proposed for possible funding by NDT for the two beaches:

Mzamba Beach

Access road (Mzamba mouth)

Flat board walk

Life guard tower/structure (Both Sites)

Life guard training

Parking area (Mzamba mouth)

Bins (Mzamba main, mouth)

Braai stands (ten more could be added each site)

Ablution facilities including showers (one has been designed and paid for by the Coast care project, but ablution facilities are needed in Mzamba mouth as well.

Mtentu Beach (Skiet bay)

Road regravelling

Bridge upgrade

Ablution facilities including showers

Braai facilities

Concrete chairs & tables

Waste receptacles

4.3.1.10. Integrated Coastal Management Programme

WMM Local Municipality is known for its beautiful and diverse coastline, which is part of the captivating Wild Coast of the Eastern Cape. In the past, South Africa's coastline has not always been utilized and managed in an appropriate manner, resulting in the degradation of significant portions of this valuable national asset. In response, the Integrated Coastal Management Act No. 24 of 2009 as amended by Act No. 36 of 2014 (ICM Act) was developed to promote ecologically, socially and economically sustainable coastal development and resource use, as well as to control inappropriate development along our coast. In respect to coastal management tools, Chapter 6 of the ICM Act mandates all three spheres of Government to prepare Coastal Management Programs (CMPs). A CMP, in general terms, is a policy or strategy document that contains vital coastal management objectives, —which serve as a system of principles to guide decisions and achieve rational outcomes relating to the coastal environment.

The situational analysis provides a review and interpretation of existing information on the biophysical and socioeconomic characteristics and management context of the Bizana coastalarea in order to identify and describe emergent and recurrent coastalissues, constraints and opportunities. The intention of this component of the CMP is not to re-sample the social, economic or ecological situation of the area but rather to synthesise the numerous existing documents, reports and publications that have done so previously.

The primary objective of the situational analysis is therefore to integrate the findings of the relevant Spatial Development Frameworks (SDF.s), Environmental Management Framework, numerous documents and plans for the Wild Coast and other information that is relevant to coastal management within the region. In so doing, this CMP component highlights issues of priority or concern that require specific attention. Emergent and recurring environmental and socio-economic issues of the Mbizana coastal area are summarized in the documents.

The inventory analysis on the entire Bizana coastal belt is as follows:

- ⇒ Land use is dominated by natural areas, scattered agriculture / plantations, rural settlements and limited tourism development.
- ⇒ Shoreline is very diverse with estuaries, sandy beaches, pebble/shingle beaches and wave cut platforms.
- ⇒ Vegetation Types comprises of coastal sour veld (grass land) & dune forest
- ⇒ Estuaries critical and need a proper management plan.

WMM Local Municipality established WMM LM Coastal Working Committee in 2015 which is a provision made by the Integrated Coastal Management Act (Act No. 24 of 2008) with the intention of broad stakeholder engagement in the management of the coastline. Amongst the objectives of formulating the committee is promoting cooperative governance and provide a conducive environment for all stakeholders to participate in managing our beautiful coast; creading a platform to discuss coastal management issues with a purpose of creating a well-coordinated service delivery to the more vulnerable communities. The sitting of the Coastal Committee has been difficult since the beginning of the pandemic as it involves rural community structures where there is mostly no network.

4.3.1.11. Working for the Coast Project

A prominent program (Working for the coast Project) has pioneered Coastal management in our coast for many years, through dune rehabilitation, alien plant removal, cleaning of 5 beaches, construction & installation of beach facilities.

The Department of Environmental Affairs funded the WftC project for 2018/19-2020/21 financial year with an amount of R9 1000 000. 00. The deliverables of the project included mass employment of which MBSA Consulting had been appointed for that purpose. The deliverables include cleaning of 5 beaches which include Mzamba, Mnyameni, Khwanyana, Mdatya and Mtentu-Skiet bay beach. The contract of employment of beneficiaries will be ending on the 30th November 2021 and DFFE has indicated that the working for the coast project for coastal municipality will be continuing and as such we will be awaiting the processes of the department for further implementation of this project.

The department also has approved implementer of the infrastructure projects which include construction of braai stands, provision of bins and receptacle bins as well as provision of Park benches and Boat launching site/slipway construction.

4.3.1.12. Marine Resource Management

In the management of the Marine resources, there are two government departments operating in our coast: -

- ⇒ DFFE (Fisheries) operates from a high-water mark towards the sea. Its function is to ensure compliance from all fishers.
- ⇒ DEDEAT- Responsible for monitoring activities within the 1 km zone from the high-water mark towards inland, enforcement and compliance.
- ⇒ DFFE Assist in management of the Coast through The Working for the Coast Project, which mainly focuses on cleaning of the beaches and maintenance/installation of beach facilities.
- ⇒ DFFE (Forestry)- manages the indigenous forests in the coastal dunes, development of a policy regarding small scale fisheries is soon to be adopted, which will assist small scale fishers.

Fishing activities are mainly happening in the estuaries. Estuaries serve as a nursery home for marine species; however agricultural practices seem to play a role in interfering with this habitat. Due to inappropriate agricultural practices close to the estuary's siltation causes blockage hence a habitat for marine species is disrupted. ECPTA extended the conservation area and hired rangers to oversee the area. The programme is funded by the Wild Coast Project. The WMM Local Municipality plans to establish a public boat launch in Mzamba which has attained Environmental Authorization. This launch site will primarily be used for Small Scale Fisheries and members of the community who hold permits for small scale fisheries in order to access the off-shore fishing grounds. Furthermore, having a launch site within the area of the municipality will boost the economic potential of the Municipality as a coastal tourism destination.

Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Estuaries:

Estuary	Features	Challenges	Opportunities	
Mtentu	It is a protected area	Illegal fishing by nearby	Fly fishing can be successfully	
Estuary	Fishing is prohibited	communities	done	
	Boats with engines are prohibited	Boats with engines are prohibited		
	It is a nursery for marine species	illegally	fishing is possible	
	It is a perennial river		Canoeing	
	Considered to be one of the two		Beautiful cliffs that can be viewed	
	biggest and longest protected		by tourists	
	estuaries in the Eastern Cape.		Indigenous forests, hence it falls	
			on the Wild Coast strip	
			Campsite next to the estuary for	
			accommodating tourists	

			It forms division from the Mkhambathi nature reserve	
Skhombe	No activities are done in this estuary Non-perennial	Agricultural practice on the river banks causes degradation then the sand is eroded to the estuary hence a build-up of silt in the estuary Sand dunes not covered by vegetation Illegal cottages that are in a very close proximity to the estuary which somehow interferes with the marine habitat.	Canoeing	
Khwanyana Estuary	The Khwanyana camp is no longer in existence, hence there are no more activities done such as horse hiking trails	There is a lot of sand build- up that has almost clogged the river hence there is agricultural practice next to the estuary. It is surrounded by bare sand dunes (without vegetation)		
Mnyameni	Perennial rivers	Agricultural practice next to	There is a proposed	
Estuary	Fishing is good Campsite next to the estuary is currently operated by DEA, however it is supposed to be operated by the Municipality and the community	the river which may affect the estuary	accommodation development	
Mzamba	Fishing is good Proposed boat launching site Used as a film production area due to it's extraordinary natural features Perennial river It is supposed to have a management plan The Wild Coast Sun uses the river as their main water supply Registered launching site (not functional)			
Mtamvuna	Boats are permitted Host for boat competitions and jet ski's Fishing is not that good hence there are a lot of activities in the river.			

4.3.1.13. Boat Launching Site

Department of Economic Development, Environmental Affairs & Tourism granted the authorization after the final BAR which was submitted in May 2019. The project now is in the process of implementation. The operational plan has been done and approved by the council. The consortium has been formed and terms of reference for consortium have been developed and currently, compiling the MOU to be signed by the parties involved. DEDEAT will also assist the municipality with the process of gazetting the launching site. The Mdatya community in Ward 28 has also shown interest in the establishment of the boat launching site in their area siting long distance to the Mzamba boat launching site.

4.3.1.14. Environmental Management Framework

The WMM Local Municipality developed an Environmental Management Framework for the municipal/geographical area under its jurisdiction as per Sections 2, 23 &24 of the National Environmental Management Act (Act 107 of 1998) and the EMF Regulation promulgated under the same Act.

The EM-Phase 1 process has three (3) deliverables, namely the Environmental Status Quo Report, The Desired State of the Environment and Environmental Management Zones Reports. The Final Draft of Desired State of the Environment, Environmental Management Zones and the consolidated EMF-Phase 1 Report was adopted during 2019/20 financial year. The Air Quality Management Plan drafted & adopted by ANDM will be adopted by WMM Local municipality as well, it was presented to EXCO in December 2020 and awaiting approval by council and MOU will be signed between the two municipalities to clearly outline roles and responsibilities of the local municipality and district municipality.

4.3.1.15. N2 Wild Coast Biodiversity Offset Project

The focus of the N2 Wild Coast Biodiversity Offset Project is on engaging affected communities along the Wild coast area where N2 Toll Road construction is underway. Affected communities are those within the proposed polygons (Chaguba Corridor, Mbotyi, Lambasi, Ntentule Falls, Mkambati [often referred to as TRACORLANDS), and Mthentu Gorge). Upon consultation and widespread interest from the affected communities and from those adjacent to the initially proposed polygons, it is worth noting that some additional land parcels have been identified for consideration. These include KwaThahle, KwaCele and Mngazana Mangroves and outreach facilitation underway at KwaThahle and KwaCele.

The approach seeks to find ways to entering into agreements with private and communal landowners to protect and manage land in biodiversity priority areas. This is based on voluntary commitments from landowners with a range of different types of biodiversity stewardship agreements available to support conservation and sustainable resource use. The proposed areas for offsetting are in Port St Johns, Ingquza Hill and WMM Local Municipalities which all form part of AmaMpondo Kingdom which has been actively and wholeheartedly supportive of the efforts to achieve and realize goals of the project.

Outreach facilitation which revolves around engagement with the affected communities along the Wild Coast proposed offset areas in order to reach agreements with the landowners on the protection of the proposed land parcels is underway. Community facilitation derives its credibility and anchored on the three spheres; (i) Traditional Leadership, (ii) Local Municipal Leadership and Local Based Communities. Within the N2 WCBOP itself, for continuous monitoring and evaluation, dissemination of information, strategic support of the project planning and implementation, promotion of the project and community engagement support, four structures

were formed; (i) Project Steering Committee (PSC), Biodiversity Technical Committee (BTC), Stakeholder Forum (SHF) and Community Conservation Committees (CCCs).

(i) Planning Phase

The project is planned for a period of ten years with the first two years set for planning and the remaining eight years set for implementation. The planning phase has been completed.

(ii) Outreach Facilitation

Outreach facilitation has managed to secure preliminary agreements with the traditional leaders — communities with regards to land acquisition. This achievement has been realised throughout the entire proposed offset areas from Port St Johns Local Municipality toWMM Local Municipality. The final milestone in the Mthentu Gorge negotiations was the inclusion of Nyavini village/community which had not formed part of the initially agreed area. However due to persistent negotiations and unwavering support from the WMM Local Municipality and the Traditional Leadership this became successful and giving a good complete picture of the initially planned Mthentu Gorge offset site. The Mthentu Gorge site is the only offset site ahead of the rest with regards to site demarcation which is a very significant activity whereby all relevant stakeholders witness the process of actual demarcation of the desired/ proposed protected area by the local community representative from different aspects of the community.

(iii) Outreach Facilitation Actions (after resumption of activities)

- (a) Resumption of CCC capacity building
- (b) Visit of Mnyameni Gorge
- (c) Re-engagement of the community in relation to proceeding with demarcation beacons (as agreed in the demarcation exercise).
- (d) CCC joint workshop (which was hampered by AAL3 lockdowns)
- (e) SMME meeting (hampered by AAL3 lockdown regulations)

(iv) Challenges

- Facilitation of Community Resolutions has been delayed because it's not solely driven from our process has been delayed due to COVID-19 pandemic.
- b. Inconsistent support from the local municipality structures
- c. Dwindling support from the traditional leadership
- d. COVID-19 Pandemic with subsequent lockdown regulations has made it impossible to work directly with the CCCs and communities.

(v) Biodiversity Offset Management Plans

The service provider (Sigwela & Associates) appointed by ECPTA to put together management plans on the different aspects of the project delivered the task submitted the plans and exited in September 2020. These pertain to:

- a) Alien Invasive plant management,
- b) Ecosystems and Rehabilitation and
- c) Skills transfer plans. To execute this, additional staffing will be required to enhance the existing capacity.

Much more specific, the project implementation plans will assist to manage execution phase that consists of:

- O Ecosystem and rehabilitation
- O Invasive Alien Plants Monitoring, Control and Eradication Plan Project
- Management Unit Implementation Plan: Staffing
- O Stakeholder Engagement Implementation Plan
- o Tourism Implementation Plan
- O Monitoring and Evaluation Implementation Plan
- O Training Needs Assessment Implementation Plan
- O Occupational Health & Safety Framework for Rehabilitation Activities
- O Occupational Health & Safety Framework (COVID-19)



(iv) Implementation Phase

The project is currently at a transitional stage from phase One to phase Two. There is not much to share on this now. However, as soon as the PAE, Scientific Services and Stakeholder Engagement units have been given direction by the Executive, there will be sharing of the outcomes through PSC, SHF and CCCs. The appointment of the Project

Manager (PM) was approved and will be advertised very soon. This person will put together a team (appointing relevant people) to advance Phase Two of the project.

4.3.1.16 Water Quality Monitoring Project

Human induced activities such as spillages have posed threat to the coastal users and marine biodiversity. Water Quality Monitoring Programme aims to assess the state or condition of the South African oceans & coasts. Monitoring of the coast assists in the identification point and non-point pollution. Water Quality Data enables effective planning and decision making providing tangible facts. Monitoring Directorate has a MOA/ MOU with the Walter Sisulu University for water quality analysis at the National Pollution Laboratory. The NPL further has mobile lab that is currently assisting at the BCC analyzing Physical Properties, Heavy metals and Microbial activity. Department and NPL prior conducted a stakeholder engagement in identifying pilot sampling sites. The department has increased its capacity by employing Coastal Monitors around the South African coast. Increase in Capacity has opened an opportunity to expand/increase sampling sites. There are currently 5 pilot sites sampled at the Eastern Cape Province which include Qolora; Mzimvubu; Kowie; Buffalo and Swartkops sampling the estuaries and beaches. The Alfred Nzo District, specifically WMM LM has been included in the project. Location of samples are influenced by human induced activities around the area.

4.3.1.17 Alien Plants Encroachment

Alien invasive plants pose one of the biggest and most problematic threats to the environment of this region, not only may their effects be latent and sometimes difficult to detect and assess in extent, but they may just as easily be explosive and overwhelming. Similarly, new areas have been invaded that were previously considered "clean" and safe from immediate threat. Within our coastal terrain there is a high invasion currently at a tough and challenging pivot point as alien species are arriving and reproducing at an alarming and increased rate, the invasion of alien grasses has dramatically increased the frequency and intensity of fires in dry forests is a combination of natural and man-made factors (such as floods and inappropriate land use practices).

The municipality has thus prioritized alien species removal for addressing present and future problems of alien plant control in inland and coastal areas, through putting up proposals for sourcing of funding from various potential funders i.e. DEDEAT, DFFE etc. The program has always been intended for protection, preservation, management, or restoration of natural environments and the ecological communities that inhabit them.

- ⇒ Increased water security with enhanced stream flow and improved water quality.
- ⇒ More productive wetlands, estuaries and water tables.
- ⇒ Rehabilitation of degraded land with a strong emphasis on Land Care to secure the sustainable productivity of land.
- ⇒ Conservation of biodiversity and catchment integrity and the reduction in the frequency and intensity of fires and floods.
- ⇒ Inappropriate farming methods on commercial farms have given rise to severe land degradation and soil erosion. Environmental management policies and practices remain sectoral and fragmented.
- ⇒ Inadequate resources that can assist in fostering sustainable and integrated environmental management practices to improve the life of Mbizana citizens.
- ⇒ Poor skill development in the aspect of environmental management, hence there is less development.
- ⇒ Inappropriate development due to shortage of lands in area/lands that need to be protected, e.g. Wetlands.

4.3.2. WASTE MANAGEMENT PLAN

The Council has a responsibility to:

- ⇒ Provide equitable waste collection to all households within its jurisdiction.
- ⇒ Achieve integrated waste management reporting and planning.
- ⇒ Encourage separation of waste at source especially domestic waste generated by households.
- ⇒ Encourage community involvement in recycling programs.
- ⇒ Ensure that health and safety, communication, awareness creation and complaints are addressed.
- ⇒ That such collection, disposal or recycling take account of the waste management hierarchy.
- ⇒ Optimisation of Waste Collection Systems.
- ⇒ Waste Transportation and Disposal strategies.
- ⇒ Waste Education & Awareness programs.
- ⇒ Waste Minimization and profitability plans & programs.

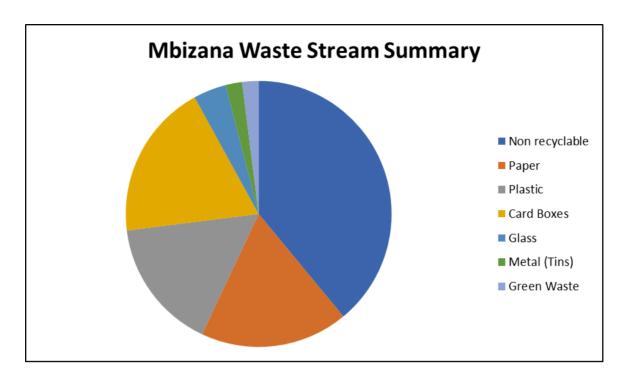
The Municipality operates under the eight strategic goals around which the National Waste Management Strategy is structured:

4.3.2.1. Promote Waste Minimization, Re-use, Recycling and Recovery of Waste

As means of minimizing large volumes/amounts of waste taken for disposal, the section is working with a number of local registered and unregistered recyclers which deals with collection of cardboards, papers, plastic, tins and bottles/glasses for recycling. Currently, most of these local recyclers are at primary stage of recycling meaning that they sell their products to other companies such as CONSOL, Mondi, Collect A Can and reclamation for processing and manufacturing. Their impact towards securing/increasing the life span of EXT 03 dumping site is indeed noticeable, as most of the recyclables (cardboards, papers, plastic, tins and bottles/glasses) are diverted from site for recycling, and this contributes a lot in preventing the site from reaching is carrying capacity before anticipated period. The municipality has assisted in registration of recycling cooperatives. The municipality has partnered with several businesses where they agreed to allow our waste pickers or recyclers to collect the recyclables, for bottle recyclers cages have been placed for proper storage of bottles for proper storage before collection and the municipality provides transportation for collection.

During 2020/21 FY we received PPE from Department of Environment, Forestry & Fisheries (DFFE) supporting the waste pickers, a total of 72 local waste pickers benefited from the incentives out of more than 300 waste pickers in the municipality. The waste pickers mainly focus on collecting metals, cardboards and bottles in urban and rural communities.

A total of 3 Waste Management Awareness Campaigns were conducted. This target was set purposed to encourage/motivate communities to take care of the environment, understand the negative impact of not conserving and to promote cleanness amongst others.



The current waste management practices within the Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality were evaluated against the principles contained in the waste management hierarchy and waste management aspects were evaluated on a cradle to grave principle. That is, current waste management practices were evaluated from the points of generation all the way through to end disposal/landfill.

4.3.2.2. Ensure the Effective and Efficient Delivery of Waste Service

In terms of section 62(1) of Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act (MFA), Act no 56 of 2003, The accounting officer of the municipality is responsible for managing the financial administration of the municipality, and must for this purpose take all reasonable steps to ensure that the municipality has implements like tariff policy referred to in section 74 of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act (MSA), Act no 32 of 2000 as amended. The purpose of the Municipal Solid Waste Tariff Strategy is to provide a framework and guidance for municipalities in setting solid waste tariffs that are aligned with the intentions of the National Waste Management Strategy (NWMS, 2011). The NWMS (2011) recognizes the importance of full cost accounting as the foundation of financial sustainability, which is critical in the delivery of effective and efficient waste services and in the promotion of waste minimization, reuse, recycling and recovery. Full cost accounting considers all operational and capital expenditure pertaining to solid waste services. The introduction of cost-recovery tariffs enables municipalities to fund the "maintenance, renewal and expansion of solid waste infrastructure" (NWMS, 2011). The underpricing of waste services sends inappropriate signals to households and waste generators and discourages waste minimization.

The service is still rendered at a deficit, and for that reason the municipal tariffs are adjusted yearly to consider all other factors at hand. The Waste Management Tariff Policy was also developed, as means of basis on the reviewed and approved tariffs.

4.3.2.3. Achieving Integrated Waste Management Planning

Integrated Waste Management Plan was completed and adopted by Council and was sent for MEC's endorsement in 2019. However, because of technical support offered by MISA, the IWMP will be reviewed as we believe there are progressive

changes that have happened in the municipality needs to be featured in. The municipality's goal for effective compliance with and enforcement of Waste Act, had gazetted refuse Removal & sanitary by-laws and Waste Management Policy which are currently under review as per the NEMWA. The reviewed Waste Management by-laws have been presented to the Community Services Standing Committee and hopefully will be gazetted before the end of the financial year.

4.3.2.4. Ensure Sound Budgeting and Financial Management

In terms of section 62(1) of Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act (MFA), Act no 56 of 2003, The accounting officer of the municipality is responsible for managing the financial administration of the municipality, and must for this purpose take all reasonable steps to ensure that the municipality has implements like tariff policy referred to in section 74 of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act (MSA), Act no 32 of 2000 as amended. The purpose of the Municipal Solid Waste Tariff Strategy is to provide a framework and guidance for municipalities in setting solid waste tariffs that are aligned with the intentions of the National Waste Management Strategy (NWMS, 2011). The NWMS (2011) recognizes the importance of full cost accounting as the foundation of financial sustainability, which is critical in the delivery of effective and efficient waste services and in the promotion of waste minimization, reuse, recycling and recovery. Full cost accounting considers all operational and capital expenditure pertaining to solid waste services. The introduction of cost-recovery tariffs enables municipalities to fund the "maintenance, renewal and expansion of solid waste infrastructure" (NWMS, 2011). The underpricing of waste services sends inappropriate signals to households and waste generators and discourages waste minimization.

The service is still rendered at a deficit, and for that reason the municipal tariffs are adjusted yearly to consider all other factors at hand. The Waste Management Tariff Policy was also developed, as means of basis on the reviewed and approved tariffs.

4.3.2.5. Ensure Safe and Proper Disposal of Waste

The municipality is currently operating in an illegal dumping site for waste disposal services called EXT 03 Dumping Site. The site does not meet licensing standards; however, the municipality is planning to close the site as it is also running out of air space for disposal. The financial projection with rehabilitation plan of the site in preparation for closure is reviewed annually and was reviewed during 20220/21 FY.

The municipality appointed service provider each year for rehabilitation and management of EXT 03 dumping site. All waste disposed on site is pushed, compacted and buried on site weekly by the contractor. Entrance and exists on site are managed by private security working in the municipality. Disposal of waste by other vehicles other than the municipality is also controlled by the availability of permit for disposal which is issued by the municipality after assessing the type, nature and tonnages of waste to be disposed.

The municipality had licensed Majazi Landfill site, but the license has expired and trying all possible options to continue with the construction of the site and renewal of the license. Consultations with the district municipality began to pursue possible establishment of a regional landfill site which will serve the entire district. The Municipal Infrastructure Support Agency (MISA) is currently providing technical support.

MISA will also facilitate the Presidential Employment Stimulus (PES) programme.

4.3.2.6. Waste Management Committee

Waste Management Committee was established in 2017. The main purpose of this committee is to implement the IWMP so as to promote the reduction, reuse and recycling of solid waste, together with plans and programs of community empowerment. The stakeholders are as follows: ANDM (Municipal Health Services, Water & sanitation and Disaster Management), Government Department like DEFF, DEDEAT, DEPT. HEALTH, Transport, Education etc, and NGO's (Hawkers Association, Bus & Association, NAFCOC, Business Chamber). The committee sits quarterly to discuss waste related issues. The designation of Waste Management Officer to lead the Waste management programs has been done.

4.3.2.7 External Support

DEPARTMENT	ACTIVITY	
COGTA (MISA)	Waste Management Technical Support	
	Presidential Employment Stimulus (PES) project	
DEFF	Construction of Majazi landfill site - on hold	
DEFF	Thuma mina green deeds-In progress	
DEFF	Cleaning & Greening Stimulus Package Project	

4.3.2.8. Continuity of the Waste services during Covid-19 Pandemic

Waste Management is one of the most important sanitary barriers to prevent dissemination of illnesses and diseases. It is important to recall that the continuity of the waste services is not only for municipal waste but also for hazardous and health care waste. The continuity and continued functionality of recycling are also important during and after the Corona virus crisis passes, but with extra care and adherence to the protocols when this waste is handled and temporary stored.

This is possible by ensuring health and safety measures for waste workers. There is a dire need to ensure the health and safety precautions of waste workers as they are one of the most important sanitary barriers to keep our areas and people safe from several diseases, including COVID – 19. Waste workers are everyday on the streets despite isolation and quarantine measurers that are taken for the whole population, additional measures considered are as follows:

- Strict adherence to enhanced hygiene norms, including frequent disinfecting and clearing of equipment and changing of clothing; replacing protective gloves in the event of breakage or any incident of potential contamination, sanitizing regularly facilities, vehicle cabins and other equipment.
- Ensure safe collection, disposal and treatment after disposal
- Prepare contingency plans, that are tailor made for various situations.

4.3.2.9. Overall Environmental Management Challenges

- Over exploitation of natural resources due to extraction and changes in land use which result in loss of bio diversity through sand mining, unmanaged harvesting of species and unmanaged harvesting of mangrove forest and other forest stands.
- Soil erosion leading to siltation of rivers and estuaries, and loss of valuable agricultural land.

- The spread of invasive alien species which in turn has the potential to disrupt natural ecosystem functioning.
 Removal of aliens is being currently carried out by our EPWP employees.
- Poor reporting rate of environmental damage such as degradation due to illegal sand mining which usually occurs in wards 16,22, 25, 28, 29; borrow pits that are used without permits and have been left thereafter without being rehabilitated and natural causes like sinkholes in areas like ward sixteen (16) and ward three (3).
- Inadequate, overloaded or defective sewage treatment infrastructure which leads to environmental and health risks.
- Limited storm water management
- Pathogenic contamination of inland waters due to poor sewage treatment and disposal.
- Habitat degradation. Restoration of plants in their habitats by replanting them.
- Loss of arable land to housing developments
- Lack of awareness of environmental principles and relevant environmental and planning legislation and policy.
- Environmental non-compliances, lack of prioritization of environmental issues.
- No management of wild animals/ problematic animals, causing risks to human lives more especially in rural areas
- No legal operational dumpsite/ landfill. Majazi land fill site still under construction.
- No slipway/launching site for boats to fish offshore.
- A growing number of illegal cottages seem to be a challenge along the coast. These cottages are established by tourists in rural homesteads along the coast.
- Limited land for extension of cemetery.
- Few wards have demarcated land for cemetery.
- Limited space for urban green space in Mbizana.
- Littering in green spaces such as wetland.
- Effluent not properly managed in town, no Effluent Policy.

4.3.2.10. Current and Planned Interventions to overcome Environmental backlogs:

- Adoption of Environmental Management Framework.
- Scheduled Local Coastal Committee meetings to address all coastal issues and create good working relations amongst all governmental departments and parastatals / organizations
- Ward based Environmental and Waste Management awareness's.
- Removal of Alien Plants in various areas.
- Greening of open spaces in town and surrounding areas.
- Adopt a river program by Department of Water Affairs.
- Planting of Indigenous Trees in various schools and other public places.
- Working for the Coast Project
- Proclamation of Mthamvuna Nature Reserve
- Construction of Majazi Landfill site (on hold)
- Establishment and support of recycling initiatives
- Environment and Culture sector EPWP
- By-law for the control of the seashore and the sea
- Review Cemeteries and crematoria by-laws
- Review of Refuse and Sanitary by-laws.
- Adoption of ANDM Air Quality Management Plan.

- Review of Climate Change Strategy
- N2 Wild Coast Biodiversity Offset Project

4.3.2.11. LIST OF CAPITAL PROJECTS REQUIRING ENVIRONMENTAL AUTHORIZATION

PROJECT NAME	REQUIREMENT	STATUS	
Forestry Development (1000 ha) in	EIA	Process not yet started	
Swane, Mpisi and Mkhambathi			
areas)			
Township Establishment (Middle	EIA	Process not yet started	
income and Mixed-use			
Development)			
Sidanga Bridge	EIA	Application underway	
Siginqini to Marina Access Road	EIA	Application underway	
with Bridge			
Tshuze to Luphilisweni Access	EIA	Application underway	
Road			
Sixhanxeni Access Road	EIA	Application underway	
Regional Landfill site	EIA Process not yet started		
Majazi Landfill site	Review of Waste License	Process started	

4.3.12. Disaster Management

In terms of the Disaster Management Act, 2002 (Act 57 of 2002), municipalities are required to compile municipal disaster management plans. The municipality developed and adopted a Disaster Risk Management Plan (Level 1) in 2015; this document is due for reviewal hence advertisement of the Disaster Risk Management Plan is published. The function is done by both the ANDM and Local Municipality, the district municipality has a satellite office with 2 Disaster Officials, also agreement has been reached with the district to develop disaster management by-laws which will be used by local municipalities.

Vision for disaster risk management

To co-ordinate and align the implementation of its plan with those of other organs of state and institutional role-players; and regularly review and update its plan

Mission statement for disaster risk management

The key intended outcomes of this plan are the integration of Disaster Risk Management into the strategic and operational planning and project implementation of all line functions and role players within the municipality, the creation and maintenance of resilient communities within the area and an integrated, fast and efficient response to emergencies and disasters by all role-

players. The municipality has thus developed and adopted a level 1 disaster risk management plan with the following objectives:

Summary of Disaster Management Plan Objectives

The overall objective of this document is to define and describe the essential elements and procedures for preventing and mitigating major incidents or disasters, but also to ensure rapid preparedness and effective response and aspect specific contingency planning in case of a major incident or disaster that will:-

- Save lives; Reduce risk exposure; Reduce suffering; Protect property; Protect the environment; Reduce economic
 and social losses; and Provide for the safety and health of all responders.
- Establish integrated institutional capacity within the municipality to enable the effective implementation of disaster risk management policy and legislation i.e. a series of workshops and awareness campaigns was conducted.
- Establish a uniform approach to assessing and monitoring disaster risks that will inform disaster risk management planning and disaster risk reduction undertaken by the municipality and other role-players.
- Develop and implement integrated disaster management plans and risk reduction programmes in accordance with approved frameworks.
- Ensure effective and appropriate disaster response and recovery.
- Prevention and reduction of disaster risks;
- Mitigation of impacts; preparedness for effective response to disasters;
- Minimize loss and property damage; and quick recovery from the impacts.
- To establish Disaster Local Advisory Forum.
- Reduce the risk of disasters caused by human error, deliberate destruction, and building or equipment failures
- Be better prepared to recover from a major natural catastrophe
- Ensure the organization's ability to continue operating after a disaster
- Recover lost or damaged records or information after a disaster

Local Disaster Advisory Forum

The Local Disaster Management Advisory Forum is collaboration between a range of stakeholders from key sectors – government, business, academia, labour and civil society. Its main objective is to enhance the municipality's efforts to reduce risk where possible; assist people to better understand the roles that they could play in reducing the impact of disasters; to assist in the development of clear actions to address all aspects of disasters risk reduction

Winnie Madikizela – Mandela Local Municipality established Local Disaster Management Advisory Forum. The objectives of the forum are as follows:

- Give advice and make recommendations on disaster-related issues and disaster management;
- Contribute to disaster risk management planning and coordination;
- Establish joint standards of practice;
- Implement incident management systems;
- Gather critical information about the municipality's capacity to assist in disasters and to access resources;
- Assist with public awareness, training and capacity building;

The forum sits quarterly, minutes and attendance registers are indicators for this target.

ANDM is working together with Local municipality and also Provincial Disaster Management Centre.

4.3.13. Fire and Rescue

Fire and Rescue service is done by ANDM, operating a Satellite centre, there is no signed (MOU) memorandum of understanding, the ANDM is currently working on it and Fire Prevention Plan & Fire Tariffs and By-Law's where in jointly Fire tariffs will be determined and implemented.

Municipality Conducts Veld Fire awareness in various wards of Bizana in partnership with Alfred Nzo District Municipality Fire and Rescue. ANDM Fire and Rescue services conducted training for Community Emergency Response Team in Ward 14-30 volunteers and in Ward 15 – 30 volunteers.

The municipality is planning to develop Fire Risk Assessment in order to develop Fire Protection Plan and tap into opportunities for funding projects like working on fire.

Objectives of working on fire

- Is intended for protection of natural vegetation;
- To create a community upliftment programme that will employ people especially the disadvantaged groups e.g.
 Women and Youth.
- To secure livelihoods and sustainable environment;
- To promote environmental strategies in minimizing veld fires through fire and life safety awareness and education campaigns;
- To provide trainings in different skills.
- The forum sits quarterly, minutes and attendance registers are indicators for this target.

External Support

Department of Environmental Affairs

Alfred Nzo District Municipality Disaster Management

Alfred Nzo District Municipality Fire and Rescue

Provincial Disaster Management Centre.

4.3.14. Community Facilities / Recreational Facilities

4.3.14.1. Cemeteries

The municipality is currently operating 1 cemetery in Ward 1 using the cemeteries and crematoria by-laws. The by-laws have been reviewed and amended.

4.3.14.2. Park & Heritage sites

The municipality received funding from Department of Environmental Affairs for the development of a community park of Mbizana in ward 01, close to extension 3. The municipality maintains 4 heritage sites within the municipals jurisdiction which

include, Khananda, O.R. Tambo monument, Winnie Madikizela and Ndlovu heritage site. The purpose of having the community park is for recreational benefit, aesthetic benefit as well as ecological benefits. The municipality is operating and maintaining 8 Sports ground in 3 Wards of Bizana.

4.3.14.3. Community Halls

There are 33 functional community halls. The operation of the halls is done through the adopted policy: The Municipality has recently fenced Dudumeni Community Hall in Ward 8, now we are currently advertising for fencing of Mzamba Community Hall in Ward 7 and fencing the extended land for Dudumeni Community Hall in ward 08. There are caretakers employed under the EPWP that are safeguarding all community halls. The Hire of Recreational facilities policy which is reviewed and adopted by council, the municipality continues to maintain and operate all recreational facilities and this is possible with cooperative assistance from established Hall Management Committees. All community halls are Covid 19 compliant as there are social distancing stickers on the floor, Posters and sanitising stands.

- Hall Management Responsibilities
- To ensure proper management of the halls.
- Receiving and consider requests from community and stakeholders for the use of Municipal Facilities; responding and/or recommending requests.
- To ensure general routine maintenance of halls.

4.3.3. Social Programmes:

Social Relief of Distress Policy has been reviewed& adopted by the council,

Provision of Social Relief Material for qualifying households that are affected by disasters in various Wards. 233 temporary shelters for affected beneficiaries were approved in various Wards of Bizana by Department of Human Settlements.

4.3.3.1. Free Basic Energy (FBE)

Winnie Madikizela – Mandela Local Municipality is subsidizing free basic energy to the indigent households both in urban and rural people. In urban we are providing about **54** indigent beneficiaries and in rural villages there are **3246** indigent households receiving free tokens on a monthly basis through Eskom.

4.3.3.2. Free Basic Alternative Energy (FBAE)

Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality has been implementing the solar energy project funded by the Department of Energy since 2011; this solar energy project is mainly used as our alternative energy source. The municipality is currently aiding about **6224** installed customers in the following wards: 1, 4, 6, 7, 11,13,14,15,16 17,25,28 &31. The Municipality is also working on de-installation of solar systems from households that have been connected with grid electricity already in the following Wards: 11, 14, 25 & 28.

4.3.3.3. Indigent Register

The municipality has developed and adopted an indigent register for **2020/2021**. The review process is a yearly program. The municipality has an adopted indigent policy and it will be reviewed in April 2022. This policy is a guiding document which determines how the institution can provide the Free Basic Services. It is taken from the National Indigent Policy framework and also some of the legislative frameworks like: -

- The constitution of the RSA (Act. 108 of 1996)
- The Municipal Systems Act. 2000 (Act 32 of 2000)
- The Municipal Finance Management Act 2003 (Act 56 of 2003)
- The promotion of Administrative Act; 2000 (Act 3 of 2000)
- The promotion of access to information Act 2000 (Act 2 of 2000)
- The municipal Property Rates Act; 2004 (Act 6 of 2004)
- The municipality has established an Indigent Steering committee which constitutes of all Ward Councilors, CDW's,
 Traditional Leaders, Service Providers for free basic services and ANDM.

4.3.3.4. Library Services

Winnie Madkizela – Mandela Local Municipality through the assistance of DSRAC has three libraries: Mbizana Public Library situated in town (Ward 01), Nkantolo Modular Library placed at Oliver Reginald Tambo Technical School (ward27) now located at Nkantolo JSS and Dudumeni Modular Library now known as Monwabisi Mfingwana Public Library (Ward 08) placed at Dudumeni Community Hall. DSRAC has managed to assist the community of Ward 24 with Classroom library at Ebenezer J.S.S. to be used by all schools and members of the community. DSRAC has provided furniture, telephone and books for the library and the municipality with support staff. All our libraries have been given telephone connection by DSRAC. Schools with active libraries are as follows: -

Plangeni J.S.S., Lingelethu J.S.S, Mfolozi J.S.S, Intsingizi J.S.S, Qandashe J.S.S, Ngcingo J.S.S, Sontsele S.PS, Zamokuhle J.S.S, Ezizityaneni J.S.S, Baleni S.S.S, Ntlalontsha J.S.S, Didi S.P.S, Stanford S.P.S, Ebenezer J.S.S, Nonkqubela J.S.S, Ncura J.S.S, Dudumeni CHS, Mdatya SPS, Ethridge JSS, Qadu JSS, Critchlow JSS, Lindokuhle JSS, Ndunge JSS, Mzamba CHS. Taking libraries to people through outreach/awareness programs which are conducted throughout Mbizana communities: -

- South African Library week,
- World Book & Copyright Day,
- International Literacy Day,
- Holiday programs,
- Formation of Book Clubs.
- National Book Week.

South African Library for the Blind has managed to place a Minilib section for the visually impaired individuals through funding from DSRAC and we are working closely with Zamokuhle Special School as our targeted school and Mbizana communities. SALB has provided the library with new furniture for the Minilib users. Statistics of the number of people using the library has increased and also the membership. Libraries functions with Library Committee. Library committee is responsible for the promotion of readership, supporting literacy projects, effectiveness & efficiency of library services, provision of support and

establishment of other libraries, mobilization of resources for libraries, represent community library related matters, library advocacy, organizing the events for library promotion. The municipality has developed and adopted a Library policy addressing the following:-

- Legislative Mandates which governs the library
- Appropriate library behavior
- Library materials and building
- Noise
- Children facilities
- Food and drinks
- Computer usage policy
- Patron comments and suggestion policy
- Library program policy
- Library membership

DSRAC is in a process of doing Library and Information Services Draft Collection Development Policy. DSRAC and the Municipality have signed the memorandum of agreement which is to ensure the provision of an effective and efficient library and information services for the benefit of the communities of WMM Local Municipality. We also receive yearly funding from DSRAC which is R350 000 to assist in all our library needs, as we have done general maintenance to Mbizana Public Library and also signage.

DSRAC responsible for capacity building programs, co-ordination and support establishment of library structures, provision of security services and Monitoring and evaluation. Build new libraries and provide modular library structures to rural areas and hand them to Municipality. Purchase library furniture. Purchase and process library materials. Provide security of library materials-detection systems and CCTV cameras. Municipality is responsible for maintaining existing library facilities, assist in supervision and administration of staff in public libraries, and establish library structures: Friends; committees, support awareness programs.

- Library and Community Development
- Educational support
- Reading for leisure
- Personal development
- Community development initiatives support

Library and Information Services are valuable collaborators in providing and promoting access to information holistically, compelling customer service, lifelong learning, assistance with research and data collection, access to infrastructure, publicity and other expertise, places and spaces for community programmes and community involvement, and innovation and critical thinking.

4.3.4. Protection Services

Protection Services is subdivided into five units viz; Traffic law enforcement, Security & VIP unit, driving license Testing Centre, Vehicle licensing and Pound. The Entity is guided by the following regulations: National Road Traffic Act 93/96, Administration

Adjudication Road Traffic Offences, National Land Transitional Transportation Act, Private Security Industrial Regulation Act, Municipal Bylaws, Municipal Policies, Pound Act, and Animal Act (SPCA).

Fundamental functions of traffic section is: -

- To ensure free traffic flow
- Provide law & order and ensure safety for all road users
- To reduce road accidents and carnages
- To create awareness campaigns addressing traffic safety issues
- To project a professional image of the enforcement practitioners
- To assist in crime prevention activities and proactive policing initiatives
- To enforce Municipal Bylaws

Winnie Madikizela – Mandela Local Municipality has 8 traffic officers to cover the area of Mbizana and seven (7) traffic wardens to enforce the law around town. Traffic section has been working with half-staff weekly rotation since the outbreak of COVID-19 third wave in order to abide by the COVID-19 regulations.

The issuing of fines: We have an annual target of 1500 fines to be issued and conducted 20 road blocks to ensure the safety of road users and maintaining law and order in the year 2021/2022. The section utilizes: three (03) traffic vehicles for the day to day duties. In the first quarter 305 fines were issued, 03 roadblocks conducted. We have currently issued 112 fines in the first month of the second quarter and believe that we will achieve our target at the end of functional year.

Traffic lights and CCTV cameras: Traffic lights have been repaired and maintained by the service provider. CCTV cameras will be maintained in November 2021.

Road markings and signs: 22-kilometer road marking and 08 road signs is our annual target. We are now seating at 14 kilometers road marking done up to date. The purchase of road signs, road marking paint and the painting of the center line awaits appointment of service provider, the advert closed on the 25 October 2021.

Protective clothing: 48 employees must be supplied with protective clothing in quarter 3 and we are waiting the advertisement by SCM office.

Awareness campaigns: Two awareness campaigns have been done one at Macakweni location and Sea view location to address gender-based violation and we have a target of four awareness campaign a year two during festive season and another two during Easter holiday.

Administrative Adjudication of Road Traffic Officers: This is the new system of issuing, processing and administering the traffic offences by the traffic official. This new system is accordingly starting on the 01/11/2021. On the 27 & 28 of October 2021 AARTOO training was conducted by Department of transport our members from WMMLM attended the training or workshop in order to be equal to the task of this new system. AARTO stationary need to be need to be purchased.

CHALLENGES:

- Street Vendors trading on Sidewalks.
- No pound zone for confiscated motor vehicles.
- Events and protests which take more time of traffic officers they supposed to spend in traffic related work

SOLUTIONS:

- LED and Traffic sections must work together to allocate street traders.
- The building of vehicle pound must be prioritized.

4.3.4.1. Security Services

Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality has fifteen (15) sites that are guarded by the in-house and private security. The Municipality have twenty Security personnel to safeguard the Institution (WMM Municipality) with all the resources which is human and assets working from Monday to Friday, covering mornings, and afternoons. Weekends and public holidays as well as night duties are covered by private security services contracted for three years. From the 1st of February 2018 the municipality was receiving the guarding services from Pro secure JV Alunga Trading and that contract expired and the municipality has now appointed Ubukho Bethu Security Services from the 01st of November 2021 in a three-year contract (until 2024). Fundamental functions of security is to ensure safety and security of the Municipal properties, assets and staff in the work place.

4.3.4.2. Driving Licence Testing Centre

Winnie Madikizela Mandela Local Municipality Driving License Testing Centre has been operational since 2009 where credible learner's license, Professional driving licenses and renewal of driving license cards are produced. Mbizana Driving License testing Centre was graded by the Department of Transport as Grade B Testing Station. This infrastructure benefits the community of Mbizana and South Africa at large. The system used in the DLTC belongs to Department of Transport and the total collected amount goes to Municipality as per Service Level Agreement. That will promote service delivery which is the mission and the vision of Winnie Madikizela Mandela local Municipality. In 21/2022 financial year the Driving License Testing Centre manage to produce 1675 driving license, 279 Professional Driving License and 690 learner's license. The section has also managed to buy cash detectors and money counter machines to make things easier for cashiers and the construction of the ramp for physically disabled has been constructed. A random routine inspection by National and Provincial inspectorate of Department of Transport has been experienced where they found everything in place according to their required standards as they are the national overseers of all Driving license Testing Centre.

Fundamental functions of Driving License Testing Centre

The core functions that are presently being conducted at Mbizana testing center are as follows:

- Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday the learner's license bookings are done and in between driver's license renewals are conducted concurrently.
- DLTC also runs learner's license classes almost every working day, each class consist of 09 applicants that makes a total of 45 applicants tested per week.
- Our Centre is currently testing 8 applicants per day for driving license test.

Registering Authority

This is registration and licensing of motor vehicles. During 2020/21 financial year the station managed to register 4955 vehicles. Out of the total amount collected from Registration and Licensing 81% goes to Department of Transport and 19% goes to WMM Local Municipality as according to service level agreement in place.

Fundamental functions of Vehicle registration and licensing are as follows: -

- Registration of all types of motor vehicles
- Licensing of motor vehicles
- Notices of change of ownerships
- Handling all motor vehicles queries
- Issuing of temporal and special permits
- Issuing of motor trade numbers
- Attending to deregistration's reasons whether it's because of theft or any other reasons
- Applications for documentations
- Filing and any other issues related to motors vehicles
- Issuing of forms for all transactions

Challenges:

- Shortage of staff that result on no leave for the person who is working in the RA and that contributes to a rise of complaints from clients about the service standards provided by the center.
- No parking space for staff and clients at DLTC.
- The Centre is running with 30% personnel that affects the production and service delivery standards due to the fact
 that the Country was placed under Lockdown, in observation of social distancing because of the nature of our
 working space.
- The election period has affected the service standards as some of our employees had to take leaves as they are directly involved on the processes.
- The cashier point is faced with a challenge of the printer that is faulty/not printing and it belongs to DOT asset register that means it has to be replaced by the department thus negatively affects the service.

4.3.4.3. Community Safety and Security Services

Winnie Madikizela - Mandela Local Municipality have five police stations situated within the Municipal Jurisdiction, Bizana, Mzamba, Mpisi, Ndengane and Qhasa. The above is contrary to the policy provision which states that a new police station may be required when there is a new settlement, drastic increase in population density, increase in crime rate as well as travelling distance and per capital costs to access police stations. This in effect means that on average, 1 Police Station is serving an area of 701.5 km² and 58 831 people. The establishment of new additional police station at Qhasa Location in ward 11 now assist reduction in crime and also workload from other Police Stations. Qhasa is now under Mbizana in terms of demarcation and policing, as such reporting becomes easy.

Due to distance between Police station and most communities, SAPS has organised a mobile SAPS truck with all the equipment which is used as a contact point roving all the wards in order to bring services closer to the communities. Furthermore, it is used as point centre for all the Departments including the Municipal Desk for Proof of Residence. The department has identified Gender Based Violence, Murder and Stock theft as leading crimes in Mbizana also not forgetting housebreaking, assault, rape and armed robbery as prevailing crimes in all the police stations due to increased number of cases reported.

The department has established a maximum of 61 Community Policing Forums in all the stations i.e. 28 structures under Mbizana police station, 21 structures under Mzamba police station, 8 structures under Mpisi, 4 structure under Ndengane satellite station and Qhasa has formulated 3 structures, however the department is experiencing a number of challenges viz:-

- Bad conditions of access roads
- Poor street lightening in town
- Poor conditions of access bridges
- Lack of personnel, transport and non-maintenance of police stations.

Despite the shortage of human resources and mobile resources, the department has undertaken cluster operations and station operations conducted to reduce crime and as result there is a general decrease in crime levels in terms of contact crimes and property. The department has planned some intervention to further reduction of crime levels which include: -

- Motivation of communities to cooperate with Community Policing Forum and police in reporting crime and identifying offender
- Encouraging communities to register as police informers.
- Conducting operations and increase police visibility.

Some of the locations from ward 2 are poled by Mt Ayliff although in terms of demarcation they fall under Mbizana and that also needs to be addressed. The proposal of Satellite station in ward 2 (Ntamonde Village) is underway and that will cover the distance between Bizana SAPS and Mount Ayliff. As according to the statement released by the President declaring a national state of disaster due to Covid-19 pandemic, Protection services had to work with SAPS to enforce disaster management regulations due to shortage of staff within SAPS.

4.3.4.4. Mbizana Community Safety Forum

District Community Safety Forum was launched in 2013 and was last revised in 13 November 2018. Mbizana Community safety forum was approved by the council and it reports quarterly in a bigger Forum at a district level - ALFRED NZO. It has a focal point on Awareness campaigns after it had been established that people in Mbizana are most vulnerable due to ignorance. Identified critical areas in terms of crime rate receive serious attention from the Forum and the plan for the forum is to conduct awareness campaigns to all identified hotspots. Law enforcement operations are also on progress to focus mainly on those that are transgressing the laws of Country.

4.3.4.5. Mbizana Transport Forum

The forum was also established in 2012 with intentions to specifically deal with issues of public transportation in Mbizana and is soon to be revised this 2020/2021financial year. Mbizana Transport Forum reports quarterly at local level but due to Covid-19 pandemic it never sat.

District Safety and Liaison had allocated a budget to deal with issues of intervention where required and Alfred Nzo District Municipality had confirmed availability of an amount of R73 000.00 which was never exhausted due to Covid 19 Pandemic. Winnie Madikizela - Mandela Municipality budgeted R345 492.00 for the projects in relation to the Program of Mbizana Community Safety forum.

Challenges:

⇒ The Transport Forum was only launched but did not function due to lack of co-operation by the concerned role players.

4.3.4.6. Enforcement of Municipal Bylaws

WMM Local Municipality had 45 gazetted By-laws in total and these bylaws are actively served by Protection Services – law enforcement unit trained as Peace Officers (Peace Officers are designated to enforce any piece of Legislation whether Traffic bylaw, Building regulations, Waste management bylaws, Municipal Policies etc.). WMM Local Municipality has an operating landing- strip, an accredited infrastructure by the South African Aviation Board. The infrastructure had been operating for some ages situated in an open space with loitering stray animals as it currently coincidentally serve as an unauthorized grazing land.

Challenges:

⇒ The landing strip in question is not taken good care of in terms of maintenance, the upgrade of its infrastructure and so forth. Bylaws in place cannot be implemented to a satisfactory point when the infrastructure is at that stage.

4.3.4.7. Municipal Pound

Winnie Madikizela Mandela Local Municipality Pound is operational with effective By-laws. The animal Pound is run in a way that is stipulated in bylaws, policies and SPCA standards. The Pound is comprised of three permanent staff members i.e Pound Master and two Pound Rangers. There is also two EPWP staff members who look after the Pound and the impounded animals. They herd and shepherd the animals, see to it that the animals are well fed, given clean water, dosed and vaccinated as required by different seasons and keep the pound out of invasive alien plants, sharp objects that might endanger animals as to keep the Pound clean. A random routine by SPCA has been experienced where they found everything in place according to their required standards as they are the national overseers of all Pounds.

Core functions of Pound

The core function is mainly to foster the culture of responsibility amongst our communities to take care of their livestock, keeping them away from the roads thus limiting the number of accidents and also eradication of stock theft.

The pound keeps animals that are found by Stock theft straying/trespassing within our communities until they are rightfully identified by owners.

Impounded animals are usually charged immediately they enter the Pound according to the rates stipulated by the council, only when they are brought by stock theft unit and have cases that they can only be charged after 14 days of stay in the Pound.

According to the SDBIP the Pound is supposed to collect 50 stray/trespassing animals per quarter yet now the pound has collected 76 and that shows smooth running as far as meeting targets is concerned.

Delivery of Feed and remedies has also been received for the 1st quarter as stipulated in the plan.

As much as the Pound is not mainly for the collection of revenue it has managed to collect **R7053.00** in this 1st Quarter and the revenue collected from stray animals impounded with effect from 1st July 2020-30th June 2021 was **R10 131, 43**.

The Equipment(troughs) that is used to put feed and water has reached its lifespan since it was last bought in 2017, a requisition for the purchase of new feeding troughs has been done and also the advert for the maintenance of Pound shelters, pound enclosures and pound premises has been put up on the municipal website for service providers to bid.

There will be a stray animal campaign that is planned for the month of November where all the animals along R61 are collected and impounded as they put lives of motorist at risk. Most stakeholders involved are: Provincial Traffic officials, WMM Traffic officials, SAPS (Stock theft unit) and Pound Staff.

All the processes are still running smooth as now the Pound has also been granted an approval by the Municipal Manager to put all unclaimed livestock which have been in the pound for the longest period on auction and that is in preparation as all animals have to be branded before auctioning.

CHALLENGES

No access road to the animal Pound and this has become a biggest challenge for the delivering vehicles and owners
collecting their animals from the Pound.

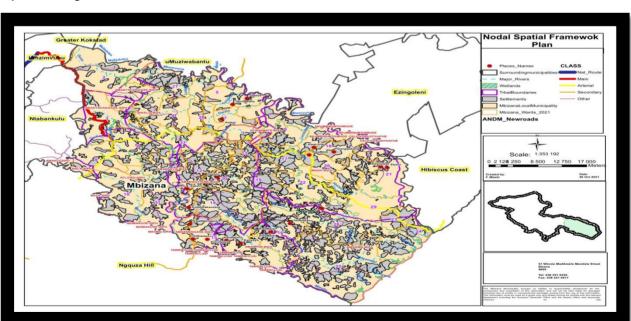
4.4. KPA 2: LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT & SPATIAL PLANNING

4.4.1. SPATIAL PLANNING AND LAND USE

4.4.1.1. Land Issues - Settlement Patterns

Winnie Madikizela – Mandela local municipality is predominantly rural and consists of scattered low-density rural settlements which are surrounded by communal grazing and arable land. Settlement densities appear to be directly correlated with accessibility. Over recent years a considerable number of people have crowded settlements along the R61 and other arterial commuter routes and in close proximity to urban centres in search of better services and economic/employment opportunities. This has resulted in uncontrolled occupation of valuable agricultural land, which is contributing to eroding the remaining resources available for people to sustain their rural livelihood. These areas of higher settlement density, being situated on the main route through the area (R61) and in close proximity to the urban centres of Bizana Town and Port Edward, can be classified as peri-urban. Peri-Urban Settlements of Sirhasheni and Ebenezer (at Mzamba near Port Edward), Ngcingo and Didi (near Bizana Town).

Settlement patterns in Mbizana still reflect, to a large extent, spatial planning of the Apartheid past. The current structure and spread of rural settlements and households therein makes it difficult for the municipality to provide services in an effective and efficient manner. Furthermore, sprawling settlements are also located along steep sloping terrain on the crests of hills which further puts more strain on the limited resources the municipality has in terms of providing services to its communities. However, the municipality has made strides in redressing the imbalances of Apartheid spatial planning in identifying and providing basic services in those areas that were ignored in the past.



Map: Illustrating Settlement Pattern within Winnie Madikizela-Mandela

4.4.1.2. Settlement Pattern - Urban Centre (Bizana Town)

The main urban centre in WMM local municipality is Mbizana Town. According to the Mbizana Nodal Development Framework (2013) the town serves as an administrative centre for the municipality with several other land uses such as residential, retail, commercial, and service industry, civic facilities and limited light industrial. Generally, residential activity in the town is scattered and isolated. The main residential suburb is located east of the town. It is characterized by low density units with a height of 2 storeys. To the north of Bizana town is a mix of informal settlements and low-cost housing. To the east is also low-cost housing and to the south of the town are low density rural settlements.

Map: Illustrating –Urban Centre Settlement Pattern



4.4.1.3. Available Land for Development

The proposed district zones divide the CBD into portions of distinct character and use which presents unique opportunities for intensification and diversification of land uses. The district zones indicate where higher density development, business areas and the like are permitted. The CBD is divided into 9 zones:

Zone 1: The area is currently vacant but future development would include light industries, commercial, business, mixed use, educational and residential development.

Zone 6: Proposed site for Infill development such as commercial, business offices and mixed uses.

Mixed use development will be associated with shops and offices on the ground floor of high-density residential development. Commercial, business and retail uses are to be located outside the existing commercial, business and retail core in Zone 1, and 6.

Map illustrates the available land for development



4.4.1.4. Mbizana Land Claims

Number of erven in the town are subject to land claims. In terms of Section 11 (7) (A) of the Restitution of Land Rights Act (Act 22 of 1994 – as amended) – no person may sell, lease, donate, subdivide or develop land that is the subject of a land claim. This, as a result, is preventing much needed development of land within the town. It is therefore of extreme importance that unresolved land claims be attended, or where land is required for essential facilities and services, the commissioner grant permission for such development applications to proceed. The Municipality and Ntshamathe have both agreed in surveying the portions that will be developed.

Various individuals, groups and communities lodged restitution claims for various portions of land around within the municipal area. The nature of these claims vary from one claim to another, most of them are community claims which involve large portions of land. Some of these land claims fall within the Sustainable Rural Development Program (ISDRP) nodal point. They are as follows: -

- Betterment claims
- Commonage claims
- Forestry claims
- Conservation claims
- Sugar cane claims

The table below shows 22 rural and urban restitution claims that were lodged and registered with the Land Claims Commission within WMM LM:

Project Name	Reference	Status	Location	
Mhlanga Community/ Chief Mandlenkosi Sontsele	6/2/2/D/967/0/0/12	Research	Mhlanga Section A locality no. 13 at Ntshamathe A/A in Bizana	
Ndabakhe Mnisi/Ncura Community	6/2/2/D/974/0/0/7	S 42D	Ncura, Bukweni AA	
Vuyani Mabude	6/2/2/D/967/0/0/22	Research	Esikhumbeni A/A	
Nkosiphendule Wiseman Mqhaka/Nomlacu Community	6/2/2/D/967/0/0/23	Research	Nomlacu Section A	
Makhaola Bolofo	6/2/2/D/967/0/0/1		Lot 161	
Peter Pretorius	6/2/2/D/967/0/0/2	Research	Mngungu Trading store	
Mgungundlovu Community	6/2/2/D/967/0/0/3	Court Referral	Farm 1 - D.T.	
Zeblon Mhlongo	6/2/2/D/967/0/0/14		Mgungundlovu No. 24	
Gretta Pholo	6/2/2/D/967/0/0/16	Research	Ntshangese A/A Dumsi locality.	
Pieter Johannes Christian Pretorius	6/2/3/D/967/2108/195/2		Erf 93; Erf 94 and Mngungu Trading site in Madiba AA	
Belina Gasa	6/2/2/D/967/0/0/21	Research	Trust land - Mfolozi Area	
Etyeni Community	6/2/2/D/967/0/0/20		Etyeni Location 19	
Muziwandile Tobo	6/2/2/D/967/0/0/19	Research	Mzamba Sikelweni A/A	
Willie Smith	6/2/2/D/967/0/0/18	Court referral	Umngungundlovu A/A Fram D Location 24	
Herbert Tshutsha	6/2/2/D/967/0/0/17	Research	Lorolweni 124 Amadiba A/A	
Nomlacu Community	6/2/2/D/967/0/0/15	Research	Nomlacu Section A	
Mahlubandile Msalela	6/2/2/D/967/0/0/13	Verification	Unspecified Land	
Esikhumbeni Community	6/2/2/D/967/0/0/7	S 42D	Unspecified Land	
Mhlanga Community	6/2/2/D/967/0/0/8	Research	Ntshamate Loc 13	
Mzamba Community	6/2/2/D/967/0/0/10	S 42D	Sikhumbeni Admin	
Winfred Sogoni	6/2/2/D/967/0/0/9	S (6) (2) B	Amantshangase Location No. 25	
Zolile H Sikotoyi	6/2/2/D/967/0/0/11	Verification	Unspecified Land	

Unresolved Land Claims

There have been difficulties in mapping all areas subject to land claims within Mbizana. The Department of Rural Development and Land Reform in the Eastern Cape is in the process of issuing and finalising title deeds. Mapping of these areas have been completed and we are busy with valuation. These fall within the following communities: -

- Izinini
- Ntshamathe
- North Pondoland Community Claim (Sugar Estate)

Pockets of Land Still in other Spheres of Government Possession

The majority of land in Mbizana is mainly state land held in trust by the Minister of Land Affairs. Some state land (former commercial farms) has been surveyed and registered, however much, particularly communal land, has only recently been surveyed and is still unregistered in the Deeds Registry.

The municipality is restricted in terms of identying land for development since most of the land in the municipal area is subject to land claims. However there are small pockets of land that is privately owned in the urban centre and around Mzamba (Wild

Coast Sun) which forms part of a successful land claim. The following table represents land earmarked for development that is owned by the Department of Public Works within Bizana town: -

Land Owned by Government

kh	Property Type	Property use	Extent	Description of property	Intended land use
76	Residential	Vacant	0.2231	R61 Bizana main road	
86	Residential	Institutional	0.4561	R61 Bizana main road	Business
87	Educational	Educational	0.4561	R61 Bizana main road	Business
102	Government	Government	1.2059	R61 Bizana main road	
103	Government	Government	0.5968	R61 Bizana main road	
104	Government	Old buildings	4.6156	R61 Bizana main road	Offices & Housing
105	Government	Government	6.6841	R61 Bizana main road	Subdivide and do
					housing development
111	forestry	forestry	2.7269	R61 Bizana main road	
112	Prison	Government	0.1674	R61 Bizana main road	
152	Government	Government	10.5091	R61 Bizana main road	
169	Commercial	Commercial	0.4292	R61 Bizana main road	
170	Commercial	Bottle store	0.6703	R61 Bizana main road	Bus Rank
173	Commercial	Post Office	0.5799	R61 Bizana main road	
175	Government	Government	0.1877	R61 Bizana main road	

4.4.1.5. Dwelling Types

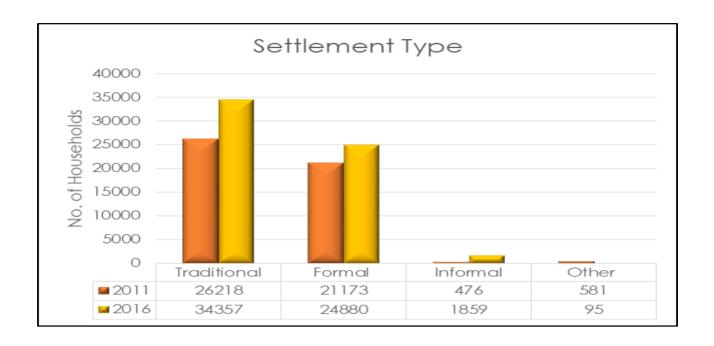
According to Stats SA, the majority of households in WMM local municipality reside in traditional dwellings. It is evident that much of the housing projects will be rural in nature given traditional character of the dwelling houses in the municipality. However, the biggest challenge with rural areas is the lack of amenities and facilities which are essential for sustainable human settlements. Facilities therefore, are to be provided as part of the human settlement projects. The settlement types are classified as: -

Formal: formal dwelling house or brick/ concrete block structure on a separate stand or yard or on a farm, flat apartment in a block of flats, cluster house in complex, townhouse (semi-detached house, formal dwelling house/flat/room in backyard, room/flatlet on a property or larger dwelling /servants quarter/grant flat/cottage.

Traditional: Traditional dwelling/hut/structure made of traditional materials.

Informal: Informal dwelling/shack in backyard dwelling/shack not in backyard (e.g. in an informal/settlement or on farm).

Other: Caravan or tent



4.4.1.6. Human Settlement Project

The municipality has developed a housing sector plan in 2017/18 financial year. This is our guiding document in facilitation and implementation of sustainable Human Settlement development. Part of this IDP's project list, a sector plan has been developed in the 2017/18 financial year for guiding our role in facilitating the implementation of sustainable housing and settlement development. Alfred Nzo Region has planned to develop Projects in Winnie Madikizela – Mandela Local Municipality. The Department plays the role of a Developer in all the above-mentioned projects' under WMM Local Municipality, the backlog is just above 376 99 beneficiaries waiting for the housing subsidy. This is informed by the number of units on Running Projects, Projects at Pre-Planning, Blocked projects and Projects at Feasibility Study Stages.

Map; illustrating completed, current and blocked housing projects



Informal Settlement

Coentown, Cettlement

Micrown, Cettlement

Micrown, Cettlement

Micrown, Coentry

Micrown, Coentry

ANDM, Newroads

CLASS

Map; illustrating informal Settlement planned for insitu upgrading

The municipality has undertaken the formalisation of the down town informal settlement upgrading through the in situ upgrading consist of 500 units. Prior the provision of the 500 units the municipality will first provide bulk infrastructure services (access roads, water and sanitation)

TRANSPORT OF CONTROL OF THE CONTROL

Map; illustrating Downtown Informal Settlement

4.4.1.7 Housing Needs Register

Status of the project:

The housing needs register is a data base that is used by the Human settlements department to determine the housing need/backlog for each municipality. Data collections has been done for the majority of WMMLM wards and it is still on going for both data collection and capturing by municipal data captures to compile updated register.

The municipality employed three data captures under the extended public works programme (epwp) responsible for the capturing of the applications in the system

4.4.1.8. Land audits

The municipality adopted the land audits for urban area that was completed in 2015 and for rural in 2016, is in the process of implementing both land audits respectively. The main purpose of the urban land audit was to have an up to date information on all properties, to enable an efficient billing system which will benefit the municipality and residents as well as initiate land use management system that will ensure that the municipality effectively perform its land use function. To also enable the municipality to avail accurate information to property owners in order to ensure efficient development of the said properties and the ownership status of land within the urban edge and rural properties.

The main purpose of the rural land audit was to obtain the information on the surveyed and unsurveyed properties, registered, unregistered properties in all rural wards through a ward-based approach. The municipality obtained the cadastral information that will assist in influencing planning and decision making within these rural spaces and is aligned with the rural zoning.

4.4.1.9. Implementation of by-laws

The section is experiencing slow implementation of bylaws due to the nature of the statutory policies require consultations, serving of notices and council resolutions, court orders prior implementation. The bylaws has been adopted by the council and gazetted.

4.4.1.10. Pockets of Land under Communal Possession

Mainly, rural settlements in WMM LM fall within the jurisdiction of Traditional Councils. In terms of the Guidelines issued by the MEC for Local Government and Traditional Affairs in 2011, there are currently 12 Traditional Councils which are operational. Due to the rural nature of WMM Municipality, the participation of and cooperation with Traditional Leaders is critical for the success of the municipality's development programs. Communal land is held in trust by the Minister of Rural Development and Land Reform.

Tribal Authorities

Tribal Boundaries

Major_Towns

Major_Towns

Scale: 1392 799
0 2 128 250 8 500 12 730 17 000

Scale: 1392 799
0 2 128 250 8 500 12 730 17 000

Port Edward

Ngozz Hill

Map: Illustrating the areas under the Traditional Authorities

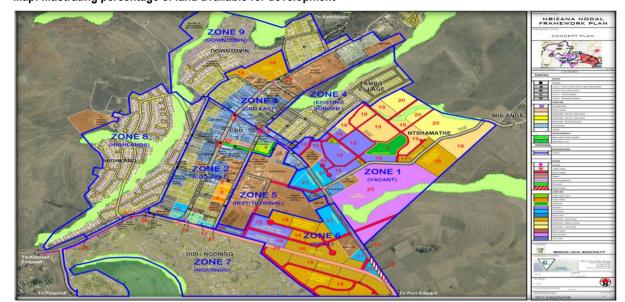
Formerly registered in the name of the state, it is occupied by individuals members of the respective communities under Permission to occupy (PTO) and/or customary tenure commonly referred to as beneficial occupation rights. Individual's rights on the land are protected in terms of the Interim Protection of Informal Land Rights Act, ActNo.31of1996 also known as IPILRA.

Through the municipal ward demarcation prior the 2011 municipal election resulted in re-demarcation included lot of wards that were demarcated and the *re-changing* of the municipality to other district municipality. Surveyed/ demarcated boundaries of municipal wards of all traditional authority areas within the municipal jurisdiction, except urban centre ward one. Although most of the boundaries follow natural features such as rivers, valleys and hills, all of them symbolize a set of values, customs and habits that are common among the members, and serve to create a sense of belonging.

In addition to traditional leadership functions, traditional authorities are also responsible for land use management within their areas of jurisdiction. They allocate sites and regulate the relationship between the neighbours WMM Local Municipality has 32 municipal wards with the majority being resident within traditional authorities and one ward out of 32 is urban. The traditional leaders are still responsible for the land use in rational land and development approvals granted in land use development practices.

4.4.1.11. Percentage of land available for development

Currently there are few informal manufacturing uses within the CBD. It has already been established in this report that light industry should be identified within the CBD. It is proposed that light industry be promoted within Zone 1. This zone is located along the main corridor should integrate with the proposed uses. As depicted in the below plan, indicated desired spatial development within the commonage land, characterised as zones. Refer to the plan showing land available for development in the below precinct.



Map: Illustrating percentage of land available for development

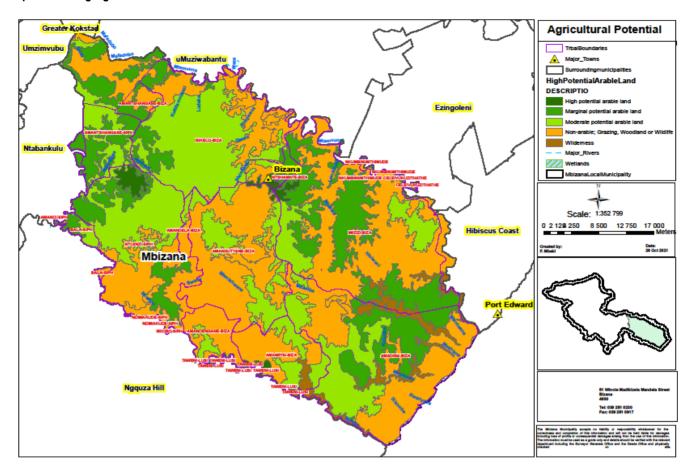
4.4.1.12. Percentage of land available and classified for farming

Agriculture is regarded as the primary sector of opportunity in Mbizana. Presently, it is however poorly developed and consists mainly of subsistence activities. Issues raised in the analysis so far, which are regarded as having an impact on the potential of this sector include: -

- The present land tenure system is regarded as hampering investment in agricultural production.
- Sprawl of low-density rural settlements is regarded as one of the leading factors in the loss of high potential productive agricultural land.

Agricultural potential for any given land area is generally classified into eight potential ratings as: very high, high, good, moderate, restricted, very restricted, low, and very low potential. Agricultural potential within the WMM Local Municipality falls within 4 of the eight potential ratings namely: High potential, Marginal potential, moderate potential and non-arable (very low potential) areas. Winnie Madikizela - Mandela Municipality occupies large areas of land of relatively poor agricultural productivity. As can be seen in the map below, only two small areas have high has only moderate to marginal agriculturally productive land or is not productive at all.

Map: Illustrating Agricultural Potential Land



4.4.1.13. State of Availability of Land for Residential Against Commercial

Generally, residential activity in the town is scattered and isolated. The main residential suburb is located east of the town. It is characterized by low density units with a height of 2 storeys. To the north of Bizana town is the mix of informal settlements and low-cost housing which is low density. To the east is also low-cost housing and to the south of the town are low density rural settlements. There are various accommodation activities in the town such as the guest house within urban edge. The spatial development framework classifies settlement areas according to their intensity of development that could be undertaken in such areas e.g.

- Existing townships
- High density areas
- Medium density
- Low density rural areas

The following map illustrates the existing residential settlements within the CBD.

Zone 7 is Ngcingo / Didi rural settlements which is approximately 6du/ha.

Zone 8 is Highlands Township which is approximately 10-15du/ha.

ZONE 9

downtown

ZONE 8

(EXISTATE

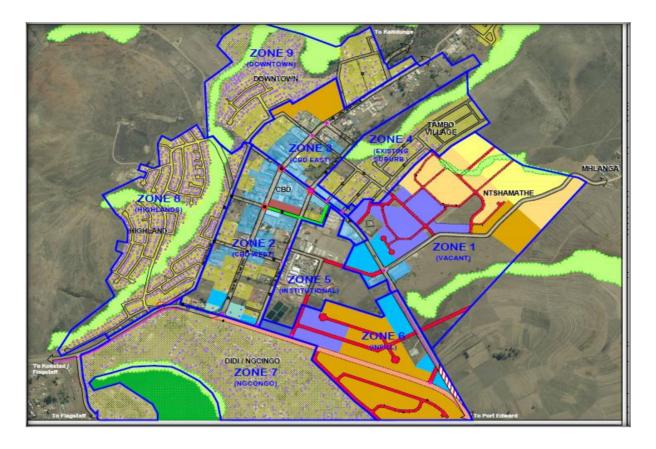
Map: Illustrating availability of land for Residential against commercial

4.4.1.14. Commercial, Business and Retail Uses

Most commercial and retail activities in Bizana town are developed along R61/Upper Main Street. This development spine caters for both vehicular and pedestrian movement. The land use arrangement in Bizana CBD is predominantly mixed use comprising of retail, commercial, and service industry, civic facilities and limited light industrial. These uses are distributed as follows: -

- The core of Bizana Town comprises of retail and commercial uses which are located mainly along Winnie Madikizela-Mandela and KS Sifile streets.
- Mixed uses, offices and service uses are concentrated north easterly. These include municipal offices, magistrate
 court, bed and breakfast and retail. This area can also be regarded as an administrative precinct.
- Commercial, business and retail uses are to be located outside the existing commercial, business and retail core in Zone 1, 2 and 6.
- The current CBD structure suggests that the space to allocate commercial, business and retail services will be limited. It is important to allocate land for such activities.
- Commercial, business and retail activities are to be located along corridors.
- The proposed bypass might have economic implications in that vehicles will no longer be passing through the town and utilizing existing retail and commercial.

Map: Illustrating Commercial, Business and Retail Uses



4.4.1.15. Implementation of SPLUMA (Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act No.16 of 2013)

The municipality developed the wall to wall scheme that was adopted by the municipal council. The scheme has been amended and in operation in the 2019/2020 financial year. The Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Bylaw was also developed and adopted by council with the scheme. The municipal council took resolutions for the implementation of SPLUMA (Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act), below is the status of the municipality on the implementation of the said act.

4.4.1.16. SPLUMA Implementation Readiness

Item	Status
By-law gazetted	Gazetted as per the council resolution
Authorised Official Appointed	Appointed as per the council resolution
MPT members appointed?	Yes
MPT member's appointment gazetted?	Yes
Appeal Authority established?	Appointed as per the council resolution
Delegations in place	Yes, adopted as per the council resolutions

Item	Status
SPLUMA tariffs approved by Council?	Tariffs approved and reviewed by council prior existence of SPLUMA
	but aligned with SPLUNA Tariffs

4.4.1.17. Human Capacity Audit

Personnel	No of posts
Registered Planner	2
Non Registered Planner	0
Planning Interns?	0
GIS professional	1
Non Professional GIS	0
Administrative Staff	1

After the municipality advertised numerous times for the appointment of planning tribunal members, the municipal council in November took a resolution to form part of the District Planning Tribunal.

4.4.1.18. VALUATION ROLL (Local Government Municipal Property Rates Act, No 6 of 2004 as amended and Regulations

The municipality has developed and adopted the valuation Roll for the third cycle that was implemented as from first of July 2019 for purposes of billing Municipal properties in terms of MPRA as amended in 2014. The Municipality uses the services of appointed Sizanane Consulting (professional Valuer's) for the completion GV'S and the related supplementary that will be implemented for the period of five years. The Council has adopted 2020-2024 general valuation roll in terms of the Municipal Property Rates Act (MPRA) as amended. The company will act as Municipal valuar's for the period of the Valuation Roll.

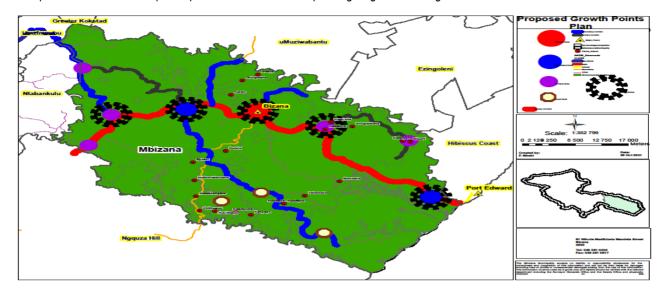
The council allocated the budget of conducting the third cycle valuation roll that will be implemented as from 1 July 2019 and appointed the service provider thereof. The council also reviewed the municipal rates policy as it is done on annual basis with the bylaws inclusive of tariffs that are advertised and gazetted by law. The rates policy was adopted by the council and the bylaws that give effect to rates policy along with the resolutions to levy rates and are in the process of being gazette for this financial year as required in terms of the property rates act.

The municipality is currently implementing the 2nd supplementary valuation roll for the 2020/21 financial year, as an update in the general valuation of 2019, which is updated annually in the form of supplementary valuation rolls as contained in the IDP. The valuation roll is further available in the municipal website for public viewing. The gazette notice of the adverts was also publicized in the government gazette with No 4200.

4.4.1.19. Spatial Development Framework (SDF)

The municipality has reviewed its spatial development framework in alignment with SPLUMA for the period of Five years. The municipality has developed the local spatial development framework of Mzamba nodal area. This is to guide the development

in the fast growing Mzamba node and the incorporation of N2 construction that is underway. The Municipality intends to develop the N2 corridor development plan with the intension of promulgating a town along the coast.



4.4.2. LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

4.4.2.1. Sectoral Economic Performance

This section will look at the local economy in terms of its different constituent economic sectors. The purpose is to observe the performance of the economy from a sectoral perspective. They are categorised into the *primary, secondary and tertiary* sectors, and the classification of economic activity shall be based on the South African Standard Classification of all Economic Activities (SIC) approach. The table below shows the detailed breakdown of the various economic sectors and activities between 2011 and 2013.

Sector	Economic Activity		2013	2012	2011	
		%	%	%	%	
Primary	Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry, Fishing	8,7	8.7	8,5	8.8	
	Mining and Quarrying	0	27,9	28,5	28,8	
Secondary	Utilities	12,2				
	Construction	5,5				
	Manufacturing	10,2				
Tertiary	Wholesale and Retail Trade	16.6	63.4	63	62,4	
	Transport, Storage and Communication	9,5				
Financial, Real Estate and Busir Services Community, Social Services and Services	Financial, Real Estate and Business Services	2,9				
	Community, Social Services and Personal Services	13,7				
	General Government	20,7				
Total		100	100	100	100	

Table: Major Economic Activities (Source: ECSECC, 2013)

It has been analysed that WMM LM has the lowest contribution toward the Gross Geographic Product (GGP) in ANDM (9.3%), and from *Table 3* above, it also emerges that the tertiary activities dominate economic activity in the region, throughout the three (3 years), contributing the highest to the GVA at 63,4% in 2013, with general government and community services contributing the highest within these categories, followed by the wholesale activities. Another significant contributor is the Secondary sector, contributing 27, 9%, in the economic landscape. Natural based primary sectors in a rural based area like WMM LM, namely *agriculture and mining*, made a very small contribution to the formal economy, in term of GVA contribution, with agriculture contributing 8, 7%. This also shows a slight increase from 2012 (8,5%), even though in 2013 the contribution of this sector was higher (8,8%).

A small resource-intensive agricultural and mining base has implications on the size and scope of manufacturing activity in any area. As a result of a small amount of raw unprocessed primary inputs being produced, there is limited range for value adding activity through agro-processing and beneficiation activities. The strong presence of the tertiary sector indicates reliance on trade and services, especially from the government sector. Implications of the dominance of the government sector in the municipal economy, is that government services form the basis of the economy in the municipality, and focus has to shift to develop other sectors with potential.

It is evident therefore from the above analysis that WMM LM has a limited and almost non-existent industrial economy. Like most rural municipalities in the EC, development is limited, which could be due to acute backlogs in social and economic infrastructure.

4.4.2.2. Sectoral Employment

This section provides an indication on how sectoral economic performance has contributed to the sectoral employment profile in the study area. The figure below shows how each of the performing sectors has contributed to employment

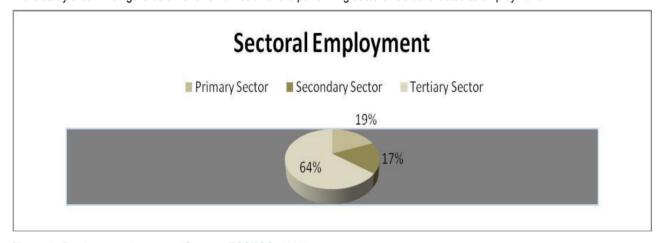


Figure 2, Employment by sector (Source: ECSECC, 2013)

From *figure 2*, the dominance and importance of the Tertiary Sector that has been brought out throughout this chapter is emphasised once more, as the largest employer at 64 %, showing that it employed the most people, with most jobs believed to be associated with state-owned employment, which belies this dominance, followed by the primary sector at 19%, indicating the use of labour-intensive methods in primary production

Overview

It is evident that the primary sector, which is the direct use of raw materials from natural resources, does not make much GVA contribution towards the growth of the local economy. Improvements in this sector would have a resultant positive effect to the secondary and the tertiary sectors, and therefore improvements in the primary sector should become a strategic priority focus for this rural based area.

Opportunities	Constraints
 A number of estuaries and river mouths can be utilised for mari-culture initiatives 	Illegal fishing and traditional agriculture
A large seafood market exists in Durban, which is	practises are polluting the estuaries.
bordering this municipality.	No Biodiversity Conservation Plan.
	No mari-culture development strategy in place

4.4.2.3. SMME, Cooperatives and Informal Trade Overview

This is a sizable sector even though it is largely undocumented. The informal component is visible in the form of informal traders or hawkers on pavements, markets and taxi ranks in Mbizana, Mzamba and Magusheni. In the more isolated rural parts of the municipality, the sector takes the form of spaza shops that provide for the daily needs of the communities. General products traded in include basic foodstuffs, clothing, hair products, fruit, vegetables, paraffin, airtime and toys. The municipality has an informal trader policy which seeks to regulate the sector. The sector in town seems to be fairly organized, but there is however limited availability of trading facilities for the informal sector.

Opportunities	Constraints
Government Legislative framework and support programmes	Lack of an SMME, cooperatives and Informal Trade
targeted towards SMMEs, cooperatives and the informal Trade	Development Strategy
Sector Development	
Current Collaborations with other organs of state to support the	Poor governance within the co-operatives sector (e.g.
sectors, e.g. SEDA	energy co-operative)
Business Support Centre	No local procurement bias in government nor supply
	chain policies. No red tape reduction programme and
	awareness initiative around government processes
Informal trading Policy	Limited informal trade facilities

As it could be noted from above, there is still a huge untapped development potential within the key growth sectors of the municipality, which through dedicated and well-planned sector development, could promote social development, and thus stimulate sustainable economic growth.

4.4.2.4. Infrastructure profile

Economic development is dependent on the socio-economic traits of an area and its economic characteristics. However, a pre-requisite for the unlocking of economic potential from these elements is the presence of economic infrastructure, which is often a trigger for any potential investment within any local area. This chapter will assess the status quo of available LED related infrastructure in WMM LM in terms of:

- Water services;
- Sanitation;
- Electricity;

- Telecommunication:
- Waste Management;
- Road and Transport.

The provision and availability of economic related infrastructure is a determining factor in the implementation of economic development programmes, as it provides an enabling environment for development, and without a proper enabling environment, economic development cannot be fully realised.

From the above analysis, it is evident that there is a general lack of basic service provision, coupled with economic development infrastructure in WMM LM, and this need to addressed, as an enabler for local development, as well as the attraction of private sector investment, which is necessary for broad economic development

4.4.2.5. Local Economic Development Forum

The WMMLM LED forum is inactive and is in the process of reviewing the structure. The forum acts as "a Platform (institutional arrangement) where residents (individuals, private organizations, government, NGO's, CBO's, traditional authorities) within a particular locality gather, with an aim to share information and experiences, pool resources and solve problems." The LED Forum is represented by the following institutions, with each institution represented by an individual/s who are expected to consult, and also report back to the nominating institution: -

- Government departments (National, Provincial and Local);
- Government Entities and Municipal Entities;
- Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs)/Civil Society Organizations (CSOs);
- Chamber of Business;
- Youth Council:
- Academic Institutions.

The LED Forum has got the following roles and responsibilities: -

- Promote and facilitate partnerships between government, private sector, civil society and organized labour for overall economic growth;
- Disseminate and share information on LED related issues;
- Improve Integrated Economic Planning (through broad participation and coordination of key economic role players (government, business, labour, NGO's, CBO's, etc);
- Assist to identify and capitalize on local competitive advantage for territorial economic and social development;
- Develop the LED vision and strategic focus for the municipal area;
- Improve the economic performance of the municipality with respect to all its key sectoral aspects (Tourism, Agriculture etc) of LED;
- Assist in the establishment of Sector specific Working Groups/ Sub-Sector Forums (LTOs, CDF etc);
- Enhance Enterprise Development and Support;
- Identify and eradicate overlaps, duplication and misaligned strategies (for effective and efficient use of resources);
- Coordinate access to finance and other non financial resources (capacity development etc) for LED initiatives, and the creation of multi-sourced funding streams;
- Assist the municipality in the monitoring & evaluation of LED activities.

4.4.2.6. Business Retention and Expansion.

Business Retention and Expansion is the foundation of effective economic development that seek to invest time and resources to recruit new business while losing other businesses due to changing needs or emerging obstacles. An effective retention and expansion program is based on accurate knowledge of the business community and constant communication, the municipality has conduct a business data base collection where we wanted to know businesses in our area and challenges they are confronted with. Winnie Madikizela – Mandela Local Municipality currently does not have Business Retention and Expansion strategy but however we use manual that gives guide lines and recommendation for the institution, in order for the municipality to encourage and motivate local businesses to fully comply with the developed Business Licensing System, businesses need to see and experience value added services and benefits from the municipality, and the implementation of the developed BR&E Manual could be one the measures that could assist in ensuring that local businesses continue to prosper and thrive, even though tough economic situations also to stimulate local economic development and create employment opportunities by retaining and expanding existing businesses.

4.4.2.7. Rural Economic Development (RED) HUB

The Municipality has been supported by Eastern Cape Rural Development Agency and Alfred Nzo District Municipality in implementing Rural Economic Development Hub (RED- Hub) which is a simple concept linking the three market elements of production, processing and marketing in order to boost competitiveness for the targeted communities. The RED Hub is focusing on agricultural transformation and commercialization of agriculture to enable and to create markets and employment opportunities. ECRDA & DRDAR has conducted crop yield estimate.

4.4.2.8. Storage Silos & Milling Plant

The installation of two new 1000-ton silos and conveying equipment is complete. The weighbridge has been installed and calibrated and the construction of milling shed was completed and toilet block with septic tank. The milling plant with 1-ton capacity has been installed, the new generator was installed and connected to the trading shed, mechanization shed & mill shed. AGES has been appointed to drill borehole and has completed the work. There are two maize dryers.

4.4.2.9. Community Works Program (CWP)

The CWP programme is implemented in 19 wards with 1630 participants. The following wards (04,05,06,07,08,12,13,15,17,18,19,20,22,23,26,27,29,30 and 31) have agriculture, construction and social sectors. Approximately 1476 permanent jobs created in informal trading and 200 permanent jobs created by other sectors (Agriculture, Mari culture, Manufacturing &Entrepreneur development).

4.4.2.10. Agriculture

The Municipality developed and adopted the Agricultural plan in July 2016 and its implementation has commenced and currently the Municipality is in the process of reviewing this Agricultural plan.

As part of executing the Agricultural plan, the Municipality continue to support agricultural project both financial and non-financial through Farmers development programme.

INFRASTRUCTURE - DIP TANKS AND FENCING

The municipality together with the department of Agriculture have identified wards and projects that would be assisted with Dip tank and fencing. Dutyini at ward 30 for example has been assisted with dip tanks.

- A borehole has been installed and a dip to be reconstructed.
- Provision of fence for ward 6, 12 and 30
- A multipurpose shed construction is in progress at Nyaka and the shed at Mbongweni is completed.

4.4.2.11. Tourism

The National Department of Tourism has funded Mzamba and Mtentu beach for development of feasibility study on beach infrastructure development such as Showers, Toilets, life guard tower and braai areas. The municipality is in the process providing Mzamba beach with life guards tower.

WMM Local Municipality in collaboration with the National Department of Tourism has developed tourism Visitor Information touch Screen that has been a solution towards the provision of Tourism related information across the municipal jurisdiction and beyond. Although the touch screen has been placed at the Wild Coast Sun Visitor Information Office as per the partnership made between the municipality and the Wild Coast Sun, However it is expected that the touch screen contains Information on all tourism products and services being rendered across the municipal jurisdiction. The wild Coast Sun, due to its popularity and high number of visitors, shall spread tourists across the municipal area through the information provided from the touch screen.

The Department of Arts and Culture is in the process of completing the O.R.Tambo Legacy projects which includes Khananda Hill Massacre and garden of remembrance .The department started with Khananda Hill Massacre and Garden of remembrance which are in the process of being handed over. The Department of Arts and Culture intends to do interpretative walk ways Fencing, Landscaping &Parking area

Tourism Marketing

The Municipality has attended the tourism Indaba which is an international trade show to market its products and expose the Product owners to the trade travel show. Training has been done prior the tourism Indaba and the Municipality exhibited packaged brochure for the Municipality.

4.4.2.12. FORMAL AND INFROMAL BUSINESS LICENSING SYSTEM

The Municipality has developed the manual for formal business licensing system as part of revenue generation. The system links the licensing system from the application process up to the issuing stage. Formal businesses are being registered in order to regulate the services and goods sold within the jurisdiction.

The municipality is in the process of constructing the Bizana mini-market and is also soliciting funding for bus rank/ fresh produce market.

Exploit comparative and competitive advantage for industrial activities

Bizana is endowed with pristine beaches and appealing scenery. The coast is known for its internationally acclaimed biodiversity hotspot hence it's called Pondoland centre of endemism. The Wild coast sun resort with various amenities and activities contributes positively in the attraction of tourists to the destination. The coastal area makes Winnie Madikizela

Mandela Local Municipality the best tourist destination, a must-see precinct to invest also. The expansion of Wild Coast sun resort heightens the economy of WMMLM and created more sustainable job opportunities.

The political and natural heritage also makes WMMLM unique from other tourist's destination WMMLM prides itself as the birthplace of the anti-apartheid leader Oliver regional Tambo and Mamu Winnie Madikizela Mandela to the region. Political heritage throughout the country has been underexploited and these initiatives seek to exploit the intrinsic natural, political and historical heritage of WMMLM.

With the approved N2 toll road development the road network will be improved and will attract investment in the region.

4.4.2.13. N2 WILD COAST DEVELOPMENT

The South African National Road Agency (SANRAL) constructing the N2 toll road from Durban to East London via Wild Coast area (Greenfields). The road will have the distance saving of 85Km and time saving of approximately 3 hours. The project is one of the Anchor projects with ripple effects within the Wild Coast region as it will provide enhanced access to basic facilities such as health care and education. It will provide mobility, access to economic activities, job creation and SMME development within the Wild Coast region as well as Mbizana.

The new regional multiplier effect of the project is estimated at 13 575 million with job creation of 6800 direct jobs and 28 100 indirect jobs. During operation phase 900 direct and 1800 indirect opportunities will be created. Accelerated Business income is estimated at R15 829 Million and the net regional Economic developmental benefits estimated at 29 404 million. It is against the above-mentioned background that the Municipalities within the Mpondoland region (WMM Local Municipality, Port St John's, Ingguza hill Municipality) committed to facilitate the project as it has economic spin offs for the region.

4.4.2.14. BUSINESS INCUBATOR PROGRAMME

The municipality is using the business incubator concept to support SMMEs. Through the building inclusive green municipality (BIGM) programme, the municipality recruited 20 SMMEs in the ICT, Recycling, branding and manufacturing sector for a period of 2 years.

4.5. KPA NO. 3 INSTITUTIONAL TRANSFORMATION AND HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

This section deals with analysis of our state of readiness to deliver on our assigned constitutional as well as powers and functions mandate. It analyses the extent to which we have put in relevant systems, processes and tools to ensure smooth operations and development of the municipal organization. In order to give effect to the implementation and operations of the above mandate it is both necessary and imperative to put in place a relevant institutional structure and administration.

4.5.1. HUMAN RESOURCES

4.5.1.1. Political Structure

Political Structure is led by the Honourable Mayor as the political head of the institution. The structure is composed of six directorates and each directorate is led by political head and is illustrated below: -

Good Governance : Part time Councillor
Corporate Services : Full time Councillor
Budget and Treasury : Full time Councillor
Community Services : Part time Councillor
Pevelopment Planning : Full time Councillor
Engineering Services : Full time Councillor

4.5.1.2. Administration Structure

Administration is led by the Municipal Manager as the principal accounting administrative officer. The Municipality is composed of six directorates and each directorate is managed by a section 56 manager illustrated below as reflected in the Organizational Structure: -

- Office of the Municipal Manager
- Corporate Services
- Budget and Treasury
- Community Services
- Development Planning
- Engineering Services

4.5.1.3. Municipal Offices

The Winne Madikizela - Mandela Local Municipality has the main office, one satellite office (DLTC) and two sites utilised for Municipal activities. Offices for Political office bearers are situated in the main office. The main office is the nerve centre of all operations in the municipality. The following departments are allocated space in the main offices: -

- Municipal Office
- Budget and Treasury office
- Corporate Services
- Engineering Services

- Community Services
- Development Planning

Multi-Purpose Youth Centre: The concept of a Multi-Purpose Youth Centre has been broadly accepted as an effective means of drawing together youth specific service in a local community setting. Library services are offered in this satellite office and information for job seekers is also available in the form of newspapers. The office is in the process of being renovated as part of the broader Municipal plan to establish a multi-million-rand civic centre facility. The latter facility is designed to also accommodate offices for political office bearers and Council Chambers.

Traffic Offices (DLTC): All services related to licensing, car registration and protection services are rendered at this site. Learners' license, driver's licence testing and renewal is also rendered at this site.

Management of sites: All sites are maintained by engineering services and managed by community services. Cleaning services are entrusted with corporate services. The sites have security guards and security cameras which are under community services.

4.5.1.4. Organizational Structure

The municipality has reviewed its organisation structure and was adopted by Council on the 21st October 2021. The total number of approved positions in the Organizational Structure is 282 with 243 filled positions and 39 vacant positions.

MBIZANA LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

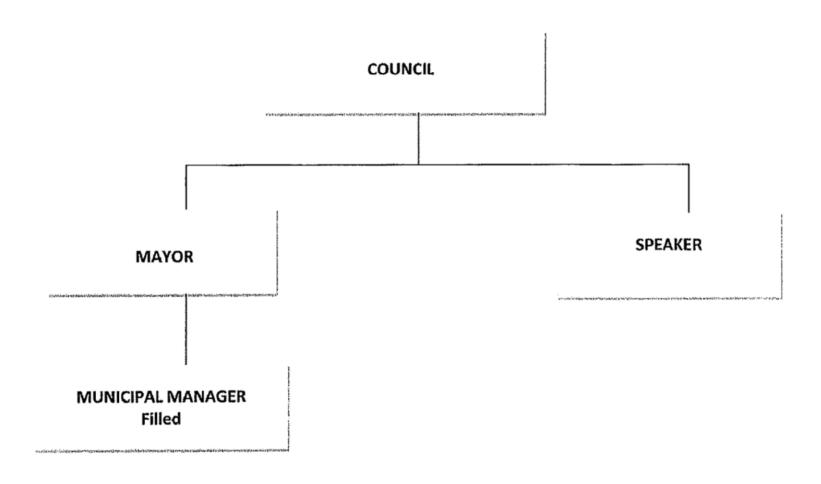


MACRO ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE

Organisational Structure reviewed in 2021/22 Financial Year

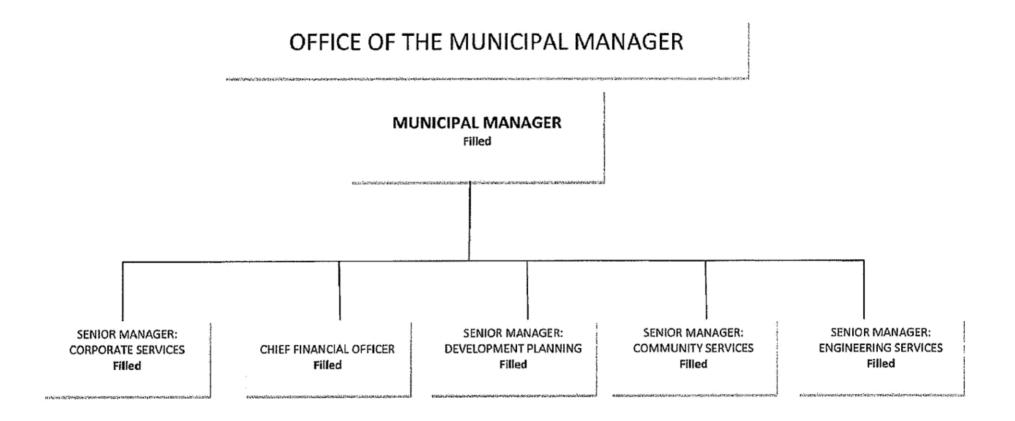
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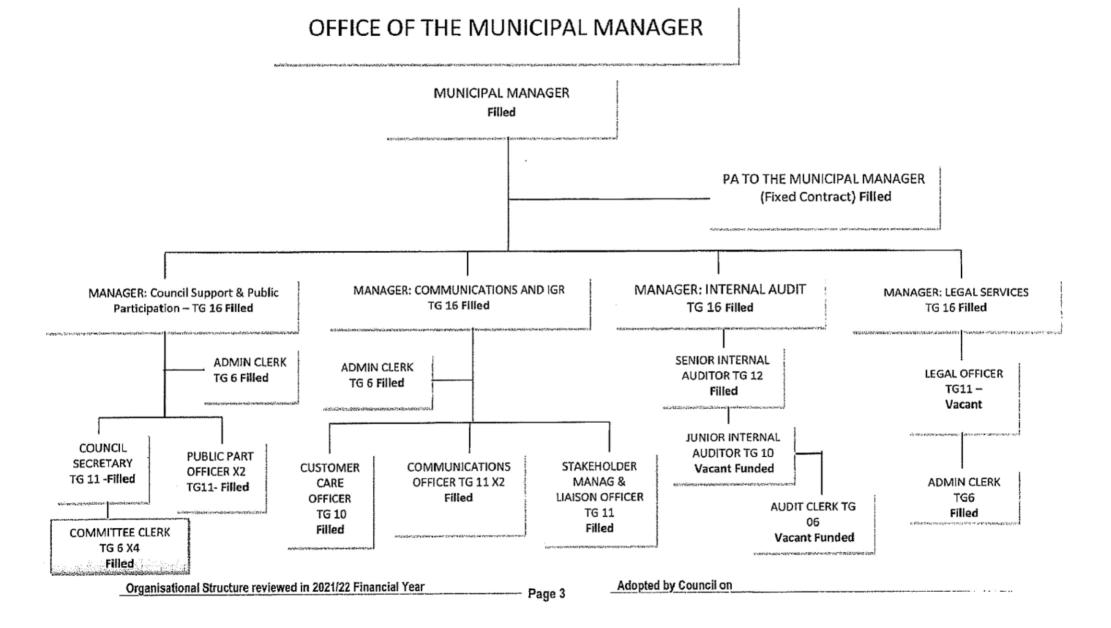
Organisational Structure reviewed in 2021/22 Financial Year - Page 1

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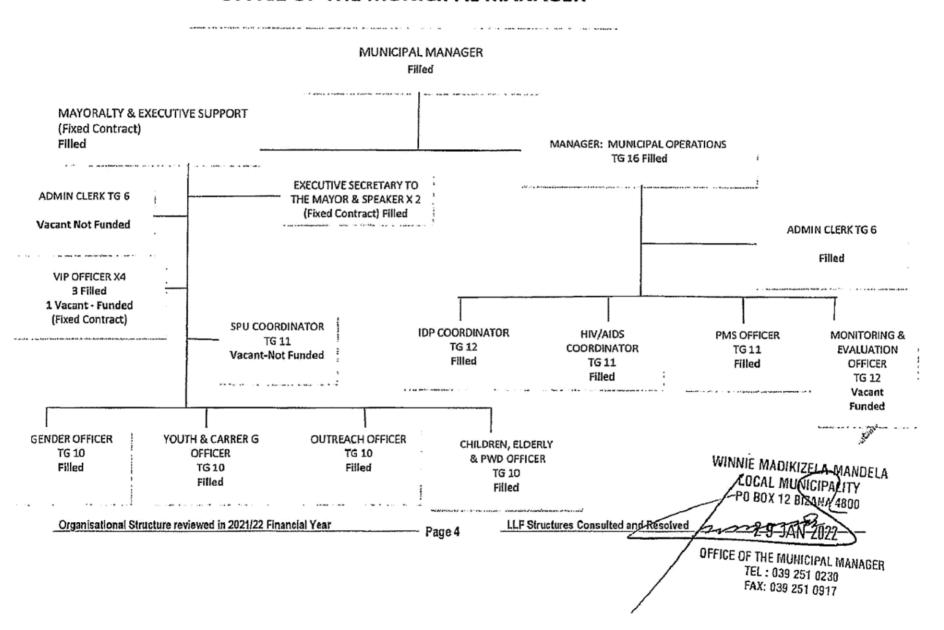


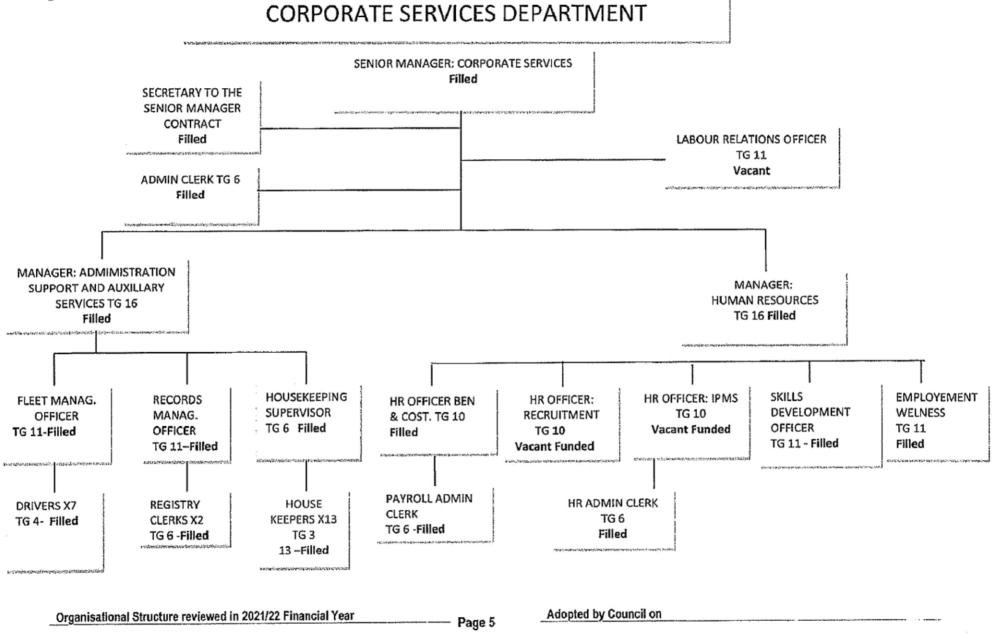
Organisational Structure reviewed in 2021/22 Financial Year Page 2

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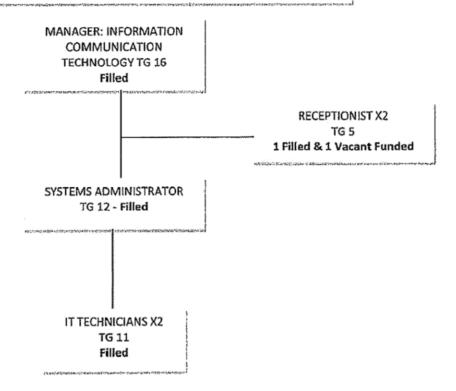


OFFICE OF THE MUNICIPAL MANAGER





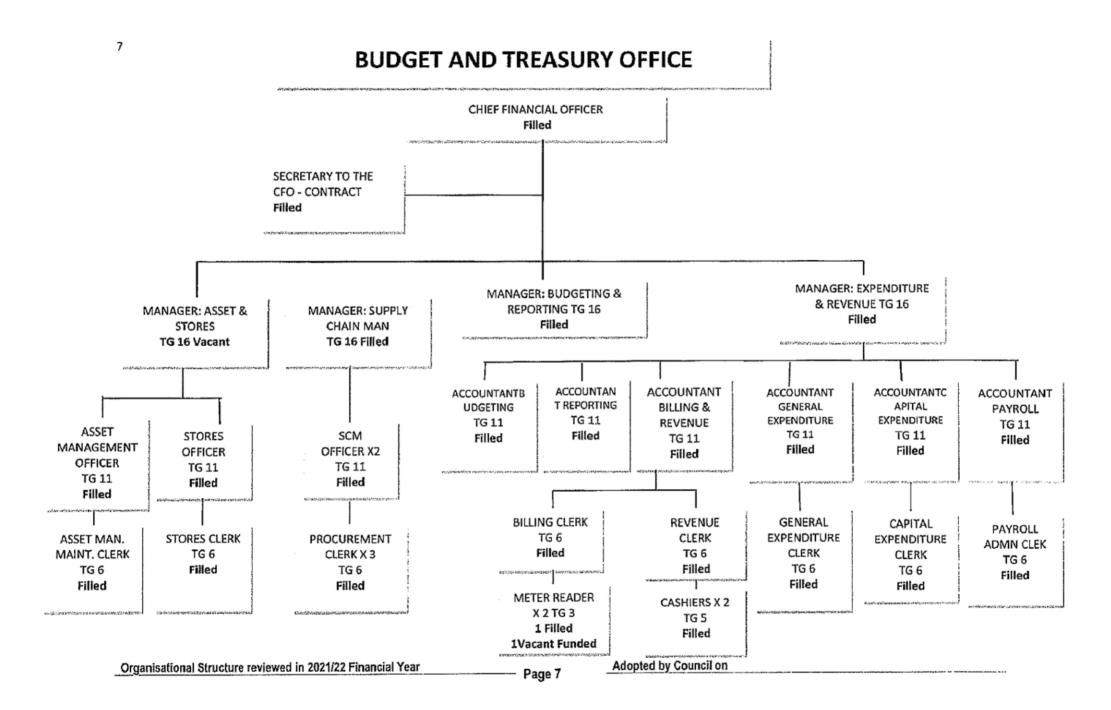
CORPORATE SERVICES DEPARTMENT



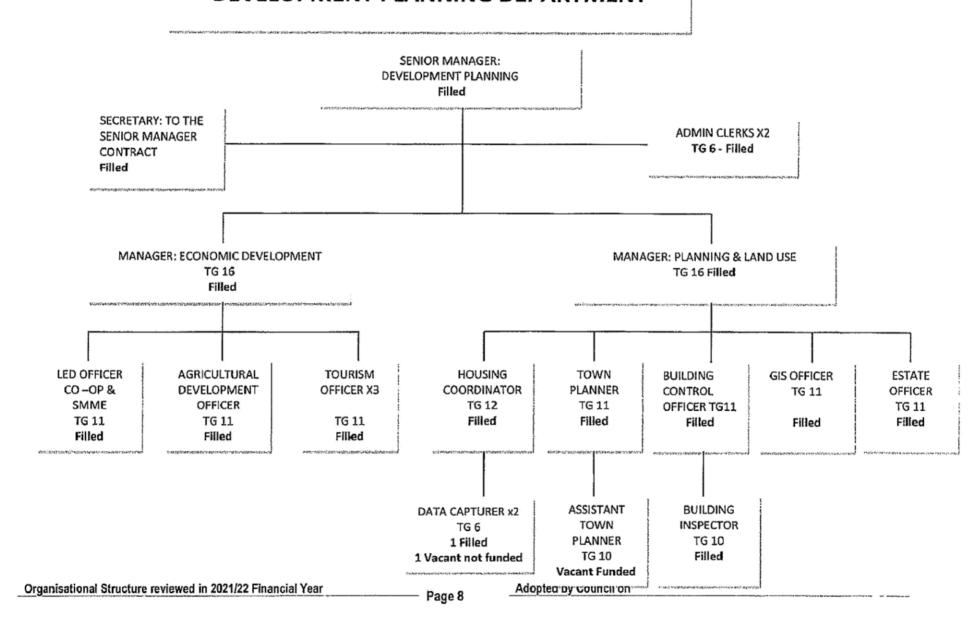
Organisational Structure reviewed in 2021/22 Financial Year

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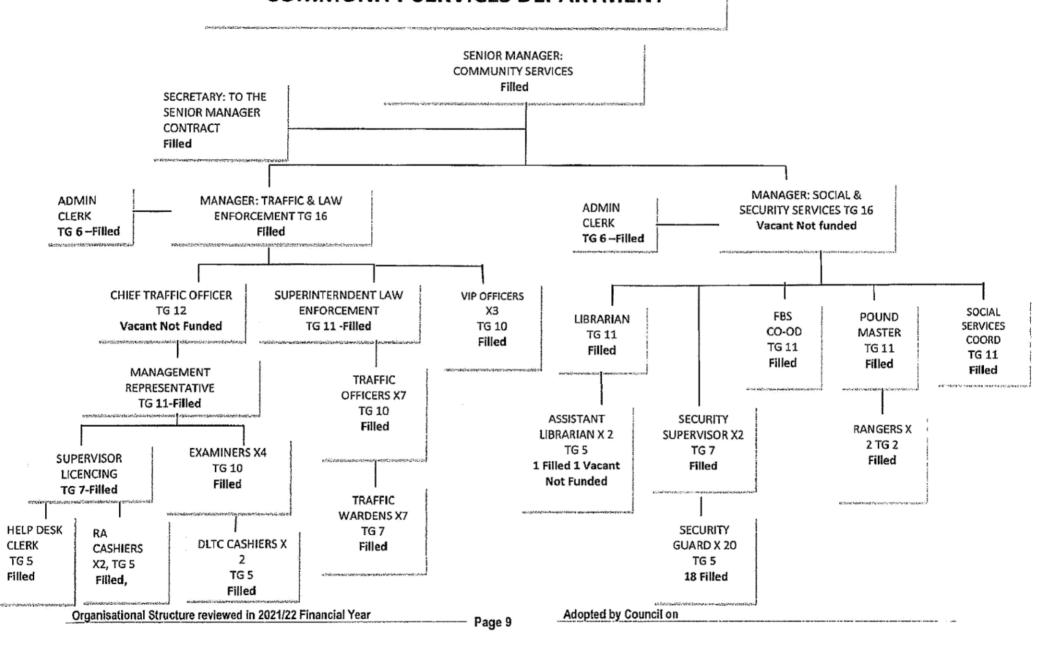
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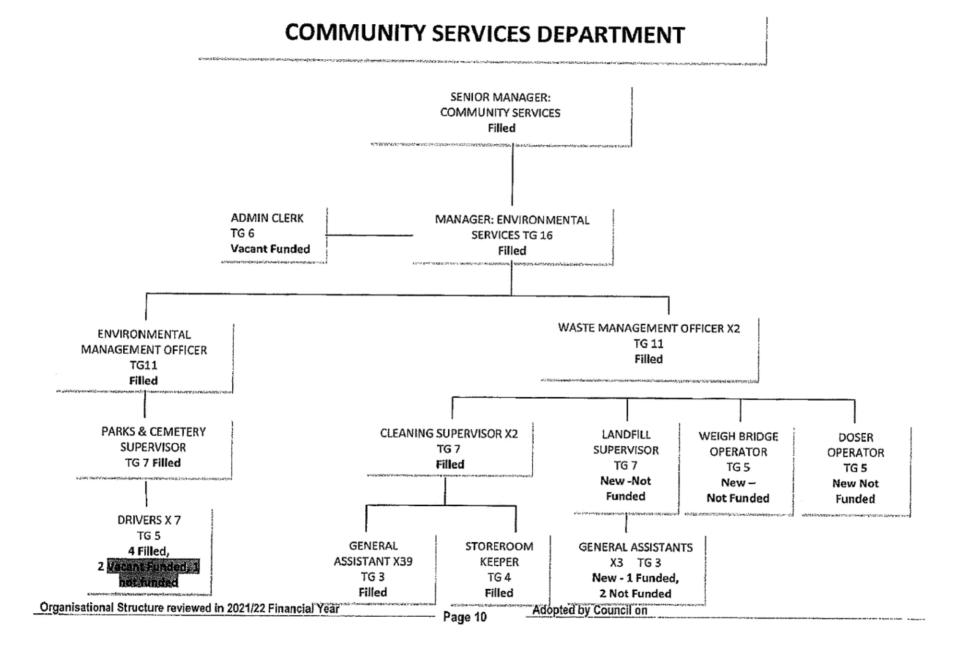


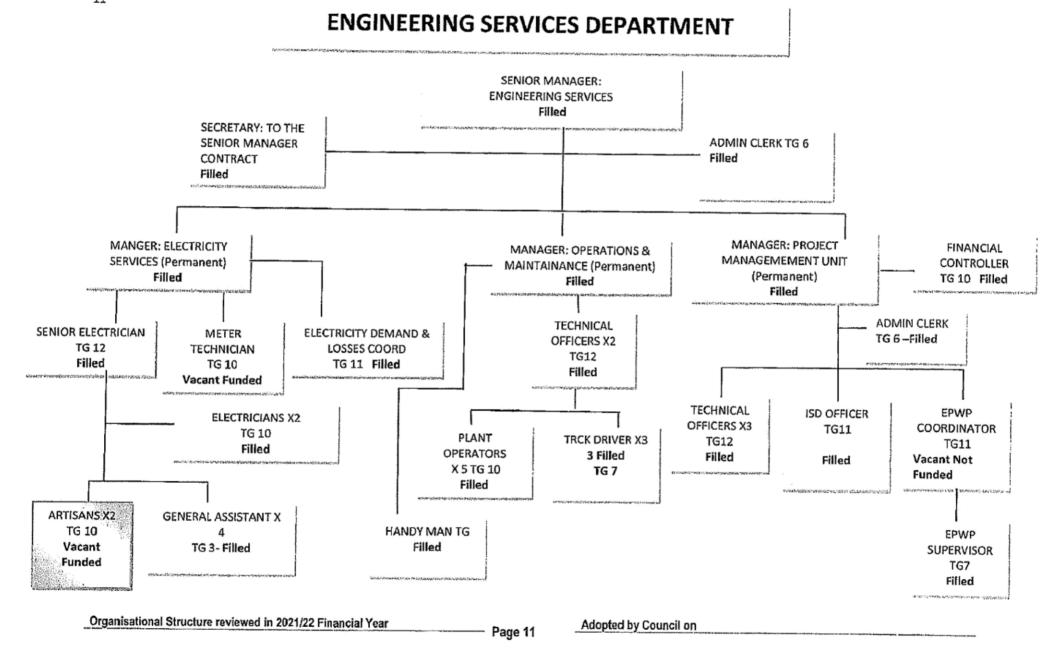
DEVELOPMENT PLANNING DEPARTMENT



COMMUNITY SERVICES DEPARTMENT







SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS

DEPARTMENT	POST DESCRIPTION	AMENDMENT	
MUNICIPAL MANAGER	Mayor DriverVIP Officer	 To be abolished Contracted and funded utilising the funds for the abolished position of Mayor Driver 	

WINNIE MADIKIZELA-MANDELA LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PO BOX 12 GIZANA 4800

Organisational Structure reviewed in 2021/22 Financial Year

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LLF Structures Consulted and Resolved

OFFICE OF THE MUNICIPAL MANAGER
TEL: 039 251 0230
FAX: 039 251 0917

Populated Staff Establishment

Departments	Number of budgeted posts	Filled posts	Vacant posts
Municipal Manager	43	38	05
Corporate Service	44	40	04
Budget & Treasury	30	29	01
Community Services	95	74	21
Engineering Services	39	31	08
Development Planning	18	17	01
Total	269	229	40

Municipal Manager S56 Managers and Line Managers

The Municipality has in its employ six (06) section 56 Managers including Municipal Manager and CFO.

Post Description	Date of Appointment	Nature of	Duration of	
		Employment	Contract	
Municipal Manager	10 September 2017	Contract	5 years	
Chief Financial Officer	01 October 2017	Contract	5 years	
Sen. Manager Corporate Service	12 March 2018	Contract	5 years	
Sen. Manager Engineering Services	03 June 2019	Contract	4 years	
Senior Manager Development Planning	01 March 2018	Contract	5 years	
Senior Manager Community Services	01 March 2018	Contract	4 years	

4.5.1.5. Skills Development, Training and Capacity Building

In terms of Government Gazette No. 27801 every Municipality is obligated to submit the Work place Skills Plan and its annual Training Report to the LGSETA in April of every year. Employees are nominated for training according to Work place Skills Plan (WSP) which is informed by skill gaps in the Municipality. There are no challenges on Critical skills as all Critical positions are filled. The following is the progress report for the reporting period under review.

- 10 employees have been granted study assistance.
- 02 finance interns have completed Municipal Finance Management Programme (MFMP);
- 4 middle managers are completed Municipal Finance Management Programme (MFMP);
- 2 finance employees have completed Municipal Finance Management Programme (MFMP);
- 15 students were admitted onto the Municipal in-service training programme;
- The SETA awarded 6 learnerships, 4 to the BTO and 2 to the Engineering Services Department

4.5.1.6. Labour Relations

The Local Labour Forum is fully functional and has been convening meetings quarterly and/or as and when the need arises to discuss matters of mutual interest between employer and employees. The Local Labour Forum (LLF) operates through sub-committees in terms of the main collective agreement (SALGBC) as follows: -

- Training & Development Committee;
- Restructuring Committee;
- Occupational Health & Safety Committee

4.5.1.7. Employment Equity Plan

The Municipality has adopted its Employment Equity Plan and policy drawn in line with the provisions of Employment Equity Act (EEA) and reports are timeously submitted to the department of Labour as per the stipulated timelines. In terms of staff establishment, there is one (1) female Senior Manager employed as per the section 56 managerial positions out of six (06) managers and none of them is disabled. The required 2% employment of people living with disabilities has been achieved. The intention of the Council is to utilise the HR recruitment vehicle to ensure that the transformation of the current employment demographics are in line with its targets.

The following Status reflects Employment Equity in WMM Local Municipality.

Departments	Number of Posts	E.D. Males	E.D. Females	E.D Disabled	Total
	Filled				
Municipal Manager	38	15	23	01	
Corporate Service	40	17	30	02	
Budget & Treasury	29	15	16	01	
Community Services	74	58	50	04	
Engineering Services	32	24	08	02	
Development Planning	17	08	09	01	
Total	229	123	120	09	

Key objectives of the Employment Equity Plan

These are based on the implementation of the affirmative action measures, elimination of unfair discrimination in employment policies, practices and working environment.

- Improve the gender representation at senior management down to lower levels from 25% to 50%;
- Improve the over/under-representation of people from different designated groups in all occupational levels within WMM LM;

- Eliminate barriers identified in employment policies and the working environment;
- Compliance with the requirements of the Employment Equity Act.

4.5.1.8. Performance Management System

Performance management is implemented at the level of section 56 managers and middle managers. It has been cascaded down to the level of officers with a plan to reach every employee by June 2023. Assessments are being conducted mid-yearly and annually to all employees that have signed performance agreements and formulated performance agreements. The Individual Performance Management System is linked to the performance of the Municipality. The Internal Audit Section is assisting in ensuring that assessments are audited to maintain the link between the organizational and individual performance management.

Performance is currently being managed manually but the ICT is in the process of obtaining a system tailor made to suit the needs of the municipality. The anticipated time frame for the system to be in place is July 2022.

4.5.1.9. Employee Health and Well – being

The municipality is committed to promoting equal opportunities and fair treatment in for all its employees, through the elimination of unfair discrimination and integrated wellness programmes and policies. The municipality has adopted a holistic approach to address social and work-related problems through awareness programmes for its employees on the of HIV and AIDS, Chronic illness, Disability, Occupational Health and Safety for its employees. The Wellness section has had to drastically change its focus from its usual and planned programmes in order to accommodate the unforeseen hit of COVID-19. As an on-going concern, COVID-19 has been included onto Corporate Services' annual plan (SDBIP) for the year 2020/2021.

The Municipality is committed to ensuring that its employees and any other persons making use of its premises are safe and that general health and safety standards are strictly adhered to at all times. There is an adopted policy and a standing and functional occupational health and safety committee. The objective of the Committee is to structure the communication between employees and employer on the broad health and safety issues e.g. the formulation and implementation of policies, training programs and review and maintenance of health and safety schedules.

The following is the progress report for the reporting period under review: -

265 conducted employees underwent trauma counselling

4.5.1.10. Payroll Management and Administration

Employee Self Service (ESS) is functioning and is being utilised by employees. Employees who do not have access to ESS are assisted by departmental user impersonators and the Payroll Office. Employee attendance is monitored on a weekly basis and reconciled with leave applications quarterly. A huge number of employees have 48 leave days balance which results in them forfeiting any leaves accrued.

4.5.1.11. Staff Retention

The WMMLM Employee Retention policy developed and adopted by Council has since been reviewed. The policy has been reviewed and awaiting council adoption. The following are the key policy highlights which influence the successful implementation of this strategy.

- Three (3) interns previously undergoing Treasury training were absorbed into the system.
- Six (6) employees retained by means of promotion to higher positions.

4.5.1.12. Succession Plan

The plan is in place and is being implemented on a regular basis in collaboration with HR officials by:

- Examining the Organizational Structure to establish posts that are likely to become vacant over the next five years due to retirement.
- To earmark employees that are ready for promotion and prepare them to contest promotional positions.
- Encourage potential employees who are not in possession of formal qualification to register to Universities. Nominate
 employees for training to close the skills gaps.

4.5.1.13. Leave Management

The Municipality has started the process to identify and correcting discrepancies pertaining to employee's leaves. The process will incorporate the upgrading of VIP system. The following are the issues that require correction: -

- The system to make a provision to carry over leave credits;
- To correct date of engagement;
- To find measure in communicating leave credits or compulsory leaves to employees and Managers of department, by
 making sure that Managers are encouraged to allow employees to take their compulsory leaves before the end of the
 cycle;
- To concientise employees about the Municipal leave policy.

The Municipality was utilizing VIP Premier System has been upgraded to People Management system. The advantage about the system is that the Municipality will be able to retrieve number of reports for example: -

Skill Development Reports;

- Employment Equity Reports;
- It will assist Job description for employees;
- It will assist with SALGA reports;
- Tables to calculate medical aid, long service bonus, pension fund, annual salary increment etc.
- Date of engagements for employees.

4.5.2. Auxiliary Services

Auxiliary Services Section is composed of fleet Management unit; housekeeping unit and Records Management unit. The following is the status of the aforementioned units under Administrative Support and Auxiliary

Services Section:

4.5.2.1. Fleet Management Unit

The Municipality has 44 vehicles on site and are allocated to departments/ sections but managed by Fleet Management section. The forty-four (44) vehicles mentioned above are inclusive of a total of plant (utilised by Engineering Services), 12-Seater Toyota Quantum and 23-Seater Mini bus. Each vehicle has fuel card that enables them to function daily. Those fuel cards are also used for toll-gates and minor repairs.

The above vehicles are used for transporting Councillors and officials to their respective areas of council businesses. Quantum and Mini-bus are usually utilised for transporting large number of people when attending council businesses or sport activities. Municipal vehicles are permitted to leave the municipal site only if there is a signed trip authority and only the authorised people who are permitted to use the municipal vehicles. All employees who receive travelling allowance are not permitted to use municipal vehicles. All Municipal vehicles are installed with tracking devices in order to track movement of vehicle and eliminate abuse of Municipal Vehicles.

4.5.2.2. House Keeping Unit

The House Keeping unit is responsible for ensuring that Municipal building and offices are clean at all times. The unit manages the orderly storage and movement of materials from point of entry to exit. The unit program identifies and assigns responsibilities for the following:

- clean up during working hours
- day-to-day clean-up
- waste disposal from offices/ building
- removal of unused materials and placed in a suitable area
- inspection to ensure clean-up is complete

The unit is operating with thirteen (13) Housekeepers who are employed permanent, five (5) Housekeepers employed temporary and one Supervisor.

4.5.2.3. Records Management

The Constitution of the Republic of South Africa in <u>Sections 141 and 195(1)(f) of the Constitution, 1996</u> it determine that governance should be accountable and transparent. Accountability and transparency can only happen if -

- The public, to which governmental bodies are accountable, has ready access to all information that underpins the
 decision-making processes of governmental bodies.
- The Office of the Auditor General has ready access to information on the financial transactions entered into by governmental bodies to enable it to report to the public on the spending of their tax monies

The establishment of a records management unit is envisaged in Eastern Cape Provincial Archives and Records Services Act no. 7 of 2003. Upon the setting up of the unit a records management system has to be developed whose objective is to centralise documents in order to manage the inflow and outflow of information. To create a unilateral information management system that operates within the bounds of a centralized source of information management. Staffing composition is a Records Management Officer and two (2) Registry Clerks. The following has been achieved during the reporting year:-

- Conducted centralization of Community Services and Municipal Managers office.
- Conducted workshops and trainings of classification systems alongside centralization project (file plan use).
- Sorted, arranged, retained and kept safe all records that were ill-filed throughout the centralization process.
- Implemented and rolled out file plan, facilitated its use through various mini office workshops.
- Assisted departments with mechanisms and techniques of proper filing methods.
- Facilitated document control mechanisms to enhance adequate recordkeeping in the institution.
- Conducted retention and disposal of records that were identified, sorted and arranged in the centralization period.
- Monitor the effective use of the file plan by conducting monthly monitoring through office visits.
- Involved in improvement of business systems description and processes through the use and application of file plan.
- Facilitated and coordinated formulation of records retention and disposal committee.

Inspection or feasibility study was conducted by Department of Sport, Arts and Recreation in order to determine a need to centralise records in a Registry, appoint Records Manager and the report indicated that there is an urgent need to centralise documents in the Municipality in a well-structured Registry. The first phase project started by retrieving documents such as maps, contracts, SCM documents etc, and centralised in the Registry unit. Workshops were conducted to Councillors, Employees and Management of the Municipality to educate them about the Policy, Procedure Manual and File Plan as classification systems for a successful records management programme.

4.5.3. Information and Communication Technology

The Information and Communication Technology (ICT) section is responsible for the architecture, hardware, software and networking of computers. As ICT unit, a number of duties are performed to ensure that employees have full access to the computer systems. Information technology (IT) has become a vital and integral part in all government spheres in introducing efficiencies and ensuring data integrity. ICT supports a fibre backbone network with a server room in the main site. The network is supported by a backup Generator, Uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS) at the server room as well as all distribution cabinets.

The ICT section is anchored by 3 basic pillars

- Demand for information, processes and technology (Why ICT services are required and what functions they'll be performing)
- **Supply** of services by the ICT function (*How to deliver the services and where from*).
- Governance If and when investments in services should be made. Governance must be a shared activity between demand and supply to ensure the right investments are made and delivered, and the expected benefits are realized.

4.5.2. ICT Governance Framework

The municipality had several policies that were consolidated to policy manuals. The first step was for the council to adopt ICT Governance Policy Framework (ICTGPF) and then two policy manuals were adopted which are IT Policy Manual and ICT Security Manual. The ICT Security Policy Manual has 21 policy statements and the ICT Policy Manual has 20 Policy Statements including change control procedures.

The Municipality further adopted a Business Continuity Plan (BCP), Disaster Recovery Plan (DRP), ICT Governance Policy Framework, ICT Charter and ICT Strategy as part of the documentation that will assist with the governance of ICT.

4.5.2.1. ICT Infrastructure Projects

The Municipality procured a bigger Ups high powered UPS to supply clean power that protects the server room from power surges emanating from the power grid instabilities.

The rack mounted UPSs on all our cabinets

All our Distribution points (cabinets) have POE switches providing power to all IP phones. With the use of Redstor the municipality is able to back up all critical information from laptops and desktops and all servers.

A 20mb fibre (Metro-E) is also provided running Voice, VoIP, VIDEO and standard Data traffic. The Municipality has both physical and wireless Access points (Wi-LAN).

4.5.2.2. Municipal Website

Winnie Madikizela – Mandela Local Municipality website is up and running, URL:https://www.winniemmlm.gov.za. ICT is responsible for compliance on the website in terms legislations and laws applicable to municipal websites. The role of the Municipality's website, as platform for information dissemination, participation and disclosure has been significantly catered for in various pieces of legislation, including:

- The Local Government Municipal Systems Act No 32 of 2000 ("the Systems Act");
- The Local Government Municipal Financial Management Act No 56 of 2003 ("the MFMA"); and
- The Municipal Property Rates Act, no 6 of 2004 ("the MPRA").

4.5.2.3. Web Content Management

ICT is responsible for uploading compliance documents in terms of s75 of the Municipal Finance Management Act No. 56 of 2003 and all applicable laws of the republic of South Africa. With the collaboration with Municipal directorates ICT is able to maintain fresh content on the website including social media platforms.

4.5.2.4. Disaster Recovery

The Municipality has an adopted Disaster recovery Plan to be implemented with the adopted Business Continuity Plan. This is to ensure smooth recovery with minimal negative impact when a disaster occurs. The municipality hast two hosts with several Virtualised servers and a dedicated server hosing VEEAM with HYPER-V for back-up and replication. For offsite back up, the municipality has a service level agreement in a data centre in Centurion, Gauteng province providing a cloud solution. As part of recovery plan and archiving, the municipality procured a records management system specifically for the managing of Finance records that are growing at a higher rate.

4.6. KPA NO. 4 FINANCIAL PLANNING AND REPORTING

4.6.1. FINANCIAL VIABILITY

4.6.1.1. Overview of the Municipal Financial Management

Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality has an established Budget and Treasury Office in terms of section 80 of the Municipal Finance Management Act No. 56 of 2003. The department is tasked with overseeing the financial administration of the municipality and is focused on the following four areas: - revenue and expenditure management, financial planning and reporting, asset and stores management, as well as supply chain management and contract management. The municipality has remained financially viable over the past years which has helped to fulfil all obligations as they fall due. As a result of this there has not been a need for a financial recovery plan or bailout from any sphere of government as the municipality has been able to settle its commitments as they fall due, paid for service delivery initiatives like roads construction, electrification of villages and provision of community facilities, and has been able to pay for all operational requirements ranging from remuneration of its workforce to repairs and maintenance of municipal assets and others. The municipality has in the past five years been able to avail its own funds in the form of reserves to speed up service delivery which is still expected to continue in the near future considering the level of cash backed reserves the municipality has accumulated between 2017 and 2021.

4.6.1.2. Financial Viability Overview

Winnie Madikizela – Mandela Local Municipality is a predominantly rural municipality, and currently only derives revenue from the very small, town area for service charges, rental of facilities and property rates. There are government properties in the rural areas though that the municipality charges and collects property rates in line with the Municipal Property Rates Act. These are properties owned by government and other qualifying properties like, in our case, the Wild Coast Sun Hotel and Casino which the municipality no longer collect rates. During the implementation of the debt collection processes of the municipality it was discovered that the land in which the Wild Coast Casino and the establishment were transferred to the community and granted an exemption from property rates for 10 years. This resulted in a loss of revenue for the municipality from the year 2019 to year 2029.

To counter this, the municipality has reviewed its Revenue Enhancement and Debt Collection Strategy that was approved by council in 2014. Management has during the 2020 to 2021 financial year embarked on an exercise to review and update that revenue enhancement strategy. The review and update were completed during the 2021 year with an action or implementation plan to avoid similar challenges faced with the old strategy implementation. The emphasis of the strategy is on providing quality services to the communities served and providing information early whilst it is still relevant. Whilst identifying new revenue streams, the strategy also emphasizes maximizing on the already existing streams which has also been assisted by the renegotiated lease agreements. Management has also identified that it needs to work closely with businesses as they are the ones who have more capability to settle their debts, all that needs to be improved is the willingness to settle

Apart from the strategy, the municipality has already made some inroads in ensuring that the revenue generating capacity is improved. An analysis of the revenue generated from refuse removal against the cost of providing such a service for the municipality was made and it was discovered that not all customers benefiting are billed. A data collection process was initiated to identify all customers who should be billed for the service. These accounts were then updated to ensure that they are billed and the billing for customers who are not owners of the properties was consolidated into that of the owner to mitigate the risk of the municipality being unable to trace its debtors should those leave the premises without fully settling all accounts. A Drivers' License Testing Center has been operating for a number of years now. This has ensured that Mbizana communities have easier access to the service whilst improving the revenue generation capacity of the municipality.

A significant part of the municipality's revenue is from the grants received from the National fiscus for various programmes and service delivery objectives. The table below gives a list of the grants that the municipality receives and is expected to receive in the medium term: -

Description	2020/21 Actuals	2021/22 Budget	2022/23 Forecast	2023/24 Forecast
Equitable Shares	R 332 422 000	R 289 620 000	R 304 052 000	R 296 623 000
Financial Management Grant	R 2 000 000	R 2000 000	R 2100 000	R 2100 000
Municipal Infrastructure Grant	R 48 049 000	R 51 023 000	R 55 038 000	R 57 433 000
Integrated National Electrification Grant	R 32 507 589	R 28 453 000	R 35 000 000	R 28 000 000
EPWP Greenest municipality	R 401 905			
EPWP Grant	R 2 389 000	R 3 570 000		
DSRAC Library Subsidy	R 702 533			
Government Support Grant	R 17 018 842			
Municipal Disaster Management Grant	R 5 474			
Total	R 435 496 343	R 374 666 000	R 396 190 000	R 384 156 000

The municipality always makes an effort to ensure that a bigger share of the total budget is always directed at funding capital programmes as the municipality has a responsibility of delivering services to the people in the form of Infrastructure assets like roads, community halls, sport fields, electrification and social and economic infrastructure. As mentioned earlier, Winnie Madikizela - Mandela Local Municipality also generates its own revenue from the following sources: -

- Municipal Property Rates: for ratable properties both in town and rural areas, including government properties
- Refuse Collection: for the town area and some parts outside of town including some schools
- Electricity Distribution for the town area
- Rental of facilities

Although these streams produce revenue for the municipality, it is not nearly enough as to cover all responsibilities that the municipality is required to undertake. The municipality also receives other income that is not in the main functioning of the municipality. These include interest on investments, Advertising, Traffic fines, funeral fees, tender fees, agency fees and a few

other revenue streams. New initiatives have been embarked on to ensure that cash that is not immediately required is invested in short term portfolios that have high returns whilst the initial capital amounts are guaranteed.

The collection rate for the municipality has averaged just above 79% over the five years from 2017 to 2020. This is below the revenue collection norms by the National Treasury of 95% and needs to be improved to ensure sustainability of the municipality. The situation is however, expected to remain the same if not worsening as a result of the economic challenges posed by the National lockdowns due to Covid-19. The municipality continues to explore means to encourage consumers to priorities municipal accounts. As mentioned earlier, the revenue enhancement and debt collection strategy are key to ensuring that this is realized which we hope and expect that the review and update will bring the much-needed assistance.

Electricity sales still pose a challenge due to illegal connections, meter tempering, distribution losses and ageing electricity infrastructure. The WMM Local Municipality has implemented projects that are meant to turn the situation around. These include the changing of meters to split meters to reduce the tempering of meters, meter audits, to determine the status of the meters as currently used by consumers. There has also been a targeted effort at the large users of electricity like businesses and other institutions. The meters in these businesses have been replaced with modern ones that can be monitored and irregularities can be identified early. These initiatives have started to yield results, but need to be given time to ensure that the desired outcomes are realized.

In an attempt to reap full benefits of the investment made into the municipality's metering system, there are plans to install an automated meter reading and monitoring system during the current year. The electricity department is currently sourcing services of a professional service provider to replace old Low and Medium voltage lines, which is expected to be completed by 30 June 2022.

4.6.2. Funding Streams

The municipal operations and capital programs are funded largely from grants and to a lesser extent from own revenue. The grant funding, is to a larger extent, conditional, and this means the grants can only be utilized for the purpose for which they have been allocated and within the stipulated terms and conditions. The grant funds are utilized as follows: -

- Equitable Share: is utilized mainly for funding operations and efforts are also made to ensure that this is used for capital
 programs to boost the service delivery funding.
- Municipal Infrastructure Grant: is a conditional grant for the funding of municipal infrastructure developments.
- Integrated National Electrification Programme Grant: this is a conditional grant to fund electrification of villages within the municipal area to support efforts by Eskom to achieve universal access.
- Financial Management Grant: is aimed at building and maintaining financial management capacity as well as for the
 procurement and maintenance of financial systems used to management financial data and reporting. This includes
 ensuring that mSCOA, as introduced by the National Treasury is appropriately implemented.

- District Municipality Transfers: is funding received from the District Municipality for planning and implementation of functions that we undertake on their behalf and for the compilation of the Integrated Development Plan of the local municipality.
- Other grants: these are received at various intervals for Library subsidies, for the EPWP and for other specific adhoc purposes.

4.6.3. Auditor General's Concerns

The Auditor General of South Africa audited the 2020/21 Annual Financial Statements and an audit opinion has been issued. The municipality received a clean audit in the audit outcomes for the 2020/2021 financial year. The table below indicates the outcomes that the municipality received in the past financial periods. The audited results of the municipality were as follows for the past five years: -

	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21
Audit Outcomes	Unqualified	Unqualified	Unqualified	Unqualified	Clean audit

An audit action plan has been developed for the 2020/21 financial year's findings. The action plan addresses all the findings by the Auditor General during the 2020/21 audit and efforts have been made to ensure that all the findings are addressed as we progressed with the 2021/22 financial year.

4.6.4. Filling System and the Audit File

One of the requirements of the audit by the Auditor General is that a municipality should be able to produce supporting documentation for the transactions that have occurred. Central to this, is the safe keeping of the documents for the audit and for future reference. The municipality currently experiences a challenge with this because we do not have central and functional archives that can accommodate all municipal documents. Above that, there is limited space on which files are kept and this result sometimes in documents being misplaced.

The municipality is currently implementing alternative means that it can do to avoid the loss of documents and thereby limiting the scope of auditing and lacking reference documents in future. The alternative means include purchasing and installation of a electronic filing system that will assist in reducing the need for keeping documents in hard files for longer. This is whilst the Corporate Services and Engineering Services departments finalize on long term plans to address the issue of lack of filing and office space. The outbreak of Covid-19 has also presented another opportunity to minimise handling of hard documents where almost everything has gone virtual and digital. This has resulted in bulk documents handling been eliminated and providing for safer and lasting filing solutions.

4.6.5. Financial Plans

The municipality prepares a budget that takes into consideration operational and capital programs over a period of 3 years. A budget process plan was adopted that guided the compilation of the 2020/21 adjustments budget as well as the compilation of the 2021/22 annual budgets and the MTERF. These budgets or financial plans form part of this IDP document. It is important to note that a significant change happened in the preparation of the budget from 2017/18 as it was required to be mSCOA compliant.

Municipal Standard Chart of Accounts (mSCOA) is a business reform that all municipalities were required to comply with and transact on from July 01, 2017. This reform has brought about uniformity amongst all municipalities in terms of reporting as the chart of accounts is the same for all. Municipal manager through a council resolution delegated the function of championing the whole process to the Chief Finance Officer. Significant work including setting up committees made up of senior managers and managers was carried out in terms of ensuring that the set target date is achieved and our municipality is also able to transact on mSCOA compliant platform.

The municipality prepared annual financial statement for the second time since the implementation of mSCOA, this introduced a number on new classifications that have not been catered for in terms of GRAP. The municipality had to find a balance between the requirements of mSCOA and GRAP to ensure compliance with both while the audit was mainly going to be on GRAP compliance. The municipality does not foresee any compliance challenges with GRAP interpretation and application as a result of the reform.

4.6.6. Grant Usage

The municipality receives a number of national and provincial grants as stated earlier. Conditional grants are utilized only for the purposes for which they were intended in line with their conditions. These funds are ring-fenced for the specific conditions for which they are meant. The funds are both ring-fenced within the accounting system such that they have specific ledger accounts assigned to them, but at the same time, specific banking call accounts have been opened for each conditional grant as required by the funders. This makes it easy in the event of unspent grants to prove to the National Treasury that these funds are actually available and set aside in the bank accounts of the municipality.

As indicated in the table below, the Municipal Infrastructure Grant, Integrated National Electrification grant, Financial Management grant, EPWP Grant and Disaster Relief Grant all had no unspent balance at the end of last year while DSRAC – Library Grant, Greenest Municipality grant and Government Support Grant had unspent balances of which a roll-over was applied and awaiting finalisation of approval processes but the Government Support Grant was surrendered to the RDP fund as instructed by the funder.

Description	2020/21 Adjusted	2020/21 Expenditure	2020/21 Unspent Grant	2021/22 Budget
	Budget			
Equitable Shares	R 332 422 000	R332 422 000	R 0	R 289 620 000
Financial Management Grant	R 2 000 000	R 2 000 000	R 0	R 2 000 000
Municipal Infrastructure Grant	R 45 459 000	R 45 459 000	R 0	R 51 023 000
Electrification Grant	R 31 965 876	R 31 965 876	R 0	R 28 453 000
EPWP Grant	R 2 389 000	R 2 389 000	R 0	R 3 570 000
DSRAC – Library Grant	R 1 202 533	R 510 520	R 692 017	R 500 000
EPWP Greenest municipality Grant	R 413 515	R 401 829	R 11 686	R 0
Government Support Grant	R 4 254 711	R0	R 4 254 711	R 19 820 000
Disaster Relief Grant	R 5 474	R 5 474	R 0	R 0
Total	R 420 112 109	R 415 153 695	R 4 958 414	R 394 986 000

4.6.7. Debtors' and Creditors turnover rate

Our municipality bills consumers for property rates, solid waste removal and electricity. Consumers are then expected to settle their debts by the 7th of each month after they have been billed. The debtors' turnover rate, which is basically the number of days it takes our consumers to settle their debts is more than 30 days. This is more than the expected norm and could have a negative effect on the municipality's cash flow. The efforts directed towards the improvement of the collection rate need to be intensified and this should start to yield results in the 2020/21 financial year and subsequent years. The municipality has reviewed its credit control and debt collection policy. This policy has been promulgated into a by-law to ensure that all debt collection measures to be taken are well protected to avoid legal challenges.

Suppliers and creditors, by law, should be paid within 30 days after the receipt of a valid invoice. The municipality's creditors turnover rate, which is the number of days it takes the municipality to pay its creditors, has improved over the five years to within 30 days. This is a result of the efforts that have been made to change and maintain the situation over the years. The SCM processes have been centralized to ensure that all processes and documents are dealt with and followed up at one place. This has shown some improvements in the turnaround times but there is still a lot to improve to ensure that service delivery reaches the communities.

The implementation of new tax verification laws by SARS and the introduction of the central supplier database by National Treasury have becomes one of the measures that the municipality uses to verify creditor information to minimize time of going through different documents to perform any form of verification including banking details. These reforms require that every time payments are processed; the municipality verifies the creditors' tax matters with either SARS or on the central supplier database and ensure that the banking details have been verified.

4.6.8. Internal Controls

Over the past five years training initiatives have been undertaken for all Budget and Treasury Officials to ensure that their level of understanding of financial procedures and controls is enhanced. This was also done with the intention of increasing the level of understanding of internal controls and what the implications of GRAP standards application are. There has been an increased understanding of the internal controls, but management of budget and treasury office continues to emphasize on the importance of internal controls. These processes and procedures are then reviewed annually to check as to whether they still achieve the intended outcomes.

Due to drastic changes in the municipal supply chain management environment and the new financial reforms we have identified a need to review these processes and possibly redesign them to ensure that they assist the municipality in correctly applying and interpreting the laws and regulations as well as avoiding irregular expenditure.

The Budget and Treasury has policies in place from which procedures are derived for the daily running of the department. These policies are reviewed annually to consider their relevance and to ensure that they comply with updates that take place in legislation and National Treasury regulations and other developments. The latest review happened at the end of 2020/21 financial year and these were ultimately approved by Council on 31 May 2021. The review ensured that policies are updated and new ones were introduced. Some of these policies however require an annual review as they form part of the budgeting process and usually there are changes that need to be affected in each one of them. The Local Municipality has the following financial policies that have been adopted but have not as yet been promulgated into by-laws but process of promulgation has been started by our legal section.

- Cash Management and Investment Policy: deals with investment of monies that are not immediately required. This is in accordance with the framework prescribed by the minister in concurrence with the cabinet member responsible for local government and consistent with Municipal Cash Management and Investments. This policy also takes into consideration the handling of borrowing by the municipality, how it is approved and items that can be funded using borrowed funding. It also takes into consideration the borrowing of funds from finance institutions, how these are approved and who decides to enter into a borrowing arrangement.
- Supply Chain Management Policy:- seeks to comply with the constitutional requirements that the procurement of goods
 and services is conducted through a system that is fair, equitable, transparent, competitive, and cost effective.
 Amendments have been affected to the policy but it has emerged from the audit by the Auditor General that there are
 still some gaps that need to be closed in terms of having this policy complying to all the legislations of the country on
 contract management to be specific.
- Asset Management Policy:- deals with the way in which the municipality manages its fixed as well as moveable assets.
 The policy deals with the accounting treatment of all infrastructure assets, categorization, depreciation, useful lives of assets in line with the provisions of GRAP.

The following are the policies that the municipality currently has and are being reviewed at least annually:-

- Tariff Policy: this policy deals with processes and guidelines that need to be followed in adjusting tariffs, taking into consideration the changes in the Consumer Price Index and inflation. This also takes into consideration the Valuation roll, that is the values of properties that determine the Property Rates which consumers will be expected to pay. This policy is reviewed annually and forms part of the budgeting process.
- Rates Policy: guides the municipality on how Property Rates will be charged and who will be charged and is informed by the Municipal Property Rates Act. It determines the minimum value of properties that are subject to property rates. The policy also determines the properties that will be exempt from the levying of property rates.
- Supply Chain Management Policy: This outlines the processes and procedures that need to be followed in the acquisition and disposals by the municipality.
- Supply Chain Management Policy for Infrastructure Procurement and Delivery: The National Treasury has
 introduced a guide for the development of this policy, whose intention is to ensure effective and efficient procurement
 and delivery of infrastructure assets. The policy introduces controls that ensure accountability various levels of the
 procurement process.
- Credit Control and Debt Management Policy: This policy guides the municipality on how debtors to the municipality should be dealt with, how long outstanding debts should be collected.
- IDP and Budget Policy: This guides the municipality on how and when municipal annual budgets and adjustments budgets should be compiled. It gives guidance on how to do virements and transfers and who has the authority to do those.
- Petty Cash Policy: This policy gives guidance on how transactions that are within the Petty Cash threshold are handled.
 It outlines the documents that need to be attached as supporting evidence as well as authorization of such transactions.
- Accounts Payables Policy: This is a new policy to the municipality and it deals with procedures that need to be followed
 to ensure that creditors and all service providers are paid within the stipulated time periods and the documents that need
 to be attached as source documents.
- Irregular, Unauthorized, Fruitless and Wasteful Expenditure Policy: This also is a new policy to the Municipality and
 it outlines processes that need to be followed to prevent the instances of such expenditure. Where these expenditures
 have occurred, the policy gives guidance on how they can be recovered, and the disciplinary action that should follow
 these instances.

- Debtors impairment policy: This is a new policy to address the specific issues relating to management of debtors and
 also setting parameters for the impairment of debtors whose behavior indicates a possible non-collectability. This is also
 in response to the new dynamic added by the recognition of revenue from traffic fines and the general behavior of those
 debtors to settle these debts.
- Indigent policy: This is a policy that deals with processes to identify those who qualify to be classified as indigent and therefore qualifying for free basic services as well as defining benefits and setting levels that the municipality can afford from time to time.

4.6.9. Municipal Asset Register

The municipality maintains a GRAP Compliant asset register. This enables us to keep track and have a record of what assets we have, both moveable and immoveable, the value of the assets, the depreciation thereof as well as any additions that may have taken place during a financial period. The register is maintained through the course of the year with all the additions and disposals as they occur. This register was presented to the Auditor General for the 2019/20 financial year where concerns relating to incorrect valuation of investment properties were raised and corrected and subsequently the municipal accounting records updated. The 2020/21 asset register will be submitted to the Auditor general for audit at the end of August 2021 in compliance with the MFMA.

It is the plan of the management team that an asset register is compiled and updated regularly to meet the requirements of GRAP and is able to be used as a monitoring and accounting tool for all the financial years.

4.6.10. Revenue Enhancement and Collection Strategy

As indicated on the overview of the financial viability, our municipality is largely rural and as such has a limited base from which to derive revenue. This implies that the municipality comes up with innovative and robust strategies to ensure that the revenue is enhanced. A revenue enhancement strategy has been implemented as was developed and approved by Council has been reviewed and updated. The management of the municipality is currently implementing the recommendations of the strategy which are categorized into short, medium, and long-term goals. These strategies need to be implemented swiftly so as to realize better revenue generating capacity.

The strategy encompasses some revenue sources that the municipality already has like the Vehicle and license testing station which has been operating for over five years now. Other alternatives include enhancing revenue related to natural and heritage resources that the municipality is endowed with. The municipality is seeing a lot of development of businesses and residences around town. This has a positive impact on the revenue that the municipality is able to generate. Efforts are also placed at making sure that the electricity department, which has a potential to provide profits to the municipality, is run efficiently and optimally. Due to the age of this strategy the municipality has identified the need to update the strategy to provide the most relevant information

and analysis to ensure that current revenue streams are identified and explored while an analysis of what has changed since the implementation of this strategy is made.

Apart from the strategy, the municipality has already made some inroads in ensuring that the revenue generating capacity is improved. An analysis of the revenue generated from refuse removal against the cost of providing such a service for the municipality was made and it was discovered that not all customers benefiting were billed. A data collection process was initiated to identify all customers who should be billed for the service. These accounts were then updated to ensure that they are billed and the billing for customers who are not owners of the properties was consolidated into that of the owner to mitigate the risk of the municipality being unable to trace its debtors should those leave the premises without fully settling all accounts and without informing the municipality, which is always the case.

4.6.11. Financial Recovery Plan to address cash flow problems

The municipality has not put together a financial recovery plan. This is mainly due to the fact that it has not experienced any problems with cash flow as it currently has a healthy liquidity that is it is able to meet its obligations as they fall due. Assessments are carried out on a regular basis to consider whether the financial recovery plan would be required. Having said this, the municipality is actively engaged with efforts to ensure that this status is maintained. This includes, as mentioned earlier, active investment of cash not immediately needed, soliciting funding for infrastructure projects and ensuring prudent budgeting and spending practices.

It is important to note as well that the municipality has committed itself on electrification projects, which in turn are handed over to ESKOM. This means that the cash reserves of the municipality have been seriously tapped into, and from the 2016/17 financial year, and going forward, there has been a need to implement serious cut back on non-essential spending assisted by the implementation of the cost containment regulations, what is normally referred to as 'nice to haves. There is no need to panic yet and the municipality has continued to grow its cash reserves year on year, but emphasis is made on the fact that the municipality needs to be vigilant in terms of taking decisions that could be far reaching and over committing available financial resources.

4.6.12. Valuation Roll

The municipality developed and adopted the valuation implementation plan for the first cycle valuation roll in terms of the Municipal Property Rates Act (MPRA) as amended. The valuation roll was adopted by municipal council on the council meeting of the 31 May 2019 and informed the office of the Member of the Executive (M.E.C) in the province as required.

The council has since closed the last (fifth) cycle in implementing the 2014 valuation roll on 30 June 2019. This has since started the process of implement a new valuation roll for 2019 till 2024 for five years. The council then advertised the 2019 valuation roll that was implemented on the 01 July 2019 for the period of five years ending in 2024. The valuation roll was gazetted in the

provincial gazette of 04 March 2019 No 4200. The advert was for the call of the inspection of the general valuation roll by the rates payers as required in terms of the act as amended

The council allocated the budget of conducting the first cycle valuation roll that has been implemented as from 1 July 2019 to date. The council also reviewed the municipal rates policy as it is done on annual basis with the bylaws inclusive of tariffs that are advertised and gazetted by law. The rates policy was adopted by the council and the by-laws that give effect to rates policy along with the resolutions to levy rates on 14 August 2019, No 4289.

The municipality is in the process of implementing the 2nd supplementary valuation roll, an update in the general valuation of 2019, which is updated annually in the form of supplementary valuation rolls as contained in the IDP. The valuation roll is further reconciled and submitted to the M.E.C responsible for Cooperative Government in the province annually.

4.6.13. Supply Chain Management

The Municipal Finance Management Act No 56, of 2003, section 80, deals with the establishment of a Budget and Treasury Office by all municipalities. The established Budget and Treasury Office must then be headed by the Chief Financial Officer with several responsibilities assigned to him/her. One of the responsibilities assigned to the Chief Financial Officer also include supply chain management. WMM Local Municipality has established the Budget and Treasury Office, within which a Supply Chain Management Unit has further been established. This unit is responsible for all demand management, procurement, logistics and disposals within the municipality as well as contract management.

The unit is headed by a Supply Chain Management Manager, who reports directly to the Chief Financial Officer. In turn, there are two Supply Chain Management Officers who report to the manager. Further to this, there are two SCM Clerks who report to the officers, and this total to a unit with six personnel. These personnel are further enhanced by financial management interns who rotate and therefore, as part of rotation form part of the SCM Unit team. All the SCM officials meet the minimum competency levels required for SCM officials.

As part of the section 71 reports that are tabled to committees and then to council, SCM issues are also reported. This means that there are at least twelve (12) reports that are tabled to council on an annual basis. The supply chain management policy is reviewed on a yearly basis and forms part of the budget related policies. This review therefore also happened for the 2020/21 financial period. The following thresholds are outlined in that policy:-

STRUCTURE OF APPROVAL							
Goods/Service Value	Procurement Method Minimum	Approval Authority					
R0 – R2 000	Petty Cash: One Quote	Head of Department					
R2 001 – R10 000	Three Quotations	Head of Department					
R10 001 – R30 000	Three Quotations	Head of Department					

R30 001 – R200 000	7 days advert Notice Board via Website	Accounting Officer or delegated
R200 001 – R2 Million	Competitive Bidding Process	Accounting Officer
R2 Million – R10 Million	Competitive Bidding Process	Accounting Officer
Above R10 Million	Competitive Bidding Process	Accounting Officer

The bid committees are appointed for specific projects with the following principle applied at all times: -

- The Bid Evaluation Committee is composed of managers reporting to senior manager, and each committee always has a SCM practitioner as a member.
- The Bid Adjudication Committee is composed of Senior Managers and is chaired by the Chief Financial Officer

The committees have performed at acceptable levels although and improvement would be welcome to ensure that there are no delays experienced.

4.6.14. Preparation of Annual Financial Statements Plan

The municipality has from the 2015/16 financial year started to compile its financial statements using the internally employed officials. This has meant that there is a significant saving on the amounts that are spent on consultants to prepare the same while officials with sufficient skills also draw a monthly salary from the municipality. In doing this, the municipality prepares an annual financial statements preparation plan that looks into all the components of the financial statements, due dates, as well as allocating responsible officials. This plan also looks into more immediate and regular timelines for tasks to be performed daily, monthly and quarterly. The plan then looks into the year-end processes with key deadlines which are usually set as follows for all financial years:

Draft AFS and Submit to the CFO	16 July
Draft AFS and submit (with the audit file) to Internal Audit for review and external reviewer if	23 July
available	
Draft AFS and submit to Audit Committee	23 July
Draft AFS submit to Executive Committee	23 July
Compile the final audit file	16 August
Finalise AFS and Submit to MM for Approval	27 August
Submit AFS to AG	31 August

4.6.15. The impact of COVID-19 to the municipality

The President of South Africa declared a nationwide lockdown, where all citizens, except those that form part of essential services, were ordered to stay home for a period of 21 days. Those working in essential services, as defined in the latter announcement, were exempted from the nationwide lockdown declaration. The nationwide lockdown commenced at midnight on Thursday, 26

March 2020. This was eventually extended to the end of April 2020. The president then announced that the country will continue being on a risk adjusted lockdown with levels ranging from 4 to 1 alert expected to take until the country reaches heard immunity. This announcement broadly affected how municipalities and municipal entities undertake their financial management responsibilities for the remainder of the 2019/20 financial year in terms of the MFMA and more imminently the 2020/21 MTREF budget preparations process.

As a result, the Minister of Finance issued a conditional Exemption Notice in terms of section 177(1)(b) of the Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003 (Act No. 56 of 2003) (MFMA) on 30 March 2020 to facilitate and enable the performance of legislative responsibilities by municipalities and municipal entities during the national state of disaster. Below are some of the areas that have been greatly affected and will continue to be affected as long COVID-19 is still within our shores.

a. Financial Performance

The municipality generates its revenues from a number of sources including provision of services. With the lockdown in full force, it meant that the municipality will not be generating any revenues from some services. The most affected areas are as follows:

Refuse removal

Due to the number of businesses that were closed during the lockdown, it meant the municipality was not providing any service to those as they did not generate any refuse. This required the municipality to exempt those from paying during the period of the lockdown.

ii. Electricity distribution

The municipality provides electricity in the town area with businesses forming the bigger part of the municipality's revenue generation capacity. With most of these businesses closed during the hard lockdown, it meant less electricity was consumed and therefore less revenue generated.

iii. Licences and permits

The municipality as indicated earlier in the report runs a drivers license testing center which was unfortunately not operating during the lockdown and sometimes continues not operating for the duration required should any positive case be detected. This means loss of income to the municipality that has continued to show its effects in the current financial year.

iv. Spending on conditional grants

The municipality received a number of conditional grants that should have been fully spent by the end of the financial year. The COVID-19 enforced national lockdown could not have come at a worse period for the municipality in this respect. Conditional grants could not be spent in full due to the time lost as a result of the national lockdowns and the regulations thereof.

4.7. KPA NO.5 GOOD GOVERNANCE AND PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

Good Governance and Public Participation is a key priority for the municipality. On good governance and public participation, the emphasis of the municipality will be on following: -

- Implementing democracy through investment in public participation and ward capacity building programmes.
- Fighting tendencies of corruption in our system
- Increasing trust and support from our communities and also ensuring the maintenance of a good image and profile for the municipality
- Implementing community outreach initiatives such as those activities undertaken in the special programmes unit (focusing on youth, women and disabled)
- Attainment of a clean audit outcome within two prior to installation of the next council
- Putting in place effective systems and processes for improving council oversight and administrative accountability through implementation of functional PMS and SDBIP regular reporting.
- Intensive capacity building of ward committees.
- Ensuring functionality of the audit committee

4.7.1. Council Structures

The Council have been established for the five- year term with 64 councillors, still waiting for traditional leaders to be gazetted. Council has appointed eight (8) full time councillors with four (4) fulltime councillors heading structure the following departments: Engineering Services, Corporate Services, Budget and Treasury as well as Development Planning. The Executive Committee comprises of 10 members inclusive of ruling political party and opposition parties was appointed by Council. Currently there are six (6) committees, namely:-

- Budget and Treasury;
- Corporate Services;
- Good Governance, IGR, PP & SPU
- LED & Spatial Planning;
- Engineering Services;
- Community Services.

The council has established two Section 79 committees which are MPAC and Petitions Committee. The Executive Committee and the Mayor are responsible for overall management, coordination, monitoring of performance of administration and drafting of policies and by-laws. Some members of executive committee are heading standing committees which then reports to the Executive Committee.

The following is the Council Mandate:

- The passing of by-laws and formulation of policies;
- The oversight of the executive and administration;
- The approval and amendment of budgets;
- The imposition and amendment of rates and other taxes, levies and duties;
- The approval or amendment of the Municipality's Integrated Development Plan;
- The setting of tariff charges;

The entering into Municipal Service Partnerships; and the appointment of the Municipal Manager and Sec 56 Senior Managers.

4.7.2 Municipal Public Accounts Committee (MPAC)

The council has formally established a Municipal Public Accounts Committee (MPAC) in order to meaningfully play the oversight & progress monitoring role over municipal performance in the implementation of the IDP. Upon the oversight of the council reports, findings with remedial recommendations are tabled to council on quarterly basis. The committee comprises of six members and the Department of CoGTA, National Treasury and SALGA in the process of conducting Induction workshop for newly appointed members.

4.7.3. Petitions Committee

The council also established petitions committee in terms of section 79. The Committee comprises of six members being responsible for receiving and analyzing of service delivery petitions, complaints from communities and hold meetings with petitioners before and after the march. It performs it duties under the assistance of customer care office and office of the municipal manager in coordinating responses on the issues with other spheres of government. The Speaker or Delegatee is responsible for receipt of the petition and thereafter distribute the petition to the office of the Mayor for responses through the affected municipal department. Customer Care Officer, Public Participation Manager are responsible for the administration process related of all petitions including registration of petition, issuing of all correspondence to the petitioner, validation of petition, referral of the petition for translation and legal consideration to the relevant section and report to the Chairperson of Petitions and Public Participation Committee. Petitions Committee becomes responsible for consideration of all petitions received by the municipality with a view to settle the matter and satisfy the petitioner and where applicable advice the petitioner of other appropriate remedies available. Members of Petitions Committee and relevant officials will be responsible for an investigation into the petition including site visits where necessary and provides input into the final validation of a petition.

4.7.4 Public Participation

Public Participation is enhanced through Imbizo's, Road - shows and Public Hearings consultative meetings with the assistance of ward committees, Councillor Support Assistants and CDWs. Mayoral Imbizos, IDP & Budget and Annual Report road shows are held to report on the Municipality's progress in terms of service delivery and also the progress in attending to the issues that were raised by communities in the previous IDP sessions. Suggestions on how to improve service delivery and some complaints regarding the current services were put forward. Community education have been conducted in six wards with the purpose of educating communities about municipal services, processes of local government elections, Covid 19 awareness and number of social issues affecting the respective communities working together with government departments. As part of strengthening public participation the Municipality signed a Memorandum of Cooperation with Good Governance Africa to ensure that two entities can pull resources together for maximum impact on development initiatives of mutual interest and building of a sustainable public participation framework.

4.7.5 Functioning of Ward Committees

In terms of Section 72 – 78 of the Municipal Structures Act, the Council under the new term of council the process of establishment of ward structures in 32 wards is on- going with 220 ward committee members elected so far and the anticipated completion period being 28 February 2022. The municipality will embark of induction of ward committee structure in ensuring their effectiveness in providing assistance to communities and proper dissemination of government programs

4.7.6 Community Development Workers (CDW's)

Winnie Madikizela-Mandela has 20 Community Development Workers and the Department of CoGTA is in the process of filling one vacancy to be left with 11 as the municipality has 32 wards after 2021 local government elections. They have been quite active in the Municipal programs like Mayoral Imbizos, IDP road shows, Annual Report road shows and serves as secretaries of ward war rooms.

4.7.7 Integrated Service Delivery Model: Operation Masiphathisane.

The Integrated Service Delivery Model was revived in all 31 ward war rooms operating in 31 wards of Winnie Madikizela-Mandela local municipality. The Department of CoGTA led the process of revival of war rooms with the intensions of incorporating rapid response teams duties towards Covid 19 related matters at the level of the Ward.

4.7.8 Traditional Leadership Partnerships

Office of the MEC for Corporate Government and Traditional Affairs has not issued a gazette with list of traditional leaders to serve in the new term of 2021- 2026. They play a fundamental role in the IDP and Budget processes, Public Consultative Meetings on IDP, Budget, Annual Report and SPLUMA

Traditional leaders working with relevant stakeholders champion the programs of moral regeneration in all wards to ensure that there is a coordinated and sustainable way of reviving morals, promote respect for human dignity, enhance sound family and community values as well as promote a circumcision death free communities within the municipality jurisdiction. Local Initiation Forum led by traditional leaders participated fully during the summer initiation season (December 2021) to ensure that customary male circumcision is safe and is done in a way to achieve zero death rate through- out Bizana. There were 84 initiation schools visited, and had 03 deaths reported during this season.

4.7.9. Risk Management

The risk management of Winne Madikizela Mandela Local Municipality is under the internal audit unit. Risk management policy was adopted by the Council. Internal Audit Unit facilitates the risk assessment on regular basis together with the management. The internal audit unit has conducted the municipal wide risk assessment during the year ended 30 June 2021. Risk registers were developed for all departments within the municipality detailing the risks identified on all the strategic objectives as per Integrated Development Plan, root causes and by rating the effectiveness of the existing controls for the risks identified. This strengthens the risk management within the organisation and mechanisms to mitigate those risks are contained to an acceptable level. The top ten (10) risks faced by the municipality were identified.

Failure to comply with COVID-19 occupational health and safety measures in workplaces as envisaged in the directive issued by the Minister of Employment and Labour leading to: -

- business closure;
- COVID 19 Infections;
- Poor performance of contractors;
- Inability to collect revenue owed to the Municipality;
- Misuse of municipal vehicles;
- Ageing infrastructure;
- Delayed implementation of electricity infrastructure plan due to COVID-19;

- Inability to create sustainable employment;
- Inability to attract investment; and
- Climate Change.

4.7.10. Fraud and Corruption

Winnie Madikizela Mandela Local Municipality has the Anti-Corruption Policy and implementation plan which encompass the whole range of activities. The objective of this policy is to ensure that all fraudulent activities are discouraged, mitigated and attended to in a coherent and integrated manner, and promoting ethical conduct or behaviour. An approved fraud & anti-corruption policy is in place.

The municipality has got Fraud & anti-corruption burners that are displayed in all municipal events, ranging from Council meeting, awareness events, imbizo, and etc.

Poster with theme of fraud & anti corruption in senior managers offices are on display. Fraud & anti-corruption awareness campaigns will be done twice a year. The first one will be for orientation of newly elected councillors and the second one for all the employees.

Winnie Madikizela Mandela Local Municipality is committed to fighting fraudulent behaviour at all levels within the organisation for the promotion of ethical conduct and early warnings of fraud and corruption. All fraud and corruption will be investigated and followed up by the application of all remedies available within the full extent of the mighty law and the implementation of appropriate prevention and detection controls.

The scope of the Anti-Corruption policy applies to all fraud, corruption, theft, maladministration or suspected irregularities involving the following persons or entities:-

- All employees of the municipality;
- Consultants, suppliers, contractors and other providers of goods or services to the Municipality; and Any other parties
 receiving benefits from the Municipality.

The Winnie Madikizela Mandela Local Municipality Fraud Prevention Plan comprises of five pillars, namely;

- Prevention of Fraud and Corruption;
- Detection of Fraud and Corruption;
- Investigation of Fraud and Corruption;

- Resolution of Fraud and Corruption; and
- Maintenance and evaluation of the Fraud Prevention Plan.

4.7.11. Internal Audit / Audit committee and Compliance.

The audit committee; an independent advisory committee is required in terms of s166 of the Municipality Finance Management Act; MFMA s56 of 2003 to among others perform functions required by the Act in line with the terms of reference; the audit Committee Charter.

As provided for in terms of section 166(2) of the MFMA, the municipality had an audit committee established to address matters relating to the compliance, performance and internal controls assurance and any other activity the council may deem necessary. These matters include amongst others the following:

- Governance; Ethics; and policies and procedures
- Assessment of the effectiveness of Internal Controls;
- Performance management
- Risk Management

Effectiveness of Internal and External Auditors

The Council appointed five independent members. Audit Committee is functional with 5 independent members selected from different areas of expertise to enhance the audit committee's overall knowledge of the municipality or entity and the ability to discharge its obligations and provide appropriate recommendations to the council. However, one member resigned during the 2019 financial year and another member was sadly passed away during 2021 financial year. Two more members have since been appointed during the year 2021/22 financial year. At the moment the Municipality has got full complement of the members.

Winnie Madikizela Mandela local municipality Audit Committee members acquired the following skills:

- Financial Management
- Legal
- Admin and Governance (i.e. Internal Audit, Risk Management, IT, Human Resources, Planning, etc.
- Performance Management
- Medical practitioner,

Audit Committee terms of reference was adopted by Council and Audit committee is executing their responsibilities as set in the approved Audit Committee Charter.

The Audit opinion over the last two years was unqualified audit opinion and clean audit in 2019/20 and 2020/21 financial year. After the final audit report received from the Office of the Auditor General, follow up procedures are currently implemented by internal

audit to ensure the implementation of action plans prepared to address issues raised by Auditor General. The audit committee played a major role in this regard.

Municipality is required to have an internal audit function in terms of section 165 (1) of the Municipal Finance Management Act no 56 of 2003 ("MFMA"). This requirement is re-enforced by the recommendations of the King IV Report on Corporate Governance. Winnie Madikizela Mandela Local Municipality has functional Internal Audit unit. Internal Audit Risk based Audit coverage plan will be drafted by the end of the current financial year. The Internal Audit structure has three warm bodies being the Manager and one Senior Internal Auditor as well as EPWP Intern and two vacant posts.

Audit report showed positive results in these areas, performance information, compliance with laws and regulations as well as improved operations within the municipality. It is further noted that there is a significant decrease in Auditor General's findings compared to previous years.

The unit is short-staffed due to sadly passing away of one member. However, the Municipality has appointed the service provider on a co-sourced arrangement to boost the capacity of the Internal Audit Unit. The service provider has been appointed for a period of 18 months starting from February 2021.

4.7.12. Audit Corrective Action Plan WINNIE MADIKIZELA-MANDELA LOCAL MUNICIPALITY AUDIT ACTION PLAN 2020/2021

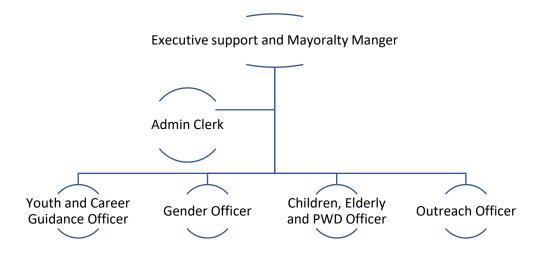
	CoAF No	Component	Department within the Municipality	Impact of the finding	Adjusted (Yes/No)	Risk Level	Root Cause	AG recommendation	Remedial Actions/Corrective Measures.
	C	ash flow state	ments						
Prior period correction of error	CoAF 07	Disclosures	Budgeting and Reporting	Misstatement in financial statements	Yes	Medium		Management should ensure that the financials are properly reviewed in order to ensure the correctness between the cash flow statement and the notes thereof	Correction of prior year errors to be concluded by 15 July 2022 to allow thorough reviews before 31 August
	Eı	mployee Costs	S						
Appointment process	CoAF 02	Compliance	Human Resource Management	Other matters	No	High	Although the policies and procedures prescribed this, management has not performed it during the appointment process	It is recommended that the core competencies as required by the MFMA be used as an assessment tool to assess the competence of the relevant new hires	To introduce competency assessments for senior and supervisory positions during recruitment processes
	Bu	ulk Purchases	;						
Distribution losses disclosed not accurate	CoAF 01	Disclosures	Revenue Management	Misstatement in financial statements	Yes	Medium	The distribution losses schedule had not been adequately casted and recalculated	Management to ensure adequate review of schedules that support the financial statement through cast and recalculation	Distribution losses calculations will be done quarterly to allow reviews during the year and avoid errors at the end of the year
	M	ovable Assets	}						
Change in estimate disclosure requirements	e CoAF 08	Disclosures	Asset Management and Stores	Misstatement in financial statements	Yes	Low	This has resulted in the disclosure requirements under GRAP 3 not being fully met by the Municipality	Management should ensure full disclosure of the expected future period effect on the change in estimate using the data and information at their disposal	To develop a disclosure checklist and have disclosure notes to be done by the Asset Management Officer to allow the Manager: Assets and Stores to independently review before submission for auditing
	Pı	ocurement a	nd Contract M	anagement					

Procurement and contract management: Interests	CoAF Compliance 03	Supply Chain Management	Other matters	Yes	High	This is due to the municipality not adequately checking its own human resources management system to ensure no employees are part of any appointed suppliers. In addition, there is no adequate checks with the DPSA website to identify any employees of state institutions	Management must ensure that appointed suppliers do not have directors that are in the service of the municipality. Management must ensure that there are adequate checks on to ensure that no directors are in the employ of other state institutions	To update the CSD information with payroll data at least quarterly and hold all business identified to have members in the services of the state
	Receivables							
Difference in the ageing of receivables from exchange	CoAF Disclosures 09	Revenue Management	Misstatement in financial statements	No	Medium	Management did not ensure accuracy of the calculation for the ageing of receivables from exchange transactions	Management to ensure adequate review of schedules that support the financial statement through cast and recalculation	To engage Munsoft on the possibility of creating subage analysis reports
Statutory Receivables understated	CoAF Disclosures 10	Revenue Management	Misstatement in financial statements	Yes	Medium	The cause of the above finding is due to the management not being able to review excel formulas to ensure the excel formulas are correct	It is recommended management should review excel formulas to ensure the correct formulas used are correct	To engage Munsoft on the possibility of creating a sub-legder for Statutory receivables

4.7.13. Focus on Special Groups

Special groups refer to the previously marginalise and discriminated members of our society. During the apartheid regime, they were infringed from accessing their basic need and rights. They were suppressed into feeling of inferiority, regret and shame. South African prides itself on having one of the most progressive Constitutions in the world and it is this Constitution along with various legislative frameworks which protect the rights of vulnerable groups and provides for community participation in decision making at municipal level.

As part of the South African legislation, The Municipal Systems Act (Act no 32 of 2000), Section (2) states that "a municipality must establish appropriate mechanisms, processes and procedures to enable the local community to participate in the affairs of the municipality"; Section (3) of the same Act states that, when establishing mechanism, processes and procedures in terms of Section (2) the municipality must take into account the special needs of People with disability, Children, Women, Elderly and Youth. Winnie Madikizela - Mandela Local Municipality has Special Programmes Unit which is dedicated to lobby and advocate for the mainstreaming of special group into all government processes. The unit is structured as follows. There is:



4.7.13.1 Children

WMM Local Municipality has to ensure the wellbeing and protects the rights of children as provided by the bill of rights. Today's Mbizana children are exposed to so many social ill and difficult circumstances (drug and substance abuse, HIV and AIDS sexual harassment and rape, teenage pregnancy, parent negligence etc). Hence Winnie Madikizela – Mandela Local Municipality has adopted three strategic interventions in securing the future of children: -

4.7.13.2 Inkciyo Programme

Over the years, The Inkciyo programme has grown from 500 participants in 2011 to 3560 in 2021. This number gives a positive indication that the war against the spread of sexually transmitted diseases and teenage pregnancy in Mbizana is gradually decline. It sends a signal that if we work tirelessly in advancing and promoting this programme we will have a municipality with healthy children and secured future.

4.7.13.3 Support of early childhood development centre.

Winnie Madikizela – Mandela Local Municipality support ECDC with educational tools to ensure that children have a foundation required for their development.

4.7.13.4 Support of Child headed households

Winnie Madikizela – Mandela Local Municipality also profiles the child headed families to make sure that their developmental needs are prioritised and institutionalised within all government departments.

4.7.13.5 Back to school Campaign

WMM Local Municipality has developed back to school campaign where of children would receive full school uniform. This initiative is developed to protect image and self-confidence of children from disadvantaged back ground and child-headed households. It promotes dignity and also motivates, boost their self-esteem and self confidence amongst other children at school.

4.7.13.6 People with disability

WMM Local Municipality has made remarkable progress in developing Policies, transforming the institution and forming PWD Structures to be representative and responsive to the developmental needs of the People with Disabilities. However, People with Disabilities still face extreme social, economic and political levels of inequality and discrimination in our society. In the Alfred Nzo District the disability prevalence rate is at 8.66 % on male and 11.6 % on female according to census 2011. Currently, WMM Local Municipality has gone this far in mainstreaming people with disability through: -

- Launched PWD Forum
- Allocated office with office furniture for PWD Forum
- Developed and adopted Policy for people with disability and action plan
- Initiated and conducted campaigns to promote the rights

4.7.13.7 Women

Women are influenced by the historical conditions that have shaped the country, and its democratic goals. In addressing the impact of historical conditions, our municipality is dedicated in promoting principles of social injustice and economic justice, human rights, active participation of women, the promotion of women benefit and liberal values. In Mbizana the population of gender is 54.5%

towards females and 45.5 towards males with a shocking 64 % of females headed households according to census 2011. The Municipality has managed to: -

- Launch functional Women's Forum to represent the interest and developmental agenda of women.
- Adopted Gender Policy
- Launched Women's Caucus
- Conduct awareness campaigns and dialogue in promoting the rights of women

4.7.13.8 Elderly

Elderly person remains one of our crucial social strata in this democracy society. Their experience and knowledge of the world are the basic founding ideas of today world. Their role in society in shaping the society we live in has a meaningful contribution to the future we want to see. Currently, the municipality has managed to: -

- Launch Older Persons Forum
- Establish and support 14 service centres where older persons are taken care. The major objectives of these centres is
 to provide affordable and comprehensive community-based care and support to promote independent living as well as
 the physical, social and emotional wellbeing of older person who are still active, As the local sphere of local government.
- Conduct awareness campaigns and dialogue in promoting the rights of older persons

4.7.13.9 Youth

Mbizana Youth Development is influenced by the historical conditions that have shaped the country, and its democratic goals. In addressing the impact of historical conditions, our municipality is dedicated in promoting principles of social injustice and economic justice, human rights, active participation of youth, the promotion of women benefit and liberal values. Young people in WMM Local Municipality has the population majority of 75% of which 81.5% of them are unemployed, 42.6% of them are school dropout, 6.3% are attending high school and only 3.1 % possess a university degree according to census 2011.

The Municipality has put aside resource and develop strategies for youth development. These strategic interventions were: -

- To Establish and support functioning of South Africa Youth Council to voices out the needs and want of young people in Mbizana. SAYC aims at creating a platform for youth from diverse social and cultural backgrounds to engage in discussions, dialogue and debate; promote volunteerism among the youth; instil a sense of civic ownership in the youth; and provide a platform for youth to see themselves as part of a process that can influence law, government and the way things are done.
- Develop and adopted Youth Policy that will give direction and purpose of what we want to achieve and how to achieve
 it.
- Conduct awareness with the objective to develop education and training, safe male traditional circumcision, job hunting skills and entrepreneurial skills and also initiatives to reduce the consumption of substance and drug abuse, and sexually transmitted diseases.

4.7.13.10. Youth Programmatic Intervention

Programme	Purpose of the programme	Stakeholders /partners
Career Exhibition	This program is intended to assist a young person to develop his own self-awareness, opportunity awareness and career management skills.	Universities, TVET, SETA's, Government Departments, Private Sector, SAYC
Support Functioning of Youth Council and Induction	Mandate to create platforms for youth from diverse social and cultural backgrounds to engage in discussions, dialogue and debate; promote volunteerism among the youth; instil a sense of civic ownership in the youth; and provide a platform for youth to see themselves as part of a process that can influence law, government and the way things are done.	COGTA, OTP, NYDA, TRUST, Gov Dept, SAYC
Mayors Schools Achievement Awards	This program motivates learners, parents and teacher to keep on doing the best as they could in promoting culture of learning in Mbizana.	Universities, TVET, SETA's, Government Departments, Private Sector, SAYC
Updating Unemployed Youth Data Base	The Database of Unemployed Youth will be used as a targeting mechanism to link unemployed youth with employment opportunities, government initiatives, learnerships and institutions that will assist them in starting their own business or gain employment.	Gov Dept, Private Sector, Entities
Initiation support	To promote safe male traditional circumcision in Mbizana	Traditional leader, Gov Dept, NGO's
Business Seminar	Create platform for young business people to engage with potential funders and also be advised by experienced business man.	NYDA, SEFA, SAYC
Job hunting and Unemployed Graduate Seminar	Make young people understand and engaged with the new resolution from recent job summit and also get trained on job hunting skills	Harambee, OTP, Gov Dept, SAYC
Youth Month Celebration	To revitalise and induce the feeling of patriotism amongst young people in Mbizana	SAYC, OTP, Gov Dept

4.7.14. Sport Development

Sport is an essential and important aspect of Mbizana society. It attempts to define the morals and ethics attributed not only to athletes, but the totality of society. It brings together people of different ages, sex, religion and politics affiliation, it promotes social cohesion, stability and peace. As Mbizana we believe sport is what binds us together in unity in diversity.

4.7.15. Legacy Projects

As means of preserving OR Tambo legacy WWM municipality council resolved to annually commemorate the life and the legacy of our own legends. This is done to ensure that generations to come will benefit in this rich history. The legendary icons that are

celebrated by the municipality every year are: Oliver Regionald Tambo affectionately known as O.R. Tambo, mama Winnifred Nomzamo Madikizela-Mandela and Nelson Rholihlahla Mandela. The municipality honours the life and times of these stalwarts in celebrations that are not only event driven but departments are pledging and committing service delivery projects in honour of these legends and improving the lives of people of Mbizana. The Council of WMM LM also commits funds to these programs.

4.7.16. HIV Infection Risk Factors

Mbizana has a mainly rural population, secondly this population is mainly a youthful population. The levels of education within the communities of Mbizana is not that high. WMM Municipal area borders KwaZulu Natal which is a province with the highest infection rate in South Africa. Migrant labour system is still very ripe in Mbizana with most of the able-bodied young people finding employment in KwaZulu Natal. There is a high number of children headed families within Mbizana. Drug and substance abuse are on the rise within this municipal area. There has been a reported increase on teenage pregnancy which also poses risk. All these factors contribute enormously on the increased rate of HIV infection within Mbizana.

In an effort to fight the plight of communicable diseases, these include HIV/Aids, TB and also COVID 19 the municipality will amongst other things embark on massive awareness campaigns that seek to continuously sensitize our communities about the plight of these diseases. The municipality had also put risk mitigating measures to ensure safe environment for its employees including councillors. The municipality will also be fostering international partnerships to ensure best practices are learnt from other countries and the necessary support will be given to CBO's, NGO's and support groups.

Local AIDS Council was revived and launched in 2018 and subsequently strategy and plan were reviewed and adopted. Mbizana has twenty-two clinics and two hospitals all clinics are accredited VCT and ARV distribution sites. There are two accredited Non-medical Voluntary Counselling and Testing Centre i.e. Mahlungulu Foundation in Nomlacu Ward 26 and Ixabisolomntu in Ndakeni Ward 8. Also, there are five health posts three of which are fully functional and two are mobile clinic points of thirty-two mobile points manned by two teams only.

There are five Clinics of excellence now known as IDEAL CLINICS with specialised services. These are Gateway clinic in town ward 1, Hlamandana clinic in ward 5, Imizizi clinic in ward 20, Ndela clinic in ward 12 and Isikelo clinic in ward 26. There also have a health centre under construction at Meje which is in ward 14. There are HIV and AIDS support groups in all the clinics and a number of other Non-Governmental Organisations working on Home Based Care and Support for People Living with HIV and AIDS.

4.7.17. Performance Management System

Performance Management Systems is a system of setting and measuring desired outcomes and activities of a municipality - its individual components as well as its staff who contribute to the achievement of the strategic vision of the municipality. It is a multilevel process that starts with an overall strategy and cascades to individual performance management and appraisal.

Performance Management systems enables the municipality to track and monitor the performance of individual employees, departments, and the overall municipality. Performance management systems is a key tool that provides assurance on the use of municipal resources to achieve certain objectives. Performance management systems can also contribute to the identification of value for money opportunities. The municipality developed and adopted its performance management policy in 2007 and a recent review was in 2018 and further adopted by council with its procedure manual. A further review will be done during the financial year of 2021-2022.

Legislative Rationale

Section 45 of the Municipal Systems Act No. 32 of 2000 read in conjunction with Section 121(3) (d) of the Municipal Finance Management Act No. 56 of 2003 state that each municipality must have a performance management system, which sets out appropriate key performance indicators. Municipalities are required to also monitor their performance against the key performance indicators and importantly measure and review performance at least once per year. The Act requires that a municipality must prepare for each year a performance report reflecting the performance of the municipality and of each external service provider during that financial year, a comparison with the targets set and measures taken to improve performance. This performance report must be included in the municipality's annual report. The performance of the municipality must be audited as part of the municipality internal auditing processes.

The performance management Unit managed to craft the Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan for the 2021/22 Financial Year that was adopted and signed by the Honourable Mayor just before the start of the financial year. Further to that and as legislated, Performance Agreements of Senior Managers were crafted, signed and submitted to relevant government departments. The Unit also managed to deliver in its objective of mandated reporting as it managed to produce all four projected quarterly reports and their submission to Council.

The Unit further compiled the Annual Performance Report for 2020/21 FY and had it submitted to the Office of the Auditor-General for auditing purposes as legislated. These deliverables were realised through the on-going support from Internal Audit & IDP Units and their relentless endeavours in ensuring that alignment and compliance are not compromised at all material times. Further cooperation was further solicited from user departments from within the municipality as they went out of their way to ensure that they provide whatever performance information requested by the Unit. Monitoring and Evaluation Sessions for 2021-2022 have been conducted to ensure that Performance is monitored on a continuous basis. The Monitoring & Evaluation Sessions are conducted on a quarterly basis from 2021-2022 financial year.

4.7.18. Back to Basics

The office has also been tasked with the responsibility of B2B reporting, implementation and monitoring. Monthly reports are prepared by all relevant KPA and sent to the department of Local government. These reports are also on quarterly basis submitted

to the executive committee and subsequently to council. In term of the action plan adopted by council a lot of identified ills have been treated there has been enormous change in turnaround time in responding to service delivery queries and related matters.

4.7.19. Communications

The communications unit is responsible amongst other things for branding, marketing, providing sound effective communication and capturing the moments where the municipality/ government changes people's lives through service delivery. Communications provides media platforms for political principals through radio slots and media statements. This makes it easier for the municipality to have an input on topics and debates made by the community through media platforms.

Communications Unit created social media platforms (Facebook and Twitter) as a way of making sure that all communication channels are available and effective. Relationship with other stakeholders is strengthened through the sitting of Local Communicators Forum which is a forum for government communicators to share events and exchange ideas on improving the communications system and also sit in District Communicators Forum. There is also local government communicators forum which is platform for all local government communicators to sit and share practices and experience. The department sits there and participate on quarterly basis. Communication strategy was developed and adopted by council with the assistance of GCIS and District municipality. This strategy outlines processes and means that the municipality will be utilising in engaging its communities and stakeholders and more means of advertising government services and programmes. Communications unit is striving in providing sound and effective communication through the implementation of the council approved **communication strategy**. The communication **plan** is being implemented timeously with dedication by the communications unit, however the following areas has a huge impact on the limitation of the flow of communication of the Municipality:

- Budgetary constraints are limiting the amount and type of communication methods and tools available to the communications unit. In this era of 4th – Industrial Revolution(4IR) more especially now during the Covid pandemic, lack of enough budget has limited digital communication, marketing and advertising.
- Insufficient resources to implement communication action plan which includes a professional software for designs and publications etc.
- There is a need for capacity building of communications personnel on advanced digital communication and marketing.
- Non-declaration of the Municipal Spokesperson to assist in answering media enquiries more especially those that are controversial.
- There is a lack of integration of programmes and projects within the Municipality
- Municipal programmes are conducted randomly and uncoordinated which affects the marketing, advertising, promotion and publicity of these programmes.
- Municipal departments operating in silos

As the communications unit we work tirelessly to maintain a good image of the municipality by providing support to Municipal Events with branding, radio slots and media coverage and management. We are responsible for producing the bi annual newsletter which covers service delivery and other developmental programs conducted by government. This information is gathered through the successful sitting of the Local Communicator's Forum (LCF) which is a quarterly sitting that consolidates a government calendar for a conducive working approach.

4.7.20. Customer Care

Comments book is in place and customers are using it effectively. Presidential Hotline Complaints is running smoothly, and the municipality is at 100 % in terms of resolving the cases. IT Section is very supportive; Incident Management System (IMS) known as Reasebetsa Monitoring and Evaluation System where all complaints within Bizana jurisdiction will be handed internally was installed and is working. External and internal signage was done. Written petitions are channelled through the office of the Mayor and subsequently to the petitions committee which is section 79 committee appointed by council to deal with all petitions submitted to the municipality.

Council approved for the department to conduct Customer/ Citizen Satisfaction Survey in all wards of Mbizana. This was done to rate the services rendered by the Municipality and to further ascertain and assist the council to ensure that services are rendered where they are needed. Customer satisfaction survey was conducted and final report was tabled to the EXCO Lekgotla. Customer Care line was launched by council and has proven to be very effective judging by the number of calls received form citizens.

4.7.21. Intergovernmental Relations

There are terms of reference which guide the implementation of IGR work. These terms of reference are operational, and they have the approval of the council. The meeting of IGR is setting quarterly and the agenda items relevant to the business of serves delivery co-ordination across spheres of government although poor attendance by the key stakeholders appears to be a major hind rant in the IGR effectiveness, but this situation is getting the attention of Senior principals within the institution.

The Mayor of Winnie Madikizela – Madikizela Local Municipality and the Municipal Manager sit at the DIMAFO and make input on what issues in Mbizana need the attention of the District Mayors Forum. Issues discussed in the Mbizana IGR forum find expression in the DIMAFO agenda. Both the Mayor of WWM Local Municipality and municipal manager attend MUNIMEC meetings in which issues of relations across spheres of government are discussed.

Except participation in Mbizana IGR forum relations of Mbizana Local municipality with other social partners takes place through Operation Masipathisane at local war rooms. Here local sector departments and the municipality work together in facilitation of service delivery through joint problem solving. Some of the issues that face our Communities which are critical are in Education, Health and Human Settlement.

4.7.22. Litigation Management

The municipality developed and adopted legal risk management policy and has a functional legal section. A panel of attorneys for a three (3) period is in place wherein the Municipality selects members of the panel to attend to various matters that the Municipality has such as, litigation, obtaining legal opinions etc.

Currently the Municipality the Municipality has 28 cases on the litigation register of which the majority of the cases are mostly dormant. Cases instituted against the Municipality have drastically declined in the last financial year as claims that appear to be litigious are promptly dealt with internally before gaining the litigation momentum. For this financial year there has been a record 1 matter that has been included in the register which the Municipality is defending.

4.7.23. Litigation Risk Reduction Action Plan

Every action of the Municipality is potentially litigious and complicated by the requirement for compliance to all Local Government related legislative prescripts, whilst also requiring compliance with other general legislation as may become pertinent, depending on the activity which has resulted in the litigation at hand.

Legal Services created the Litigation Risk Management Strategy by introducing a Litigation Reduction Monitoring Tool. The strategy is aimed at identifying the various areas of litigation risk, develop an action plan to mitigate those risks. The Litigation Risk Management Strategy of the Mbizana Local Municipality aims to:

- identify, manage, monitor and mitigate risks of litigation throughout the Municipality.
- actively mitigate these risks by identifying them, setting minimum standards for their management and allocating clear responsibility for such management to Management
- ensure that sound legal principles and legislative compliance is mainstreamed into operational activities
- ensure a reduction of litigation against the Municipality through proactive monitoring.

4.7.24. Mitigation Processes

Litigation risk reduction will be implemented through:

- Identification of and continuous review of areas where litigation risk exists
- Documented advisory service aimed at mitigation
- Allocation of responsibility for the development of procedures for management and mitigation of these risks
- Installation of appropriate segregation of duties, so that legal documentation is reviewed and executed with the appropriate level of independence from the persons involved in proposing or promoting transaction
- Ongoing examination of the relationship between litigation risk and other areas of risk management, so as to ensure that there are no gaps in the risk management process¹
- Establishing of minimum standards for mitigating and controlling each risk, including the nature and extent of work to be undertaken by internal and external legal resources

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- Establishing of procedures to monitor compliance, taking into account the required minimum standards
- Continuous awareness of legal reform and development in order that current compliance is continuously observed

The litigation risk reduction plan and schematic process was developed to ensure that the municipality complies with the strategy. The plan is disseminated quarterly for departments to populate and indicate compliance to the strategy where applicable.

4.7.25. Municipal By-Laws

The legal support services office is tasked with ensuring that the municipality has all the required by-laws and policies in place in order to have the proper and effective controls to ensure that the services to the community are carried out in compliance with the framework of the by-laws as anticipated by the legislation that creates these by-laws. The municipality continuously researches the areas where by-laws must be developed and periodically reviews and where applicable amends the by-laws. It is imperative that consumers and the community at large familiarize themselves with the by-laws. This will help the consumer to be aware of not only their rights but equally important their responsibilities.

For this financial year the section has been focusing on reviewing the municipal gazetted by laws to ensure alignment to legal prescripts and to ensure that the By Laws are implementable and enforceable. Extensive consultative processes were embarked on during the reviewal such as consultation the relevant stakeholders for input prior to regazetting (SAPS for enforcement and Department of Justice for prosecution of By Laws in cases of infringements) and the community at large. There are two By Laws which are under review. These are as follows: -

- Street Trading now to be renamed Informal Trading (By Law re-drafted)
- Liquor By Law

An extensive stakeholder engagement session was held with all stakeholders to ensure that they have input on both the Street Trading and liquor By Laws. The By Laws are now ready for their final tabulation for the final adoption by Council prior to gazetting which is scheduled for the year 2022.

- Rules and Orders of Municipal Council and Committees By Law To be tabled to the relevant Portfolio Committee for input;
- Waste Management By Law The draft was tabled to the relevant Portfolio Committee for input subsequently to be tabled to EXCO;
- Beach By Law to be tabled to the relevant Portfolio Committee

4.7.26. Institutional Compliance

The municipality is a creature of statute and such it operates within the ambit of a vast number of legislations. An Institutional Compliance checklist has been developed for the municipality wherein all the issue of legislative compliance are listed, the persons responsible, the actions require, the time frame and the evidence for compliance with same. The legal support services are tasked

with ensuring that the compliance checklist is disseminated to departments to populate and provide evidence to show compliance on prescribed legislative provisions. This exercise is to done quarterly with each quarter being guided by the applicable legislative provisions.

4.7.27. Contract Management

The municipality procures services through it, amongst other, SCM processes in compliance with the SCM policy, SCM regulations. The municipality is required by law to conclude contracts for certain services and for the most part this speaks to the majority of the services that the municipality requires.

It is the prerogative of the municipality to ensure that such contracts are compliant, legally binding and implementable. The section is working closely with SCM and various departments to ensure that contracts entered into by the Municipality are sound by either drafting or vetting such contracts.

4.7.28. Ad hoc support to Departments

Legal Services is also tasked with the duty to provide ad hoc support to departments as and when required to ensure legal compliance to legislation on engagements that departments engage in. These include but not limited to legal assistance in respect of transactional advises that departments engage in on behalf of the Municipality, special projects etc.

CHAPTER THREE

5 FORWARD PLANNING

This chapter outlines the desired future for the development of WMM LM through determination of a strategic developmental vision, Mission and Values of the municipality. It also sets clear developmental objectives, strategies as well as approved projects to be implemented in 2022 / 2027.

5.1. Municipal Vision

Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality aims to be a vibrant socio-economic growing municipality that creates sustainable communities with equal opportunities for all.

5.2. Municipal Mission Statement

The mission for Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality is to be a well governed self-sustainable municipality committed to discharging its legislative and constitutional mandate through: -

- Investing in its people to fight poverty through skills development
- Providing affordable, equitable and sustainable services
- Facilitating a people-driven economy
- Building sustainable communities
- Investing in building technologically informed community
- Protecting and preserving its environment to the benefit of its people
- Strengthening a culture of performance excellence, public participation and clean administration.

5.3. Municipal Values

In addition to the Batho Pele principles, our municipality commits itself to upholding the following set of values: -

- Good governance
- Accountability
- Public participation
- People development
- People driven
- Integrity
- Tolerance
- Responsibility
- People Development and Transformation
- Ethical conduct and Corruption free

5.4. Institutional Score Card and Broad Development Priorities and Targets for 2022/2027

The Council of Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality have committed themselves to working towards the realization of the following priorities which have been aligned to the Vision, Mission and Key Performance Areas of the Municipality: -

Development Priorities	Development Targets
Basic Service Delivery 35%	
Water and Sanitation Roads, Storm water & Transport Infrastructure Electrification Housing and land use management Educational Facilities Community services and related matters (refuse, waste, disaster management, pounding, cemeteries, libraries, firefighting, traffic & safety etc) Recreational facilities	To construct and maintain roads and related storm water; To ensure that all households have access to a reliable electricity network; To ensure that all waste sites operate according to license conditions; To ensure that all urban households have access to refuse removal services according to predetermined schedule; To ensure that all citizens in WMM LM have access to well-maintained public amenities; To provide a safe and secure environment for all citizens; To facilitate provision of housing for all qualifying beneficiaries
Local Economic Development & Spatial Planning 3	0%
Agriculture & Farming Forestry Tourism Development SMME Support Business, Trade & Manufacturing	To grow and strengthen the agricultural sector to contribute 10% in the local economy by 2022 To promote sustainable use of marine resources for the benefit of the local community and meaningful contribution in the local economy To promote enterprise development to contribute 3% to the local economy by 2022.
Financial Viability 15%	by 2022.
Revenue Management Budget & Expenditure Management Financial reporting Supply Chain Management Asset Management Financial policies and management	To obtain a clean audit by 2022 To improve financial management and financial viability linked to the Local Government financial bench-mark standard by 2022; To improve the revenue collection rate to 80% by 2022 To have a complete asset management unit To have a GRAP Compliant asset register To compile credible Annual Financial Statements
Good Governance and Public Participation 10%	
IDP & Performance Management Internal audit Communication & IGR Public participation and ward planning Special Programmes Customer care relations Legal Services By-laws and policies Council support	To promote participation and effective communication with communities and stakeholders; To promote efficiency and compliance within the municipality; To promote equity and inclusiveness of vulnerable focus groups such as youth, women, people with HIV& AIDS and people with disabilities; To obtain a clean audit by 2022 To address all matters as per the audit action plan; and To mitigate risk to an acceptable level based on the risk model adopted.
Municipal Transformation & Institutional Developme	
Organizational Administration & Development (Organogram + EEP) HR development Training and capacity building ICT infrastructure	To ensure a competent workforce to achieve organizational objectives; To contribute towards the improvement of skills and education levels in WMM LM To create a safe and healthy working environment. To ensure compliance with relevant legislation and to promote high standards of professionalism, and efficient use of resources as well as accountability. To provide a secure ICT infrastructure which delivers appropriate levels of data confidentiality, integrity and availability

5.5. Municipal Partnerships

The situational analysis has demonstrated that most of the development initiatives that the municipality would like to see being implemented in its municipal are a competency of other role – players and in particular the District Municipality and Provincial Government. In some cases, the resources for implementation are in the hands of Parastatals, such as ESKOM and private sector. There is also an issue of working in partnership with Traditional Leaders especially about issue of rural development planning such as allocation of land for residential and agricultural purpose.

5.6. Municipal Objectives, strategies and Project Implementation Plans 2022/2027

Outc	ome 9 Obj	ective																
Sub -	Issue	Strateg ic	Obj ecti	Strate gies	Baselin e	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Target			Budget: N	MTREF		Budge Source		Resp onsib
Res ult Are a		Objecti ve	ve No.		Informa tion	imple mente d		2022/2 023	2023/2024	2024/2025	2025/2026	2026/2 027	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inter nal	Ext ern al	le Agen cy/s
	Improv ed access to Basic Service s	To reduce access roads backlo g by constructing 20.1 kms by June 2027	1.1	By constructing 20,1 kms of gravel access roads by end June	865 kms in place	Constructed 7.5km Sidang a Access Road with Bridge end by June 2023	Numb er of Kms constr ucted from Sidang a Access Road with Bridge	7.5km of gravel access road and 3km of concr ete slab	Construct 3 bridges and approaches	N/A	N/A	N/A	R 15 470 172,55	R 12 787 999,00	N/A	N/A	MI G	WM MLM
Roads				2027	865 kms in place	Constructed 2.5km Siginqi ni to Marin a Access Road with bridge end by June 2023	Numb er of Kms constr ucted from Singin qini to Marin a Access Road	Const ruct 2.5km s of gravel access road with bridge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	R 10 600 000,00	N/A	N/A	N/A	MI G	WM MLM
					865 kms in place	Constr ucted 1.2km Tshon gweni Access Road end by June 2023	Numb er of Kms constr ucted from Tshon gweni Access Road	Const ruct 1.2km of gravel access road	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	R 2 500 000,00	N/A	N/A	N/A	MI G	WM MLM

KPA	N0: 01 BA	SIC SER	/ICE D	ELIVERY	(ENGINEE	RING SE	RVICES)											
Outc	ome 9 Ob	jective																
Sub -	Issue	Strateg ic	Obj ecti	Strate gies	Baselin e	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Target			Budget: N	ITREF		Budge		Resp onsib
Res ult Are a		Objecti ve	ve No.		Informa tion	imple mente d		2022/2 023	2023/2024	2024/2025	2025/2026	2026/2 027	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inter nal	Ext ern al	le Agen cy/s
					865 kms in place	Constr ucted 3.9km Tshuze to Luphili sweni Access Road end by June 2023	Numb er of Kms constr ucted from Tshuze to Luphis ilweni Access Road	Const ruct 3.9km of gravel access road	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	R 5 375 495,65	N/A	N/A	N/A	MI G	WM MLM
					865 kms in place	Constr ucted 5km Sixhan xeni Access Road end by June 2023	Numb er of Kms constr ucted from Sixhan xeni Access Road	Const ruct 5km of gravel access road	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	R 6 655 000,00	N/A	N/A	N/A	MI G	WM MLM
					8776 kms in place	Constu ction of Thalen i Bridge with access road	Numb er of Km of Thalen i access road with brige constr ucted	N/A	Construct 3.9 kms of Thaleni access road with brige	N/A	N/A	N/A	R -	R 4 567 890,00	N/A	N/A	MI G	WM MLM
					8776 kms in place	Constr uction of Mgom	Numb er of Km of Mgom	N/A	Construct 8.9 kms of Mgomazi access road	N/A	N/A	N/A	R -	R 8 985 789,98	N/A	N/A	MI G	WM MLM

Outo	ome 9 Ob	ojective																
Sub -	Issue	Strateg ic	Obj ecti	Strate gies	Baselin e	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Targe	t		Budget: I	MTREF		Budge Source	et e	Resp onsib
Res ult Are a		Objecti ve	ve No.		Informa tion	imple mente d		2022/2 023	2023/2024	2024/2025	2025/2026	2026/2 027	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inter nal	Ext ern al	le Agen cy/s
						azi Access Road- Phase 2	azi access road constr ucted											
					8776 kms in place	Constr uction of Mhlwa zini Access Road	Numb er of Kms of Mhlwa zi access road constr ucted	N/A	Construct 3.9 kms of Mhlwazi access road	N/A	N/A	N/A	R -	R 3 954 777,90	N/A	N/A	MI G	WM MLM
					8776 kms in place	Constr uction of Mgqut salala Access Road	Numb er of Km constr ucted from Mgqut salal access road	N/A	Construct 8.9 kms of Mgqutsalala access road	N/A	N/A	N/A	R -	R 6 879 444,88	N/A	N/A	MI G	WM MLM
					8776 kms in place	Rehabi litatio n of Mbon gwana via Dotye to Green ville Hospit al	Numb er of kms rehabil itated from Mbon gwana via Dotye to Green ville	N/A	Rehabilitate 18.8 kms of Mbongwana via Dotye to Greenville Hospital Access Road	N/A	N/A	N/A	R -	R 14 100 000,00	N/A	N/A	MI G	WM MLM

Outc	ome 9 Ob	jective																
Sub -	Issue	Strateg ic	Obj ecti	Strate gies	Baselin e	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Target			Budget: N	ITREF		Budge Source	et e	Resp onsib
Res ult Are a		Objecti ve	ve No.		Informa tion	imple mente d		2022/2 023	2023/2024	2024/2025	2025/2026	2026/2 027	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inter nal	Ext ern al	le Agen cy/s
						Access Road	Hospit al Access Road											
					8776 kms in place	Constr uction of Bhuku veni to Ntshiki ntshan e Concr ete Slab	Numb er of Kms constr ucted from Bhuku veni to Ntshiki ntshan e Concr ete Slab	N/A	Construct Bhukuveni to Ntshikintsha ne Concrete Slab	N/A	N/A	N/A	R -	R 2 938 658,02	N/A	N/A	MI G	WM MLM
Buildings	Improv ed access to Basic Service s	To construct 1 Early Childh ood Develo pment Centre (ECDC) in the village s of Bizana by end June 2023	1.2	By constructing 1 Early Childhood Development Centre (ECDC) using services of service	6 Early Childho od Develo pment Centre s	Construction of 1 Early Childh ood Develo pment Centre (ECDC) in Ward 13	1 Early Childh ood Develo pment Centre constr ucted	Const ruct 1 Early Childh ood Devel opme nt Centr e	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	R 3 500 000,00	R -	R -	Equi tabl e Sha re	N/ A	WM

Outc	ome 9 Ob	jective																
Sub	Issue	Strateg ic	Obj ecti	Strate gies	Baselin e	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Target			Budget: N	MTREF		Budge Source		Resp onsib
Res ilt Are		Objecti ve	ve No.		Informa tion	imple mente d		2022/2 023	2023/2024	2024/2025	2025/2026	2026/2 027	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inter nal	Ext ern al	le Agen cy/s
				e provid ers														
	Improv ed access to Basic Service s	To construct securit y guard houses at DLTC and Cultur al Village by June 2023	1,3	By constructing securi ty guard house s at DLTC and Cultur al Villag e	DLTC and Cultura I Village Buildin gs	Construction of securit y guard house at DLTC and Cultur al Village	Numb er of Securit y Guard House	Const ructio n of securi ty guard house at DLTC and Cultur al Villag e	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	R 3 000 000,00	R -	R -	Equi tabl e Sha re	N/ A	MLM
	Improv ed access to Basic Service s	To pgrade DTLC Buildin g by June 2025	1,4	By constructing office block with ablutions, Parking area for public and	DLTC Buildin g	Construction office block with abluti ons, Parkin g area for public and staff	Numb er of buildin g infrast ructur e upgra ded	N/A	Upgrading of DLTC building	Upgrading of DLTC building	N/A	N/A	R -	R 5 000 000,00	R 7 000 000,00	Equi tabl e Sha re	N/ A	WM MLW

	ome 9 Ob				(ENGINEE													
Sub -	Issue	Strateg ic	Obj ecti	Strate gies	Baselin e	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Target			Budget: N	MTREF		Budge		Resp
Res ult Are a		Objecti ve	ve No.		Informa tion	imple mente d		2022/2 023	2023/2024	2024/2025	2025/2026	2026/2 027	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inter nal	Ext ern al	le Agen cy/s
				staff and perim eter lights at DLTC buildi ng		and perim eter lights												
	Improv ed access to Basic Service s	To upgrad e Vehicl e Pound by June 2026	1,5	By constructing office block with abluti ons, Parkin g area and perimeter lights vehicle pound	Vehicle pound Buildin g	Construction office block with abluti ons, Parkin g area and perim eter lights	Numb er of buildin g infrast ructur e upgra ded	N/A	N/A	Upgrading of Vehicle pound	Upgrading of Vehicle pound	N/A	R -	R -	R 3 000 000,00	Equi tabl e Sha re	N/ A	WM
	Improv ed access to Basic Service s	To instal perime ter lights at Munici pal Mainb uilding	1,6	By install ation of perim etre lights at Munic apl	Munici pal Main Bulding and Cultura I Village Buildin gs	Install ation of perim eter lights at Munici pal Main	Numb er of buildin gs install ed with perim ater ligths	Instal ation of perim eter ligths at Main buildi ng	Instalation of perimeter ligths at Main building and cultural village	N/A	N/A	N/A	R 2 500 000,00	R 4 000 000,00	R -	Equi tabl e Sha re	N/ A	WM MLM

KPA	N0: 01 BA	SIC SERV	/ICE DI	ELIVERY	(ENGINEE	RING SEI	RVICES)											
Outc	ome 9 Ob	jective																
Sub -	Issue	Strateg ic	Obj ecti	Strate gies	Baselin e	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Target			Budget: N	ITREF		Budge		Resp onsib
Res ult Are a		Objecti ve	ve No.		Informa tion	imple mente d		2022/2 023	2023/2024	2024/2025	2025/2026	2026/2 027	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inter nal	Ext ern al	le Agen cy/s
		and Cultur al Villgag e by June 2024		Main Buildi ng and Cultur al Villag e		Buildin g and Cultur al Village		and cultur al village										
Spo rt Fiel ds	Improv ed access to Basic Service s	To provid e sportin g faciliti es for the comm unity	1,7	By constructing Phase 3 of Mphu thumi Mafu mbat ha Sportfield by using services of Consultants & Contractors	One underd evelop ed sportsfi eld in the CBD	Phase 3 Construction of Mphut humi Mafu mbath a Sports field	Constr ucted Phase 3 of Mphut humi Mafu mbath a Sportfi eld	Compl ete the constr uction of Phase 3 of Mphu thumi Mafu mbat ha Sports field	N/A	Construction Multi- Purpose Centre for Mphuthumi Mafumbath a Sportsfield	Construction and Completion of Multi- Purpose Centre for Mphuthumi Mafumbath a Sportsfield	N/A	R 5 000 000,00	N/A	R 10 000 000,00	Equi tabl e Sha re	N/ A	WM MLM
EP WP	High unemp loyme nt rate	Provid e short term EPWP job opport unities to	1,8	By facilit ating recrui tment of EPWP worke	400 EPWP Jobs created by end June 2022	Creati ng of 400 EPWP Job Oppor tunitie S	Numb er of EPWP Job Oppor tunitie s	Creat e 400 EPWP Job Oppor tuniti es	Create 450 EPWP Job Opportuniti es	Create 500 EPWP Job Opportunitie s	Create 550 EPWP Job Opportunitie s	Creat e 600 EPWP Job Oppor tuniti es				N/A	EP WP	WM MLM

			/ICE DI	ELIVERY	(ENGINEE	RING SE	RVICES)											
Sub -	ome 9 Ob	Strateg ic	Obj ecti	Strate gies	Baselin e	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Target	:		Budget: N	MTREF		Budge		Resp
Res ult Are a		Objecti ve	ve No.		Informa tion	imple mente d		2022/2 023	2023/2024	2024/2025	2025/2026	2026/2 027	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inter nal	Ext ern al	le Agen cy/s
3		allevia te povert y and unemp loyme nt		rs in all WMM LM Ward s			create d											
Roads Maintances	Improv ed road netwo rk in CBD	To routin ely mainta in a better standa rd of our CBD Roads	1,9	By appointing service providers to maintain CBD Roads and acquisition of small tools and equipment for maintance	6.3 km tarred roads	CBD Road Maina tenanc e	Numb ers of square meter s of pothol es patche d	400m 2 potho les patch ed	500m² potholes patched	600m² potholes patched	400m² potholes patched	200m 2 potho les patch ed	R 3 000 000,00	R 3 300 000,00	R 3 850 000,00	Equi tabl e Sha re	N/ A	WM MLM

	ome 9 Ob		יוכב טו	LLIVERI	(ENGINEE	KING SEI	KVICES)											
Sub - Res	Issue	Strateg ic Objecti	Obj ecti ve	Strate gies	Baselin e Informa	Project to be imple	Output - KPI	2022/2	2023/2024	Annual Target	2025/2026	2026/2	Budget: N	MTREF Yr 2	Yr 3	Budge Source Inter		Resp onsib le
ult Are a		ve	No.		tion	mente d		023				027				nal	ern al	Agen cy/s
	Road rehabil itation	To routin ely rehabil itate 20km gravel access roads	1,1	By utilisi ng the servic es of servic e provid ers and intern al plant to maint ain gravel access roads.	865 km gravel access roads	Maint ainanc e of gravel access roads	Numb er of kilome ters of gravel access roads maint ained	75km of gravel access roads Maint ained	85km of gravel access roads Maintained	90km of gravel access roads Maintained	100km of gravel access roads Maintained	100k m of gravel access roads Maint ained	R 18 000 000,00	R 21 000 000,00	R 25 000 000,00	Equi tabl e Sha re	N/ A	WM MLM
Buil din gs	Buildin g infrast ructur e not into accept ed standa rds	To mainta in rehabil itate and repair bulidin gs structu res and related infrast ructur e	1,1	By emplo ying servivi ces of servic e provid ers to maina ining, rehabi litatin g and repair ing munic ipal	Munici pal buildin gs	Period ic repairs and maint ananc e of Munici pal buildin gs	Numb er of buildin g infrast ructur e period ically repair ed and maint aned.	Perio dic repair s and maint ananc e of Munic ipal buildi ngs	Periodic repairs and maintananc e of Municipal buildings	Periodic repairs and maintananc e of Municipal buildings	Periodic repairs and maintananc e of Municipal buildings	Perio dic repair s and maint ananc e of Munic ipal buildi ngs	R 4 900 000,00	R 5 225 000,00	R 5 550 000,00	Equi tabl e Sha re	N/ A	WM

			VICE DI	ELIVERY	(ENGINEE	KING SEI	RVICES)											
Sub -	ome 9 Obj	Strateg ic	Obj ecti	Strate gies	Baselin e	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Target			Budget: N	ITREF		Budge Source		Resp onsib
Res ult Are a		Objecti ve	ve No.	3 **	Informa tion	imple mente d		2022/2 023	2023/2024	2024/2025	2025/2026	2026/2 027	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inter nal	Ext ern al	le Agen cy/s
				bulidi ngs and relate d infrast ructur e														
city	Electrif ication of rural house holds	Ensure reliabl e provisi on of electri city to house holds	1,1 2	Conne ct electri city to forma I house holds within the munic ipal	42 834 househ olds with electric ity	Electri ficatio n of Xholo beni Village	Numb er of Kms of house holds conne cted and energi zed in Xholo beni	Conne cting and energ zing of 385 house holds in Xholo beni	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	R 3 000 000,00	R -	R -	N/A	INE P	WM MLM
Electricity				jurisdi ction		Electri ficatio n of Lower Etheri dge Village	Numb er of Kms of house holds conne cted and energi zed in Lower Etheri dge	Electri ficatio n of Lower Etheri dge Villag e	Connecting and energzing of 330 households in Lower Etheridge	N/A	N/A	N/A	R 7 000 000,00	R 7 000 000,00	R -	N/A	INE P	WM MLM

Outc	ome 9 Ob	jective																
Sub	Issue	Strateg ic	Obj ecti	Strate gies	Baselin e	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Target	:		Budget: N	ITREF		Budge Source	et e	Resp onsib
Res ult Are		Objecti ve	ve No.		Informa tion	imple mente d		2022/2 023	2023/2024	2024/2025	2025/2026	2026/2 027	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inter nal	Ext ern al	le Agen cy/s
						Electri ficatio n of Msarh weni Village	Numb er of Kms of house holds conne cted and energi zed in Msarh weni	Electri ficatio n of Msarh weni Villag e	Connecting and energzing of 394 households in Msarhweni	N/A	N/A	N/A	R 7 000 000,00	R 7 000 000,00	R -	N/A	INE P	WM MLM
						Electri ficatio n of Zizitya neni Village	Numb er of Kms of house holds conne cted and energi zed in Zizitya neni	Electri ficatio n of Zizitya neni Villag e	Connecting and energzing of 298 households in Zizityaneni	N/A	N/A	N/A	R 7 000 000,00	R 7 000 000,00	R -	N/A	INE P	WM MLM
						Electri ficatio n of Nomla cu Village	Numb er of Kms of house holds conne cted and energi zed in Nomla cu	Electri ficatio n of Noml acu Villag e	Connecting and energzing of 391 households in Nomlacu	N/A	N/A	N/A	R 7 000 000,00	R 7 000 000,00	R -	N/A	INE P	WM MLM

Outc	ome 9 Ob	iective																
Sub -	Issue	Strateg ic	Obj ecti	Strate gies	Baselin e	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Target			Budget: N	ITREF		Budge		Resp onsib
Res ult Are a		Objecti ve	ve No.		Informa tion	imple mente d		2022/2 023	2023/2024	2024/2025	2025/2026	2026/2 027	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inter nal	Ext ern al	le Agen cy/s
	Insuffi cient electri city capacit y in rural village s	To ensure that there is enoug h electri c capacit y for the increas ing growt h in rural village s	1,1	Const ruct a new Subst ation at Zwelit sha village	Vancan t land	Constr uction of Zwelit sha substa tion	Numb er of Substa tion constr ucted	N/A	Design of Zwelitsha substation	Consttructio n of Zwelitsha substation	N/A	N/A	R -	R 6 500 000,00	R 50 000 000,00	N/A	INE P	WM MLM
	Low Voltag e lines upgrad e	Have a condu ctive and safe electri city netwo rk	1,1	Install ation of 35mm , 4 core Aerial Bundl e conductors.	4,5 KM of Low Voltage lines upgrad ed in town	Low Voltag e lines Upgra de	Numb er of LV lines and poles replac ed replac ed	7KM of Low Volag e lines upgra ded	5KM of Low Voltage lines upgraded	3KM of Low Voltage lines upgraded	N/A	N/A	R 3 500 000,00	R 2 500 000,00	R 2 000 000,00	Equi tabl e Sha re	N/ A	WM MLM
	Install ation of High Mast Lights	Have safer and light efficie nt	1,1 5	Facilit atting the install ation and energi	Two High Mast Lights Installe d	Install ation of High Mast Lights	Numb er of High mast lights install ed	Two High Mast Lights install ed	Two High Mast Lights installed	Two High Mast Lights installed	Two High Mast Lights installed	N/A	R 2 300 000,00	R 2 400 000,00	R 2 500 000,00	Equi tabl e Sha re	N/ A	WM MLM

Outc	ome 9 Ob	jective																
Sub -	Issue	Strateg ic	Obj ecti	Strate gies	Baselin e	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Target			Budget: N	ITREF		Budge Source		Resp onsib
Res ult Are a		Objecti ve	ve No.		Informa tion	imple mente d		2022/2 023	2023/2024	2024/2025	2025/2026	2026/2 027	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inter nal	Ext ern al	le Agen cy/s
u		streets		sing of High Mast lights.	Highlan d View													
	Maint enanc e of Electri city Infrast ructur e	Reduc e techni cal loosse s and have reliabl e,safe distrib ution netwo rk.	1,1	Repla ceme nt of old and faulty electri city infrast ructur e	Five vandali sed meter kiosks and 22 meters replace d.	Replac ement of electri city infrast ructur e	Numb er of damag ed and faulty infrast ructur e replac ed	Repla ceme nt of all faulty electri city infrast ructur e in town.	Replacemen t of all faulty electricity infrastructur e in town.	Replacemen t of all faulty electricity infrastructur e in town.	Replacemen t of all faulty electricity infrastructur e in town.	Repla ceme nt of all faulty electri city infrast ructur e in town.	R 1 000 000,00	R 1 500 000,00	R 2 00 000,00	Equi tabl e Sha re	N/ A	WM MLN

KPA N0:1 BASIC SERVICE DELIVERY (COMMUNITY SERVICES) Outcome 9 Objective Result Area Issue **Strate** Obi Strategi Baseli **Projec** Outp **Annual Target Budget: MTREF Budget** Res qic ecti es ne t to be ut -Source pons **Object** ve Inform imple **KPI** 2022/2 2023/2 2025/2 <u>Yr 1</u> Ext ible 2024/2 2026/2 Yr 2 Int ive No. ation mente Age 023 024 025 026 027 er ern d ncy/ al nal S То Subsidi Subsid Numb Subsidi Subsidi Subsidi Subsidi Subsidi R4 R4 R4 Ye WM High 1,1 Ву 900 949 number of ensure providin ze izes er of zes zes 623 MLM zes zes zes 5206 5500 5800 428,4 indigent subdiz q 6500 benefi 5500 6000 6300 6500 041,0 424,1 benefic households ation beneficia qualify ciarie qualifyi qualifyi qualifyi qualifyi qualifyi of poor ries with iaries ing s ng ng ng ng ng house free grid with benefi receiv benefic benefic benefic benefic benefic electricit free ciaries iaries iaries iaries holds ing iaries iaries y & 6000 grid with with with with with with in free order FBAE by electric grid grid grid grid grid grid grid ity & electri electric electric electric electric to June subsi electric 2027 5980 dy & ity and ity and ity and ity and receive city ity and 4000 basic benefic and receiv 6000 5150 4500wi 4000 iaries 6000 with th with with service ing with FBAE **FBAE FBAE FBAE FBAE FBAE** s by with with services 2027 **FBA FBAE** by by by by by 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 R654 R693 WM Inconsistent 1,1 By Adopte 5 Revie Review Review Review Review Review R 617 Ye indigent facilitatin ed and ed and ed and ed and 059.9 083.4 283.4 MLM annual wed ed and credibl register review and adopte adopte adopte adopte adopte 2 basic process al and d d d adopt d of indigen adopti ed 1credib 1credib 1credib 1credib 1credib credib applicati on of le le le le Free ons for registe indige le indigen indigen indigen indigen indigen indige reviewal nt of register register register register register registe nt indiaent regist by by by by by register er June June June June June 2024 2025 2026 by June 2023 2027 2027 R514 R544 WM By Condu Condu Numb Condu Condu Condu Condu Condu R484 Ye 933,0 conducti cted 5 ct 20 ct 4 cted 4 ct 4 029, 871,1 MLM er of ct 4 ct 4 indigen Indige indige indigen indigen indigen indigen 40 indigen ng awarene nt nt awaren aware aware awaren awaren SS awaren awaren awaren campaig ess ness ness ess ess ess ess ess ns to campai campa camp campai campai campai campai campai assist gns ign by aigns gns by gns by gns by gns by gns by process end

KPA N0:1 BASIC SERVICE DELIVERY (COMMUNITY SERVICES) Outcome 9 Objective Result Area Issue **Strate** Obi Strategi **Baseli** Projec Outp **Annual Target Budget: MTREF Budget** Res qic ecti es ne t to be ut -Source pons **Object** ve Inform imple **KPI** ible 2022/2 2023/2 2024/2 2025/2 2026/2 Yr 1 Yr 2 Int Ext ive No. ation mente 023 024 025 026 027 Age Sub er ern d ncy/ nal al S of June condu June June June June June 2027 2024 2025 2026 2027 applicati cted 2023 ons for reviewal of indigent register by June 2027 Nil Nil WM Non Providi Numb Provid Provid Provid Provid Provid Nil Ye 1,1 By New compliance providin indicat ng er of e 818 e 838 e 858 e 878 e 908 MLM s with g 940 818 benefi qualifyi qualifyi qualifyi qualifyi qualifyi or beneficia qualify indigent ciarie ng ng ng ng ng policy ries with ing benefic benefic benefic benefic benefic s free benefi qualif iaries iaries iaries iaries iaries with with with with refuse ciaries ying with removal with for free free free free free by June free free refuse refuse refuse refuse refuse 2027 refuse refuse remova service remova remova remova remov remov s by I by al. al. service June June service service 2024 2025 s by s by s by June June June 2023 2026 2027 1 502 Ye WM Lack of To 1,2 Ву Assess Recor Asses Assess Assess Assess Assess Assess 1 511 1 521 systematic establi Monitori ed & d, sed & & & & & & 982,0 999,9 071,9 MLM Disaster Management approach in sh a ng, respon asses respo respon respon respon respon respon responding assessin ded to s all nded d to d to d to d to unifor d to to disaster m 557 report to reporte reporte reporte reporte reporte g and risk coreporte ed report d & d & d & d & d & approa manageme ch in ordinatin d & disast ed & record record record record record record record ed ed ed ed ed nt monito er g Council' ed disaste disaste ring manag ed disaste disaste disaste and disaste ement disast s respon disaster incide er inciden inciden inciden inciden inciden ding to risk inciden nces & incide ces ces ces ces ces within within within within within disaste manage ces respon nces within d within 72 72 72 72 72 ment. related 72 within 72 hours hours hours hours hours 72 inciden hours hours, and and and and and

Dutco	ome 9 Objec	tive																
Result Area	Issue	Strate gic	Obj ecti	Strategi es	Baseli ne	Projec t to be	Outp ut -		Aı	nnual Tarç	get		Budget	: MTREF		Bud Sou		Res
Sub - R		Object ive	ve No.		Inform ation	imple mente d	KPI	2022/2 023	2023/2 024	2024/2 025	2025/2 026	2026/2 027	Yr 1	Yr 2		Int er nal	Ext ern al	ible Age ncy/ s
		ces by June 2027.			and conduc ted 20 disaste r awaren ess campai gns .	hours and Launc h condu ct 4 disast er aware ness campa igns.	and numb er of disast er aware ness camp aigns condu cted	conduc t 4 disaste r awaren ess campai gns by June 2023.	conduc t 4 disaste r awaren ess campai gns by June 2024.	conduc t 4 disaste r awaren ess campai gns by June 2025.	conduc t 4 disaste r awaren ess campai gns by June 2026.	conduc t 4 disaste r awaren ess campai gns by June 2027.						
					Adhoc k respon se to PIER(Public Inform ation Educat ion Relatio ns	Launc h of 5 PIER as Risk Reduc tion Strate gy by June 2027	Numb er of PIER Cond ucted	Launch of School s Safety Plans and Comm unity Emerg ency Response Team(CERT) by June 2023	Launch of Girls in Adoles cence stage by June 2024	Launch of Wome n in Risk Reduct ion by June 2025	Strengt hen and Reduc e substa nce abuse in School s(Boys project) by 2026	Launch of Elderly people and Disabili ty by June 2027	R500 000.0 0	503 000	506 018,0 0	Ye s		WM MLI

KPA N	10:1 BASIC SE	RVICE D	ELIVE	RY (COMMU	JNITY SEI	RVICES)												
	me 9 Objectiv	re																
Result Area	Issue	Strate gic	Obj ecti	Strategi es	Baseli ne	Projec t to be	Outp ut -		Aı	nnual Tarç	get		Budget	: MTREF		Bud Sou		Res pons
Sub - R		Object ive	ve No.		Inform ation	imple mente d	KPI	2022/2 023	2023/2 024	2024/2 025	2025/2 026	2026/2 027	Yr 1	Yr 2		Int er nal	Ext ern al	ible Age ncy/ s
Fire Prevention Plan	High rate of unmonitore d fires	To establi sh a unifor m approa ch in monito ring and respon ding to disaste r related inciden ces by June 2027.	1,2	By developi ng a strategy by June 2027.	Adhoc respon se to unmoni tored fires	Devel op a plan &Signi ng of MOU	Adopt ed fire preve ntion plan &Num ber of MOU signe d	Develo p Fire Manag ement Plan by June 2023	Signing of MOU by June 2024	Adopte d 1 Fire Preven tion Plan by June 2025	Implem entatio n of Fire manag ement Plan by June 2026	Implem entatio n of Fire manag ement Plan by June 2027	R500 000.0 0	R503 000	506 018	Yes		WM MLM
Recreational facilities	Adhoc operation& manageme nt of community facilities	To provid e sustain able service s of munici pal facilitie s to the comm unities by 2027.	1,2	By operatin g &managi ng proper functioni ng of municipa I facilities by June 2027.	Operat ed & manag ed 36 munici pal facilitie s.	Operat e & Manag e 36 Comm unity facilitie s	Numb er of munic ipal faciliti es operat ed & mana ged	Operat ed & manag ed 38 Comm unity facilitie s by June 2023	Operat ed & manag ed 38 Comm unity facilitie s by June 2024	Operat ed & manag ed 38 Comm unity facilitie s by June 2025	Operat ed & manag ed 38 Comm unity facilitie s by June 2026	Operat ed & manag ed 38 Comm unity facilitie s by June 2027	1 000 000,0 0	1 006 000	1 012 036	Yes		WM MLM

	IO:1 BASIC SE		ELIVEF	RY (COMMU	JNITY SEF	RVICES)												
Result Area	me 9 Objectiv	Strate gic	Obj ecti	Strategi es	Baseli ne	Projec t to be	Outp ut -		Aı	nnual Tarç	get		Budget	: MTREF		Bud		Res
Sub - Ro		Object ive	ve No.		Inform ation	imple mente d	KPI	2022/2 023	2023/2 024	2024/2 025	2025/2 026	2026/2 027	Yr 1	Yr 2		Int er nal	Ext ern al	ible Age ncy/ s
Services	Unsecured recreational facilities	To provid e sustain able service s of munici pal facilitie s to the comm unities by June 2027	1,2	By facilitatin g fencing of recreatio nal facility by June 2027	26 recreat ional facilitie s fenced	36 recrea tional facilitie s fenced by June 2027	Numb er of recrea tional faciliti es fence d	Fencin g of 2 recreati onal facilitie s by June 2023	Fencin g of 2 recreati onal facilitie s by June 2024	Fencin g of 2 recreati onal facilitie s by June 2025	Fencin g of 2 recreati onal facilitie s by June 2026	Fencin g of 2 recreati onal facilitie s by June 2027	2 000 000	2 012 000	2 024 072	Ye s		WM MLM
Library Services	Poor Access to basic Library Services	To provid e readin g and study materi al by 2027	1,2 5	By achievin g mobilisat ion of a new fully fledged Mobile Library and operatio nal within the community by 2027	New Indicat or	Purch ase of 1 new fully fledge d mobile library with cyber cadet	Numb er of Mobil e librari es purch ased	Nil	Purcha se of 1 new fully fledged mobile library with cyber cadet by June 2024	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	2 500 000.0 0	1 000 000.0 0			

Issue	gio		Obj ecti	Strategi es	Baseli ne	Projec t to be	Outp ut -		Ar	nual Targ	jet		Budget	: MTREF		Bud		Re po
	Ōb ive	oject e	ve No.		Inform ation	imple mente d	KPI	2022/2 023	2023/2 024	2024/2 025	2025/2 026	2026/2 027	Yr 1	Yr 2		Int er nal	Ext ern al	ib Ag no
High ra	factors of the second of the s	cilitat ovisi of rary ervice o obizan omm	1,2 6	By instilling a culture of reading and life long learning upgradin g the existing by June 2027	Conducted 4 library awaren ess campai gns, Maintai ned 3 Mbizan a librarie s, Provid ed Library signag e for 2 librarie s.	Conduct 8 library aware ness campa igns, mainta in & equip 5 librarie s, supply 3400 periodi cals, New library to be built	Numb er of library aware ness camp aigns condu cted	Condu ct 5 library awaren ess campai gns, Maintai n & equip 4 librarie s, Supply 3000 periodi cals and monitor ing library statistic s by June	Condu ct 6 library awaren ess campai gns, Maintai n & equip 5 librarie s, Supply 3200 periodi cals and monitor ing library statistic s by June	Conduct 7 library awaren ess campai gns, Maintai n & equip 5 librarie s, Supply 3400 periodi cals by June 2025	Condu ct 8 library awaren ess campai gns, Maintai n & equip 5 librarie s, Supply 3200 periodi cals and monitor ing library statistic s by June	Condu ct 8 library awaren ess campai gns, Maintai n & equip 5 librarie s, Supply 3400 periodi cals and monitor ing library statistic s by June	849 808,3 6	900 796,9 0	954 844,8 0			

	ome 9 Objectiv	re e																
- Result Area	Issue	Strate gic	Obj ecti	Strategi es	Baseli ne	Projec t to be	Outp ut -		Ar	nnual Tarç	get		Budget	t: MTREF	'	Bud Sou	_	Res pons
Sub - R		Object ive	ve No.		Inform ation	imple mente d	KPI	2022/2 023	2023/2 024	2024/2 025	2025/2 026	2026/2 027	Yr 1	Yr 2		Int er nal	Ext ern al	ible Age ncy/ s
Environmental Management	Inadequate legal environmen tal tools. Required continuous maintenanc e of beaches	To ensure conser vation and manag ement of natural resour ces for sustain able use by 2027	1,2 7	By reviewin g environ mental manage ment tools and conduct awarene ss campaig ns by June 2027	Review ed and adopte d Climat e Chang e Strateg y, Condu cted Enviro nment al Aware ness Campa igns,	Imple ment Climat e Chang e Strate gy & condu ct 4 enviro nment al aware ness campa igns, Adopt Air Qualit y Manag ement Plan, Devel op Enviro nment al By-Laws, Forma tion of Munici pal Enviro nment al Sub-Comm ittee	Numb er of Coun cil adopt ed docu ments	Adopt Air Quality Manag ement Plan, Implem ent Climat e Chang e Strateg y, Develo p Enviro nmenta I By- Laws, Condu ct Enviro nmenta I Aware ness Campa igns by June 2023	Implem ent Air Quality Manag ement Plan, Implem ent Climat e Chang e Strateg y, Adopti on Enviro nmenta I By-Laws, Condu ct Enviro nmenta I Aware ness Campa igns, develo p the Enviro nmenta I Manag ement Frame work by	Implem ent Air Quality Manag ement Plan, Implem ent Climat e Chang e Strateg y, Implem entatio n Enviro nmenta I By-Laws, Condu ct Enviro nmenta I Aware ness Campa igns, Adopti on of the Enviro nmenta I Manag ement Frame work	Implem ent Air Quality Manag ement Plan, Implem ent Climat e Chang e Strateg y, Implem entatio n Enviro nmenta I By-Laws, Condu ct Enviro nmenta I Aware ness Campa igns, Implem entatio n of the Enviro nmenta I Manag ement Frame work	Implem ent Air Quality Manag ement Plan, Implem ent Climat e Chang e Strateg y, Implem entatio n Enviro nmenta I By-Laws, Condu ct Enviro nmenta I Aware ness Campa igns, Implem entatio n of the Enviro nmenta I Manag ement Frame work	R660 036.5 6	R699 638.7 5	R741 0617. 08	YES		WM M- LM

	me 9 Object	ive																
Result Area	Issue	Strate gic	Obj ecti	Strategi es	Baseli ne	Projec t to be	Outp ut -		Aı	nnual Tarç	get		Budget	: MTREF		Bud Sou		Res pons
Sub - R		Object ive	ve No.		Inform ation	imple mente d	KPI	2022/2 023	2023/2 024	2024/2 025	2025/2 026	2026/2 027	Yr 1	Yr 2		Int er nal	Ext ern al	ible Age ncy/ s
									June 2024	by June 2025	by June 2026	by June 2027						
				By facilitatin g applicati on for blue flag beaches and provision of signage by June 2027	Applie d for blue flag beache s & Provid ed beach materi al	Applic ation of Blue Flag Beach es & provid e beach materi al, develo p Coast	Numb er of Coun cil adopt ed docu ments	Applica tion of Blue Flag Beach es & provide beach materia I, develo p Coasta I by- laws	Applica tion of Blue Flag Beach es & provide beach materia I, develo p Coasta I by- laws	Applica tion of Blue Flag Beach es & provide beach materia I, develo p Coasta I by- laws	Applica tion of Blue Flag Beach es & provide beach materia I, develo p Coasta I by- laws	Applica tion of Blue Flag Beach es & provide beach materia I, develo p Coasta I by- laws	R105 580,2 4	11191 5.05	11862 9.95			

KPA N0:1 BASIC SERVICE DELIVERY (COMMUNITY SERVICES) Outcome 9 Objective Result Area **Annual Target Budget: MTREF** Issue **Strate** Obi Strategi **Baseli** Projec Outp **Budget** Res qic ecti es ne t to be ut -Source pons **Object** ve Inform imple **KPI** ible 2022/2 2023/2 2024/2 2025/2 2026/2 Yr 1 Yr 2 Int Ext ive No. ation mente 023 024 025 026 027 Age Sub er ern ncy/ nal al S al byand and and and and Develo Develo Develo Develo Develo laws and pment pment pment pment pment Devel of of of of of wetlan opmen wetlan wetlan wetlan wetlan t of d d wetlan Audits Audits Audits Audits Audits d Audits Operat R2 R2 R2 Irregular To 1,2 By Operat Numb Operat Operat Operat Operat Operat maintenanc provid maintaini ed er of 035 157 286 е е е е е e of Parks, Cemet Coun Cemet Cemet 200 312 751 е ng Cemet Cemet Cemet Cemet Manageme sustain proper cil ery, ery, ery, ery, ery, ery, ery, Maintai Maintai nt of Maintai Mainta adopt Maintai Maintai Maintai able functioni arks, Cemetery & Municipal facilities Cemetery service ng of ned in ed n n n n n &other s of cemeter Parks Parks docu Parks Parks Parks **Parks** Parks Municipal Parks. y, parks and and ments and and and and and Munici Munici facilities. Cemet Munici Munici Munici Munici Munici and eries municipa pal pal pal pal pal pal pal and facilitie facilitie facilitie facilitie facilitie facilitie facilitie munici facilities S, S, S, s, s, s, pal by June operati Enviro constru operati operati operati facilitie 2027 on of nmenta ction of on of on of on of s by cremat cremat cremat cremat cremat 2027 orium, Impact orium, orium, orium, orium, operati Assess constru operati operati operati on of ction of on of on of on of ment chapel (EIA) chapel chape chape chape by by for the by by by June June June June cremat June 2026 2027 2027 orium, 2024 2025 **EMPr** for chapel, develo Educati

KPA N	NO:1 BASIC SE	ERVICE D	ELIVE	RY (COMMU	JNITY SEI	RVICES)												
	me 9 Objectiv	/e																
Result Area	Issue	Strate gic	Obj ecti	Strategi es	Baseli ne	Projec t to be	Outp ut -		Aı	nnual Tar	get		Budge	t: MTREF		Bud Sou		Res pons
Sub - R		Object ive	ve No.		Inform ation	imple mente d	KPI	2022/2 023	2023/2 024	2024/2 025	2025/2 026	2026/2 027	Yr 1	Yr 2		Int er nal	Ext ern al	ible Age ncy/ s
								on Centre within uMtha mvuna Medici nal Nurser y by June 2023										
Waste Management	Poor provision measures to remediate contaminat ed land.	To ensure proper dispos al of waste.	1,2	By ensuring the effective and efficient disposal of waste by June 2027.	routine rehabili tation of EXT 03 dumpin g site were done and 1 financi al projecti ons report was compil ed.	routine rehabil itation of EXT 03 dumpi ng site and compil ation of 1 financi al project ions report.	routin e rehabi litatio n of EXT3 dumpi ng site & 1 financ ial projec tion report s compi led	routine rehabili tation of EXT 03 dumpin g site and 1 Financi al projecti on report compli ed by June 2023.	routine rehabili tation of EXT 03 dumpin g site and 1 Financi al projecti on report compli ed by June 2024.	routine rehabili tation of EXT 03 dumpin g site and 1 Financi al projecti on report compli ed by June 2025.	routine rehabili tation of EXT 03 dumpin g site and 1 Financi al projecti on report compli ed by June 2026.	routine rehabili tation of EXT 03 dumpin g site and 1 Financi al projecti on report compli ed by June 2027.	R1 896 000.0 0	R2 009 760.0 0	R2 130 345.0 6	Ye s	N/ A	WM MLM

	me 9 Objectiv	e Strate	Obj	Strategi	Baseli	Projec	Outp		Δι	nual Targ	net .		Rudget	:: MTREF		Bud	aet	Res
Area	13306	gic	ecti	es	ne	t to be	ut -		Ai	illuai Tarç			Buuget	1911111		Soul		por
		Object ive	ve No.		Inform ation	imple mente d	KPI	2022/2 023	2023/2 024	2024/2 025	2025/2 026	2026/2 027	Yr 1	Yr 2		Int er nal	Ext ern al	ible Age ncy s
	Inadequate, compliant landfills which hinders safe disposal of all waste streams.	To establi sh effectiv e compli ance with Waste Act.	1,3 0	By establish ment of proper disposal site by June 2027.	New indicat or.	Construction of Majazi Landfill I site and Establi shmen t of a region al landfill site.	One Landfi Il site constr ucted. EIA Autho rizatio n obtain ed	Construction of Majazi Landfill site. Rankin g of suitable site for landfill site by June 2023.	Construction of Majazi landfill site. Conduct EIA for regiona I landfill site by June 2024.	Constr uction of landfill site by June 2025.	Operati onal and audit landfill site by June 2026.	Operati onal and audit landfill site by June 2027.	R10 500 000.0 0	R10 962 000.0 0	R11 455 290.0 0	Ye s	N/ A	ML
	High volumes of obstacles which causes harm/nuisa nce to the environmen t.	To ensure proper collecti on and dispos al of enviro nment al threate ning obstacl es.	1,3	By collectin g, transport ing and safely disposin g of all environ mental threateni ng obstacle s by June 2027.	200 environ mental threate ning obstacl es were attend ed.	Attend to report ed and record ed enviro nment al threat ening obstac les by June 2027.	Numb er of enviro nment al threat ening obsta cles attend ed to	Attend to 250 reporte d and record ed environ mental threate ning obstacl es by June 2023.	Attend to 300 reporte d and record ed environ mental threate ning obstacl es by June 2024.	Attend to 350 reporte d and record ed environ mental threate ning obstacl es by June 2025.	Attend to 400 reporte d and record ed environ mental threate ning obstacl es by June 2026.	Attend to 450 reporte d and record ed environ mental threate ning obstacl es by June 2027.	R381 600.0 0	R404 496.0 0	R428 765,7 6	Ye s	N/ A	WN ML

ome 9 Objectiv	Strate gic	Obj ecti	Strategi es	Baseli ne	Projec t to be	Outp ut -		Ar	nnual Targ	jet		Budge	: MTREF		Bud		Res
	Object ive	ve No.		Inform ation	imple mente d	KPI	2022/2 023	2023/2 024	2024/2 025	2025/2 026	2026/2 027	Yr 1	Yr 2		Int er nal	Ext ern al	ible Ag nc
Inadequate delivery of waste service and Limited knowledge to communitie s about the importance of living in a healthy environmen t.	To ensure effectiv e and efficien t deliver y of waste service by June 2027	1,3 2	By providin g waste manage ment working resource s to employe es, conducti ng waste educatio n program mes, environ mental awarene ss campaig ns, and clean up campaig ns for proper waste delivery by June 2027.	Provid ed cleanin g resour ces to 168 employ ees & 1362 househ olds and 50 waste recept acles were installe d, provide d PPE to 215 benefic iaries and conduc ted 3 waste manag ement awaren ess campai	Provid e workin g resour ces to emplo yees and condu ct 20 waste manag ement aware ness campa igns by June 2027.	Numb er of resour ces provid ed and issue d	Provid e workin g resourc es to employ ees and conduc t 4 waste manag ement awaren ess campai gns BY June 2023.	Provid e workin g resourc es to employ ees and conduc t 4 waste manag ement awaren ess campai gns BY June 2024.	Provid e workin g resourc es to employ ees and conduc t 4 waste manag ement awaren ess campai gns BY June 2025.	Provid e workin g resourc es to employ ees and conduc t 4 waste manag ement awaren ess campai gns BY June 2026	Provid e workin g resourc es to employ ees and conduc t 4 waste manag ement awaren ess campai gns BY June 2027.	R1 878 685.0 7	R1 991 405.6 7	R2 110 890.0 5			

Outco	me 9 Objectiv	re																
Result Area	Issue	Strate gic	Obj ecti	Strategi es	Baseli ne	Projec t to be	Outp ut -		Ar	nnual Targ	get		Budget	: MTREF		Bud Sou		Res
Sub - R		Object ive	ve No.		Inform ation	imple mente d	KPI	2022/2 023	2023/2 024	2024/2 025	2025/2 026	2026/2 027	Yr 1	Yr 2		Int er nal	Ext ern al	ible Age ncy/ s
	Limited understandi ng amongst communitie s about the concept of recycling.	To ensure provisi on of suppor t to waste minimi sation project s by June 2027	1,3 3	By growing the contribut ion of the waste sector to green econom y through encoura gement of recycling	Suppor ted 2 waste minimi sation project s.	Provid e suppor t to waste minimi sation project s.	Numb er of waste minim izatio n progr ams suppo rted	Provid e support to waste minimi sation project s by June 2023	Provid e support to waste minimi sation project s by June 2024.	Provid e support to waste minimi sation project s by June 2025.	Provid e support to waste minimi sation project s by June 2026.	Provid e support to waste minimi sation project s by June 2027.	R200 000	R212 000.0 0	R224 720.0 0	Ye s	N/ A	WM MLM
	Limited vehicles/fle et to facilitate/un dertake supervisory and waste collection duties.	To ensure that there is enoug h fleet to achiev e an integra ted waste manag ement.	1,3 4	By increasin g waste collectio n fleet for effective waste service delivery by June 2027.	3 Compa ctor trucks, 2 mini- trucks	Purch ase of 1 bakkie ,1 truck, 1 Trash compa ctor	Numb er of equip ment purch ased	Purcha se 1 refuse bakkie, 1 Purcha se 1 refuse truck and 1 Loader by June 2023					R700 000.0 0	R1 000 000.0 0	R1 060 000.0 0	Ye s	N/ A	WM MLM

KPA N0:1 BASIC SERVICE DELIVERY (COMMUNITY SERVICES) Outcome 9 Objective Budget: MTREF Issue **Strate** Obi Strategi Baseli Projec Outp **Annual Target Budget** Res qic ecti es ne t to be ut -Source pons **Object** Inform imple **KPI** ible ve 2022/2 2023/2 2024/2 2025/2 2026/2 Yr 1 Yr 2 Int Ext ive No. ation mente 023 024 025 026 027 Age ern er ncy/ nal al S R1 N/ WM To 1,3 Вγ Extend Provid Provid Provid Provid Provid R1 R1 Ye Historical Numb Provid 685 786 893 MLM backlog, extendin ed er of ensure inadequate that g waste waste waste areas waste waste waste waste waste 400.0 524.0 715,4 delivery of 0 0 more collectio manag manag where manag manag manag manag manag waste remote ement ement servic ement ement ement ement ement n services in services service servic e is service service service service areas service more receive to s to 15 es to exten s to 20 s to 25 s to 30 s to 35 s to 40 ded to rural remote waste unservic rural rural rural rural rural rural areas. service ed areas areas. areas. areas areas areas areas areas and and by by by by by attend June June June manage June June 2024. 2025. 2026. 2027. illegal ed to 2023. dumping illegal by June dumpin 2027 g along R61. R1 N/ WM Inadequate To 1,3 Βy Provid Provid Numb Provid Provid Provid Provid Provid R1 R1 Ye 191 262 delivery of ensure providin ed. er of 123 Α MLM e, e, e, e, e, e, 594,0 009,7 470,3 waste g bulk service servic skip service service service service service proper 45 skip 55 skip 55 skip service collecti waste e skip bins 50 skip 55 skip 55 skip on and receptac bins bins. provid bins by bins by bins by bins by bins by June June storag les for ed June June June 2024. 2025. 2026. 2027. e of commun 2023. waste. al collectio n points by June 2027 R700 Limited To 1,3 By Provisi Purch Numb Purcha Establi Establi NIL NIL R742 R786 Ye N/ WM storage and providin on of 1 er of se of 1 shment shment 0.000 0.000 520.0 Α MLM ensure ase of office proper storag storag storag storage of 1 of 1 0 g facilities storag enough facility supervi supervi е facility. facility. within the e of and safe contai by sory sory municipality storage depot depot munici ners June for proper and purch 2023. site by site by storage of office June June equip ased 2025. 2024. equipment ment. facilities and by June supervisory 2027. depots.

	me 9 Objectiv	Strate	Oh:	Strategi	Baseli	Projec	Outn		Λ.	nual Targ	not.		Rudge	: MTREF		Bud	cot	Res
esult Area	issue	gic	Obj ecti	es	ne	t to be	Outp ut -									Sour		por
Sub - R		Object ive	ve No.		Inform ation	imple mente d	KPI	2022/2 023	2023/2 024	2024/2 025	2025/2 026	2026/2 027	Yr 1	Yr 2		Int er nal	Ext ern al	ible Age ncy s
Security Services	To comply with Municipal Systems Act of 2000.	To ensure all Munici pal key points, assest s and resour ces are safe by 2027.	1,3 7	Visibility of Security personn el, installati on of access controls and CCTV Camera s.	private securit y person ne.Mai n buildin g and DLTC installe d with CCTV camer as.I	Provisi on of securit y servic es to all Munici pal Sites and functio nal CCTV Camer as.	Acqui sition of privat e securi ty Servic e provid er. Acqui sition of protec tive clothi ng. Acqui sition of securi ty equip ment and no of CCTV camer as install ed	Acquisi ton of private securit y service s provide r,prote ctive clothin g,secur ity equipm ent and installa tion of 15 CCTV camera s	Acquisi ton of private securit y service s provide r,prote ctive clothin g,secur ity equipm ent and installa tion of 15 CCTV camera s	Acquisi ton of private securit y service s provide r,prote ctive clothin g,secur ity equipm ent and installa tion of 15 CCTV camera s	Acquisi ton of private securit y service s provide r,prote ctive clothin g,secur ity equipm ent and installa tion of 15 CCTV camera s	Acquisi ton of private securit y service s provide r,prote ctive clothin g,secur ity equipm ent and installa tion of 15 CCTV camera s	10 355 940,0 8	10 811 601,4 4	11 298 123,5 0	Ye s	N/ A	WI

KPA N	NO:1 BASIC SE	RVICE DI	ELIVE	RY (COMMU	JNITY SEF	RVICES)												
Outco	me 9 Objectiv	'e																
- Result Area	Issue	Strate gic	Obj ecti	Strategi es	Baseli ne	Projec t to be	Outp ut -		Aı	nnual Tarç	get		Budget	: MTREF		Bud Sou	_	Res pons
Sub - R		Object ive	ve No.		Inform ation	imple mente d	KPI	2022/2 023	2023/2 024	2024/2 025	2025/2 026	2026/2 027	Yr 1	Yr 2		Int er nal	Ext ern al	ible Age ncy/ s
Traffic Services	Road users disobeying rules of the road that contributed to road carnages and we need to ensure compliance to the NRTA 93\96 and Mbizana Municipal By-laws	To ensure consist ant safety of road users	1,3	By ensuring General law enforce ment,pro vision of equipme nt & resource s and improve road signage	1627 Traffic fines issued 20 road blocks conduc ted	issuin g 1500 traffic fines and 20 road blocks condu cted,re wed road markin gs & e rection of road signag e, purcha se of equip ment & resour ces	No of traffic fines issue d, Road blocks condu cted,n o of traffic mana geme nt syste m, no of install ed parkin g metre s,no of traffic signs erecte d and road marki ngs and purch ase of equip ment & resour ces	1500 traffic fines, conduct 20 road blocks, acquis ition of traffic manag ement system, install ation of pay parking metres, 8 traffic signs eracted and renewa Is of 22 kilomet res of road markin gs and purcha se of equipm ent & resources	1500 traffic fines, conduct 20 road blocks, acquisition of traffic management system, install ation of pay parking metres, 8 traffic signs eracted and renewals of 22 kilometres of road markings and purchase of equipment & resources	1500 traffic fines, conduc t 20 road blocks , acqisiti on of trafffic manag ement , operati ons and manag ement of pay parking metres ,8 traffic signs eracted and renewa Is of 22 kilomet res of road markin gs and purcha se of equipm ent & resourc es	1500 traffic fines, conduc t 20 road blocks , acqisiti on of traffic mange ment system , operati ons and manag ement of pay parking metres , 8 traffic signs eracted and renewa Is of 22 kilomet res of road markin gs and purcha se of equipm ent &	1500 traffic fines, conduc t 20 road blocks ,acqisiti on of traffic manag ement system ,operati ons and manag ement pay parking metres , 8 traffic signs eracted and renewa Is of 22 kilomet res of road markin gs and purcha se of equipm ent & resourc es	2 500 870,9 8	2 610 909,3 0	2 728 400,2 1	Yes	N/ A	WM MLM

	NO:1 BASIC SE		ELIVE	KT (COMMI	JNITY SEI	KVICES)												
- Result Area	ome 9 Objectiv	Strate gic	Obj ecti	Strategi es	Baseli ne	Projec t to be	Outp ut -		Aı	nnual Tar	get		Budge	t: MTREF	:	Bud Sou		Res
Sub - Re		Object ive	ve No.	03	Inform ation	imple mente d	KPI	2022/2 023	2023/2 024	2024/2 025	2025/2 026	2026/2 027	Yr 1	Yr 2		Int er nal	Ext ern al	ible Age ncy/
											resourc							3
Driving Licence Testing Centre	Unlicenced motor vehicles on the road contributed to road carnages and we need to ensure compliance to the NRTA 93\96.	To ensure consist ant safety of road users	1,3 9	Registrat ion and licencing of motor vehicle	540 of registr ation and licenci ng of motor vehicle s	registr ation and licenci ng	Numb er of registr ation and licenci ng	registra tion and licencin g of 600 vehicle s	N/A	N/A	N/A	ye s	N/ A	MLM				

KPA N	I0:1 BASIC SE	RVICE DI	ELIVE	RY (COMMU	JNITY SEF	RVICES)												
Outco	me 9 Objectiv	re																
esult Area	Issue	Strate	Obj	Strategi	Baseli	Projec	Outp		Aı	nnual Tarç	get		Budget	: MTREF		Bud	_	Res
Sub - Result Area		gic Object ive	ecti ve No.	es	ne Inform ation	t to be imple mente d	ut - KPI	2022/2 023	2023/2 024	2024/2 025	2025/2 026	2026/2 027	Yr 1	Yr 2		Int er nal	Ext ern al	pons ible Age ncy/ s
	Unlicenced drivers on the road contributed to road carnages and we need to ensure compliance to the NRTA 93\96.	To ensure consist ant safety of road users	1,4	applicati on of learners licence, driving licence and PrDPs	1500 learner s licence ,480 driving licence and PrDPs	Learn ers licenc e,drivi ng licenc e and PrDPs issue	Numb er of learne rs licenc e drivin g licenc e and PrDP s issue d	2000 learner s licence , 2500 driving licence and 500 PrDPs	2 000 000,0 0	2 012 000,0 0	2 024 072,0 0	ye s	N/ A	WM MLM				
Awarness campaign	To ensure consistence safety of road users by 2017	To ensure consist ence safety of road users by 2027	1,4	By Facilitati ng commun ity educatio n program s	Community safety awaren ess campai gns conduc ted	20 Comm unity Safety Aware ness campa igns by June 2027	numb er of comm unity safety aware ness camp aigns condu cted	4 awaren ess campai gn by June 2023	4 awaren ess campai gn by June 2024	4 awaren ess campai gn by June 2025	4 awaren ess campai gn by June 2026	4 awaren ess campai gn by June 2027	972 707,8 1	1 015 506,9 5	1 061 204,7 6	ye s	N/ A	WM MLM
Pound	Control of stray animals as per traffic NRTA 93 of 96	control of stray animal s within CBD,c ommu nities and public roads	1,4	By upgradin g the pound to comply with prescrib ed standard s	4 camps with shelter s.No provisi on for crushp an.pali sade fencing . No provisi on for feedlot.	upgra ding & mainte nance of pound, collecti on of animal s and acquis ition of feed & remedi es.	upgra ded and maint ained pound ,numb er of anima Is collect ed and numb er of	upgrad ed and maintai ned pound, 250 animal s collect ed and numbe r of feed &reme dies	upgrad ed and maintai ned pound, 250 animal s collect ed and numbe r of feed &reme dies	upgrad ed and maintai ned pound, 250 animal s collect ed and numbe r of feed &reme dies	upgrad ed and maintai ned pound, 250 animal s collect ed and numbe r of feed &reme dies	upgrad ed and maintai ned pound, 250 animal s collect ed and numbe r of feed &reme dies	2 175 010,9 4	2 269 711,4 2	2 371 848,4 3	Yes	N/ A	WM MLM

KPA N	I0:1 BASIC SE	RVICE DI	ELIVEF	RY (COMMU	JNITY SEF	RVICES)												
Outco	me 9 Objectiv	re																
- Result Area	Issue	Strate gic	Obj ecti	Strategi es	Baseli ne	Projec t to be	Outp ut -		Aı	nnual Tarç	get		Budget	: MTREF		Bud Sou		Res pons
Sub - R		Object ive	ve No.		Inform ation	imple mente d	KPI	2022/2 023	2023/2 024	2024/2 025	2025/2 026	2026/2 027	Yr 1	Yr 2		Int er nal	Ext ern al	ible Age ncy/ s
							feed &rem edies acquir ed.	acquire d.	acquire d.	acquire d.	acquire d.	acquire d.						
Vehi cle Test ing Cent re	Unroadwort nes of motor vehicles on the road contributed to road carnages and we need compliance to NRTA 93/1996	To ensure consita ncy safety of road users	1,4	Testing of road worthne ss of motor vehicles	None	Construction of Vehicle Testin g Centre by June 2027	Comp letion of Vehicl e Testin g Centr e	Costru ction of vehicle Testing Centre by June 2023	operati on and manag ement of Vehicle Testing Centre by June 2024	operati on and manag ement of Vehicle Testing Centre by June 2025	operati on and manag ement of Vehicle Testing Centre by June 2026	operati on and manag ement of Vehicle Testing Centre by June 2027	5 200 000,0 0	5 428 800,0 0	5 673 096,0 0	ye s	N/ A	WM MLM
Wei gh Brid ge	Abnormal loads of motor vehicle on the road contributed to road carnages and we need compliance to NRTA 93/1996 interms of Loads on vehicle	To ensure consita ncy safety of road users	1,4	Mobile Weighin g of heavy duty vehicles travelling along R61	None	Construction of mobile Weigh bridge by June 2027	Comp letion of mobil e weigh bridge	constru ction of mobile weigh bridge by June 2023	operati on and manag ement of mobile weigh bridge by June 2024	operati on and manag ement of weigh bridge by June 2025	operati on and manag ement of weigh bridge by June 2026	operati on and manag ement of weigh bridge by June 2027	5 200 000,0 0	5 428 800,0 0	5 673 096,0 0	ye s	N/ A	WM MLM

KPA N	KPA N0:1 BASIC SERVICE DELIVERY (COMMUNITY SERVICES)																	
Outco	Dutcome 9 Objective Strate Obj Strategi Baseli Projec Outp Annual Target Budget: MTREF Budget R																	
esult Area	Issue	Strate gic	Obj ecti	Strategi es	Baseli ne	Projec t to be	Outp ut -		Aı	nnual Targ	get		Budget	: MTREF	·	Bud Sou	_	Res pons
Sub - Re		Object ive	ve No.		Inform ation	imple mente d	KPI	2022/2 023	2023/2 024	2024/2 025	2025/2 026	2026/2 027	Yr 1	Yr 2		Int er nal	Ext ern al	ible Age ncy/ s
Mot or vehi cle pou nd and conf isca ted goo ds	Unavaility of motor vehicle pound and we need compliance to NRTA 93/1996 regarding pounding of vehicle and By-laws	To ensure consita ncy safety of road users	1,4 5	To regulate impound ment of vehicles	None	Construction of Motor vehicle pound by June 2027	Comp letion of vehicl e pound	Construction of vehicle pound and confisc ated goods	Constr uction of Vehicle pound and consfic aded good	operati ons and manag ement of vehicle pound and consfic aded good	operati ons and manag ement of vehicle pound and consfic aded good	operati ons and manag ement of vehicle pound and consfic aded good	1 560 000,0 0	1 628 640,0 0	1 701 928,8 0	ye s	N/ A	WM MLM

KPA	N0: 2 Developm	ent Plann	ing															
Outo	come 9 Objective)																
Su b -	Issue	Strategi c	Obje ctive	Strategie s	Baseline Informati	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Targe	t		Budget: N	ITREF		Budge Sourc		Respo nsible
Re sult Are		Objectiv e	No.	5	on	impleme nted	RFI	2022/2023	2023/202	2024/202 5	2025/2026	2026/202 7	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agenc y/s
Spatial Development Framework	Redressing past spatial imbalances	To Implem ent municip al SDF that will guide develop mental program mes and projects by 2027	2,1	By impleme nting municip al SDF adopted by the council	Spatial Develop ment Framew ork	Council adopted SDF by June 2027	Council adopted Kubha/Ma gusheni LSDF	Developm ent of Kubha/Ma gusheni LSDF	Develop ment of the wild coast pricinct plan	Review Mzamba LSDF	Develop precinct plan of Kubha/Ma gusheni	Review municip al SDF	R296 691,20	R309 745,61	R323 684,17	Yes	No	WMM LM
Integrated Land Use Management	Non- Conforming land uses, encroachments and land invasions within municipal jurisdiction	To enforce regulati ons of the use of land and to ensure controlle d land use manage ment by June 2027	2,2	By iplement ing the council integrate d land use scheme and enforce ment on land usage	Integrat ed landuse scheme and land use manage ment system	Impleme ntation of the scheme by June 2027	Updated Land Use register, Number of contravent ion notices served	Implement ation of the scheme.	Impleme ntation of the scheme	Impleme ntation of the scheme	Implement ation of the scheme	Impleme ntation of the scheme	R162 240,00	R169 378,56	R177 000,60	Yes	No	WMM LM
Land Audit	Unsurveyed,unr egistered municipal land and properties	By ensurin g that properti es are register ed and survey of, and to maintain	2,3	By impleme nting municip al land audit	Land Audit	Surveyin g of municip al propertie s by June 2027	Number of surveyed municipal properties and subdivisio nal plans	Subdivisio n and surveying of municipal land	Review Land Audit	Impleme ntation of the land audit	Implement ation of the land audit	Impleme ntation of the land audit	10400 00,00	10857 60,00	11346 19,20	Yes	No	WMM LM

KPA	N0: 2 Developm	ent Plann	ing															
Out	come 9 Objective)																
Su b -	Issue	Strategi c	Obje ctive	Strategie s	Baseline Informati	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Targe	et		Budget: I	MTREF		Budge Source		Respo nsible
Re sult Are		Objectiv e	No.	3	on	impleme nted	RFI	2022/2023	2023/202 4	2024/202 5	2025/2026	2026/202 7	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agenc y/s
Valuation Roll	New Property developments,s ubdivisions, rezonings and property transfers	and update the register of properti es within municip al jurisdicti on by 2027 To develop a credible valuatio n roll by 2027	2,4	By formulati ng valuatio n, supplem entary valuatio n roll to improve revenue	Valuatio n roll	Supplem entary roll	General Valuation Roll	Compilati on of Suplemen tary Valuation Roll	Project Plan for new Property valuatio n roll	Impleme nt New General Valuatio n Roll	Compilati on of Suplemen tary Valuation Roll	Compilat ion of Supleme ntary Valuatio n Roll	13337 00,16	13923 82,97	14550 40,20	Yes	No	WMM LM
Provision of Human Settlements	Housing backlog	To guide human settleme nts in ensurin g access to housing is achieve d by 2027	2,5	collection By providin g benefici ary administ ration and applicati ons for funding	Municip al Housing sector plan	Maintain ing and Updatin g housing needs register. Monitor human settleme nts projects and sign	Maintaine d and updated housing needs register. Signed happy letters	Maintainin g and Updating housing needs register. Monitor human settlement s projects and sign happy letters	Maintain ing and Updatin g housing needs register. Monitor human settleme nts projects and sign	Maintain ing and Updatin g housing needs register. Monitor human settleme nts projects and sign	Maintainin g and Updating housing needs register. Monitor human settlement s projects and sign happy letters	Maintain ing and Updatin g housing needs register. Monitor human settleme nts projects and sign	R104 000,00	R108 576,00	R113 461,92	Yes	No	WMM LM

	N0: 2 Developm																	
Su b -	Issue	Strategi c	Obje ctive	Strategie s	Baseline Informati	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Targe	et		Budget:	MTREF		Budge		Respo nsible
Re sult Are a		Objectiv e	No.		on	impleme nted		2022/2023	2023/202 4	2024/202 5	2025/2026	2026/202 7	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agenc y/s
						happy letters by June 2027		Reviewal of the housing sector plan	happy letters.	happy letters.		happy letters						
Building Control	Illegal building construction	To ensure complia nce with National Building Regulati ons by 2027	2,6	By updating building plan register and conducti ng inspections on submitte d building plans	National Building Regulati ons	Update building plan register and conducti ng routine inspectio n BY June 2027	Updated building plan register and conducted routine inspection	Update building plan register and conductin g routine inspection . Removal of illegal sign boards. Installatio n of LED signage	Update building plan register and conducti ng routine inspectio n. Removal of illegal sign boards.	Update building plan register and conducting routine inspection. Removal of illegal sign boards.	Update building plan register and conductin g routine inspection . Removal of illegal sign boards.	Update building plan register and conducti ng routine inspectio n. Removal of illegal sign boards.	R82 565,60	R86 198,49	R90 077,42	Yes	No	WMM LM

KPA	N0: 2 Developm	ent Plann	ing															
Out	come 9 Objective)																
Su b -	Issue	Strategi	Obje	Strategie	Baseline Informati	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Targe	et		Budget: I	MTREF		Budge Sourc		Respo nsible
Re sult Are a		c Objectiv e	ctive No.	S	on	impleme nted	RPI	2022/2023	2023/202 4	2024/202 5	2025/2026	2026/202 7	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agenc y/s
Geographic Information System	Outdated municipal geospatial information	To ensure manage ment and update of municip al geospat ial informat ion by june 2027	2,7	By impleme ntation of GIS system as a tool to enhance service delivery through spatial informati on	Council adopted GIS strategy and policy	Impleme ntation of GIS strategy and policy by June 2027	Implement ed strategy and policy	Update municipal geodatab ase. Host GIS Open day/aware ness. Scanning of building plans and link them with GIS	Update municip al geodata base. Maintain g and update GIS website	Update municip al geodata base. Installati on of building plan tracking system	Update municipal geodatab ase. Review GIS strategy and Policy	Update municip al geodata base. Impleme ntation of GIS Strategy and Policy	R291 876,00	R304 718,54	R318 430,88	Yes	No	WMM LM
Implementation of	Past Spatial Imbalances	To ensure complia nce with SPLUM A by June 2027	2,8	By Facilitati ng the impleme ntation of SPLUM A	Spatial Planning , Land Use Manage ment Act and SPLUM A Regulati ons	consider ation of land develop ment applicati ons by June 2027	land developm ent applicatio ns considere d	Considera tion of land developm ent applicatio ns	Conside ration of land develop ment applicati ons	Conside ration of land develop ment applicati ons	Considera tion of land developm ent applicatio ns	Conside ration of land develop ment applicati ons	R152 276,80	R158 976,98	16614 30,94	Yes	No	WMM LM
Land Acquisition & Disposal	Unutilised, undeveloped land	To facilitate acquisiti on of well located land and disposal of council land by June 2027	2,8	By ensuring maximu m utilisatio n of prime land	Land Audit Report	Acquisiti on of strategic land for develop ment	Land donation letters obtained by the municipali ty and land released for developm ent purposes	Facilitatio n of Transfere s by means of deed of sale/lease agreemen t	Facilitati on of Transfer es by means of deed of sale/leas e agreeme nt	Facilitati on of Transfer es by means of deed of sale/leas e agreeme nt	Facilitatio n of Transfere s by means of deed of sale/lease agreemen t	Facilitati on of Transfer es by means of deed of sale/leas e agreeme nt	Nil	Nil	Nil	N/A	N/A	WMM LM

KPA	N0: 2 Developm	ent Plann	ing															
Outo	come 9 Objective	•																
Su b -	Issue	Strategi	Obje ctive	Strategie	Baseline Informati	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Targe	et		Budget: I	ITREF		Budge Source		Respo nsible
Re sult Are		c Objectiv e	No.	S	on	impleme nted	RPI	2022/2023	2023/202 4	2024/202 5	2025/2026	2026/202 7	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agenc y/s
Township	Unavailability of land parcels for land development	To facilitate townshi p establis hment applicati ons by 2027	2,9	By creating land parcels for land develeo pment	SPLUM A By- Laws	Townshi p establish ment	Approved layout plan	Approved township establish ment	Advertisi ng for targeted buyers	Issuing of title deeds	Approval of building plans	Site develop ments	R397 488,00	R414 977,47	R433 651,46	Yes	No	WMM LM
LED Governance	Lack of stakeholder integration	To revive structur es to contribu te to local economi c develop ment	2,14	Capacita te and Work in collabor ation with Structur es in all sectors	There are a number of local formatio ns and structure that are not fully operatio nal and	Conduct worksho ps, meeting s and trainings	Conducte d workshop s, meeting and trainings	Continuou s capacitati on and stakehold er engagem ent	Continu ous capacita tion and stakehol der engage ment	Continu ous capacita tion and stakehol der engage ment	Continuou s capacitati on and stakehold er engagem ent	Continu ous capacita tion and stakehol der engage ment	R143 599,04	R149 917,40	R156 663,69	Yes	No	WMM LM
31		initiative s			too much contesta tions in formatio ns	To host Busines s Confere nce	Hosted Business Conferenc e	Host Business Conferenc e	Host Busines s Confere nce	Host Busines s Confere nce	Host Business Conferenc e	Host Busines s Confere nce	13789 47,44	14396 21,13	15044 04,08	Yes	No	WMM LM
Manufucturing	Underveloped manufacturing sector	To develop and support manufa cturing across municip ality until 2027	2.10	Facilitat e Integrate d impleme ntation of the LED Strategy	Approve d Busines s Plan by National Treasur y	Construction of Manufac turing Hubs Facilitat e Capacity Building	Constructi on of Manufactu ring Hubs Facilitated Capacity Building	Constructi on of Manufactu ring Hubs Facilitate Capacity Building	Monitori ng & Evaluati onof operatio n Facilitat e Capacity Building	Monitori ng & Evaluati onof operatio n Facilitat e Capacity Building	Monitoring & Evaluation of operation Facilitate Capacity Building	Monitori ng & Evaluati onof operatio n Facilitat e Capacity Building	R 52686 642.00	Nil	Nil	No	yes	Nation al Treas ury

KPA	N0: 2 Developm	ent Plann	ing															
Out	come 9 Objective																	
Su b -	Issue	Strategi c	Obje ctive	Strategie s	Baseline Informati	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Targe	et		Budget: I	MTREF		Budge		Respo nsible
Re sult Are		Objectiv e	No.		on	impleme nted	I II I	2022/2023	2023/202 4	2024/202 5	2025/2026	2026/202 7	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agenc y/s
	Tourist Statistics is not prepared monthly	Develop the municip ality to be a destinati on of choice until 2027	2,11	Facilitat e Intergrat ed Impleme ntation of the tourism plan	Tourism plan impleme ntation	Support & Contract 15 Life Guards & Provisio n of towers	Safe beaches for tourists.	Contract 15 life guards and provision of Mzamba tower Host artists &	Contract 15 life guards Host artists &	Contract 15 life guards and provisio n of Mthentu tower Host artists &	Contract 15 life guards Host artists &	Contract 15 life guards Host artists &	16897 15,05	17640 62,50	18434 45,31	Yes	No	WMM LM
ism						artists and crafters	crafters supported festival hosted.	crafters festival and support 5 artists & crafters	crafters festival and support 5 artists & crafters	crafters festival and support 5 artists & crafters	crafters festival and support 5 artists & crafters	crafters festival and support 5 artists & crafters						
Tourism						Support tourism product owners and attend exhibitions and investment attractions	Tourism product owners supported , branding & marketing material for attending exhibition s &	Support 2 tourism product owners, develop branding and marketing material to attend 1 exhibition & 1 investmen	Support 2 tourism product owners, develop branding and marketin g material to attend 1	Support 2 tourism product owners, develop branding and marketin g material to attend 1	Support 2 tourism product owners, develop branding and marketing material to attend 1 exhibition & 1 investmen	Support 2 tourism product owners, develop branding and marketin g material to attend 1						
							investmen t attractions developed	t attraction.	exhibitio n & 1 investm ent attractio n.	exhibitio n & 1 investm ent attractio n.	t attraction	exhibitio n & 1 investm ent attractio n.						

KPA	N0: 2 Developm	ent Plann	ning															
Out	come 9 Objective																	
Su b -	Issue	Strategi c	Obje ctive	Strategie s	Baseline Informati	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Targe	et		Budget: I	MTREF		Budge Source		Respo nsible
Re sult Are a		Objectiv e	No.		on	impleme nted		2022/2023	2023/202 4	2024/202 5	2025/2026	2026/202 7	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agenc y/s
						Support Mthamv una Lodge and Nature Reserve	Mthamvun a lodge & nature reserve supported	Renovatio n of the Mthamvun a lodge & nature reserve	Organis e an exposur e trip for Mthamv una lodge & nature reserve trust member s	Training of trust member s for Mthamv una Lodge & nature reserve	Facilitate developm ent marketing material of Mthamvun a Lodge & nature reserve	Training of trust member s for Mthamv una Lodge & nature reserve						
						Maintain Visitor Informati on Centre	Maintaine d VIC	Maintain 1 Visitor Informatio n Centre	Maintain 1 Visitor Informati on Centre	Maintain 1 Visitor Informati on Centre	Maintain 1 Visitor Informatio n Centre	Maintain 1 Visitor Informati on Centre						
Agriculture	Lack of access to market and infrastructure	To grow and strength en the agricultu ral sector by supporti	2,12	Integrate d farmer support	Outdate d Agricultu ral Develop ment Plan	Facilitat e farmer support program me and Agri parks program me	Facilitated Farmer Support Programm e and Agri Parks Programm e	Support 5 Local Farmers	Support 5 Local Farmers	Support 5 Local Farmers	Support 5 Local Farmers	Support 5 Local Farmers	16897 15,04	17640 62,50	18434 45,31	Yes	No	WMM LM
Agric		ng local farmers				Review Agricultu ral Develop ment Plan	Agricultur al Developm ent Plan Reviewed	Adoption of Reviewed Agricultur al Plan	Impleme ntation of Agricultu ral Develop ment Plan	Impleme ntation of Agricultu ral Develop ment Plan	Implement ation of Agricultur al Developm ent Plan	Impleme ntation of Agricultu ral Develop ment Plan						

KPA	N0: 2 Developm	ent Plann	ing															
Outo	come 9 Objective)																
Su b -	Issue	Strategi c	Obje ctive	Strategie s	Baseline Informati	Project to be	Output - KPI		4	Annual Targe	et		Budget: N	MTREF		Budge Sourc		Respo nsible
Re sult Are a		Objectiv e	No.		on	impleme nted		2022/2023	2023/202 4	2024/202 5	2025/2026	2026/202 7	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agenc y/s
	Congestion in the CBD	To Reduce Trading in the CDB by June 2032		To create a conduciv e Environ ment for Informal Traders	Market Place Feasibili ty Study Report	Constru ction of Market Place BY June 2027	Market Place Construct ed	Constructi on of Market Place	Constru ction of Market Place	Constru ction of Market Place	Constructi on of Market Place	Monitori ng & Evaluati on of Market Place	16640 00,00	17372 12,00	18153 86,54	Yes	No	WMM LM
ılture	Unavailability of Boat Launching Site and Infrastructure	To promote sustaina ble use of marine resourc es to	2,13	To Support Commer cial and small scale fishers	District Ocean Econom y Sector Plan	Beach Infrustru cture Develop ment	Beach Infrastruct ure Develope d	Beach Infrastruct ure Developm ent	Beach Infrastru cture Develop ment	Beach Infrastru cture Develop ment	Beach Infrastruct ure Developm ent	Beach Infrastru cture Develop ment	10400 00,00	10857 60,00	11346 19,20	Yes	No	WMM LM
Mariculture		contribu te in the local econom y by June 2027				Support Small Scale Fishers and Commer cial Fishers	Supported Small Scale Fishers and Commerci al Fishers	Support Small Scale & Commerci al Fishers	Support Small Scale & Commer cial Fishers	Support Small Scale & Commer cial Fishers	Support Small Scale & Commerci al Fishers	Support Small Scale & Commer cial Fishers	14955 51,20	15613 55,45	16316 16,45	Yes	No	WMM LM
relopment	Lack of Finance	To promote enterpri se develop	2,15	Impleme ntation of SMME & Coopera	Adopted SMME & Coopera tive Plan	SMME Support	Supported SMME's	SMME Support & Capacity Building	SMME Support & Capacity Building	SMME Support & Capacity Building	SMME Support & Capacity Building	SMME Support & Capacity Building	30868 03,36	32270 22,71	33767 38,73	Yes	No	WMM LM
Enterprise Development	Unsustainable Businesses	ment to contribu te 10% by June 2027		tive Plan		Impleme ntation of Busines s Incubato r Model	Supported Incubatee s	Support & Capacitat e Incubatee s	Support & Capacita te Incubate es	Support & Capacita te Incubate es	Support & Capacitat e Incubatee s	Support & Capacita te Incubate es						
Mining	Mining not fully supported	Coordin ation of Mining	2,16	Integrati on of key industry	Uncoord inated mining services	Conducti ng SLP meeting s	Number of Social Labour	continuou s facilitte SLP	continuo us facilitte SLP	continuo us facilitte SLP	continuou s facilitte SLP	continuo us facilitte SLP	Nil	Nil	Nil	N/A	N/A	WMM LM

KPA	N0: 2 Developm	ent Plann	ing															
Outo	come 9 Objective)																
Su b -	Issue	Strategi c	Obje ctive	Strategie s	Baseline Informati	Project to be	Output - KPI		,	Annual Targe	et		Budget: I	MTREF		Budge Source		Respo nsible
Re sult Are a		Objectiv e	No.		on	impleme nted		2022/2023	2023/202 4	2024/202 5	2025/2026	2026/202 7	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agenc y/s
		activitie s		players for mining activities			Plan meetings	programm es	program mes	program mes	programm es	program mes						
Wholesalers and Retailers	Lack of growth and skills on local wholesalers and retailers	To capacita te and promoti ng small wholesa lers and retailers	2, 17	collabor ation of key industry players for wholesal ers and retailers	WMML M Databas e	Facilitat e capacity builing program s for wholesal e and retailers	Number of wholesale rs and retailers capacitate d	capacitate and support 80 wholesale rs and retailers	capacita te and support 80 wholesal ers and retailers	capacita te and support 80 wholesal ers and retailers	capacitate and support 80 wholesale rs and retailers	capacita te and support 80 wholesal ers and retailers	R100 000	R100 000	R100 000	Yes	N/A	WMM LM

Out	come 9 Ob	jective																
Su b -	Issue	Strategic Objective	Obje ctive	Strategies	Baseline Informati	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Target	t		Budget:	MTREF		Budge Source		Respo nsible
Re sult Are a			No.		on	implement ed		2022/2023	2023/2024	2024/2025	2025/2026	2026/2027	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agend y/s
Employee Wellness	promot ion of employ ee wellbei ng	To ensure Sustaina ble Provisio n of wellness services to all employe es by 30 June 2027	3.1	By developi ng and impleme nting Employe e Wellness Program mes.	Four (4)Emplo yee wellness campaig ns and two (2) team buildings conducte d, 500 medical check-ups conducte d, training of OHS Committ ee Members and OHS Represe ntatives and four (4) OHS awarene ss campaig ns conducte d, six (6) site inspections facilitated , six (6) municipal buildings	Conduct five (5) Employee Wellness campaign s, Refer 750 employee s for medical check-ups, One (1) training and one (1) induction for OHS Committe e and Represent etives, Conduct five (5) OHS awarenes s, Facilitate ten (10) inspection s of municipal buildings and facilities, Co-ordinate the	Number of Employee Wellness campaign s conducted , number employee s referred for medical check-ups, number of OHS committee members and respresen tatives trained, number of OHS awarenes ses conducted , number of inspection s faciliated, number of municipal buildings fumigated and number employee	One (1) employee wellness campaign conducte d, Refer 150 employee s for medical check-up, Conduct one (1) OHS awarenes s, Two (2) inspectio ns of municipal building and facility, Fumigatio n of six (6) municipal buildings and supply of PPE's to 550 municipal employee s by June 2023.	One (1) employee wellness campaign conducte d, Refer 150 employee s for medical check-up, Conduct one (1) OHS awarenes s, Two (2) inspectio ns of municipal building and facility, Fumigatio n of six (6) municipal buildings and supply of PPE's to 550 municipal employee s by June 2024.	One (1) employee wellness campaign conducte d, Refer 150 employee s for medical check-up, One (1) induction and one (1) training of OHS Committe e and represent atives, Conduct two (2) inspectio ns of municipal building and facility and Conduct one (1) OHS awarenes s, Fumigatio n of six (6)	One (1) employee wellness campaign conducte d, Refer 150 employee s for medical check-up, Conduct one (1) OHS awarenes s, Two (2) inspectio ns of municipal building and facility, Fumigatio n of six (6) municipal buildings and supply of PPE's to 550 municipal employee s by June 2026.	One (1) employee wellness campaign conducte d, Refer 150 employee s for medical check-up, Conduct one (1) OHS awarenes s, Two (2) inspectio ns of municipal building and facility, Fumigatio n of six (6) municipal buildings and supply of PPE's to 550 municipal employee s by June 2027	2 275 957	2 376 099	2 483 024	Yes	N/ A	SM- CPS

Outo	ome 9 Ob	jective Strategic	Obje	Strategies	Baseline	Project to	Output -			Annual Target			Budget:	MTREE		Budge	at	Respo
b -	13300	Objective	ctive	Ottategies	Informati	be	KPI			Allifual Target	•		Duuget.	III I I I I		Source	e	nsible
Re Sult Are			No.		on	implement ed		2022/2023	2023/2024	2024/2025	2025/2026	2026/2027	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agen y/s
					and fourty two (42) municipal vehicles fumigate d.	of six (6) municipal buidlings and supply of PPE's to 2750 municipal employee s by June 2027	s supplied with PPE's.			buildings and supply of PPE's to 550 municipal employee s by June 2025.								

Su b -	Issue	Strategic Objective	Obje ctive	Strategies	Baseline Informati	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Target	t		Budget	: MTREF		Budg		Respo
Re sult Are a		·	No.		on	implement ed		2022/2023	2023/2024	2024/2025	2025/2026	2026/2027	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agend y/s
Performance Management System	Instill a culture of higher perfor mance manag ement and acount ability	To impleme nt and sustain a function al and effective Perform ance Manage ment System (PMS) by June 2027	3.2	Evaluatin g employe e performa nce through midyear and annual assessm ents by June 2027	Contract ed 58 employe es and assessed 45 employe es below senior manager s.	IPMS workshop s conducted to employee s below TG10, Signing of PMS agreemen ts and formulatio n of workplans for 250 employee s below senior managem ent, Bi- annual assessme nt of employee s 200 below senior managem ent by June 2027.	Number of IPMS workshop s conducted for employee s below TG10, Number of PMS agreemen ts signed and workplans formulate d for employee s below senior managem ent.	Conduct IPMS workshop for twenty (20) employee s below TG10, Signing of PMS agreeme nt and formulatio n of work plans for fifty (50) employee s below senior managem ent, Biannual assessment of fourty (40) employee s by June 2023.	Signing of PMS agreeme nts and formulatio n of work plans for fifty (50) employee s below senior managem ent, Biannual assessm ent of 40 emolyees below senior managem ent by June 2024.	Signing of PMS agreeme nts and formulatio n of work plans for fifty (50) employee s below senior managem ent, Biannual assessm ent of 40 emolyees below senior managem ent by June 2025.	Signing of PMS agreeme nts and formulatio n of work plans for fifty (50) employee s below senior managem ent, Biannual assessm ent of 40 emolyees below senior managem ent by June 2026.	Signing of PMS agreeme nts and formulatio n of work plans for fifty (50) employee s below senior managem ent, Biannual assessm ent of 40 emolyees below senior managem ent by June 2027.	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/ A	SM-CPS

KPA	N0: 3 INS	TITUTION T	RANSE	ORMATION	AND HUM	IAN RESOU	RCES DEVE	LOPMENT										
Out	come 9 Ob	jective																
Su b -	Issue	Strategic Objective	Obje ctive	Strategies	Baseline Informati	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Targe	t		Budget:	MTREF		Budge		Respo nsible
Re sult Are a		Cojecuro	No.		on	implement ed		2022/2023	2023/2024	2024/2025	2025/2026	2026/2027	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agenc y/s
Human Capital Development	training and develo pment of Human capital	Providin g compreh ensive educatio n, training and human resource develop ment by June 2027.	3.3	By Capacitat ing Councillo rs and Employe es through Skills Develop ment by June 2027	WSP submitte d to LGSETA in the 2020/202 1 Financial Year.	Facilitate training for thirty (40) municipal officials and sixty (60) councillor s, Provide study assistanc e to twenty (25) employee s, Provide experienti al learning to forty (65) applicants , Provide learnershi ps to twenty (20) graduates by June 2027.	Number of employee s and councillor s provided with training, Number of employee s provided with study assistanc e, Number of learners provided with experienti al learing and number of graduates provided with learnershi ps,	Facilitate training of sixty (60) councillor s, provide study assistanc e for five (5) employee s, provide experienti al learning for (5) students by June 2023	Facilitate training of ten (10), provide study assistanc e for five (5) employee s, provide experienti al learning for (15) students, provide learnershi ps for five (5) graduates by June 2024	Facilitate training of ten (10), provide study assistanc e for five (5) employee s, provide experienti al learning for (15) students, provide learnershi ps for five (5) graduates by June 2025.	Facilitate training of ten (10), provide study assistanc e for five (5) employee s, provide experienti al learning for (15) students, provide learnershi ps for five (5) graduates by June 2026.	Facilitate training of ten (10), provide study assistanc e for five (5) employee s, provide experienti al learning for (15) students, provide learnershi ps for five (5) graduates by June 2027.	1 161 684	1 212 798	1 267 374	Ye s	N/ A	SM- CPS
Labour relations	To promot e sound labour relation s in the workpl ace	To ensure sound labour relations in the Municip ality by June 2027.	3.4	By co- ordinatin g trainings and sittings of organise d labour.	Twenty (20) LLF sittings co- ordinated , Fifty (50) employe es trained on	Co- ordinate twenty (20) LLF sittings, Training of twenty seven (27) LLF members, training of	Number of LLF sittings co- ordinated, Number of LLF members trained and number of	Co- ordinate four (4) LLF sittings, Train seventerr n (17) LLF members	Co- ordinate four (4) LLF sittings, Co- ordinate training of 13 managers and line	Co- ordinate four (4) LLF sittings. Train ten (10) LLF members.	Co- ordinate four (4) LLF sittings, Co- ordinate training of 12 managers and line	Co- ordinate four (4) LLF sittings.	106 860	111 562	116 582	Ye s	N/ A	SM- CPS

KPA	N0: 3 INS	TITUTION T	RANSF	ORMATION	AND HUM	AN RESOU	RCES DEVE	LOPMENT										
Out	come 9 Ob	jective																
Su b -	Issue	Strategic Objective	Obje ctive	Strategies	Baseline Informati	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Target	t		Budget: I	MTREF		Budge		Respo nsible
Re sult Are		Objective	No.		on	implement ed	RFI	2022/2023	2023/2024	2024/2025	2025/2026	2026/2027	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agenc y/s
u					disciplina ry procedur es	twenty five (25) managers and line supervisor s by June 2027	managers and line supervisor s trained.	by June 2023.`	superviso rs by June 2024.		superviso rs by June 2026.							
	Depreci ating Munici pal Fleet .	To ensure that there is sufficien t and roadwor	3.5	By procurin g and Maintain ing Municipa I vehicles	30 Licences renewe d	30 Licences to be renewed yearly by June 2027	30 Licences renewed	Licence renewals by June 2023	Licence renewals by June 2024	Licence renewals by June 2025	Licence renewals by June 2026	Licence renewals by June 2027	60000	62640 0	65396 1,6	Ye s	N/ A	SM- CPS
FLEET MANAGEMENT		thy municip al fleet by June 2027.			Drivers and operato rs referred to awaren ess	Five Awarene sses to drivers and operator s by June 2027	15 Drivers and operator s referred to awarene ss	Awarenes s to drivers and operators by June 2023	Awarenes s to drivers and operators by June 2024	Awarenes s to drivers and operators by June 2025	Awarenes s to drivers and operators by June 2026	Awarenes s to drivers and operators by June 2027	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ye s	N/ A	SM- CPS
FLEET MAN					Fleet Manage ment tracking System in place	Provision of fleet manage ment tracking system by June 2027	Fleet manage ment tracking system	Renewal of Fleet Manage ment tracking System by June 2023	N/A	N/A	Renewal of Fleet Manage ment tracking System by June 2026	N/A	R700 000	R730 800	R763 686	Ye s	N/ A	SM- CPS
					Fleet Manage ment tracking System in place	Installati on of tracing devices to new vehicles	All new vehicles be installed with tracking devices	Installati on of tracking devices to 1 new vehicle	Installati on of tracking devices to 2 new vehicles by 2024	Installati on of tracking devices to 2 new vehicles by 2025	Installati on of tracking devices to 2 new vehicles	Installati on of tracking devices to 3 new vehicles	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ye s	N/ A	SM- CPS

			RANSI	ORMATION	AND HUM	AN RESOU	RCES DEVE	LOPMENT										
Outo	lssue	jective Strategic	Obje	Strategies	Baseline	Project to	Output -			Annual Targe	<u>t</u>		Budget:	MTREF		Budge	et	Respo
b - Re sult	10000	Objective	ctive No.	ou atogree	Informati on	be implement ed	KPI	2022/2023	2023/2024	2024/2025	2025/2026	2026/2027	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Sourc	e Exte	nsible Agenc
Are						eu										rnal	rnal	y/s
						by June 2027		by June 2023			by June 2026	by June 2027						
					10 pool vehicles	Provision of 10 new vehicles by June 2027	10 new pool vehicles	Provision of 1 new Vehicle by June 2023	Provision of 2 new Vehicles by June 2024	Provision of 2 new vehicles by June 2025	Provision of 2 new vehicles by June 2026	Provision of 3 new vehicles by June 2027	R1 900 000	R1 983 600	R2 072 862	Ye s	N/ A	SM- CPS
RECORDS MANAGEMENT	Insuffici ent record keepin g space and improvi ng adhere nce to file plan	To ensure adequat e record keeping space and records manage ment procedu res are pactised by june 2027	3.6	By sourcing the services of a service provider towards awarene ss campaig ns	One office serving as storage and office	Provision of Office space for filing by June 2027	Records keeping filing office	Provision of Office space by June 2023	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ye s	N/ A	SM- CPS
RECC					RM Policy File Plan Procedu re Manual	Awarene ss on RM procedur es and protocol to Manage ment and	Proper impleme ntation of File Plan usage by record users	Awarene ss on Records Manage ment to Manage ment by June 2023	N/A	Reviewal of RM policy and File Plan by June 2025	Awarene ss on Records Manage ment to Manage ment by June 2026	N/A	R200 000	R208 800	R218 196	Ye s	N/ A	SM- CPS

KPA	N0: 3 INS	TITUTION 1	TRANSI	FORMATION	AND HUN	IAN RESOU	RCES DEVE	LOPMENT										
Out	come 9 Ob	jective																
Su	Issue	Strategic	Obje	Strategies	Baseline	Project to	Output -			Annual Targe	t		Budget:	MTREF		Budg		Respo
b - Re sult Are		Objective	ctive No.		Informati on	be implement ed	KPI	2022/2023	2023/2024	2024/2025	2025/2026	2026/2027	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	nsible Agenc y/s
Municipal ICT Systems and Infrastructure	Sporadi c challen ges affectin g ICT system s to suppor t munici pal objecti ves	To ensure maximu m availabili ty of efficient ICT Services and Infrastru cture by June 2027.	3.7	By optimise systems, administ ration and operatin g procedur es By providing ICT tools of trade for council and staff member s By	lct systems in place laptops and desktop s in place	ICT licenses and software procure ment by June 2027 Procure ments of ICT hardwar e and equipme nt by June 2027 Upgradin	Signed Service Level Agreeme nts Procuere d ICT equipme nt	Awarene ss on Records Manage ment to Records users by June 2023 Up todate Service Level Agreeme nts systems licenses by June 2023 Procuem ent of Laptops and Desktops by June 2023	Awarene ss on Records Manage ment to Records users by June 2024 Up todate Service Level Agreeme nts systems licenses by June 2024 Procuem ent of Laptops and Desktops by June 2024 Recablin	Awarene ss on Records Manage ment to Records users by June 2025 Up todate Service Level Agreeme nts systems licenses by June 2025 Procuem ent of Laptops and Desktops by June 2025 Cabling	Awarene ss on Records Manage ment to Records users by June 2026 Up todate Service Level Agreeme nts systems licenses by June 2026 Procuem ent of Laptops and Desktops by June 2026	Awarene ss on Records Manage ment to Records users by June 2027 Up todate Service Level Agreeme nts systems licenses by June 2027 Procuem ent of Laptops and Desktops by June 2027	R6 000 000 R1 000 000	R6 264 000 R1 044 000	R6 545 880 R1 090 980	Ye s	N/A N/A	SM- CPS SM- CPS
Munici				Improvin g access to the Municipa I ICT infrastru cture		g network on existing municipa I buildings	on certificat es	g of the main building by June 2023	g of the library and intergrat ing with the Civic centre	of the stadium by June 2025	backbon e fibre for all municipa l buildings by June	backbon e fibre for all municipa I buildings	500	566 000	636 470	S	A	CPS
				Clure		by June 2027			by June 2024		2026	by June 2027						

KPA	N0: 3 INS	TITUTION 1	RANSI	FORMATION	AND HUM	IAN RESOUI	RCES DEVE	LOPMENT										
Out	come 9 Ob	jective																
Su	Issue	Strategic	Obje	Strategies	Baseline	Project to	Output -			Annual Targe	t		Budget:	MTREF		Budg		Respo
b - Re		Objective	ctive No.		Informati on	be implement	KPI	2022/2023	2023/2024	2024/2025	2025/2026	2026/2027	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Sourc	Exte	nsible Agenc
sult						ed		EUZZ/EUZS	2023/2024	2024/2025	2023/2020	2020/2021	'''	'' 2	" "	rnal	rnal	y/s
Are a																		
				By Improvin g access to the Municipa I ICT infrastru	Municip al WiFi in place	Building Public WiFi on Municipa I aproved Sites by June	Completi on certificat es	Deployin g public WiFi on municipa I buidings and	Deployin g public WiFi on municipa l buidings and	Deployin g public WiFi on municipa I buidings and	Deployin g public WiFi on municipa I buidings and	Deployin g public WiFi on municipa I buidings and	R3 000 000	R3 132 000	R3 272 940	Ye s	N/ A	SM- CPS
				cture		2027		parks by June 2023	parks by June 2024	parks by June 2025	parks by June 2026	parks by June 2027						
RNANCE OF ICT	Compli ance with approv ed ICT Govern ance princep les and Legislat ion	To ensure that Corporat e Governa nce of ICT is impleme nted by June	3.10	By maintaini ng the Municipa I website through regular updates of the website content	Website in place	Access to Digitised content through the Municipa I Webport al by June 2027	Updated and complian t website	Up to date and complia nt website as per the MFMA by June 2023	Up-to-date and complia nt website as per the MSA and MFMA by June 2024	Up-to-date and complia nt website as per the MSA and MFMA by June 2025	Up-to-date and complia nt website as per the MSA and MFMA by June 2026	Up-to- date and complia nt website as per the MSA and MFMA by June 2027	0	0	0	Ye s	N/ A	SM- CPS
MUNICIPAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE		2027,			Website in place	Upgradin g and mantanc e of the website by June 2027	Completi on certificat es	Build extranet and collabor ation services by June 2023	Build extranet and collabor ation services by June 2024	Build extranet and collabor ation services by June 2025	Build extranet and collabor ation services by June 2026	Build extranet and collabor ation services by June 2027	R800 000	R835 200	R872 784	Ye s	N/ A	SM- CPS
MUNICIPA				By impleme ntation of Municipa I ICT Governa nce	ICT Governa nce Policy Framew ork in place	Mainten ance and Impleme ntation of phase 3 of the ICT Governa nce	Council extract of aprovals of ICT governac e docume nts	Updated and reviewe d ICT Governa nce Docume ntation	R300 000	R313 200	R327 294	Ye s	N/ A	SM- CPS				

Out	come 9 Ob	jective																
Su b -	Issue	Strategic Objective	Obje ctive	Strategies	Baseline Informati	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Target	:		Budget:	MTREF		Budge		Respo nsible
Re sult Are		<i>-</i>	No.		on	implement ed		2022/2023	2023/2024	2024/2025	2025/2026	2026/2027	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agenc y/s
				framewo rk.		Framewo rk by June 2027		by June 2023	by June 2024	by June 2025	by June 2026	by June 2027						
Review of Institutional	Outdat ed Policies	Review of Institutio nal Policies	3,11	By reviewin g institutio nal policies by June 2027	Twenty five (25) instituti onal policies reviewe d	Review of existing institutio nal policies	Number of policies reviewed	Review of institutio nal policies by June 2023	Review of institutio nal policies by June 2024.	Review of institutio nal policies by June 2025.	Review of institutio nal policies by June 2026.	Review of institutio nal policies by June 2027.	488 800	510 307	533 271			
Job Evaluation	Job descrip tions not aligned to TASK standar ds	To integrad e institutio nal develop ment with organisa tional structur e and workforc e principle s	3,12	By developing job descriptions for all filled and vacant positions by June 2027	Sixty (60) job descripti ons develop ed and signed	Drafting and submissi on of seventy (70) of signed job desctipti ons to the DJEC, Mainten ance of jobs in the organisat ional structure by June 2027	Number of signed job descripti ons submitte d to the DJEC, Number of jobs in the org structure maintain ed.	Draft 35 job descripti ons and submit to the DJEC by June 2023.	Draft 35 job descripti ons and submit to the DJEC by June 2024.	Mainten ance of 2018 approve d structur e	N/A	N/A	105 119	109 774	114 682			

KPA N0 4: Budget & Treasury **Outcome 9 Objective** Baselin **Annual Target Budget: MTREF** Su Obje Strategie Project to be Implemented Output **Budget** Respo Strateg Issue bctive - KPI Source nsible Informa Re Objecti No. Yr 1 Yr 2 Yr 3 Agenc 2024/20 sul ve tion 2022/20 2023/20 2025/20 2026/20 Inte Exte y/s 23 24 25 26 rnal rnal Ar ea Reading of electricity meters R735 Reven To 4,1 Metering Electric Accura Readin Readin Readin Readin Readin R700 R717 Ye Chief 000,000 00,000 achiev of all g of g of g of g of g of 750,00 Finan ue tiy te S billing collecti electricit electrici electrici electrici cial е meters electrici electrici 100% of Office on are ty ty trends billing read, electric meters meters meters meters meters consump utilizing are for all tion recorde ity utilizing utilizing utilizing utilizing service d, and the the decrea consu the the the s that capture mption Automa Automa Automa Automa Automa sing d ted posing are to ted ted ted ted be manuall system system system system system Revenue Management billed threat 90% Maintain an accurate and Billing Billing Billing R0,00 R0,00 R0,00 Chief to the Monthly Reduc Billing Billing n/a munici billing of billing complete consumer master ed Finan of of of of of pality's database for refuse, electricity Custo consum consum consum consum consum cial Office going and property rates consume propert mer er er concer rs for all y rates. queries account account account account account services 80% on - 100% s for s for s for s for s for electrici of Propert **Propert** Propert **Propert** Propert ty and consu y rates, y rates, y rates, y rates, y rates, 90% on refuse refuse refuse refuse refuse mers refuse billed and and and and and electrici electrici electrici electrici electrici as per consu ty by ty by ty by ty by ty by June June June June June mer 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 master Billing Completion of billing processes databa Billing Billing Billing Billing Billing R0,00 R0,00 R0,00 n/a Chief complet by the 3rd day of each following complet complet complet complet complet Finan ed month ed by ed by ed by ed by ed by cial Office the 3rd the 3rd beyond the 3rd the 3rd the 3rd the 3rd day of day of day of day of day of

Su b-	Issue	Strateg ic	Obje ctive	Strategie s	Baselin e	Project to be Implemented	Output - KPI	Annual Ta	rget				В	udget: MTR	EF		dget urce	Respo nsible
Re sul t Ar		Objecti ve	No.		Informa tion			2022/20 23	2023/20 24	2024/20 25	2025/20 26	2026/20 27	Yr1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agenc y/s
ea				Prioritisin g and proper manage ment of consume r transacti on quiries	day of the followin g month Manual distribut ion of consum er statem ents Consumer transac tion quiries that a logged manuall y, inadeq uate turn arround time of quiries, and feedba	Sending of monthly statement using emails and sms's Develop a systematic way of managing consumer transaction quiries and consumer portal system		each month followin g the billing month Distribu tion of electro nical monthly consum er statem ents implem entatio n of a consum er care system that is directly linked with the billing system	each month followin g the billing month Distribu tion of electro nical monthly consum er statem ents implem entatio n of a consum er care system that is directly linked with the billing system	each month followin g the billing month Distribu tion of electro nical monthly consum er statem ents implem entatio n of a consum er care system that is directly linked with the billing system	each month followin g the billing month Distribu tion of electro nical monthly consum er statem ents implem entatio n of a consum er care system that is directly linked with the billing system	each month followin g the billing month Distribu tion of electro nical monthly consum er statem ents implem entatio n of a consum er care system that is directly linked with the billing system	R7 000,00 R250 000,00	R7 308,00	R7 637,00	Ye s		Chief Finan cial Office r
				Review and Impleme ntation of the Revenue enhance	ck Revenu e Enhanc ment Strateg y reviewe	Monitoring of the Revenue enhancement Strategy Action Plan	Increas e in Reven ue collecti on	Implem entatio n of the Revenu e enhanc ement	Review and Implem entatio n of the Revenu e	Implem entatio n of the Revenu e enhanc ement	Review and Implem entatio n of the Revenu e	Implem entatio n of the Revenu e enhanc ement	R0,00	R0,00	R0,00	n/a		Chief Finan cial Office r

Su b-	Issue	Strateg ic	Obje ctive	Strategie s	Baselin e	Project to be Implemented	Output - KPI	Annual Ta	arget				В	udget: MTR	EF		dget urce	Respo nsible
Re sul t Ar ea		Objecti ve	No.		Informa tion			2022/20 23	2023/20 24	2024/20 25	2025/20 26	2026/20 27	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agenc y/s
ea		T	40	ment Strategy	d in 2021	O decreasing of collection	Dilitio	Strateg y Action Plan by June 2023	enhanc ement Strateg y Action Plan by June 2024	Strateg y Action Plan by June 2025	enhanc ement Strateg y Action Plan by June 2026	Strateg y Action Plan by June 2027	DCCC	D700	Doco	V		Ohinf
		To achiev e at least 95% collecti on of all debt	4,2	Impleme ntation of credit control measure s	Long outstan ding debtors , which are more than 365 days	Outsourcing of collection services	Debtor s age analysi s reflecti ng debtor s within 90 days	Implem enting Consumer Data analyse s, data cleansing and handin g over of all account s beyond 90 days by June 2023 through outsour ced service s	Implem enting Consumer Data analyse s, data cleansing and handin g over of all account s beyond 90 days by June 2024 through outsour ced service s	Implem enting Consumer Data analyse s and cleansing through outsour ced service s	Implem enting Consumer Data analyse s and cleansing through outsour ced service s	Implem enting Consumer Data analyse s and cleansing through outsour ced service s	R600 000,00	R700 000,00	R250 000,00	Yes		Chief Finan cial Office r
						Establishing of a credit control and debt collection services unit within the revenue structure			Establis hing a unit within revenu e section for credit	Implem enting of credit control service s, debt collecti on	Implem enting of credit control service s, debt collecti on	Implem enting of credit control service s, debt collecti on	R0,00	R0,00	R0,00	Ye s		Chief Finan cial Office r

Su Issue b-	Strateg ic	Obje ctive	Strategie s	Baselin e	Project to be Implemented	Output - KPI	Annual Ta	arget				В	udget: MTR	EF		dget urce	Respo nsible
Re sul t Ar	Objecti ve	No.		Informa tion			2022/20 23	2023/20 24	2024/20 25	2025/20 26	2026/20 27	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agenc y/s
ea								control implem entatio n	through an establis hed internal credit control unit	through an establis hed internal credit control unit	through an establis hed internal credit control unit						
			Verificati on of Indigent register for ward 01	Submitt ed indigent register from CS for ward 01 not fully meetin g and respon ding to billing criteria and require ments which then leads to non implem entatio n of the indigent register for billing purpos es on	Verification of indigent register for ward 01		Verifica tion of indigent register to meet the minimu m require ments for billing purpos es	Verifica tion of indigent register to meet the minimu m require ments for billing purpos es	Verifica tion of indigent register to meet the minimu m require ments for billing purpos es	Verifica tion of indigent register to meet the minimu m require ments for billing purpos es	Verifica tion of indigent register to meet the minimu m require ments for billing purpos es	R150 000,00	R150 000,00	R150 000,00	Yes		Chief Finan cial Office r

Su b-	Issue	Strateg ic	Obje ctive	Strategie s	Baselin e	Project to be Implemented	Output - KPI	Annual Ta	arget				В	udget: MTR	EF		dget urce	Respo nsible
Re sul t Ar ea		Objecti ve	No.		Informa tion			2022/20 23	2023/20 24	2024/20 25	2025/20 26	2026/20 27	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agenc y/s
Cu					propert y rates and refuse benefici als													
	Accounts with erors taking longer to identify and resolve	To achiev e a clean audit	4,3	Performa nce of monthly debtors, rates and investme nt reconcili ations	Monthly reconcil iations not perform ed by the 7th day of each month	Monthly reviewal of debtors, rates and investment reconciliation by the 7th working day of each month	Accura te and comple te reconci alitions	12 monthly reviewe d creditor s, retentio n and vat reconcil iation	R0,00	R0,00	R0,00	n/a		Chief Finan cial Office r				
	Outdat ed Policie s	Annual I Revie w of section al Policie s	4,5	Reviewin g sectional policies	Secton al policies that are not reviewe d annuall y	Review of existing sectional policies and presentation to the relevant stakeholders	Numbe r of review ed policie s	Review of existing section al policies and present ation to the relevan t stakeho lders by 30	Review of existing section al policies and present ation to the relevan t stakeho lders by 30	Review of existing section al policies and present ation to the relevan t stakeho lders by	Review of existing section al policies and present ation to the relevan t stakeho lders by	Review of existing section al policies and present ation to the relevan t stakeho lders by 30	R0,00	R0,00	R0,00	n/a		Chief Finan cial Office r

Su b-	Issue	Strateg ic	Obje ctive	Strategie s	Baselin e	Project to be Implemented	Output - KPI	Annual Ta	arget				В	udget: MTR	EF		dget urce	Respo nsible
Re sul t Ar		Objecti ve	No.		Informa tion			2022/20 23	2023/20 24	2024/20 25	2025/20 26	2026/20 27	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agenc y/s
ea								June 2023	June 2024	june 2025	June 2026	June 2027						
	Compl iance with laws and regulat ions	To ensure proper regulat ions of the munici pal power s and functions	4,6	Promulg ation of revenue policies and credit control policies into by- laws	Revenu e by laws that not promul gated on timely	Promulgating of property rates policy and credit control policy	Numbe r of promul gated policie s into by laws	Promul gating of propert y rates policy and credit control policy by 30 june 2023	Promul gating of propert y rates policy and credit control policy by 30 June 2024	Promul gating of propert y rates policy and credit control policy by 30 June 2025	Promul gating of propert y rates policy and credit control policy by 30 June 2025	Promul gating of propert y rates policy and credit control policy by 30 June 2027	R0,00	R0,00	R0,00	n/a		Chief Finan cial Office r
				Promulg ation of the approve d tariffs (gazettin g)	Gazzett ing of approv ed municip al tarriffs not perform ed timely	Promulgation of the approved tariffs (gazetting)		Promul gation of the approv ed tariffs (gazetti ng) by 30 June 2023	Promul gation of the approv ed tariffs (gazetti ng) by 30 June 2024	Promul gation of the approv ed tariffs (gazetti ng) by 30 June 2025	Promul gation of the approv ed tariffs (gazetti ng) 30 June 2026	Promul gation of the approv ed tariffs (gazetti ng) 30 June 2027	R0,00	R0,00	R0,00	n/a		Chief Finan cial Office r
Expenditure Management	Invoic es not submit ted within 30 days of receipt for	To pay credito rs within 30 days in compli ance with the MFMA	4,7	Enforce ment of system descripti ons and processe s as per the Account payable policy	Invoice s still taking longer to reach BTO for payme nt	Centralisation of submission of invoices per department	Age analysi s reflecti ng credito rs within 30 days	Payme nt of all present ed accepta ble invoice s within 30 days from receipt	Payme nt of all present ed accepta ble invoice s within 30 days from receipt	Payme nt of all present ed accepta ble invoice s within 30 days from receipt	Payme nt of all present ed accepta ble invoice s within 30 days from receipt	Payme nt of all present ed accepta ble invoice s within 30 days from receipt	R0,00	R0,00	R0,00	n/a		Chief Finan cial Office r

Su b-	Issue	Strateg ic	Obje ctive	Strategie s	Baselin e	Project to be Implemented	Output - KPI	Annual Ta	rget				В	udget: MTR	EF		dget urce	Respo nsible
Re sul t Ar ea		Objecti ve	No.		Informa tion			2022/20	2023/20 24	2024/20 25	2025/20 26	2026/20 27	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agenc y/s
cu	payme nt							of invoice by June 2022	of invoice by June 2022	of invoice by June 2022	of invoice by June 2022	of invoice by June 2022						
	Datast rings that are submit ted with incom plete inform ation and month end procud ures that are not perfo med on time	To achiev e a clean audit	4,8	Develop sound, strict and effective procedur es for reporting	Non implem entatio n of all monthly proced ures	Implementing of month end procudures for 8 modules(cashiers,stores,creditor s,cashbook,sundries,consumer debtors,GL and Asset)	Submi ssion of monthl y reports	Submitt ing monthly datastri ngs and Reports not later than 10 working days after month end of each month	Submitt ing monthly datastri ngs and Reports not later than 10 working days after month end of each month	Submitt ing monthly datastri ngs and Reports not later than 10 working days after month end of each month	Submitt ing monthly datastri ngs and Reports not later than 10 working days after month end of each month	Submitting monthly datastrings and Reports not later than 10 working days after month end of each month	R0,00	R0,00	R0,00	n/a		Chief Finan cial Office r
	Inaccu rate and incom plete commi tment registe r				Commit ment register with materia I misstat ements	Monthly reviewal of commitment register by the 7th working day of each month	Accuar te and comple te commit met registe r	monthly reviewe d commit ment register	monthly reviewe d commit ment register	monthly reviewe d commit ment register	monthly reviewe d commit ment register	monthly reviewe d commit ment register	R0,00	R0,00	R0,00	n/a		Chief Finan cial Office r

Issue	Strateg ic	Obje ctive	Strategie s	Baselin e	Project to be Implemented	Output - KPI	Annual Ta	arget				В	udget: MTR	EF		dget urce	Respo
	Objecti ve	No.		Informa tion			2022/20 23	2023/20 24	2024/20 25	2025/20 26	2026/20 27	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agen y/s
Credit ors and grants with errors taking longer to identif y and resolv			Performa nce of monthly creditors , retention and vat reconcili ation	Monthly reconcil iations of not perform ed by the 7th day of each month	Monthly reviewal of creditors , retention and vat reconciliation by the 7th working day of each month	Accura te and comple te reconci alitions	12 monthly reviewe d creditor s, retentio n and vat reconcil iation	12 monthly reviewe d creditor s, retentio n and vat reconcil iation	12 monthly reviewe d creditor s, retentio n and vat reconcil iation	12 monthly reviewe d creditor s, retentio n and vat reconcil iation	12 monthly reviewe d creditor s, retentio n and vat reconcil iation	R0,00	R0,00	R0,00	n/a		Chie Fina cial Offici r
e Payroll accou nts with errors taking longer to identif y and resolv			Performa nce of monthly payroll reconcili ation	Monthly reconcil iations not perform ed by the 7th day of each month	Monthly reviewal of payroll reconciliation by the 7th working day of each month	Accura te and comple te reconci alitions	12 monthly reviewe d payroll reconcil iation	12 monthly reviewe d payroll reconcil iation	12 monthly reviewe d payroll reconcil iation	12 monthly reviewe d payroll reconcil iation	12 monthly reviewe d payroll reconcil iation	R0,00	R0,00	R0,00	n/a		Chie Final cial Offic r
e Outdat ed Policie s	Annual I Revie w of section al Policie s	4,9	Reviewin g sectional policies	Secton al policies that are not reviewe d annuall y	Review of existing sectional policies and presentation to the relevant stakeholders	Numbe r of review ed policie s	Review of existing section al policies and present ation to the relevan t stakeho lders by 30	Review of existing section al policies and present ation to the relevan t stakeho lders by 30	Review of existing section al policies and present ation to the relevan t stakeho lders by	Review of existing section al policies and present ation to the relevan t stakeho lders by	Review of existing section al policies and present ation to the relevan t stakeho lders by 30	R0,00	R0,00	R0,00	n/a		Chie Fina cial Offic r

Su b-	Issue	Strateg ic	Obje ctive	Strategie s	Baselin e	Project to be Implemented	Output - KPI	Annual Ta	arget				В	udget: MTR	EF		dget urce	Respo nsible
Re sul t Ar ea		Objecti ve	No.		Informa tion			2022/20 23	2023/20 24	2024/20 25	2025/20 26	2026/20 27	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agenc y/s
Cu								June 2023	June 2024	june 2025	June 2026	June 2027						
/ Chain Management	Inadeq uate filing space and syste m for the volum e of docum ents in the Budge t and Treas ury office	To have an effective and reliable filing system for SCM and all award ed tender documents and payment vouch ers	4,10	Conversi on of Supply Chain Manage ment filing to electroni c for old documen ts already audited	Electro nic filing system setup and loading of Budget and Treasur y Office Docum ents	Paper based and physical filing	Conver sion of inform ation into electro nic docum ents	Electro nic filing for Budget and Treasur y docum ents	Re- arange accordi ng to financia I years. The system should always be update d to the latest version.	Licence fees Update d Version as of 1st of June 2024/2 025	Licence fees Update d Version as of 1st of June 2025/2 026	Licence fees Update d Version as of 1st of June 2026/2 027	R2 000 000,00	300 000.00	400 000.00	Yes	No	Chief Finan cial Office r
Supply	The munici pality needs to compl y with all statuto ry trainin g requir ement	To have fully capacit ated Supply Chain Manag ement Person nel	4,11	Training of Supply Chain Manage ment Personn el	Trainin g of SCM Official s	Officials operating with outdated information relevant to their sections	Trainin g of SCM Official s	Capacit ate SCM person nel with relevan t informa tion and newly itroduc ed cercula	Capacit ate SCM person nel with relevan t informa tion and newly itroduc ed cercula	Capacit ate SCM person nel with relevan t informa tion and newly itroduc ed cercula	Capacit ate SCM person nel with relevan t informa tion and newly itroduc ed cercula	Capacit ate SCM person nel with relevan t informa tion and newly itroduc ed cercula	R200 000,00	R208 800,00	R218 196,00	Yes	No	Chief Finan cial Office r

Su b-	Issue	Strateg ic	Obje ctive	Strategie s	Baselin e	Project to be Implemented	Output - KPI	Annual Ta	rget				В	udget: MTRI	EF		dget	Respo nsible
Re sul t Ar ea		Objecti ve	No.		Informa tion			2022/20	2023/20 24	2024/20 25	2025/20 26	2026/20 27	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agenc y/s
								rs 2022/2 023	rs 2023/2 024	rs 2024/2 025	rs 2025/2 026	rs 2026/2 027						
	Inadeq uate contra ct manag ement proces ses	To have iffective contract mange ment system	4,12	To have iffective contracts for advertisi ng and travel agency	Contrac ts for advertis ing and travel agency	Municipal progrection not met by departments.	Panel for adverti sing and travel agency	Contrac ts for advertis ing and travel agency 2022/2 023	Contrac ts for advertis ing and travel agency 2022/2 024	Contrac ts for advertis ing and travel agency 2024/2 025	Contrac ts for advertis ing and travel agency 2025/2 026	Contrac ts for advertis ing and travel agency 2026/2 027	15 000 000.00	15 700 000.00	16 400 000.00	Ye s	No	Chief Finan cial Office r
	Outdat ed and expired supplie r Informa tion	To a fair competi ive bidding process es in all municip al thershol ds	4.13	To have fully functionin g supplier database roaster	Outdate d or expired supplier' s	Validation of supplier database Information by I July 2022	Update d masterfi le Databa se	Review and update of municip al supplier databas e 2022/20 23	Review and update of municip al supplier databas e 2023/20 24	Review and update of municip al supplier databas e 2024/20 25	Review and update of municip al supplier databas e 2025/20 26	Review and update of municip al supplier databas e 2026/20 27	R 7 000,00	R 60 000,00	R7 000,00	Yes	No	Chief Financ ial Officer
	Supplir es not Fully Capacit ated on SCM Bidding proces ses and filling of Municip al			To improve stakehold er/supplie r informatio n and perfoman ce	Inadiqua te suplied Informati on by bidders and non- responsi veness	Provide Training and Workshop on Local Suppliers	More respons ive Bids(Ev aluation Reports)	Capacita tion of supplier s by 2022/20 23	Capacita tion of supplier s by 2023/20 24	Capacita tion of supplier s by 2024/20 25	Capacita tion of supplier s by 2025/20 26	Capacita tion of supplier s by 2026/20 27	R 200 000,00	R 200 000,00	R200 000,00	Yes	No	Chief Financ ial Officer

Su Is	sue	Strateg ic	Obje ctive	Strategie s	Baselin e	Project to be Implemented	Output - KPI	Annual Ta	arget				В	udget: MTR	EF		dget urce	Respo nsible
Re Sul Ar		Objecti ve	No.		Informa tion			2022/20	2023/20 24	2024/20 25	2025/20 26	2026/20 27	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agenc y/s
Bi do	idding ocum nts																	
al Co ct fu	ontra t not ally nonitor	To have valid and closely monitor ed municip al contract s	4.14	To fully functioning and updated contract Register	Invalid and expired Municip al Contract s	Review of all active contracts to ensure validity by 1 July 2022	Upadat ed Contrac t Registe r with expiriry dates	Reviewa I of Municip al Contract s 2022/23	Reviewa I of Municip al Contract s 2023/20 24	Reviewa I of Municip al Contract s 2024/20 25	Reviewa I of Municip al Contract s 2025/20 26	Reviewa I of Municip al Contract s 2026/20 27	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Chief Financ ial Officer
te no ca at th m	id commit ees ot fully apacit ted by ne nunicip lity	To have iffective contract mange ment system.	4.15	To fully capacitate municipal Bid Committe es	Municip al progrecti on not met by departm ents.	Training of Bid Committees(Bid Specification, Bid Evaluation and Bid Adjudication Committees	Attanda nce Registe r	Capacita tion of municip al Bid Committ ees by 2022/20 23	N/A	Capacita tion of municip al Bid Committ ees by 2024/20 25	N/A	N/A	R 300 000,00	N/A	R 500 000,00	Yes	No	Chief Financ ial Officer
ed	olicie	Annual I Revie w of section al Policie s	4.16	Reviewin g sectional policies	Secton al policies that are not reviewe d annuall y	Review of existing sectional policies and presentation to the relevant stakeholders	Numbe r of review ed policie s	Review of existing section al policies and present ation to the relevan t stakeho lders by 30 June 2023	Review of existing section al policies and present ation to the relevan t stakeho lders by 30 June 2024	Review of existing section al policies and present ation to the relevan t stakeho lders by june 2025	Review of existing section al policies and present ation to the relevan t stakeho lders by June 2026	Review of existing section al policies and present ation to the relevan t stakeho lders by 30 June 2027	R0,00	R0,00	R0,00	n/a		Chief Finan cial Office r

Su b-	lssue	Strateg ic	Obje ctive	Strategie s	Baselin e	Project to be Implemented	Output - KPI	Annual Ta	ırget				Ві	udget: MTRI	EF		dget urce	Respo nsible
Re sul t Ar ea		Objecti ve	No.	·	Informa tion			2022/20 23	2023/20 24	2024/20 25	2025/20 26	2026/20 27	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agenc y/s
	Finan cial state ment s with non-comp liace with laws	To achiev e a clean audit	4.17	To have an accurate GRAP complian t Asset Register.	Accurat e and complet e Fixed Assets Registe r as at 30 June 2021 with no Audit Finding s	Performance of monthly reconciliations between FAR and GL within 5 working days after month closure.	Signed monthl y reconci liations	12 Review ed and approv ed Assets reconcil iations by June 2023	12 Review ed and approv ed Assets reconcil iations by June 2024	Review ed and approv ed Assets reconcil iations by June 2025	12 Review ed and approv ed Assets reconcil iations by June 2026	12 Review ed and approv ed Assets reconcil iations by June 2027	R0,00	R0,00	R0,00	N/ A	-	Chief financ ial Office r
Assets and Stores Management					Service Level Agreem ent as at 30 June 2021 for the Prepar ation of GRAP complia nt FAR	Procurement of Update And Compile of A GRAP Compliant Immovable Asset Register	Signed SLA	To have a signed SLA for Update and Compil e Of A GRAP Compli ant Immov able Asset Registe r as at 30 June 2023	To have a signed SLA for Update and Compil e Of A GRAP Compli ant Immov able Asset Registe r as at 30 June 2024	To have a signed SLA for Update and Compil e Of A GRAP Compli ant Immov able Asset Registe r as at 30 June 2025	To have a signed SLA for Update and Compil e Of A GRAP Compli ant Immov able Asset Registe r as at 30 June 2026	To have a signed SLA for Update and Compil e Of A GRAP Compli ant Immov able Asset Registe r as at 30 June 2027	R1 400 000,00	R1 500 000,00	R1 600 000,00	Yes	-	Chief financ ial Office r

Su b-	Issue	Strateg ic	Obje ctive	Strategie s	Baselin e	Project to be Implemented	Output - KPI	Annual Ta	arget				В	udget: MTR	EF		dget urce	Respo nsible
Re sul t Ar		Objecti ve	No.	3	Informa tion		- KFT	2022/20	2023/20 24	2024/20 25	2025/20 26	2026/20 27	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agenc y/s
				All assets recorded in the FAR do exist and valuated accuratel y.	Approved Assets Verification Report as at 30 June 2021.	Quarterly performance of Assets verification process before the end of the following month after the end of the quarter.	Signed and approv ed Assets Verific ation Report s	4 Review ed and approv ed Assets Verifica tion Reports s by June 2023	4 Review ed and approv ed Assets Verifica tion Reports s by June 2024	4 Review ed and approv ed Assets Verifica tion Reports s by June 2025	4 Review ed and approv ed Assets Verifica tion Reports s by June 2026	4 Review ed and approv ed Assets Verifica tion Reports s by June 2027	R0,00	R0,00	R0,00	N/ A	-	Chief financ ial Office r
				To have a complete GRAP complian t Asset Register supporte d by an approve d Assets Methodol ogy	Council approv ed assets write off report as at 30 June 2021	Removal, from municipal operational facilities, of all alienated/written off assets to ensure completeness of the FAR.	Fixed Asset Regist er that is comple te.	To have a Comple te GRAP complia nt FAR as at 30 June 2023	To have a Comple te GRAP complia nt FAR as at 30 June 2024	To have a Comple te GRAP complia nt FAR as at 30 June 2025	To have a Comple te GRAP complia nt FAR as at 30 June 2026	To have a Comple te GRAP complia nt FAR as at 30 June 2027	R100 000,00	R50 000,00	R50 000,00	Yes	-	Chief financ ial Office r
				Basis and assumpti ons on which assets are accounte d for to be well documen ted and approve d	Audited movable e assets method ology as at 30 June 2021 with no audit findings	Preparation and approval of a FAR Methodology	Approv ed FAR Metho dology	To have an approv ed FAR Method ology as at 30 June 2023	To have an approv ed FAR Method ology as at 30 June 2024	To have an approv ed FAR Method ology as at 30 June 2025	To have an approv ed FAR Method ology as at 30 June 2026	To have an approv ed FAR Method ology as at 30 June 2027	R0,00	R0,00	R0,00	N/ A	-	Chief financ ial Office r

Su b-	Issue	Strateg ic	Obje ctive	Strategie s	Baselin e	Project to be Implemented	Output - KPI	Annual Ta	arget				В	udget: MTR	EF		dget urce	Respo nsible
Re sul t Ar		Objecti ve	No.		Informa tion			2022/20 23	2023/20 24	2024/20 25	2025/20 26	2026/20 27	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agenc y/s
ea				Monthly update on inventory moveme nts	Invento ry report and listing as at 30 June 2021	Performance of monthly Inventory reconciliations within 5 working days after month closure.	Signed monthl y reconci liations	12 Review ed and approv ed Invento ry reconcil iations by June 2023	12 Review ed and approv ed Invento ry reconcil iations by June 2024	12 Review ed and approv ed Invento ry reconcil iations by June 2025	12 Review ed and approv ed Invento ry reconcil iations by June 2026	12 Review ed and approv ed Invento ry reconcil iations by June 2027	R0,00	R0,00	R0,00	N/ A	-	Chief financ ial Office r
				Inventory updates once every quarter	Approved Inventory Countreportas at 30 June 2021	Quarterly performance of Inventory count process before the end of the following month after the end of the quarter.	Signed and approv ed Invento ry Count Report s	4 Review ed and approv ed Invento ry Count Reports by June 2023	4 Review ed and approv ed Invento ry Count Reports by June 2024	4 Review ed and approv ed Invento ry Count Reports by June 2025	4 Review ed and approv ed Invento ry Count Reports by June 2026	4 Review ed and approv ed Invento ry Count Reports by June 2027	R0,00	R0,00	R0,00	N/ A	-	Chief financ ial Office r
	All counci I assets need to be fully insure d to ensure going concer n assum ption of the munici pality	To ensure that the munici pality has an active insura nce policy	4.18	Procure ment of Insuranc e Provision for 5 years	Active insuran ce policy as at 30 June 2021	Procurement of provision of insurance services for a period of 5 years	Signed Insura nce agree ment	To have a n active insuran ce policy as at 30 June 2023	To have a n active insuran ce policy as at 30 June 2024	To have a n active insuran ce policy as at 30 June 2025	To have a n active insuran ce policy as at 30 June 2026	To have a n active insuran ce policy as at 30 June 2027	R1 900 000,00	R2 000 000,00	R2 200 000,00	Ye s	-	Chief financ ial Office r

u Is	ssue	Strateg ic	Obje ctive	Strategie s	Baselin e	Project to be Implemented	Output - KPI	Annual Ta	ırget				В	udget: MTR	EF		dget urce	Respo nsible
le ul ar		Objecti ve	No.		Informa tion			2022/20 23	2023/20 24	2024/20 25	2025/20 26	2026/20 27	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agenc y/s
is	s not at risk.																	
pttl oo n s h w e h oo o n	operati onal materi	To ensre that munici pality has station ery availab le when neede d.	4.19	Procure ment of Provision for Stationer y	None	Procurement of Supply and Delivery of Stationery	A signed appoint ment letter/S LA for supply and deliver y of station ery	To have an active agreem ent by the end of 30 June 2023	To have an active agreem ent by the end of 30 June 2024	To have an active agreem ent by the end of 30 June 2025	To have an active agreem ent by the end of 30 June 2026	To have an active agreem ent by the end of 30 June 2027	R2 600 000,00	R2 860 000,00	R3 146 000,00	Ye s	-	Chief financ ial Office r
e A a Ir o N	Outdat ed Asset and nvent ory Manag ement Policie	Revie w of Asset and Invent ory Manag ement Policie s	4.20	Annual review Asset and Inventory Manage ment Policies	Reviwe d and approv ed Asset and Invento ry Manag ement Policies for 2020/2 1 financia I year.	Reviewal of existing Asset and Inventory Management Policies	Approv ed and signed Asset and Invento ry Manag ement Policie s	To have Asset and Invento ry Manag ement Policies reviewe d and approved by 30 June 2023	To have Asset and Invento ry Manag ement Policies reviewe d and approved by 30 June 2024	To have Asset and Invento ry Manag ement Policies reviewe d and approved by 30 June 2025	To have Asset and Invento ry Manag ement Policies reviewe d and approved by 30 June 2026	To have Asset and Invento ry Manag ement Policies reviewe d and approved by 30 June 2027	R0,00	R0,00	R0,00	n/a		Chief Finan cial Office r

Su b-	Issue	Strateg ic	Obje ctive	Strategie s	Baselin e	Project to be Implemented	Output - KPI	Annual Ta	arget				В	udget: MTR	EF		dget	Respo nsible
Re sul t Ar ea		Objecti ve	No.		Informa tion			2022/20	2023/20 24	2024/20 25	2025/20 26	2026/20 27	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agenc y/s
Financial Reporting	All counci I assets need to be well manag ed effecti vely. Financ ial statem ents with non-compli ace with laws	Compliance with the require ments of MFMA section 63 To compile Annual Financial Statements that comply with all require ments.	4.21	Develop ment and reviewal of an effective Asset Manage ment Plan Develop sound, strict and effective procedur es for the compilati on of AFS	Audited Annual Financi al Statem ents for periods with complia nce findings	Development and approval of processes and procedures for compilation of Compliant annual financial statements.	An approv ed Asset Manag ement Plan Credibl e Annual Financi al Statem ents	To develop and approv e an Asset Manag ement Plan as at 30 June 2023 Credibl e and fully complia nt Annual Financi al Statem ents as at 30 June 2023 submitt ed by 31 August	To have a Review ed and approv ed Asset Manag ement Plan as at 30 June 2024 Credibl e and fully complia nt Annual Financi al Statem ents as at 30 June 2024 submitt ed by 31 August	To have a Review ed and approv ed Asset Manag ement Plan as at 30 June 2025 Credibl e and fully complia nt Annual Financi al Statem ents as at 30 June 2025 submitt ed by 31 August	To have a Review ed and approv ed Asset Manag ement Plan as at 30 June 2026 Credibl e and fully complia nt Annual Financi al Statem ents as at 30 June 2026 submitt ed by 31 August	To have a Review ed and approv ed Asset Manag ement Plan as at 30 June 2027 Credibl e and fully complia nt Annual Financi al Statem ents as at 30 June 2027 submitt ed by 31 August	R200 000,00	R200 000,00	R200 000,00	Ye s		Chief Finan cial Office r
		To achiev e a clean audit	4.23	Manage audit and ensure audit readines s	Audited Annual Financi al Statem ents for prior periods	Manage the external audit by the office of the Auditor General to ensure smooth running	Signed Audit report	Manag e the externa I audit and ensure audit	Manag e the externa I audit and ensure audit	2025 Manag e the externa I audit and ensure audit	2026 Manag e the externa I audit and ensure audit	Manag e the externa I audit and ensure audit	R5 560 792,00	R5 838 832,00	R6 072 385,00	Ye s		Chief Finan cial Office r

Su b-	Issue	Strateg ic	Obje ctive	Strategie s	Baselin e	Project to be Implemented	Output - KPI	Annual Ta	arget				В	udget: MTR	EF		idget ource	Respo nsible
Re sul t Ar ea		Objecti ve	No.		Informa tion			2022/20 23	2023/20 24	2024/20 25	2025/20 26	2026/20 27	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agenc y/s
ea					with complia nce findings			readine ss to achieve clean audit opinion as at 30 June 2023	readine ss to achieve clean audit opinion as at 30 June 2024	readine ss to achieve clean audit opinion as at 30 June 2025	readine ss to achieve clean audit opinion as at 30 June 2026	readine ss to achieve clean audit opinion as at 30 June 2027						
				Performa nce of Monthly bank reconcili ations	Reconc iliations not always complet ed within times	Performance of monthly reconciliations by the 7th working day of each month	Signed monthl y reconci liations	12 Review ed bank reconcil iations by June 2023	12 Review ed bank reconcil iations by June 2024	12 Review ed bank reconcil iations by June 2025	12 Review ed bank reconcil iations by June 2026	12 Review ed bank reconcil iations by June 2027	R0,00	R0,00	R0,00			Chief Finan cial Office r
	Non compli ance with statuto ry requir ement s	Adher e to compli ance in terms of manag ement and	4.24	Preparati on and submissi on of all in-year statutory reports which is section 71,52d	Reports not submitt ed on time	Submission of s71 Report not later than 10 working day of each month	Signed monthl y reports	Submis sion of 12 signed s71 Reports by 30 June 2023	Submis sion of 12 signed s71 Reports by 30 June 2024	Submis sion of 12 signed s71 Reports by 30 June 2025	Submis sion of 12 signed s71 Reports by 30 June 2026	Submis sion of 12 signed s71 Reports by 30 June 2027	R0,00	R0,00	R0,00			Chief Finan cial Office r
		reporti ng		and 72 of the MFMA and FMG monthly and quarterly Reports		Submission of s52d reports within 30 days of the end of each quarter	Signed quarter ly reports	Submis sion of 04 signed s52d Reports by 30 June 2023	R0,00	R0,00	R0,00			Chief Finan cial Office r				

Su b-	Issue	Strateg ic	Obje ctive	Strategie s	Baselin e	Project to be Implemented	Output - KPI	Annual Ta	rget		Ві	udget: MTRI	EF		dget urce	Respo nsible		
Re sul t Ar		Objecti ve	No.		Informa tion			2022/20 23	2023/20 24	2024/20 25	2025/20 26	2026/20 27	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agenc y/s
ea						Submission of the s72 report by the 25th of January	Signed mid- year assess ment report	Submis sion of 1 signed s72 Reports (Mid Year assess ment Report) by 25 Januar y 2023	Submis sion of 1 signed s72 Reports (Mid Year assess ment Report) by 25 Januar y 2024	Submis sion of 1 signed s72 Reports (Mid Year assess ment Report) by 25 Januar y 2025	Submis sion of 1 signed s72 Reports (Mid Year assess ment Report) by 25 Januar y 2026	Submis sion of 1 signed s72 Reports (Mid Year assess ment Report) by 25 Januar y 2027	R0,00	R0,00	R0,00			Chief Finan cial Office r
Budgeting	The munici pality needs to compl y with all statuto ry budget ing and reporti ng requir ement	Adher e to compli ance to Munici pal budget and reporti ng require ments	4.25	Preparati on and submissi on of all in-year statutory reports	Appoint ed interns and new account ants	Training of newly appointed FMG Interns and finance officials to meet minimum competency requirements	Interns and Financ e Official s that meet minimu m compet ency	Enrollin g 2 financia I manag ement interns to meet minimu m compet ency require ments by June 2023	Enrollin g 3 financia I manag ement interns to meet minimu m compet ency require ments by June 2024	Enrollin g 2 financia I manag ement interns to meet minimu m compet ency require ments by June 2025	Enrollin g 3 financia I manag ement interns to meet minimu m compet ency require ments by June 2026	Enrollin g 2 financia I manag ement interns to meet minimu m compet ency require ments by June 2027	R300 000,00	R400 000,00	R358 000,00		Yes	Chief Finan cial Office r
	S	To timely produc e budget s in line with	4.26	Develop and monitor processe s to ensure timely preparati	Adjust ments budget approv ed by 28 Februar y 2022	Compile three budgets to be approved by council	Counci I resoluti ons adoptin g the 3 budget s	Approv ed Adjust ment, Draft and Final	Approv ed Adjust ment, Draft and Final	Approv ed Adjust ment, Draft and Final	Approv ed Adjust ment, Draft and Final	Approv ed Adjust ment, Draft and Final	R0,00	R0,00	R0,00			Chief Finan cial Office r

Su b-	Issue	Strateg ic	Obje ctive	Strategie s	Baselin e	Project to be Implemented	Output - KPI	Annual Ta	rget				В	udget: MTRI	EF .		dget urce	Respo nsible
Re sul t Ar		Objecti ve	No.		Informa tion			2022/20 23	2023/20 24	2024/20 25	2025/20 26	2026/20 27	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Exte rnal	Agenc y/s
ea		the Nation al Treasu ry		on, adoption and publicati on of	and draft budget approv ed by			Budget by 30 June 2023	Budget by 30 June 2024	Budget by 30 June 2025	Budget by 30 June 2026	Budget by 30 June 2027						
		guideli nes and regulat ions		credible municipa I budgets	31 March 2022 of each year; final budget approv ed 31 May 2022	Publication of approved budgets	Publica tion of three(3) approv ed budget s	Publica tion of Adjust ment, Draft and Final Budget by 30 June 2023	Publica tion of Adjust ment, Draft and Final Budget by 30 June 2024	Publica tion of Adjust ment, Draft and Final Budget by 30 June 2025	Publica tion of Adjust ment, Draft and Final Budget by 30 June 2026	Publica tion of Adjust ment, Draft and Final Budget by 30 June 2027	R62 608,00	R65 363,00	R68 304,00	Ye s		Chief Finan cial Office r
	Outdat ed Policie s	Annual I Revie w of section al Policie s	4.27	Reviewin g sectional policies	Secton al policies that are not reviewe d annuall y	Review of existing sectional policies and presentation to the relevant stakeholders	Numbe r of review ed policie s	Review of existing section al policies and present ation to the relevan t stakeho lders by 30 June 2023	Review of existing section al policies and present ation to the relevan t stakeho lders by 30 June 2024	Review of existing section al policies and present ation to the relevan t stakeho lders by june 2025	Review of existing section al policies and present ation to the relevan t stakeho lders by June 2026	Review of existing section al policies and present ation to the relevan t stakeho lders by 30 June 2027	R0,00	R0,00	R0,00	n/a		Chief Finan cial Office r

Outcome	9 Objectiv	'e																
Sub - Result	Issue	Strate gic	Obje ctiv	Strate gies	Baseli ne	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Targe			Budget:			Budge Source	et e	Respor sible
Area		Object ive	e No.		Inform ation	impleme nted		2022/202	2023/202 4	2024/202 5	2025/202 6	2026/202 7	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Ext ern al	Agency /s
Integrated Development Planning	to comply with section 32 of the Municp al System s Act	To ensure develo pment of credibl e (accred ited by MEC, NT) IDP review s- aligned with PMS & Budget by June 2027	5.1	By develo ping an IDP proces s plan, by conduc ting public particip ation proces s. By ensurin g alignm ent of budget to the IDP	An assess ed credible IDP docum ent adopte d by council May 2021	Develop ment of 5 annual reviews of IDP adopted by the Council	Council resoluti ons on adoptio n of annual IDP review s	Council adopted IDP by end June 2023	Council adopted IDP by end June 2024	Council adopted IDP by end June 2025	Council adopted IDP by end June 2026	Council adopted IDP by end June 2027	R1 334 557,12	R1 393 277,63	R1 462 941,51	WM ML M	N/A	WMML M
Integrated De		Achiev ed throug h IDP proces s plan		By facilitati ng appoint ment of a service provide r to conduc t a socio-econo mic infrastr ucture study as part	ToRs develo ped and approv ed	conducti ng a socio economi c infrastruc ture survey as part of the situation al analysis report	socio econo mic infrastr ucture study report	conduct socio economic infrastruct ure study	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	R786 000,00	N/A	N/A	WM ML M	N/A	WMML M

	5 GOOD GO		CE AND	PUBLIC PA	ARTICIPAT	TION												
Sub - Result	9 Objectiv Issue	Strate gic	Obje ctiv	Strate gies	Baseli ne	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Targe	et		Budget:	MTREF		Budge		Respon
Area		Object ive	e No.		Inform ation	impleme nted		2022/202 3	2023/202 4	2024/202 5	2025/202 6	2026/202 7	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Ext ern al	Agency /s
gement Systems	To comply with Perform ance plannin g, implem entatio n, monitori ng and	To ensure compli ance with laws and regulati ons and ensure a	5.2	of the situatio nal analysi s report by June 2023	4 Quarter ely Perfor mance Reports tabled to council and its structur es for	4 Quarterly performa nce reports tabled to council and its structure s for consider ation	Numbe r of Quarte rly perfor mance reports tabled to council and its structur	4 Quarterely Performan ce Reports tabled to Council and its structures for considerat ion for the	4 Quarterely Performan ce Reports tabled to Council and its structures for considerat ion for the	R1 262 542,18	R1 325 669,28	R1 391 952,75	WM ML M	N/A	WMMI M			
Performance Management Systems	reportin g regulati ons	culture of accoun tability , perfor mance excelle		By facilitati	conside ration 2 perform ance	Two performa nce	es for consid eration Numbe r of perfor	2022/23 Financial Year by June 2023 Two Peforman ce	2023/24 Financial Year by June 2024 Two Peforman ce	2024/25 Financial Year by June 2025 Two Peforman ce	2025/26 Financial Year by June 2026 Two Peforman ce	2026/27 Financial Year by June 2027 Two Peforman ce	N/A	N/A	N/A	WM ML M	N/A	WMMI M
		nce & monitor ing by		formal perfor mance assess ments	assess ments	assessm ents conducte d	mance assess ments conduc ted	Assessem ents conducted by June 2023	Assessem ents conducted by June 2024	Assessem ents conducted by June 2025	Assessem ents conducted by June 2026	Assessem ents conducted by June 2027						

KPA N0:5 GOOD GOVERNANCE AND PUBLIC PARTICIPATION Outcome 9 Objective Annual Target Budget: MTREF Sub -Issue Strate Obie Strate Baseli Project **Output Budget** Respon Result gic ctiv to be - KPI Source sible gies ne Object Area Inform impleme Agency 2022/202 2023/202 2024/202 2025/202 2026/202 Yr 1 Yr 2 Yr 3 Inte Ext ive No. ation nted 6 /s 4 5 rnal ern al 2021/202 2020/2 2022/202 2023/202 2024/202 2025/202 R375 R394 R414 WM N/A WMML June By Compilat Annual 2023 Facilita 021 ion of the report 2 annual 3 annual 4 annual 5 annual 6 annual 851,57 644,15 376,36 ML M annual annual adopte report report report report report М ting adopted d by adopted adopted adopted compil report report adopted by council ation of adopte council by council by council by council by council the d by by May by May by May by May by May 2021/2 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 council 2 by May 2022 annual report To To 5.3 By Audit Audit Numbe 20 20 20 20 20 R2 500 R2 600 2704000. Yes N/A Internal 000,00 comply promot reviewi Commit Committ r of Reports Reports Reports Reports Reports 00,00 00 Audit with e good tee ee Internal Manage ng Audit Section govern adequa approv approve 165 of d ance cy and ed reports the within effectiv Internal Internal & nternal Audit MFMA Adhoc the Audit Audit eness instituti Plan Coverag internal reports e Plan on by control and June and Adhoc for 2027 2022/23 assign compli ance ments with for laws 2021/2 2 and regulati ons. R250 R260 То То 5.4 Ву Implem Reviewal Audit Audit Audit Audit Audit Audit R270 Yes N/A Internal 000,00 comply improv conduc entable of Risk Commi Committe Committe Committe Committe Committe 000.00 400.00 Audit e Risk ting with risk Manage ttee е е е Manage section Manag munici ment approv approved approved approved approved approved manag Risk Management 165 of Risk Risk Risk Risk Risk ement pal ement Plan and al of the to an wide plan. policy the Managem Managem Managem Managem Managem MFMA Risk Risk ent and ent and ent and ent and ent and accept risk Manag able manag Manag Council Council Council Council Council Resoultio Resoultio Resoultio levels ement ement Resoultio Resoultio ement n adopting n adopting n adopting by worksh Policy Plan n adopting n adopting June Risk Risk Risk Risk Risk ops. and 2027 Managem Managem Managem By Managem Managem policy nt Policy develo nt Policy nt Policy nt Policy nt Policy ping

KPA NO:	GOOD GO	VERNANO	CE AND	PUBLIC P	ARTICIPAT	TON												
Outcome	9 Objectiv	е																
Sub - Result	Issue	Strate gic	Obje ctiv	Strate gies	Baseli ne	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Targe			Budget:			Budg Source	e	Respon sible
Area		Object ive	e No.		Inform ation	impleme nted		2022/202 3	2023/202 4	2024/202 5	2025/202 6	2026/202 7	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Ext ern al	Agency /s
Fraud and Corruption	To comply with Prevent ion and Combat ing of Corrupt activitie s Act 12 of 2004	To combat and defeat the fraud and corrupti on within the Mbizan a Munici pality by June 2027	5.5	particip atory risk manag ement proces s plan. By implem entatio n of the Fraud and Anti-Corrupt ion policy. By conduc ting awaren ess campai gns with all relevan t stakeh olders	2 Fraud awaren ess campai gns conduc ted	Reviewal of Fraud Preventi on. Conducti ng fraud awarene ss campaig ns	Fraud and Anti-Corrupt ion policy adopte d by council . Numbe r of awaren ess campai gns conduc ted	2 Awarenes s campaign s and Reviewal of Policy	R250 000,00	R260 000,00	R270 400,00	Yes	N/A	Internal Audit Manage r				

Outcome	9 Objectiv	'e																
Sub - Result	Issue	Strate gic	Obje ctiv	Strate gies	Baseli ne	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Targe	et		Budget:	MTREF		Budge		Respor sible
Area		Object ive	e No.		Inform ation	impleme nted		2022/202 3	2023/202 4	2024/202 5	2025/202 6	2026/202 7	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Ext ern al	Agency /s
Ethics	To comply with Code of Ethics and Municip al System s Act 32 of 2000	To instil the moral regene ration within the councill ors and employ ees of the Munici pality		By conducting ethics and values awaren ess campai gns thereby complying with Municp al System s Act 32 of 2000 as well as Code of Ethics by June 2027	awaren ess campai gns conduc ted	Ethics and values awarene ss campaig ns	Numbe r of awaren ess campai gns conduc ted	2 awarenes s campaign s	2 awarenes s campaign s	2 awarenes s campaign s	2 awarenes s campaign s	2 awarenes s campaign s	R250 000,00	R260 000,00	R270 400,00	Yes	N/A	Interna Audit Manage r

KPA N0:5 GOOD GOVERNANCE AND PUBLIC PARTICIPATION Outcome 9 Objective Annual Target Budget: MTREF Sub -Issue Strate Obie Strate Baseli Project **Output Budget** Respon Result ctiv to be - KPI Source sible gic gies ne Object Area Inform impleme **Agency** 2022/202 2023/202 2024/202 2025/202 2026/202 Yr 1 Yr 2 Yr 3 Inte Ext ive No. ation nted 6 /s 4 5 rnal ern al 5.6 2 R600 R624 R648 N/A To To Βy Annual Council Audit Audit Audit Audit Audit Yes Internal comply advise advisin advisor Report Resolu committee committee committee committee committee 00,000 00,00 960,00 Audit the relating tion on 's annual 's annual 's annual 's annual 's annual Manage with g on adoptio report for report for report for report for report for section munici risks. reports to the 166 of financi relating effective n of 2022/23 2023/24 2024/25 2025/26 2026/27 pal the council al, to the Audit ness of risk Commi Municip on the internal effectiv control ttee's adequa eness manage **Audit Committee** Financ cy and of risk ment report S, effectiv perfor for manag and Manag eness mance ement internal 2027 of the informa ement and control Act tion system internal and s of and controls reviewal internal Anual as well of control Financi Annual as Financial al Annual Statem Financi Stateme ents as nts well as Statem policies ents To To 5.7 By 9 Numbe 8 8 8 R 2 R 2 R 2 831 Support yes no improve coordin coordin Council Functioni r of programm programm programm programm programm 589 703 201.81 Council es to be 600 542 particip ating ng of es to be es to be es to be es to be ate approv SAYC. atary mainstr special ed Approv conducted conducted conducted conducted conducted ed BY June by June by June by June by June demeo eaming Young groups progra 2024 2025 2026 2027 cracy of forums, mmes Interpren Youth 2023 Progra and internal targetin uer special inclusiv groups and g and Develop mmes **SPU Unit** implem eness and sector ment in support depart support Program, ented ment to of Initiation by 2027 contrib Support, young Career ute people Exhibitio torwad n, Mayor Schools mainstr Achieve eaming of ment young Awards

Outcome	e 9 Objectiv	/e																
Sub - Result	Issue	Strate gic	Obje ctiv	Strate gies	Baseli ne	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Targe	et		Budget:	MTREF		Budg Source		Respor sible
Area		Object ive	e No.	· ·	Inform ation	impleme nted		2022/202 3	2023/202 4	2024/202 5	2025/202 6	2026/202 7	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Ext ern al	Agency /s
				people in all govern ment progra mmes		and Youth Month											al	
				By coordin ating special groups forums, internal and sector depart ment to contrib ute torwad s mainstr eaming of Childre n in all govern ment progra	9 Council approv ed progra mmes targetin g and in support of children	back to school campaig n, support early childhoo d develop ment centres, Inkciyo stipend, child headedh ousehold , inkciyo end year function, Mpondo reed Dance and	numbe r of council approv ed childre n progra mmes	7 programm es to be conducted by June 2023	7 programm es to be conducted by June 2024	7 programm es to be conducted by June 2025	7 programm es to be conducted by June 2026	7 programm es to be conducted by June 2027	R 993 033,6	R 1 036 726,7	R 1 083 378,7	Yes	No	

KPA NO:	5 GOOD G	OVERNAN	CE AND	PUBLIC P	ARTICIPAT	TON												
Outcome	9 Objectiv	/e																
Sub - Result	Issue	Strate gic	Obje ctiv	Strate gies	Baseli ne	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Targe	et		Budget:	MTREF		Budg Source	et :e	Respon sible
Area		Object ive	e No.	9.00	Inform ation	impleme nted		2022/202 3	2023/202 4	2024/202 5	2025/202 6	2026/202 7	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Ext ern al	Agency /s
						inkciyo support											al	
				By coordin ating special groups forums, internal and sector depart ment to contrib ute torwad s mainstr eaming of elderly in all govern ment progra mmes	3 Council approv ed progra mmes targetin g and in support of elderly	Support to elderly centre, elderly wellness campaig n and support to functioning of elderly forum	numbe r of council approv ed elderly progra mmes	3 programm es to be conducted by June 2023	3 programm es to be conducted by June 2024	3 programm es to be conducted by June 2025	3 programm es to be conducted by June 2026	3 programm es to be conducted by June 2027	R 491 249	R 51303 55,2	R 536 456	Yes	No	

KPA N0:5 GOOD GOVERNANCE AND PUBLIC PARTICIPATION Outcome 9 Objective Annual Target Budget: MTREF Sub -Issue Strate Obje Strate Baseli Project **Output Budget** Respon Result gic ctiv to be - KPI Source sible gies ne Object Area Inform impleme **Agency** е 2022/202 2023/202 2024/202 2025/202 2026/202 Yr 1 Yr 2 Yr 3 Inte Ext ive No. ation nted /s 4 6 rnal ern al 3 3 3 3 3 R 224 R 234 R 244 No By 5 support numbe Yes coordin Council functioni r of programm programm programm programm programm 496,96 374,8 921,67 ng of council es to be ating approv PWD conducted conducted conducted conducted conducted special ed approv Forum ed groups progra PWD forums. mmes and Disability internal targetin progra g and Month and mmes sector in depart support ment to of contrib People ute with Disabilit torwad mainstr eaming of PWD in all govern ment progra mmes Ву launch of 5 5 5 5 R 277 R 288 R 301 YES numbe no 183.92 825,6 822.79 coordin Council women r of programm programm programm programm programm es to be ating Approv forum. council special ed women approv conducted conducted conducted conducted conducted ed by June by June by June by June Gender month by June groups 2024 2023 2025 2026 2027 forums, progra celebrati gender internal on, 16 progra ms and implem days of mmes activism, sector ented depart by men for ment to June change contrib 2022 and ute support for torwad s gender mainstr program eaming

KPA NO:	GOOD GO	VERNAN	CE AND	PUBLIC PA	ARTICIPAT	TON												
Outcome	9 Objectiv	e																
Sub -	Issue	Strate	Obje	Strate	Baseli	Project	Output			Annual Targe	et		Budget:	MTREF		Budg		Respon
Result Area		gic Object	ctiv e	gies	ne Inform	to be impleme	- KPI	2022/202	2023/202	2024/202	2025/202	2026/202	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Sourc	Ext	sible Agency
7.11.00		ive	No.		ation	nted		3	4	5	6	7		11 2	11 3	rnal	ern	/s
				of Gender in all govern ment progra mmes													ai	
Legacy Projects	Preserv e legacy of promin ant figure and historic al events in Winnie Madikiz ela-	To commo rate promin ant figures importa nt events and their legacy by June 2027	5,8	By implem enting 24 council apppro ved lagecy project s and activitie s by end June 2027	6 project implem ented	Impleme ntation of legacy projects	Numbe r of council approv ed progra mmes conduc ted	6 Projects to be implement e	6 Projects to be implement e	6 Projects to be implement e	6 Projects to be implement e	6 Projects to be implement e	R1 367 031,95	R1 435 383,00	R1 507 152,00	Inter nal		Manage r Mayora alty and Executi ve Support
	Mandel a			by facilitati ng appoint ment of service provide r to conduc t	N/A	To conduct research on institutio nal heritage	project close out report	to conduct research on institution al heritage by June 2023	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	R700 000,00	N/A	N/A	Inter nal		Manage r Mayora alty and Executi ve Support

KPA N0:5 GOOD GOVERNANCE AND PUBLIC PARTICIPATION Outcome 9 Objective Annual Target Budget: MTREF Sub -Issue Strate Obie Strate Baseli Project **Output Budget** Respon Result gic ctiv gies to be - KPI Source sible ne Object Area Inform impleme **Agency** 2022/202 2023/202 2024/202 2025/202 2026/202 Yr 1 Yr 2 Yr 3 Inte Ext ive No. ation nted 6 /s 4 5 rnal ern al researc h on instituti onal heritag е 5.9 8 Custmer 8 Custmer 8 Custmer 8 Custmer 8 Custmer R435 R457 479967,3 Lack of To By Custom Impleme Numbe Inter Commu minimi enhanc er Care ntation of r of Care Care Care Care Care 344,52 111,75 nal nication awaren Programs Custo **Programs** Programs **Programs** ess and ze ing register Custome **Programs** and 4 mer and 4 and 4 and 4 and 4 Manage commit custom capacit r care y within ment er care Compla policy care Customer Customer Customer Customer Customer related custom ints Careline Careline Careline Careline Careline progra compla Reports Reports Reports Reports Reports custom er care book mmes **Customer Care** ints functio and conduc per per per per er care per financial financial relation and Custom ted financial financial financial n. create er Care s year year year year vear Policy а custom and a Custom er friendly er Care Satisfa environ ction ment Survey. by June 2022 5.10. R104 R108 R113 N/A To Ву Review Numbe Reviewed Reviewed Reviewed Yes Commu Ineffecti Commun Reviewed Reviewed Communi 000,00 576,00 461.92 improv implem ication r of Communi Communi Communi Communi nication ve ed Strategy review commu е enting Commu cation cation cation cation cation Communcations nication various nication reviewal ed strategy Manage sound strategy strategy strategy strategy commu mecha strateg and commu nicatio nisms impleme nicatio of ntation n and public strateg commu liaison nicatio y and n within **Implem** ented the Action council Plan approv

Outcome	9 Objectiv	'e																
Sub - Result	Issue	Strate gic	Obje ctiv	Strate gies	Baseli ne	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Targe	et		Budget:	MTREF		Budg		Respon sible
Area		Object ive	e No.		Inform ation	impleme nted		2022/202 3	2023/202 4	2024/202 5	2025/202 6	2026/202 7	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Ext ern al	Agency /s
			5.10. 2	ed commu nicatio n strateg	2 newslet ters	Compilat ion of the newslett er	Numbe r of newsle tters produc ed	2 newsletter s	2 newsletter s	2 newsletter s	2 newsletter s	2 newsletter s	R351 400,00	R367 213,00	R383 737,59	Yes	N/A	Commu nication s Manage r
			5.10. 3	By implem enting commu nicatio n strateg	4 quartel y LCF meetin gs	Function al LCF in place	Numbe r of LCF meetin gs conduc ted	4 quartely LCF meetings	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	Commu nication s Manage r				
Inter- Gover nment al Relatio ns	Fragme nted coordin ation of govern ment service s	to improv e coordin ation of service deliver y among st sphere s of govern ment by June 2027	5.11	by implem enting IGR terms of referen ce	adopte d IGR terms of referen ces and four IGR meetin gs	Facilitati on of 20 IGR meetings	numbe r of meetin gs held	4 meetings by June 2023	4 meetings by June 2024	4 meetings by June 2025	4 meetings by June 2025	4 meetings by June 2026	Nill	Nill	Nill	WM ML M	N/A	WMML M

Sub - Result	9 Objectiv Issue	Strate gic	Obje ctiv	Strate gies	Baseli ne	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Targe	et		Budget:	MTREF		Budge		Respon sible
Area		Object ive	e No.	gles	Inform ation	impleme nted	- KFI	2022/202 3	2023/202 4	2024/202 5	2025/202 6	2026/202 7	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Ext ern al	Agency /s
e diseases	increasi ng rate of prevale nce in number of commu nicable disease s	To reduce the rate of prevale nce of all commu nicable diseas es by June 2027	5.12. 1	By rolling out awaren ess on prevent ative measur es of commu nicable diseas es	1 Reveiw ed Commu nicable Diseas es Manag ement Plan	Review and Implemet ation of the Local Commun icable Diseases Manage ment Plan to be adopted by Council by June 2027.	Review ed and implem ented Local Comm unicabl e diseas es manag ement plan	Implement ation of Local Communi cable diseases managem ent plan by June 2023	Implement ation of Local Communi cable diseases managem ent plan by June 2024	Review and Implement ation of Local Communi cable diseases managem ent plan by June 2025	Implement ation of Local Communi cable diseases managem ent plan by June 2026	Implement ation of Local Communi cable diseases managem ent plan by June 2027	R124 800,00	R130 291,20	R136 805,76	Yes	N/A	WMM LM
Mangement of Communicable diseases					12 progra mmes conduc ted	Conduct 60 awarene ss campaig ns on sexual reproduc tive health, provide support to Commun icable diseases support groups, support to functiona I NGOs and CBOs	numbe r of awaren ess campai gns on sexual reprod uctive health conduc ted, numbe r of support groups, CBOs, NGO's support ed	Conduct 12 awarenes s campaign s on sexual reproducti ve health, support NGOs, CBOs and support groups by June 2023	Conduct 12 awarenes s campaign s on sexual reproducti ve health, support NGOs, CBOs and support groups by June 2024	Conduct 12 awarenes s campaign s on sexual reproducti ve health, support NGOs, CBOs and support groups by June 2025	Conduct 12 awarenes s campaign s on sexual reproducti ve health, support NGOs, CBOs and support groups by June 2026	Conduct 12 awarenes s campaign s on sexual reproducti ve health, support NGOs, CBOs and support groups by June 2027	R268 320,00	R280 126,08	R294 132,38	Yes	N/A	WMM LM

	5 GOOD GO		CE AND	PUBLIC P	ARTICIPAT	TION												
	9 Objectiv	е																
Sub - Result	Issue	Strate gic	Obje ctiv	Strate gies	Baseli ne	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Targe	et		Budget:	MTREF		Budg Source	e	Respon sible
Area		Object ive	e No.		Inform ation	impleme nted		2022/202 3	2023/202 4	2024/202 5	2025/202 6	2026/202 7	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Ext ern al	Agency /s
Litigations	Centrali sation of legal matters	to ensure proper manag ement of legal matters	5.13. 1	By implem enting council adopte d legal risk manag ement and litigatio n policy	Cases on court roll	Attendin g to municipa I cases on the court roll	Numbe r of cases attende d to and resolve d	Progress reports on cases attended to and resolved by June 2023	Progress reports on cases attended to and resolved by June 2024	Progress reports on cases attended to and resolved by June 2025	3 workshop s conducted on legslation, cases and policies etc by June 2026	3 workshop s conducted on legslation, cases and policies etc by June 2027	R5 816 769,50	R6 072 707,36	R 6 345 979,19	Inter nal		Legal Service s
Litiga			5.13. 2	By implem enting council adopte d legal risk manag ement and litigatio n policy	5 worksh ops	Awarene ss worksho ps on legislatio n, cases and policies etc. conducte d	Numbe r of worksh ops conduc ted on legislati on, cases and policies etc.	3 workshop s conducted on legslation, cases and policies etc by June2 2023	3 workshop s conducted on legslation, cases and policies etc by June 2024	3 workshop s conducted on legslation, cases and policies etc by June 2025	3 workshop s conducted on legslation, cases and policies etc by June 2026	3 workshop s conducted on legslation, cases and policies etc by June 2027	N/A	N/A	N/A	Inter nal		Legal Service s
Public Participation	Improv ed perfrom ance of public particip ation strutctu res	To strengt hen and enhanc e public particip ation Mecha nism by 2027	5.14. 1	By buildin g capacit y and support to public particip ation	310 ward committ ee membe r, 20 CDW's and 31 ward war rooms	Provision of training and monitorin g of public participat ion structure s	Numbe r of training conduc ted and support provide d by June 2027	Provision of training and monitoring of public participati on structures	Provision of training and monitoring of public participati on structures	Provision of training and monitoring of public participati on structures	Provision of training and monitoring of public participati on structures	Provision of training and monitoring of public participati on structures	R992 783,60	R1 036 466,49	R 1 088 289,81	Inter nal	N/A	WMML M

Outcome	e 9 Objectiv	re																
Sub - Result	Issue	Strate gic	Obje ctiv	Strate gies	Baseli ne	Project to be	Output - KPI			Annual Targe	et		Budget:	MTREF		Budg		Respon sible
Area		Object ive	e No.		Inform ation	impleme nted		2022/202 3	2023/202 4	2024/202 5	2025/202 6	2026/202 7	Yr 1	Yr 2	Yr 3	Inte rnal	Ext ern al	Agency /s
	Compli ence with Section 73 MSA	To ensure coordin ated public partdici pation in all munici pal progra ms by June 2027	5.14. 2	By facilitati ng consult ative session with commu nities to ensure public involve ment in all munici pal progra ms	1 Mayora I Imbizo, I IDP & Budget roadsh ow and 1 Annual Report Consult ation held	To faciliate 15 consultat itve session with communi ties by June 2027	Numbe r of consult ative sessio ns with commu nities	To faciliate 03 consultatit ve session with communiti es by June 2027	To faciliate 03 consultatit ve session with communiti es by June 2027	To faciliate 03 consultatit ve session with communiti es by June 2027	To faciliate 03 consultatit ve session with communiti es by June 2027	To faciliate 03 consultatit ve session with communiti es by June 2027	R431 600,00	R450 590,00	R 473 119,92	Inter nal	N/A	WMML M
Council	Complience with Sec 18(1) and (2) of Munuci pal Structures Act.	To ensure proper sitting of Council and Council Committees by June 2027	5. 15.1	By adhearing to the council adopte d schedu le of council meetin gs	Adopte d schedul e of council meetin gs and its committ ee for 2021/2 022	Coordina te sitting of 20 Council Meetings and 180 council committe es by June 2027	Numbe of council meetin gs and numbe r of council commit ees held by June 2027	Facilitate four council meeting and 36 council committee meetings	Facilitate four council meeting and 36 council committee mee	Facilitate four council meeting and 36 council committee mee	Facilitate four council meeting and 36 council committee mee	Facilitate four council meeting and 36 council committee mee	R580 418,75	R605 957,18	R 636 255,03	Inter nal	N/A	WMML M

	5 GOOD GO		E AND	PUBLIC PA	ARTICIPAT	TION												
Sub - Result Area	9 Objectiv	Strate gic Object ive	Obje ctiv e No.	Strate gies	Baseli ne Inform ation	Project to be impleme nted	Output - KPI	2022/202	2023/202	Annual Targe 2024/202 5	2025/202 6	2026/202	Budget:	MTREF Yr 2	Yr 3	Budg Source Inte		Respon sible Agency /s
By Laws	Comlia nce with laws and regulati ons	To ensure proper regulati on of the munici pal powers and functions	5.13. 2	By facilitati ng review al and/or develo ped Munici pal By Laws	45 reviewe d and gazette d by laws	Reviewin g and/or developi ng bylaws	Numbe r of bylaws review ed and/or develo ped	Reveiwed/ developed Bylaws submitted to Council for inputs by June 2023	Reveiwed/ developed Bylaws submitted to Council for inputs by June 2024	Reveiwed/ developed Bylaws submitted to Council for inputs by June 2025	Reveiwed/ developed Bylaws submitted to Council for inputs by June 2026	Reveiwed/ developed Bylaws submitted to Council for inputs by June 2027	N/A	N/A	N/A	Inter nal	ui .	Legal Service s

CHAPTER FOUR: DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT MODEL (DDM)

6. DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT MODEL AND COMMITMENTS BY SECTOR DEPARTMENTS

The 25 Year government performance review revealed challenges of "patterns of operating in silos" as a challenge which led to lack of coherence in planning and implementation and has made monitoring and oversight of government's programme difficult. The consequence has been non-optimal delivery of services and diminished impact on the triple challenges of poverty, inequality and employment. In response, National Cabinet in August 2019 approved a District Coordinated Development Model (DCDM), which is the rolling out of "a new integrated district-based approach" to addressing our service delivery challenges and localised procurement and job creation, that promotes and supports local businesses, and that involves communities.

The district-driven development model is directed at turning plans into action and ensuring proper project management and tracking. District Development Model will be pursued through single and integrated plans per district which will be further synchronised with Integrated Development Plans in municipalities.

The intervention is also in line with the National Development Plan, which outlines the importance of building a capable state in partnership with the citizens of this country. This requires well-run and effectively coordinated state institutions staffed by skilled public servants who are committed to the public good and capable of delivering consistently high-quality services for all South Africans. The new District Development Model is anchored in the current government legislations and policies.

- The mandate of the DDM is underpinned under Section 154 of the constitution. Sec 47 of IGR Act makes provision for Minister to
 issue guidelines on a framework for coordinating and aligning development priorities and objectives between the three spheres of
 government; a framework for coordinating action affecting municipal functions and implementation controls.
- The DDM is then a practical IGR mechanism for all 3 spheres of government to work, plan jointly and act jointly in unity.
- It is a single strategically focused "One plan" and "One Budget" for each of district municipalities and metros.
- The purpose of the Alfred Nzo District DDM One Plan is:
 - to create an environment which is condusive for investment.
 - To stabilize governance and financial management practices in the Alfred Nzo District.

6.1. COMMITMENTS BY SECTOR DEPARTMENTS

Department	Project name	Project nature	Ward	Village	Year / Period of Implementation	Budget Allocated	Implementing Agent
	Dlungwana SPS	ANE SANITATION	5	GWALA	2022/23		NEC
	Khanyisani JPS	ANE SANITATION	18	LUBUNDE	2022/24		NEC
	Mafadobo SPS	ANE SANITATION	2	Mafodobo	2022/25		NEC
	Mapakati SPS	ANE SANITATION	8	MPHENI	2022/26		NEC
_	Mdikiso SPS	ANE SANITATION	4	MDIKISO	2022/27		NEC
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION (DOE)	Mkambati JPS	ANE SANITATION	2	MKAMBATI	2022/28		NEC
AT OF EDI (DOE)	Swane ridge SPS	ANE SANITATION	11	SWANE	2022/29		NEC
RTMEN1	Ncenjane JPS	ANE SANITATION	18	HLOLWENI	2022/30		NEC
DEPA	Izwelethu SPS	ANE SANITATION	29	Emxhosheni	2022/31	R1'504'237.70	TMT
	Lukholo JSS	ANE SANITATION	22	LUKHOLO	2021/22	R1'683'276.13	TMT
	Monti JSS	ANE SANITATION	19	MONTI	2021/22		TMT
	Tokozani PS	ANE SANITATION	19	MONTI	2021/22	R1477401.06	TMT
	Matwebu PS	ANE SANITATION		MATWEBU	2021/22	R1,447,410.16	TMT
	Zamilizwe JS	ANE SANITATION	19	NIKWE	2021/22	R1'633'467.36	TMT
	Gecelo JPS	ANE SANITATION	13	NTSHAMATHE	2021/22	R1,774,415.21	TMT

	Sontsele PS	ANE SANITATION	7	ENTSHAMATHE	2021/22	R2,379,982.50	TMT
	Baleni JSS	ANE SANITATION	6	BALENI	2021/22	R1,537,930.54	TMT
	Baleni SSS	ANE SANITATION	6	BALENI	2021/22	R1,591,006.99	TMT
	Bekela JSS	ANE SANITATION	25	BEKELA	2021/22	R1,661,367.48	TMT
	Buttville JSS	ANE SANITATION	25	BUTTVILLE	2021/22	R1,507,961.87	TMT
	Clarkville JSS	ANE SANITATION	10	CLARKVILLE	2021/22	R1,323,029.44	TMT
	Dudumeni SSS	ANE SANITATION	8	DUDUMENI	2021/22	R1,292,771.56	TMT
	Dyifani JSS	ANE SANITATION	24	LUDEKE	2021/22	R1,333,895.84	TMT
	Ebenezer JSS	ANE SANITATION	14	LURHOLWENI	2021/22	R2,387,809.18	TMT
	Eluthulini JSS	ANE SANITATION	10	LUTHULINI	2021/22	R1,951,761.68	TMT
	Embobeni JSS	ANE SANITATION	8	MBOBENI	2021/22	R2,334,108.65	TMT
	Emceteni JSS	ANE SANITATION	5	MCETENI	2021/22	R1,638,432.60	TMT
	Galatyeni JSS	ANE SANITATION	4	GALATYENI	2021/22	R1,520,019.11	TMT
	Gwala JS	ANE SANITATION	5	GWALA	2021/22	R1,635,968.70	TMT
	Mabuto JSS	ANE SANITATION	4	ENKANTSWINI	2021/22	R1,489,200.48	TMT
	Mahaha JSS	ANE SANITATION	25	ЕМАНАНА	2021/22	R1,449,878.34	TMT
DEP ART MEN T OF EDU	Makosonke JSS	ANE SANITATION	23	CHITHWAYO	2021/22	R1,214,226.89	TMT

Maqongwana S	SS ANE SANITATION	14	EMAKHWANTINI	2021/22	R1,636,888.84	TMT
Marina JSS	ANE SANITATION	23	ELURHOLWENI	2021/22	R1,429,617.11	TMT
Mbongweni JSS	ANE SANITATION	14	EMBONGWENI	2021/22	R1,170,159.57	TMT
Mdatya SSS	ANE SANITATION	9	BEKELA	2021/22	R2,129,875.21	TMT
Meje JSS	ANE SANITATION	18	QADU	2021/22	R2,120,413.50	TMT
Mfundambini JS	S ANE SANITATION	10	ENQABENI	2021/22	R1,925,975.06	TMT
Mfuneli JSS	ANE SANITATION	30	MFUNELI	2021/22	R1,916,206.16	TMT
Mjanyelwa JSS	ANE SANITATION	26	EDINDINI	2021/22	R1,727,936.94	TMT
Mkomane SSS	ANE SANITATION	16	EMGODINI	2021/22	R1,560,075.72	TMT
Mpenkulu JSS	ANE SANITATION	12	ENTSIMBINI	2021/22	R2,098,115.78	TMT
Mt zion JSS	ANE SANITATION	22	MT ZION	2021/22	R1,327,191.36	TMT
Mtayisa JSS	ANE SANITATION	19	EMTAYISE	2021/22	R1,735,658.81	TMT
Ndlovimile JSS	ANE SANITATION	17	KWAMPISI	2021/22	R1,552,667.22	TMT
Nkundla JSS	ANE SANITATION	10	KWANDELA	2021/22	R1,537,037.08	TMT
Nomagqwathek Comp Tech	ana ANE SANITATION	22	ELUGWIJINI	2021/22	R1,730,222.06	TMT

	Ntabezulu SSS	ANE SANITATION	19	MONTI	2021/22	R1,244,612.86	TMT
	Ntlakwe SSS	ANE SANITATION	30	ENTLAKWE	2021/22	R2,108,913.67	TMT
	Ntlalontsha JSS	ANE SANITATION	7		2021/22	R1,598,969.02	TMT
	Ntlamvukazi JSS	ANE SANITATION	19	EMKHANDLWENI	2021/22	R1,397,583.75	TMT
	Ntola JSS	ANE SANITATION	3	SITHUKUTHEZI	2021/22	R1,596,224.44	TMT
	Ntshangase JSS	ANE SANITATION	3	NTSHANGASE	2021/22	R1,454,570.20	TMT
NOIL	Ntsimbini JSS	ANE SANITATION	11	ENTSIMBINI	2021/22	R1,708,719.94	TMT
EDUCA	Ntukayi SSS	ANE SANITATION	7	NDUNGE	2021/22	R1,332,735.55	TMT
ENT OF	Shukuma SSS	ANE SANITATION	19	ENTLOZELO	2021/22	R1,809,482.98	TMT
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	Swane JSS	ANE SANITATION	8	ESWANE	2021/22	R1,263,087.61	TMT
۵	Tsawana JSS	ANE SANITATION	30	ETSAWANA	2021/22	R2,026,916.63	TMT
	Vukayibambe SSS	ANE SANITATION	21	EQHASA	2021/22	R2,249,529.08	TMT
	Vuyisile JSS	ANE SANITATION	19	EKHOTSHO	2021/22	R1,634,449.75	TMT
	Winnie Mandela Comp tech SSS	ANE SANITATION	31	KHANYAYO	2021/22	R1,066,446.50	TMT
	Bokuveni JSS	ANE SANITATION	18	BOKUVENI	2021/22	R1,526,120.50	TMT
	Enyanisweni SSS	ANE SANITATION	19	ENYANISWENI	2021/22	R2,003,853.50	TMT

	Greenville SSS	ANE SANITATION	21	ETYENI	2021/22	R1,828,716.69	TMT
	Khumbuza JSS	ANE SANITATION	13	XHOLOBENI	2021/22	R1,654,712.98	TMT
	Majavu SSS	ANE SANITATION	23	SIWISA	2021/22	R1,304,932.23	TMT
	Mpondombini SSS	ANE SANITATION	21	LIBUNDE	2021/22	R2,014,185.06	TMT
	Mqeni JSS	ANE SANITATION	19	EMQENI	2021/22	R1,931,118.70	TMT
	Mzambana JSS	ANE SANITATION	18		2021/22	R1,697,991.33	TMT
VIION	Nonkqubela SSS	ANE SANITATION	13	MATWEBU	2021/22	R2,376,388.98	TMT
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	Vulindlela comp-tech HS	ANE SANITATION	23	ELURHOLWENI	2021/22	R1,588,162.79	TMT
ENT C	Cwaka PS	ANE SANITATION	29	ESICAMBENI	2021/22	R1,374,351.20	TMT
ARTIN	Langalethu PS	ANE SANITATION	21	DOTYA	2021/22	R1,577,234.20	TMT
DE	Pathekile PS	ANE SANITATION	29	EMBONGWENI	2021/22	R684,332.23	TMT
	Kwa-Ntika Ps	ANE SANITATION	21	ESICAMBENI	2021/22	R2,568,708.81	TMT
	Cwaka PS	WATER PROJECTS	19	ESICAMBENI	2021/22	R2,630,078.16	IDT
	Khanyisani PS	WATER PROJECTS	21	LIBUNDE	2021/22	R619,465.65	IDT
	Ngojane Ps	WATER PROJECTS	21	KHANYAYO	2021-2023	R2,586,539.49	IDT
	Lusindisweni PS	WATER PROJECTS	29	CHITHWAYO	2021/22	R1,407,365.77	IDT
	Lukholo PS	WATER PROJECTS	18	LUKHOLO	2021/22	R1,320,141.68	IDT
	Ntsimbini PS	WATER PROJECTS	14	NTSIMBINI	2021/22	R3,848,136.41	IDT

	Tokozani PS	WATER PROJECTS	15	NTLOZELO	2021/22	R3,828,362.89	IDT
	Mbabazo PS	WATER PROJECTS	22	NTLOZELO	2021/22	R3,812,030.50	IDT
	Kopano PS	WATER PROJECTS	30	KHOTSHO	2021/22	R1'066'446.00	IDT
	Mdelwa PS	ELECTRIFICATION PROJECT	19			R 2,545,367.55	DBSA
2	Thembamzizi PS	Full Scope	18	MADONGAZANA	2021-2022	R40'000,000.00	DPW
	Mqhokweni PS	Full Scope	2	MPHENI	2021-2022	R35'653'661.34	IDT
UCA	Stanford PS	Full Scope	20	MANGQOFOZO	2021-2023	R 3,555,034.58	IDT
OF ED	ANE District Office	Prefabricated structures	1	MBIZANA	2021/22	R 8,155,720.00	DBSA
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	Vukayibambe SS	Prefabricated structures	11	QHASA	2021/22	R 2'456'205.07	IDT
DEPAR	Lower Mkhomane	Prefabricated structures	10	MGODINI	2021-2023	R10'900'000.00	DBSA
	Nkantolo PS	Prefabricated structures and major renovations to the existing structures	27	ENkantolo	2021/22	R10,000,000.00	DBSA
	Failangus DC	ECDC	27	SILANGWE	2021-2023	D 40 470 705 40	IDT
	Esilangwe PS	ECDC	21	SILANGWE	2021-2023	R 10,179,725.12	IUI

Department	Project name	Project nature	Ward/s	Village	Year / Period of	Budget Allocated	Implementing
					Implementation		Agent
ш	Regravelling:	Regravelling			2021/2022		DOT
₽ L	DR08123		11	Ntsimbini to Sigodlweni		R2 000 000.00	
<u>F</u> &	DR08121		14	Mbongweni		R1 000 000.00	
\(\text{\tin}\text{\tint{\text{\tin}\}\\ \text{\tin}\}\\ \text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}}\\ \text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\texi}\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\text{\teti}\titt{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\t	DR08112		27	Nkantolo towards Fort Donald		R4 000 000.00	
RTMENT	DR08111			Nguthu		R3 000 000.00	
₹ &	Potholes	Pothole patching		R61			
DEPAI TRA	Reshaping	Reshaping					
	DR08021						

Bladding	Bladding			T		1
DR08019 DR08473	Diaduling					
EPWP 1eekly Road Ranger (24)	Stray Animal monitoring	3, 7, 8, 9, 10,13, 17, 20, 22, 23, 24, 29, 31	Qabangeni, Sithukuthezi,Fordonald Nyanisweni,Emazwen Bhukuveni, Makhuzeni, Nqabeni , Newtown, Town,Imizizi,Ntlakhwe,Qandashe, Plangeni, Redoub, Lugwijini, LukholoMobeni, Mzamba,Ebenezer,Pelepele, Siwisa	2021/2022	R855 360 (Stipends only)	СВР
2. Weekend Ranger (3)	Road	22, 23	-Lukholo Qandashe Ezikhuba Casino	2021/2022	R68 112.00	CBP
3.Safe Anima Crossing (2)		Ward 3	Magusheni	2021/2022	R45 600.00	CBP
4.Walking Bu (60)		Ward 8,Ward17 Ward 20,Ward22 Ward 24	Dudumeni ,Ntsingisi Imizizi, Redout,Erthridge Lugwijini ,Ebenezer	2021/2022	R1 026 OO.00	CBP
5.Scholar Transport Monitors (45)		Ward 3,Ward 4 Ward 5,Ward7 Ward 9,Ward11 Ward 14,Ward15 Ward 16,Ward18 Ward19,Ward Ward 21,Ward22 Ward 23,Ward 25 Ward 27,Ward28 Ward 30,Ward 31	Dumsi, Sithukuthezi Ludeke,Hlamandana Mzamba ,Ntukayi Nqabeni,Vukayibambe Ngalonkulu H.S Winnie Madikizela C Cangci Comp Tech Nyaka,Ntabezulu,Shukum Nongeke,Hlolweni, Greenville,Kwandela,Nomagqwathekan a,Vulindlela Xholobeni,Baleni,Oliver Tambo,Gumzana Madikizela,Majavu	2021/2022	R1 055 700.00	CBP
7.Supervisors (68)	EPWP	Ward 3 to 31	Dumsi, Sithukuthezi Ludeke,Hlamandana Mzamba ,Ntukayi Nqabeni,Vukayibambe Ngalonkulu H.S Winnie Madikizela C Cangci Comp Tech Nyaka,Ntabezulu,Shukum Nongeke,Hlolweni, Greenville,Kwandela,Nomagqwathekan a,Vulindlela Xholobeni,Baleni,Oliver Tambo,Gumzana Madikizela,Majavu	2021/2022	R3 215 040	CBP

8 (4)	Office Cleaners	EPWP	Ward 1	Town	2021/2022	R91 200.00	CBP
9.H Co	Households ontractors 327)	EPWP	Ward 3 to 31	Dumsi, Sithukuthezi Ludeke,Hlamandana Mzamba ,Ntukayi Nqabeni,Vukayibambe Ngalonkulu H.S Winnie Madikizela C Cangci Comp Tech Nyaka,Ntabezulu,Shukum Nongeke,Hlolweni, Greenville,Kwandela,Nomagqwathekan a,Vulindlela Xholobeni,Baleni,Oliver Tambo,Gumzana Madikizela,Majavu	2021/2022	R13 151 040	СВР
Se	D.National Youth ervices (NYS) and Artisans (24)	EPWP	Ward 27 ,Ward25 Ward 27,Ward30 Ward 16 ,Ward20 Ward 8 Ward11 Ward 12, Ward 25 Ward 30,Ward27,Ward30 ,Ward 8,Ward 25,Ward 10 Ward 6	Isikelo A/A.Amadiba A/A Isekelo A/A Izilangwe A/A Nyanisweni A/A Amampisi Mamcakweni Village Qhasa A/A,Dutyini A/A Amangutyana A/A Sigodlweni Location Amadiba A/A Bhobhoyi Location Nkantolo A/A Amangutyana A/A Dudumeni A/A Amadiba A,Bhukuveni A/A Msikaba A/A	2021/2022	NYS: R634 800 ARTISANS: R55 200	СВР
	cholar Transport	Learner Transportation	Distribution /allocation of Scholar transport services affects practically all wards, some routes and pick-up points are in wards that are not benefitting schools and vice versa	Out of 44 benefitting schools we have 114 routes 163 pick-up points this then translate to number of villages servic	2021/2022	Department of Transport pays operators as per transport used and kilometers travelled District does not have the actual budget however Province is having R659 Million for this financial ye	
Tra	ransport Safety						
Wa	alking bus		Lugwiji, Earthridge, Intsingizi, Ebenezer and Dudumeni J.S.S	Lugwiji, Earthridge, Intsingizi, Ebenezer and Dudumeni J.S.S	2021/2022		DOT
JT	TTC		Ntlakwe, Intsingizi, Mphetshwa,	Ntlakwe, Intsingizi, Mphetshwa, Themba Mzize, Ntola and Mzamba J.S.S	2021/2022		DOT

	Themba Mzize, Ntola and Mzamba J.S.S			
Child in Traffic	Plangeni, Mfolozi and Mzamba J.S.S.	Plangeni, Mfolozi and Mzamba J.S.S.	2021/2022	DOT
Cyclist education	W.M Mandela T.H.S, Ngalonkulu S.S.S and Gumzana S.S.S	W.M Mandela T.H.S, Ngalonkulu S.S.S and Gumzana S.S.S	2021/2022	DOT
Driver & Passenger education	R61, Redoubt, Mzamba, Nyanisweni, Nomlacu and Envis	R61, Redoubt, Mzamba, Nyanisweni, Nomlacu and Envis	2021/2022	DOT
Transport Operations				
Transport Operations Ab350	Tonti, Mjozi, Mthamvana, Clark ville, Mfundambini, Holy cross, Mdingi, Makhwantini, Xolobeni, Mngungu, Khanyayo, Topozo, and Greenville	Tonti, Mjozi, Mthamvana, Clark ville, Mfundambini, Holy cross, Mdingi, Makhwantini, Xolobeni, Mngungu, Khanyayo, Topozo, and Greenville	2021/2022	DOT

Department	Project name	Project nature	Ward	Village	Year / Period of Implementation	Budget Allocated	Implementing Agent
NT ОF НЕАLTH	Completion of Nokhatshile Clinic	Completion of municipality donated clinic, new staff accommodation, water reticulation and provision of electrical supply.	02	Nokhatshile	2022/23	R 4 500 000. 00	DPW&I
DEPARTMENT	Conditional Assessments to all Health Facilities - Alfred Nzo	Conditional Assessments to all Health Facilities	District	District	2022/23 – 24/25	R 500 000. 00	DPW&I & CDC
	Meje CHC - New Building including site works and bulk services- Commissioning	Commissioning	14	Meje	2022/23	R 15 000 000.000	ECDOH

	Greenville Hospital (Staff accommodation -Minor repairs to building items, internal & external painting	J 3		21	Green	ville	2022/23-24	/25	R 4 500 000.00		DPW&I
	Greenville Hospital- Construction of a Nev 100 District Bed Hospital	Construction of a New 100 be earthworks, electrical works, accommodation and comple Clinic and Guardhouse in William Municipality.	civil works, staff tion of the Gateway	21			2022/23		R 15 000 000.0	JU	DPW&I
	Meje CHC - New Building including site works and bulk services	New Building including site v	works and bulk services				2022/23		R 15 000 000.0	00	CDC
Department	Project name	Project nature	Ward	Village		Year / Period		Budge	t Allocated	Impl	ementing Agent
VIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS	Local and Regional Economic Development Fund (LRED)	A fund which is aimed at creating an enabling environment to support enterprise development, that were previously unable to access funding from commercial banks and other DFIs due to lack of security / collateral and or lack of credit history.	targets all wards, meaning all eligible SMMEs and Cooperatives that meet criteria and guidelines as stipulated in policy.	The Programn targets all villa stipulated in po	ges olicy.	2021/22		at R50 Project and ca for Pro Implem	entation.		
DEPARTMENT OD ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS AND TOURISM (DEDEAT)	Imvaba Fund	The fund is solely to promote the viability of the Cooperatives in the Eastern Cape Province and it is administered and implemented by ECDC.		The Programn targets all villa		2021/22		at R50 applica	dget is capped 0 000 per tions received, ed, and ed.		
DEPARTMENT OD ECC AND TOURISM (DEDE/	Informal Business Support Programme (IBSP)	Aimed to encourage the transitioning of the informal and micro enterprises to formal economy by ensuring compliance with legal and regulatory frameworks that governs business activities in South Africa		The Programn targets all villa		2021/22		at R30, success and is clothing small s manufa	dget is capped, 000, per sful applicant targeting g and textiles, cale acturing, small automotive		

		Evaluation Committee (DEC) and Provincial Evaluation Committees sat (PEC). Verification of the businesses is underway so that materials could be purchased.			aftermarkets and, or services sectors.	
SST (Self-Service Terminal	This programme is aimed to provide that owner-managed business an opportunity to register their companies in simple and accessible manner within a paperless environment	The Programme targets all wards	The Programme targets all villages	2021/22	N/A	
Office of the Consumer Protector	To receive and investigate consumer complaints regarding the Act and initiate an investigation into suspected prohibited conduct. Provide access to efficient and effective redress for consumers through education and awareness creation.	The Programme targets all wards	The Programme targets all villages	2021/22	N/A	

NB. Pertaining to the Isiqalo Youth Fund (YF) with effect from 01st of April 2021, it was transferred to OTP. The DEDEAT is as such no longer receiving and considering new applications, potential applicants are requested to wait formal communication from OTP regarding the administration of the fund. This notification follows the formal announcement made by the Honourable Premier in his 2021 State of the Province Address. The Premier said the relocation of the efforts to strengthen and centralize the coordination of youth development in the Office of the Premier.

Department	Project name	Project nature	Village	Ward	Amount of Project	Status of the Project
ment and AR)	1.Sirhasheni	Livestock water supply system Borehole	Sirhasheni	24	Siting of the borehole was done by National department	The project could not be implemented because water could not be found in the grazing camps
Development rm (DRDAR)	2.Licolin Green vegetable project	Water supply system Borehole	Ludeke	04	R411 907-67	The borehole has been drilled equipped and tested
Rural De Reform	3.Lukholo Livestock	Livestock water supply system Borehole	Lukholo	22	-	Rolled over to next financial year due to lack of funds
an an	Nkundla Livestock project	Livestock water supply system Borehole	Nkundla	12	R411 907-67	Borehole drilled ,equipped and tested
artment Agrari	5. Nyaka	Construction of a multipurpose shed	Nyaka	18	R100 000-00 Retention fee	The MPS is complete, from 2020/21 financial year. Contingencies. Retention fee has been paid
Dep	6. Ndakeni Livestock and maize project	Construction of a multipurpose shed	Ndakeni	08	R1 320 000-00	The multi-purpose shed has been completed

7.Mxinga Maize project	Fencing of arable land	Mxinga	30	R80 000	The project was carried over from the 2020/21 financial year.4,5km was completed in the first in the 1st phase.
8.Sirhasheni Livestock project	Fencing of grazing camps	Sirhasheni	24	286 688-95	4 km has been completed in the 2 nd phase. This is the 2 nd phase of 4km , it is complete.
9.Dutyini	Dip tank construction	Dutyini	31	R100 000-00 for contingencies	The dip tank is complete, from 2020/21 financial year. Retention fee has been paid
10.Mthamvuna Livestock project	Dip tank construction	Mthamvuna	05	R760 365 -43-00	The Contractor is on site
11.Izambane Labantu	Borehole	Dyifane	31	CASP conditional grant	The EIA, Feasibility study and business plans will be done in 2022/23 FY
12.Abathwali Bentuthuko	Tunnels (vegetable production)	Nikhwe	17	CASP conditional grant	The EIA, Feasibility study and business plans will be done in 2022/23 FY
13.Food security Grain production	Provision of assistance for planting of maize, potatoes and sweet potatoes and vegetables under the communal cluster and RED HUB. 2320 hectares	102 Projects	From ward 2 to ward 31(excludes ward 1 and 23)	R7 104 000-00	Beneficiaries/applicants have been prioritized according to the criteria and submitted. Tractor owners'/service providers were engaged.
14. House hold food security	Provision of vegetable seedling, potato seed, fertilizer, and poultry feed to households(600 beneficiaries)	Identified indigent. 600 beneficiaries have been prioritized according to criteria households and projects	Ward 1 to 31 Including poorest wards	R1 500 000-00	Deliveries of poultry feed, vegetable seedlings, and fertilizer were done. Potato seed is still outstanding, expected delivery date is
15. Livestock Development and improvement	Animal health: dipping, vaccination, clinics and campaigns	ALL	ALL	Centralized	Rabies vaccination and spay campaign has been conducted up to the end of September. Sheep scab was done in October.
16 Livestock Development and improvement	Provision of bulls, ram's bucks for improvement of wool quality, and carcass. Assistance with transport of wool to collection points to be taken to BKB for export	Applicants and producers	Applicants and producers	Centralized	Application for bulls and rams were screened and submitted to the Province for their screening Classical Swine Fever blood sampling, TB testing and Contagious abortion testing and vaccination, dipping, branding and rabies vaccination in January, February up to March. Anthrax vaccination to commence in March.
17.Training	Formal and informal training for all commodities e.g. grain. Vegetables , potatoes,	st.	ű	а	Skills audit was conducted. Information days and Demonstrations were conducted by Agricultural Advisors on vegetables, maize and livestock in all wards Nine (9) Assistant Practitioners from WMM LM have been employment on contract. These are Agriculture graduates
18.Home Industry	Provision of sewing machines and material to sewing projects	Applicants	Bizana town Tandeka Coop, Bizana town Nyamezela Makhaya Mt Zion coop	Centralized at Head Office	3 projects received 3 machines and sewing material

Department	Project name	Project nature	Ward	Village	Year / Period of Implementation	Budget Allocated
Social Development	Khananda Service Centre	Old Age Service Centre	22	Makewini Location	2021/22	R 74 930,00
Social Development	Lukhanyo Society for The Aged	Old Age Service Centre	17	Kwa Nikwe Location	2021/22	R 74 930,00
Social Development	Ikhethelo Serv. Centre	Old Age Service Centre	08	Magqabasini Location	2021/22	R 74 930,00
Social Development	Abadala Nkantolo	Old Age Service Centre	27	Nkantolo Location	2021/22	R 74 930,00
Social Development	Ncedisizwe Service Centre	Old Age Service Centre	22	Lukholo Location	2021/22	R 74 930,00
Social Development	Ncedo service center	Old Age Service Centre	20	Redoubt Location	2021/22	R 74 930,00
Social Development	Mthayise Old Age group	Old Age Service Centre	16	Mthayise Location	2021/22	R 74 930,00
Social Development	Sakhubomi service center	Old Age Service Centre	26	Nomlacu Location	2021/22	R 74 930,00
Social Development	Mgcinephila Service Centre	Old Age Service Centre	24	Lurolweni Location	2021/22	R 74 930,00
Social Development	Sophumelela Service Centre	Old Age Service Centre	31	Ezityaneni Location	2021/22	R 74 930,00
Social Development	Ncedisa Service Centre	Old Age Service Centre	10	Mcetsheni Location	2021/22	R 74 930,00
Social Development	Simanyene Service Centre	Old Age Service Centre	29	Bulala Location	2021/22	R 74 930,00
Social Development	Khanyisa Service Centre	Old Age Service Centre	19	Amangutyana Location	2021/22	R 74 930,00
Social Development	Suthu Service Centre	Old Age Service Centre	03	Kwa Ntshangase Location	2021/22	R 74 930,00
Social Development	Mhlabeni Service Centre	Old Age Service Centre	22	Mhlabeni Location	2021/22	R 74 930,00
Social Development	.Nikolo old age project	Old Age Service Centre	28	Topozo Location	2021/22	R 74 930,00
Social Development	Siwisa service center	Old Age Service Centre	31	Siwisa Location	2021/22	R 74 930,00
Social Development	Senzokwethu service center	Old Age Service Centre	25	Khumbuza Location	2021/22	R 74 930,00
Social Development	Luhle service center	Old Age Service Centre	15	Mabekuteni Location	2021/22	R 74 930,00
Social Development	llinge old age project	Old Age Service Centre	31	Esikhumbeni Location	2021/22	R 74 930,00
Social Development	Ntola support service center	Old Age Service Centre	03	Amantshangase Location	2021/22	R 74 930,00
Social Development	Zamukukulngisa Service Centre	Old Age Service Centre	20	Mamcakweni Location	2021/22	R 74 930,00
Social Development	Zwelitsha Old Age Project	Old Age Service Centre	04	Ludeke Location	2021/22	R 74 930,00
Social Development	Winnie Madikizela Mandela Old Age Project	Old Age Service Centre	14	Mbhongweni Location	2021/22	R 74 930,00
Social Development	Masakhane Project	Care and Support Services	12	Mt Zion	2021/22	R135 187.00
Social Development	Sinosizo support group	Home Community Based Care Services	9	Envis	2021/22	R290 000.444
Social Development	.lxabiso Lomntu	Home Community Based Care Services	8	Magqabasini	2021/22	R290 000.444
Social Development	Sizophila Community and Child Health Forum	Home Community Based Care Services	18	Nyaka	2021/22	R290 000.444
Social Development	Masincedane Family Preservation	Care and Support Services	14	Luthulini	2021/22	R113000.00
Social Development	Critchlow Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	15	Kanyayo Location	2021/22	R179 520,00
Social Development	Dlangezwa Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	16	Madiba Location	2021/22	R179 520,00
Social Development	Ekuzameni ECDC	Early Childhood Development Centre	5	Gwala Location	2021/22	R179 520,00
Social Development	Hambanathi Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	5	Dlungwana Location	2021/22	R179 520,00
Social Development	.llitha Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	13	Emathwebu Location	2021/22	R179 520,00
Social Development	Jakuja Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	13	Majazi Location	2021/22	R179 520,00
Social Development	Lukholo Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	22	Lukholo Location	2021/22	R215 424,00
Social Development	Mabhula Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	5	Imizizi Location	2021/22	R179 520,00

Social Development	Mbobeni Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	5	Isikelo Location	2021/22	R179 520,00
Social Development	Mretshi Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	6	Ntshamathe Location	2021/22	R269 280,00
Social Development	Mtenjwa Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	17	Nomlacu Location	2021/22	R269 280.00
Social Development	Niniva Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	5	Amangutyana Location	2021/22	R179 520,00
Social Development	.Nkantolo Pre school	Early Childhood Development Centre	27	Nkantolo Location	2021/22	R269 280,00
Social Development	Nokhanyo Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	21	Hlolweni Location	2021/22	R269 280,00
Social Development	.Ntlenzi Pre-school	Early Childhood Development Centre	8	Ntlenzi Rockville Location	2021/22	R179 520.00
Social Development	Rockstar Pre-school	Early Childhood Development Centre	8	Ntlenzi Location	2021/22	R179 520,00
Social Development	Siyabulela Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	7	Ludeke Location	2021/22	R179 520,00
Social Development	Siyakhula Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	31	Ndela Location	2021/22	R179 520,00
Social Development	Thokozani Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	3	KwaNikwe Location	2021/22	R179 520,00
Social Development	Xholobeni Pre-school	Early Childhood Development Centre	25	Amadiba Location	2021/22	R215 424,00
Social Development	.Zamukwenyuka pre-school	Early Childhood Development Centre	8	Ntlenzi Location	2021/22	R269 280,00
Social Development	Zamokuhle2 Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	26	Nomlacu Location	2021/22	R179 520,00
Social Development	Lusindisweni Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	15	Ndengane Location	2021/22	R179 520,00
Social Development	Khotsho Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	6	Khotsho Location	2021/22	R224 400.00
Social Development	Sicelimfundo Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	19	Nikwe Location	2021/22	R179 520.00
Social Development	Gwabeni Pre-school	Early Childhood Development Centre	09	Gwabeni Location	2021/22	R179 520,00
Social Development	Ngcingo pre-school	Early Childhood Development Centre	8	Ngcingo Location	2021/22	R188 496.00
Social Development	Nceduluntu pre-school	Early Childhood Development Centre	8	Bukuveni Location	2021/22	R224 400.00
Social Development	Zamani Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	15	Luthulini Location	2021/22	R179 520,00
Social Development	Mtamvuna Pre-school	Early Childhood Development Centre	5	Mthamvuna Location	2021/22	R224 400.00
Social Development	Nomzamo Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	8	Ndakeni Location	2021/22	R134,640
Social Development	Ntlakwe Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	17	Ntlakwe Location	2021/22	R125,664
Social Development	Ngwegwe Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	17	Qandashe Location	2021/22	R179,520
Social Development	Wonder and Joy Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	23	Seaview Location	2021/22	R134,640

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Social Development	Msebenzi Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	15	Khanyayo Location	2021/22	R134,640
Social Development	Monti Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	19	Monti Location	2021/22	R179,520
Social Development	Stanford Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	20	Redoubt Location	2021/22	R134,640
Social Development	Mgomanzi Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	14	Mbongweni Location	2021/22	R134,640
Social Development	Sisonke Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	1	Highland Location	2021/22	R107,712
Social Development	Little Angels Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	23	Izikhuba Location	2021/22	R134,640
Social Development	Maquthu Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	6	KwaJali Location	2021/22	R116,688
Social Development	Itshikixo Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	4	Ludeke Location	2021/22	R179,520
Social Development	Bhekameva Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	5	Ndayingana Location	2021/22	R179,520
Social Development	Mamcakweni Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	20	Mamcakweni Location	2021/22	R134,640
Social Development	Sakhisizwe Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	17	Qandashe Location	2021/22	R134,640
Social Development	Inkanyezi Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	18	Mfuneli Location	2021/22	R179,520
Social Development	Liyabuya Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	27	Clarkvelle Location	2021/22	R179,520
Social Development	Siyavuma Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	2	Mkhandlweni Location	2021/22	R134,640
Social Development	Mabhodweni Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	16	Mpisi Location	2021/22	R134,640
Social Development	Magusheni Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	3	Amantshangase Location	2021/22	R134,640
Social Development	Pelepele Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	11	Qhasa Location	2021/22	R134,640
Social Development	Chief Mthenjwa Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	31	Sizityaneni Location	2021/22	R134,640
Social Development	Mthombowolwazi Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	3	Ndela Location	2021/22	R134,640
Social Development	Laleni Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	2	Mbutweni Location	2021/22	R112,200
Social Development	Lubala Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	19	Monti Location	2021/22	R134,640
Social Development	Mbabazo Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	19	Mbabazo Location	2021/22	R89,760
Social Development	September Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	19	Mkolora Location	2021/22	R134,640
Social Development	Hlolweni Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	21	Dotye Location	2021/22	R134,640
Social Development	Khwanyana Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	29	Pele - pele Location	2021/22	R121,176
Social Development	Amadiba Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	24	uMgungundlovu Location	2021/22	R134,640
Social Development	Bagcine Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	28	Gumzana Location	2021/22	R134,640
Social Development	Bizana Village Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	1	Bizana	2021/22	R134,640
Social Development	Horen Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	26	Nomlacu Location	2021/22	R134,640
Social Development	Manundu Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	26	Mt Zion Location	2021/22	R134,640
Social Development	Zamokuhle Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	26	Nkongo Location	2021/22	R134,640
Social Development	Happy Hearts Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	6	Mhlanga Location	2021/22	R134,640
Social Development	Itshikixo Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	4	Ludele Location	2021/22	R179,520

Social Development	Bagcine Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	22	Gumzana Location	2021/22	R134,640
Social Development	Masikhule Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	15	Gogo Location	2021/22	R134,640
Social Development	Khwezilomso Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	6	Dindini Location	2021/22	R125,664
Social Development	Siyaphambili Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	7	Nyanisweni Location	2021/22	R89,760
Social Development	Boyce Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	6	Mhlanga Location	2021/22	R179,520
Social Development	Mthayise Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	25	Amadiba Location	2021/22	R179,520
Social Development	Malihambe Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	5	Mbobeni Location	2021/22	R179,520
Social Development	Ntsingizi Preschool	Early Childhood Development Centre	17	Kwa-Nikhwe Location	2021/22	R179,520
Social Development	Sinosizo Isikelo Drop in Centre	Care and Support Services	6	Nomlacu Location	2021/22	R204 744.00
Social Development	Siphumelele Isikelo	Care and Support Services	3	Mt Zion Location	2021/22	R204 744.00
Social Development	Mzamba Victim support Centre	Care and support services to victims of gender- based violence	24	Sea View Location	2021/22	R150,000.00
Social Development	Bhekizizwe white door center of hope	Care and support services to victims of gender- based violence	16	Mpisi	2021/22	R150 000,00
Social Development	Khuseleka white door center of hope	Care and support services to victims of gender- based violence	31	Siwisa Location	2021/22	R155 530,00
Social Development	Imizizi Youth Advocate	Care and support services to victims of crime	20	Imizizi Location	2021/22	R125 617,00
Social Development	Youth beyond Expectations	Care and support services to victims of crime	1	Bizana	2021/22	R128 850,00
Social Development	Mavenu Community Nutrition and Development Centre	Community development	14	Luthulini location	2021/22	R 333'600.00
Social Development	Licebo Pre School	Community development	10	Galatyeni Location	2021/22	R 25'000'00
Social Development	Engonyameni Agric Co- operative	Community development	6	Ntshamathe Location	2021/22	R 25'000'00

DEPARTMENT	NAME OF THE PROJECT	WARD	AMOUNT ALLOCATED	STATUS / PROGRESS	CHALLENGES
	Xholobeni Primary School Ablution Facility	25	R500,000.00	Procurement stage	N/A
nent of orks and ucture	Adelaide and Olivier Tambo Hospital Oxygen Tank Platform	01	R 143,485.10	Under construction	
	Renovation Qobo, and Mankwantini clinics	27, 14	TBC	Under planning	
Pub In	Erection of prefabricated Greenville clinic in Winnie Madikizela Mandela LM	21,01	TBC	Under planning	

APTCoD : Artisan Development Program. Initiative seeks to ensure that young people are trained to become qualified artisans. The duration of the programme is 3 - 4 years.	Throughout the LM	R700,000.00	Implementation stage – 26 participants (15 males and 11 Females)
NYS National Youth Service Learners are trained as handyman on built environment trades The duration of the programme is 18 months.	Throughout the LM	R80,000.00	Under implementation – 03 participants (01 female and 02 males)
Building maintenance Program : Maintenance of government properties doing mainly horticulture. 12 months renewable contract	Throughout the LM	R1,080,000.00	Under implementation. There are 47 participants.(34 females and 13 males)

Department	Project name	Project nature	Ward	Village	Year / Period of Implementation	Budget Allocated	Implementing Agent
Department of Human Settlements	Bonda 1000	Rural Housing	Ward 3	Bonda; Dumsi; Sithukuthezi, Qhabangeli, Izibanzini and Mbiba	2015	Budget R134 793 877 Actual Expenditure R129 248 307	Human Settlements
Department of Human Settlements	Ebenezer PH 2 1000(200) WARD 25	Destitute Project	Ward 25	Xholobeni	2019	Budget R 28 688 000 Actual Expenditure R 15 256 020	Human Settlements
Department of Human Settlements	Ebenezer PH 2 1000(200) WARD 21 & 29	Destitute Project	Ward 21 & 29	Lukholo & Greenville	2019	Budget R 27 886 654 Actual Expenditure R 16 541 219	Human Settlements
Department of Human Settlements	Ebenezer PH 2 1000(150) WARD 18 & 26	Destitute Project	Ward 18 & 26	Nomlacu & Nyaka	2019	Budget R 21 448 500 Actual Expenditure R 13 918 622	Human Settlements
Department of Human Settlements	Ebenezer PH 2 1000(250) WARD 15;19 & 20	Destitute Project	15;19 & 20	Khanyayo; Monti & Redoubt	2019	Budget R 35 149 980	Human Settlements

						Actual Expenditure R 6 980 425	
Department of Human Settlements	Downtown	Upgrade of informal Settlement	Ward 1	Downtown	2022	Planning stage R1 958 831 Implementing Stage R 14 955 680.47	HDA
Department of Human Settlements	Highland	Upgrade of informal Settlement	Ward 1	Highland	2022	Planning Stage R 4 645 227.80 Implementation Stage R 36 320 938.26	HDA
Department of Human Settlements	Mbizana 38 Emergency	Emergency Project	WMM L.M	Various wards 17;28;20;8;23;9;12;31;27;11 To mention the few	2021	Budget – R 2 657 970.80 Actual Expenditure R 2 588 024.20	Human Settlements

CHAPTER FIVE: INTEGRATION AND ALIGNMENT OF SECTOR PLANS

7. INTEGRATION AND ALIGNMENT OF THIS IDP WITH NATIONAL, PROVINCIAL AND DISTRICT PLANS/ STRATEGIES.

LOC. GOV. KPA	NATIONAL PRIORITIES	PROVINCIAL	WMMLM Vision
BASIC SERVICE	Improve health profile of the	PRIORITIES Improve the health profile of the	2030 OUTCOME Highly proactive and
DELIVERY	nation	province	responsive Service Delivery Machinery
Local Economic Development and Spatial Planning	Comprehensive rural development strategy linked to land and agrarian reform & food security.	 Rural development, land and agrarian transformation, and food security. 	Inclusive and Resilient LED linked to Infrastructure network, Strategy Partnership and Investments
	Speeding up economic growth & transforming economy to create decent work and sustainable livelihoods.	Speeding up economic growth & transforming economy to create decent work and sustainable livelihoods.	
Institutional Transformation and Human Resource Development	 Pursuing African advancement and enhanced international cooperation. Strengthen skills and human resource base 	Strengthen education skills and human resource base	Sustainable Municipal Transformation and Institutional Development
Good Governance and Public Participation	Building a developmental state including improvement of public services and strengthening democratic institutions	Building a developmental state including improvement of public services and strengthening democratic institutions	An improved, Good governance and Sustainable Financial Viability
Financial Planning and Reporting	 A capable, ethical and developmental state 	Capable, conscientious and accountable institutions	Inclusive Planning and Collaborative / synergy

The strategic approach to the development of the Municipality's integrated development plan is underpinned by policies and strategies of the national and the provincial government and as well as District Plans. The development objectives of these policies have influenced the development of the strategic direction that the Municipality has identified. This phase aims to ensure internal strategic consistency with regards to the municipality's identified strategic

vision and objectives, financial and institutional resource contexts as well as compliance with policy and legal requirements.

The relevant government strategies and policies which this IDP has been aligned to are National strategic Infrastructure Projects, Millennium Development Goals, Service Delivery Agreement Outcome 9, National Government Programme of Action 2009 – 2014, the Provincial Government Development priorities and district policies & strategies. The section will also list the sector strategies that led the strategic direction of the municipality.

7.1. National Development Goals, Vision 2030

The National Development Plan (NDP) offers a long-term perspective. It defines a desired destination and identifies the role different sectors of society need to play in reaching that goal. The NDP aims to eliminate poverty and reduce inequality by 2030. According to the plan, South Africa can realize these goals by drawing on the energies of its people, growing an inclusive economy, building capabilities, enhancing the capacity of the state, and promoting leadership and partnerships throughout society

The Diagnostic Report of the National Planning Commission, released in June 2011, sets out South Africa's achievements and its shortcomings since 1994. The Vision Statement of the NDP is a step in the process of charting a new path for our country. The NDP has the following objectives: -

- Seeks to eliminate poverty and reduce inequality;
- Seeks a country wherein all citizens have the capabilities to grasp the ever-broadening opportunities available;
- Plans to change the life chances of millions of our people, especially the youth; life chances that remain stunted by the apartheid history.

7.2. Delivery Agreement: Outcome 9

The aim of Delivery Agreement: Outcome 9 is to ensure a responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system so as to restore the confidence of citizens in the local government sphere. As such municipalities need to ensure that the basic needs of communities are met; build clean, effective, efficient, responsive and accountable local government; improve performance and professionalism and strengthen partnerships between local government, communities and civil society. The Outcome consists of seven outputs which need to be achieved, viz.:

- Implement a differentiated approach to municipal financing, planning and support;
- Improve access to basic services;
- Implementation of the Community Work Programme;
- Actions supportive of the human settlement outcome;
- Deepen democracy through a refined Ward Committee Model;
- Improve administrative and financial capability;
- A single window of coordination.

The outputs consist of targets, indicators and key activities which need to be achieved. The achievement of these outputs will go a long way in improving the lives of residents whilst at the same time improving the processes within government, so they are able to operate more effectively and efficiently.

7.3. National Spatial Development Perspective (NSDP)

The NSDP's objective is to promote informed economic investment profiling to guide regional growth and development planning within a socio-economic framework. The National Spatial Development Perspective also informs the Spatial Development Framework of the Municipality.

7.4. Back to Basics - COGTA Programme for Change

The programme is a national initiative aimed at ensuring that municipalities perform their core mandate of delivering basic services to local communities, as enshrined in Chapter seven (7) of the Constitution of South Africa. The Back to Basics approach is based on five principles which are: -

- Putting people first and engaging with the community;
- Delivering basic services;
- · Good governance;
- Sound financial management; and
- Building capabilities.

7.5. Local Government: Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations, 2001

To develop further guidelines and clarity in the issues of IDP, regulations were issued in 2001. The Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations set out in detail the requirements for IDPs and Performance Management System.

7.6. Disaster Management Act, No 57 of 2002

The Disaster Management Act, aimed to provide integrated and coordinated disaster management policy, in which the main features of disaster management are described as preventing or reducing the risk of disasters, mitigation the severity of disasters, emergency preparedness, rapid and effective response to disasters and post disaster recovery and rehabilitation. The Disaster Management Act provides for the declaration of disasters through national, provincial and local government spheres. In the case where Provincial and Local authorities have determined that a disastrous

drought occurred or threatens to occur, the disaster management centres of both the province and municipality must immediately:

- Initiate efforts to assess the magnitude and severity or potential magnitude and severity of the disaster;
- Inform the national centres of the disaster and its initial assessment of the magnitude and severity or potential magnitude and severity of the disaster;
- alert disaster management role-players in the province that may be of assistance in the circumstances and;
- Initiate the implementation of any contingency plans and emergency procedures that may be applicable in all circumstances.

7.7. Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA), No 56 OF 2003

Section 21 of the MFMA stipulates that the mayor of a municipality must coordinate the processes for the annual budget and for reviewing the municipality's IDP and budget – related policies to ensure that the tabled budget and any revisions of the IDP and budget related policies are mutually consistent and credible. At least 10 months before the start of the budget year, table in the municipal council a time schedule outlining key deadlines for-:

- The preparation, tabling and approval of the annual budget;
- The annual review of –
- The IDP in terms of section 34 of the Municipal Systems Act (MSA) and
- The budget related policies.
- The tabling and adoption of any amendments to the IDP and budget related policies and
- Any consultative process forming part of the processes referred to in subparagraph (i), (ii) and (iii) above.

7.8. Provincial Development Plan, 2030 Vision for the Eastern Cape

The National Development Plan as explained above sets out a vision for South Africa – a prosperous country with no poverty or inequality. The Eastern Cape's Provincial Development Plan (PDP) plan aims to provide creative responses to the province's challenges. A sustainable future for the Eastern Cape rests on people-centred development to achieve five related goals:

- An inclusive, equitable and growing economy for the province
- An educated, innovative and empowered citizenry
- A healthy population
- Vibrant, equitably enabled communities
- Capable agents across government and other institutional partners committed to the development of the province.

These goals will be pursued with a focus on rural development to address serious inherited structural deficiencies – the legacy of apartheid has left the rural regions of the Eastern Cape underdeveloped, with an urban economy that is

unduly stressed and experiencing slow growth. Addressing this spatial unevenness in endowment and development will take time and hard work, but it can be done. The PDP's design and implementation planned to shift discriminatory attitudes towards women and other vulnerable sectors of society.

7.9. Municipal Systems Act, No 32 OF 2000

Section 25 of the Municipal Systems Act (Act 32 of 2000) stipulates that:

Each Municipal Council must, within a prescribed period after the start of its elected term, adopt a single, inclusive and strategic plan for the development of the municipality which: -

- links, integrates and co-ordinates plans and takes into account proposals for the development of the municipality;
- aligns the resources and capacity of the municipality with the implementation of the plan;
- forms the policy framework and general basis on which annual budgets must be based;
- complies with the provisions of Chapter 5 of this Act;
- is compatible with national and provincial development plans and planning requirements binding the municipality in terms of the legislation.

As far as the status of an IDP is concerned Section 35 states that an IDP adopted by the council of a municipality is the principal strategic planning instrument which guides and informs all planning and development as well as all decisions with regard to planning, management and development in the municipality; binds the municipality in the exercise of its executive authority, except to the extent of any inconsistency between a municipality's integrated development plan and national or provincial legislation, in which case such legislation prevails and binds all other persons to the extent that those parts of the IDP that impose duties or affect the rights of those persons have been passed as a "by-law".

LOCAL STRATEGIES AND PLANS

Winnie Madikizela – Mandela Local Municipality has all necessary strategies and plans in place that are essential in determining the economic edges that are ready to exploitation in order for the LM to seize competitive and comparative advantage. The strategies and plans are briefly discussed hereunder:

7.10. Executive Summary of Communication Strategy

Winnie Madikizela – Mandela Municipality developed and adopted communications this Communication strategy seeks to address the communication issues within WMM Local Municipality and it is based on the communication development approach which stands on the following;

- Access to information, open dialogue, openness and accountability and media freedom are all fundamental tenets of a thriving democracy.
- To achieve these, government should maintain continued interaction with all stakeholders and require that political
 principals to take on the role of chief communicators within their portfolios.

This is particularly relevant within the context of developmental communication, which focuses on meeting the communication needs of the people in a manner that is accessible to them and which will result in a qualitative difference to their lives. The development-communication approach is aimed at making public programmes and policies real, meaningful and sustainable. Information should be applied as part of community development efforts and should address information needs identified by communities, including various structures and groups within communities. Most importantly, the information should take into consideration the diversity of culture and language and different literacy levels. The intended outcome is to make a difference in the quality of life of individuals and communities.

Strategies and communication and objectives

- A thousand voices speaking without a common message and single purpose will in the end just make an indistinct noise that few will hear
- We communicate in a noisy world, competing for attention with voices that have objectives that are different and often opposing
- And we do so in a world made up of a vast array of interests and concerns, and a world in which everyday concerns
 weigh heavily on most people
- Government considers communication to be a strategic element of service delivery.
- To communicate government priorities in partnership with the sector departments in the context of the IDP.
- To enhance participatory democracy through capacitating of communities in Community Based Plans (CBP) and IDP processes
- To ensure strengthened internal and external communication.
- To disseminate information to the public in all languages spoken in the municipality.

7.11. Public Participation Policy

The Winnie Madikizela – Mandela Local Municipality has developed the policy in compliance with the provisions of the Municipal Structures Act and the Municipal Systems Act to provide for the establishment of appropriate mechanisms, processes and procedures to create conditions for the local community to participate in the affairs of the municipality. The policy aims at promoting the culture of municipal governance that complements formal

representative government with a system of participatory governance as well as to give effect to the requirements of the legislation in terms of establishing mechanisms and processes for community participation.

In making effective public participation the policy gives details of key policy guidelines and general principles as well as structures that assist in ensuring community participation in the affairs of the municipality and other stakeholders and culture of creating conducive environment, openness, accountability and transparent system of governance.

7.12. Intergovernmental Relations Terms of Reference

The terms of reference for Winnie Madikizela - Mandela Local Municipality IGR serve as a basis for the provision of platform to engage important stakeholders on service delivery. They outline fundamental objectives of Mbizana IGR Forum and provide internal procedures to ensure compliance with Intergovernmental Relations Framework Act No 13 of 2005. Envisaged key role players in these terms of reference are sector departments across spheres of government and they serve to promote co-operation between spheres of government and enhancement of good and harmonious relations for the sake of efficient and effective service delivery.

7.13. Risk Management Policy

The Accounting Officer / Authority has committed WMM Local Municipality to a process of risk management that is aligned to the principles of good corporate governance, as supported by the Public Finance Management Act (PFMA), Act 1 of 1999 as amended by Act 29 of 1999 / Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA), Act no 56 of 2003. Risk refers to an unwanted outcome, actual or potential, to the Municipality's service delivery and other performance objectives, caused by the presence of risk factor(s). Some risk factor(s) also present upside potential, which Management must be aware of and be prepared to exploit. Such opportunities are encompassed in this definition of risk. Risk management is a systematic and formalised process instituted by the department to identify, assess, manage and monitor risks. The Municipality implements and maintains effective, efficient and transparent systems of risk management and internal control. The risk management will assist the Municipality to achieve, among other things, the following outcomes needed to underpin and enhance performance:

7.14. Legal Risk Management and Litigation Policy

Winnie Madikizela – Mandela Local Municipality has recognised an increase in litigation cases and that the costs associated with such cases are unacceptably high. The Municipality has also recognised that there appears to be poor legal risk management strategies currently in place needed to assist in reducing the number of litigation cases. In those instances, wherein, litigation is unavoidable and necessary, there appears to be weak management protocols in place to ensure that such cases are disposed of in the most efficient and cost-effective manner. This Policy aims to ameliorate such deficiencies by providing certain risk management and litigation management principles and operating

protocols This Policy must be recognised as a living document in need of regular review. The purpose of this Policy is two-fold: The Legal Risk Management component is intended to identify, respond to and avoid legal risks, thereby avoiding unnecessary litigation; the Litigation Component is intended to manage unavoidable and necessary litigation in a most efficient and cost-effective manner.

7.15. Spatial Development Framework

The municipality reviewed and adopted the spatial development framework in the 2014/15 for the period of five years. The approved spatial development framework was reviewed in the 2019/2020 financial year. As part of implementing the approved spatial development framework, the municipality is in the process of developing the local spatial development framework of the identified nodes. In this current financial year, the municipality has developed and adopted (26th March 2020) the coastal spatial development framework to guide the development in the fast growing Mzamba node and the incorporation of N2 construction that is underway. The municipality intend to develop the N2 corridor development plan with the intension of promulgating a town along the coast.

7.16. Local Economic Development Strategy

Winnie Madikizela-Mandela LM has undertaken a process of reviewing the LED Strategy, from the basis that any strategically planned LED can increasingly be used by its communities to strengthen the local economic capacity, improve the investment climate, and increase the productivity and competitiveness of local businesses, entrepreneurs and the labour force. This can then empower the local communities to restructure their economic situation, through an effective utilization of their hard and soft infrastructure, so as to stimulate growth required to create jobs, and thereby reduce poverty.

An assessment of the local economy indicated a distressed community, which is faced by the triple challenges of poverty unemployment and inequality. Being that the case, the local area has been identified to have a potential in the following key growth sectors, which are mostly underperforming, in terms of their contribution to the local economy: Agriculture; Forestry; Tourism; Wholesale and Trade; Construction; Mining and Mari-culture. This strategy thus proposes an economic development vision; strategic objectives, programmes and projects to enable sustainable development in Mbizana, which are captured below in the following Strategic Framework Matrix:

STRATEGIC FRAMEWORK MATRIX					
Vision	Strategic Objectives	Strategic Programmes	Priority Projects/Initiatives		
Empowered,	1. Strengthen municipal institutional	1.1 LED Institutional and	1.1.1 LED human resource capacity		
growing and self -	governance support systems for effective	Organisational	development		
sufficient local	LED on a yearly basis	Development	1.1.2 Local Economic and Marketing		
communities			Intelligence		

	1.2 Economic development strategic partnerships and networks	1.1.3 Supportive local procurement policies and supply chain management processes 1.2.1 Multiple LED support structures and associational networks 1.2.2 Economic development strategic partnerships
· ·	2.1 Enabling Economic Support Infrastructure	Investment in hard infrastructure Investment in sites and premises
· · ·	3.1 SMME, Cooperatives and Informal Trade Development and Support	3.1.1 Small Business One-Stop Shop 3.1.2 Ward/ Village Based Cooperatives Trading and Marketing Hubs Informal Trade Shared Economic Infrastructure Facility
•	4.1 Targeted Sector Development	4.1.1 Agriculture Development 4.1.2 Tourism Development 4.1.3 Wholesale and Retail 4.1.4 Construction Sector Development 4.1.5 Forestry Development 4.1.6 Small Scale Mining 4.1.7 Mari-Culture Development
5. Increase the amount of inward investment into the Municipality by R 10 million per annum over 5 years	5.1 Inward Investment Promotion	5.1.1 . Investment Promotion

A five (5) year implementation plan for the strategy is also proposed, to serve as an integrated programming document, that will maintain and clarity the strategic direction, and ensure that programs and projects get implemented over this time frame, before the strategy can be reviewed. The implementation plan proposes estimated annual budgetary figures, which will require leveraging of resources from a wide number of stakeholders, representing both the public and the private sector, such that these stakeholders can be able to bring in both financial and non-financial resources, towards implementing this strategy.

It is further recommended that the strategy be implemented and monitored using a combination of both *internal* and *external* institutional structures, some of which can either be initiated, or strengthened, as a way of developing the economy of WMMLM.

The primary *internal* implementation structure for this strategy will need to be the *Strategic Planning and Economic Development Department* within WMMLM, which in terms of municipal service delivery models, is considered to be the main nerve centre that

facilitates co-ordinates and promotes small businesses, within the broader LED Key Performance Area (KPA) of local government. This department will work in close collaboration with *external* delivery structures, which will be responsible for providing the necessary support towards the achievement of the proposed objectives, as well as monitor and evaluate the impact of the strategy, within broader socio-economic development and growth, in WMMLM. The recommended external structures will need to be:

- ANDM;
- ANDA;
- LED Forum;
- Business Chamber/Associations;
- Hawkers/ Informal Trade Association, and
- Co-operatives Forum

A monitoring and evaluation (M&E) framework is further recommended, that sets out of clear indicators necessary to measure inputs, outputs, outcomes, and the impact of each of the proposed project to be implemented in the strategy, which will need to be consolidated to determine program success, and provide an overall assessment of the effectiveness of the strategy, in contributing towards economic growth in WMMLM. This M&E framework needs to also gets integrated within the annual Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Planning (SDBIP) cycles of the LED Unit within WMMLM, and the Performance Management System of the municipality, such that there could be a cyclically and systematic monitoring and evaluation of the strategy, overtime its entire 5 - year implementation timeframe.

7.17. Housing Sector Plan

The plan was adopted in the 2010/2011 financial year and it has been reviewed and adopted for the five-year horizon in the 2017/18 financial year. The purpose of the review is to develop a strategic document to inform and guide the Winnie Madikizela – Mandela Local Municipality in the allocation of resources with regards to housing, access to services, administration, and socio-economic realities. The plan will incorporate the municipal housing need register, determine the backlogs, projects, infrastructure and Spatial Illustration of projects, demand and backlogs in ward-based approach, Housing needs register, informal settlement, migration bulk services etc.

7.18. Tourism Development Plan

Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality has undertaken a process of reviewing the Tourism Development framework, from the basis that any strategically planned Tourism can increasingly be used by its communities to strengthen the local economic capacity, improve the investment climate, and increase competitiveness of local businesses, entrepreneurs. The municipality has identified tourism as one of the pillars for local economic development hence embarking on reviewal of a tourism development framework. Tourism should be the fundamental sector to stimulate economic growth in the municipality.

With the exception of the Wild Coast Sun Hotel (WCSH), there are several attempted tourism projects, some were tried but failed and some are at conceptual stage. This does not necessarily translate into lack of tourism opportunities but it challenges the nodes and relevance of types of tourism concepts for development.

The first step entails undertaking a status quo and research analysis which will provide a direction towards local economic development through the tourism industry. These form part of phase one of the reviewal of the tourism development framework for WMMLM.

The second phase focuses on the tourism concepts for development and implementation plan. Tourism will be developed to benefit the people of WMMLM area and improve their material and non-material well-being, and to provide them with investment opportunities, incentives, training opportunities etc, while encouraging and expecting them to take leadership roles in the industry. It is expected that the tourism industry will contribute immensely to decrease unemployment and alleviate poverty in the municipal area.

The tourism development framework is a blue print for future tourism development whereby it assists in the chronological process that must be undertaken to embark on tourism projects.

7.19. DISASTER RISK MANAGEMENT PLAN SUMMARY

Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality developed and adopted a Disaster Risk Management Plan in June 2016. The local authority is committed to ensuring the safety of its inhabitants and the sustainability of its communities, economy and environment and therefore intends to effectively manage disaster risks.

In terms of the Disaster Management Act, 2002 (Act 57 of 2002), municipalities are required to compile municipal disaster management plans.

The key intended outcomes of this plan are the integration of Disaster Risk Management into the strategic and operational planning and project implementation of all line functions and role players within the municipality, the creation and maintenance of resilient communities within the area and an integrated, fast and efficient response to emergencies and disasters by all role-players. This level 1 Disaster Risk Management Plan must enable the Municipality to adhere to the requirements of a level 1 Plan as per section 3.1.1.2 of the National Disaster Management Framework.

Disaster is defined as progressive or sudden, widespread or localized, natural or human caused occurrence which causes or threatens to cause death, injury or disease, damage to property, infrastructure or the environment, disruption of the life of a community. The municipality has established mechanisms to ensure integration and joint standards of practice in the execution of disaster risk management policy throughout its jurisdiction.

According to the risk prioritization results conducted during November 2015, which indicated the following hazards as being rated as the highest 'total risk' hazards range: Severe storms (strong winds, tornadoes), Motor vehicle accidents, Veld fires, Human diseases, Rough Sea/Tides and Deforestation. The action needed for the above mentioned risks is risk reduction and

preparedness planning. During a stakeholder consultation session, stakeholders were required to identify hazards perceived to be a concern in the Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality. This was part of obtaining indigenous and specialist knowledge from stakeholders and verifying/updating current identified disaster risk assessment results and Ensure effective and appropriate disaster response and recovery

Several risk reduction measures are identified related to the highest rated identified risks. These measures were decided upon in consultation with the relevant responsible departments. There are certain responsibilities that the municipal departments must partake on, in disaster management. Each stakeholder has identified its own role in disaster risk management and in its own plans and provide for such information.

Whilst the Disaster Management Functions are cutting across all departments, Integration and Co-ordination will be done by Community Services Department, the municipal department will be assisting with prevention/mitigation, response and recovery actions. The communities will also assist with disaster risk reduction and co-operation as community leaders e.g. Ward Councillors, Traditional leaders assist with community liaison.

Mitigation activities have been considered to include components such as Preparedness, Recovery and Reconstruction.

Mitigation activities generally grouped into two levels, namely structural and non-structural. Structural measures refer to any physical construction to reduce or avoid possible impacts of hazards, which include engineering measures and construction of hazard-resistant and protective structures and infrastructure. Non-structural measures refer to policies, awareness, knowledge development, public commitment, and methods and operating practices, including participatory mechanisms and the provision of information, which can reduce risk and related impacts.² In terms of logistical systems in support of mitigation activities, and in line with the above mentioned definition, the aim of mitigation logistics will be to ensure appropriate mitigation related supplies or goods, in good condition, in the quantities required, are available at the place and time they are needed in order to implement preparedness, recovery and reconstruction activities. This plan is due for review during the 2021/2022 financial year, procurement processes are underway to review the plan.

7.20. INTEGRATED WASTE MANAGEMENT PLAN

The development of an Integrated Waste Management Plan (IWMP) is a requirement for certain organs of state in terms of section 11 of the National Environmental Management Waste Act, 2008(Act 59 of 2008) for government to properly plan and manage waste. The municipality has developed and adopted the IWMP in 2019, submitted to DEDEAT and no response of endorsement has been received until MISA committed to assist the municipality to update the plan in 2021 so that when it is endorsed it has current information.

The plan looks at the situational analyses of the municipality and the determination of the desired end state.

- Goal 1: Improve and develop infrastructure to comply with legislative requirements and municipal needs.
- Goal 2: Provide effective waste collection.

- Goal 3: Provide an Effective and a Cost-Efficient Waste Management Service.
- Goal 4: Decrease waste deposited on waste disposal facility
- Goal 5: Minimise/prevent illegal activities
- Goal 6: Capacity building through information sharing
- Goal 7: An educated community that is aware of the principles of responsible waste management

PROJECT IDENTIFIED

- Continue with Construction of the licensed landfill site which will comply with the legislation.
- Extend waste management services to indigent household and rural businesses.
- Review of the current tariff strategy, Waste Management By-laws and Waste Management Tariff Policy.
- · Encourage recycling and support recycling initiatives.
- Improve the removal of illegally dumped waste and enforce by-laws.
- Ensure proper waste management practices at medical facilities and funeral parlours.
- Community Awareness Campaigns

7.21. INDIGENT POLICY

Due to high level of unemployment in the municipal area there are still households that are unable to pay for normal services, the muni9cipality has developed an indigent policy to provide free basic services in a sustainable manner within financial and administrative capacity. WMMLM strives to fulfil constitutional obligation contemplated into constitution (section 152 of the constitution). The implementation depends on affordability by the municipality and social analysis of the area and this should be included in the municipal IDP.

The beneficiaries shall be determined by the municipality from time to time considering the qualification criteria set. The extent of Indigent Support will be based on the budgetary allocation for that particular financial year. Within the budgetary process the following assistance and support may be granted:

- Free basic electricity
- Free basic refuse removal
- Property rates
- Transfer of properties
- Free basic alternative energy

7.22. Climate Change strategy

Sections 152 and 156 with schedule 4b and 5b of the Constitution (Act No. 108 of 1996) mandate all local government amenities, inclusive of Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality, to promote socio-economic development, and establish a safe and healthy environment for communities. As means of aligning to this obligation for sustainable

development, WMM Municipality appropriated an initiative to develop a climate change adaptation strategy. A status quo report was drafted, literature review and a desktop study and site visits were conducted, and Economic drivers were identified.

The WMM Local Municipality adopted a climate change strategy in 2015. The strategy was developed with the responses outlined are aligned with the ANDM Vulnerability Assessment which states that our region is increasingly recognized as one of the areas in South Africa that will be hardest hit by climate change & represents significant opportunities for adaptation and building local community resilience against extreme hazards and adverse climate change impacts due to its natural biodiversity and ecosystems resource base. The climate change response strategy aimed to:-

- Ensure that the municipality is consistent with national priorities, including poverty alleviation, access to basic amenities including infrastructure development, job creation, rural development, foreign investment, human resource development and improved health, leading to sustainable economic growth;
- Ensure alignment with the need to consistently use locally available resources;
- Ensure compliance with international obligations;
- Recognize that climate change is a cross cutting issue that demands integration across the work programmes of other departments and stakeholders, and across many sectors of industry, business and the community;
- Focus on those areas that promote sustainable development;
- Promote programmes that will build capacity, raise awareness and improve education in climate change issues;
- > Encourage programmes that will harness existing national technological competencies;
- Review the strategy constantly in the light of national priorities and international trends;
- Recognize that South Africa's emissions, Provincial and Local emissions will continue to increase as development is realized.
- Ensure that Mbizana Local municipality IDP prioritizes building climate resilience through planning human settlements and urban development; provision of municipal infrastructure and services; water and energy demand management; and local disaster response, amongst others

The Climate Change Strategy developed in 2015 was reviewed in 2021/2022 financial year with the following objectives:

- The review of the climate change strategy needs to focus on 3 indicators, which must include Adaptation, GHG Emissions and Knowledge sharing (community and school awareness's)
- The issue of Green House Gas Emissions needs to be clearly captured and data to be presented and guantifiable.
- Ecosystem adaptation projects must be clearly recommended
- It must clearly show National Adaptations as well as current legislation on energy use

- Practical projects which bind the municipality such as usage of energy efficient lights, no printing of paper for meetings
 and fixing all leaking pipes ad taps must be a priority
- Using of solar water geysers for all housing projects must also be one of the practical recommendations
- Mainstreaming Climate change into existing municipal policies
- Use of the green book which is an initiative of national adaptation programmes to assist local municipalities
- Risk of municipality must be presented spatially and this information must be made public
- Securing adaptation to communities must be a priority such as promoting 3 R's.
- Legislative and adaptation gap analysis must be a priority
- Trainings of political leadership and municipal personnel on issues of climate change
- Outline status quo of the municipality in relation to the current climate change strategy
- Identify needs and gaps in the current Climate Change Strategy.
- Identify short and long term projects that have recently been done by other local municipalities addressing issues of climate change
- Identify fund opportunities for projects and estimation of budget needed for the projects
- Identify gaps in the current projects and recommend possible strategies to improve the projects
- Minimize adverse social and environmental impacts related to climate change and thereby improve the quality of life for all citizens

7.23. Environmental Management Framework

The WMM Local Municipality developed an Environmental Management Framework for the municipal/geographical area under its jurisdiction as per Sections 2, 23 &24 of the National Environmental Management Act (Act 107 of 1998) and the EMF Regulation promulgated under the same Act. The initial project timeframe was six (6) months. The EMF document was adopted by the Council in December 2019.

The EM-Phase 1 process comprised of three (3) deliverables, namely the Environmental Status Quo Report, The Desired State of the Environment and Environmental Management Zones Reports. WMM Local Municipality developed an Environmental Management Framework (EMF) for the geographical area under the municipality's jurisdiction. The objective of an EMF is to provide a decision-making tool to ensure a balance between developments and environmental resource management decisions.

The Desired State of the Environment Report (DSER), outlines the vision for further development in the municipality, based on broad stakeholder consultation, and sets out objectives and principles for future developments. It is a visionary document that is founded in the opportunities and constraints as identified in the Status Quo Report. The project included community facilitations which involved councillors and relevant stakeholders whose inputs were noted and included in the document. A literature review was also done with a desktop study on issues of tourism, agriculture and social issues.

Section 23 of NEMA defines the purpose of EMF as to promoting the application of appropriate environmental management tools in order to ensure the integrated environmental management of activities, whereas Section 24 of NEMA makes provision for the various mechanisms to implement the application of the appropriate tools.

Section 24 (3) of NEMA requires compilation of information and maps that specify the attributes of the environment in particular geographical areas, including the sensitivity, extent, interrelationships and significance of these attributes which must be taken into account by every competent authority.

According to the NEMA-EMF guidelines published in 2012, the EMF purpose is to:-

- Function as a support mechanism in the EIA process evaluation and review of development application;
- As a tool through compilation of information and spatial layers (maps) illustrating attributes of the environment for a specific geographic areas;
- As an additional input in planning processes such as Spatial Development Framework (SDF), Integrated Development
 Plans (IDPs) and open space planning applications;
- Provide applicants with early indication of the areas in which it would potentially be appropriate to undertake an activity;
- Facilitate identification of different regulatory responsibilities and recommending mechanism for addressing needs of relevant competent authorities;
- Guide and inform competent authorities in decision making;
- Used by the Minister or MEC as guide to identify areas where EA will be required for certain additional listed; and
- For coordinated management of strategic spatial environmental information about the area.

7.24. INTEGRATED COASTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN

Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality is known for its beautiful and diverse coastline, which is part of the captivating Wild Coast of the Eastern Cape. In the past, South Africa's coastline has not always been utilized and managed in an appropriate manner, resulting in the degradation of significant portions of this valuable national asset. In response, the Integrated Coastal Management Act No. 24 of 2009 as amended by Act No. 36 of 2014 (ICM Act) was developed to promote ecologically, socially and economically sustainable coastal development and resource use, as well as to control inappropriate development along our coast. In respect to coastal management tools, Chapter 6 of the ICM Act mandates all three spheres of Government to prepare Coastal Management Programs (CMPs). A CMP, in general terms, is a policy or strategy document that contains vital coastal management objectives,—which save as a system of principles to guide decisions and achieve rational outcomes relating to the coastal environment.

The situational analysis provides a review and interpretation of existing information on the biophysical and socio-economic characteristics and management context of the municipal coastalarea in order to identify and describe emergent and recurrent coastal issues, constraints and opportunities. The intention of this component of the CMP is not to re-sample the social, economic or ecological situation of the area but rather to synthesise the numerous existing documents, reports and publications that have done so previously. The primary objective of the situational analysis is therefore to integrate the findings of the relevant Spatial Development Frameworks (SDF.s), Environmental Management Framework, numerous documents and plans for the Wild Coast and other information that is relevant to coastal management within the region. In so doing, this CMP component highlights issues of priority or concern that require specific attention. Emergent and recurring environmental and socio-economic issues of the municipal coastal area are summarized in the document. The municipality also established a local coastal committee which needs to be revived.

7.25. Human Resources Development Plan

Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality has developed its Human Resource Development Plan adopted by the council in 2019. The strategy is based on this background that WMM Local Municipality has considered it necessary to re-look at its work processes. It is further necessary to take stock of what has been achieved and how council would want to impact on service delivery using its strategic trajectories. This strategy sets out the results of a situational analysis, performance and municipal capacity assessment conducted by the Municipal Manager and Senior Managers.

The Service Delivery strategies had undertaken a quick overall scan identifying critical areas of focus. In conducting this scan, a diagnostic approach was adopted (service delivery and budget implementation plan) focusing on all the areas as indicated in this report. This was coupled with sessions held with both the administration and political structures of the municipality on various occasions.

7.26. Employment Equity Plan

Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality has developed and adopted an Employment Equity Plan with a three year plan starting on the 01st May 2019 and ending on the 30th April 2022. The objectives of the plan are:

- To promote employment of all different races
- to implement unemployed learnership programmes to serve as recruitment pools for future vacancies
- implement a formal succession management program to identify employees for the talent pool in under-represented groups
- conduct audit analysis to ensure that employment of all different races occurs
- To revise the effectiveness of the Employment Equity committee and recommend the appropriate training if need be.

7.27. Skills Retention Policy

The Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality Skills Retention policy has been developed and adopted by council on the 28th November 2018 with the purpose to outline the mechanisms, tools and strategies that can be applied within the municipality in order to retain critical, scarce and high-risk skills, whichever is applicable. The primary emphasis of this policy is to ensure that the Municipality proactively retains employees to ensure that the Municipality has the best, well trained and suitable employees occupying key positions within the municipality at all times.

7.28. Revenue Enhancement Strategy

In many developing countries, including South Africa, the capacity of local government to give effect to its fiscal power is a serious limitation. In South Africa this problem is compounded by the integration of previously disadvantaged communities into municipal boundaries, a culture of non-payment, and poor administrative systems, all of which it has manifested itself as staggeringly high levels of debt. On paper the solutions are easy: increase revenue; reduce expenditure; or do a combination of both. However, in reality the challenge is more complex and multi-faceted – there are political and socio-economic facets as well as institutional aspects, including shortages of skills, performance-orientation of staff and adequate physical resources. Implementing revenue enhancement strategies can only be achieved by critically reviewing the current revenue management processes, policies and procedures being applied by the municipality.

To effectively deal with the current challenges, the municipality must plan and implement effective and integrated revenue enhancement strategies. The need for an integrated approach should not be taken lightly. The Winnie Madikizela – Mandela Local Municipality (WMM LM) sustainability should be based on the following critical elements:

- Development and implementation of an effective communication strategy;
- Strengthening of the provision of metered services;
- · Strengthening of accurate billing process; and
- Improving Debt and Credit Management.

The WMM LM revenue business model needs to focus on maximizing revenue collection, reducing inefficiency and costs, and reducing uncollectible debt. A holistic approach to local government sustainability is crucial to ensuring that all the above-mentioned critical elements are simultaneously addressed, which encompasses the following elements:

Effective Communication Strategy

A sound communication strategy is a critical element to building local government long term sustainability. Therefore, a sound communication strategy should be one of the cornerstones upon which WMM LM sustainability should be built upon. It is only through a sound communication that customer and municipal expectations are being clearly articulated and understood by all relevant parties. Communication is a two-way process and involves community participation, which is enshrined in our constitution and Municipal Systems Act 32 of 2000. The communication process should facilitate alignment between municipal goals and community expectations. Furthermore, it is also only through this communication that the relationship between the municipality and its customer can be enhanced.

Provision of Metered Services

Accurate consumption information is the key to reducing service delivery losses. The technical component is predominantly focused on the efficient delivery of services to customers and meeting customer expectations. The benefits of managing this aspect of service delivery are the reduction of losses of electricity. This element involves the meter management which addresses the supply losses incurred through the service meter and includes illegal connections and faulty meters.

Strengthening the Accurate Billing Process

Accurate billing for services is a critical element of the WMM LM Revenue Management Business Model. Due to poor billing and revenue collection, WMM LM is becoming increasingly dependent on intergovernmental funding to balance its budget. This component specifically focuses on billing integrity as the basis of municipal revenue. If the customer information and billing information is incorrect the municipality has no basis to effectively collect revenue. The key elements to emphasis accuracy include:

- Billing Immediately and regularly billing the customer for the services provided;
- Customer Information Auditing processes and activities of ensuring that customer information is valid, accurate and complete; and
- Data Cleansing processes and activities of ensuring the credibility of customer data maintained by the municipality.
- Revenue Collection (Debt and Credit Management)

Revenue collection is based on the integrity of the Metered Service Management and Accurate Billing process. This is a critical element which includes collection of revenue, customer service management, debt & credit management and indigent management. A large portion of WMM LM customers are indigent and therefore cannot afford to pay for services provided by the municipality and this has to be factored into financial planning and strategy development. It is critical for the municipality to understand its customer profile and to differentiate between those customers who can pay and who cannot afford. It is based on this customer profile that one can start planning strategies for free basic services implementation, indigent subsidization, LED, indigent management, service delivery and services rollout,

billing and revenue collection strategies and debt collection. All these aspects will affect the municipal budget and the budgeting process.

Revenue Enhancement Framework

The revenue enhancement framework for the revenue enhancement strategy, considering the unique requirement of the WMM LM will comprise a phased approach. The timeframe for the implementation of the strategy intervention has been divided between:

- Quick wins strategic interventions that can be implemented within 6 months.
- Medium –term strategic interventions which focus on strategic intervention to be implemented between 6 to 18 months.
- Long term interventions, which focuses on strategic interventions that will take longer than 18 months to be implemented.

8. ASSESSMENT MATRIX

CORPORATE SERVICES				
SECTOR PLAN/POLICY	PLAN / POLICY STATUS	DATE OF ADOPTION BY COUNCIL		
Organisational Structure	Reviewed and Adopted	28 November 2018		
Human Resource Plan	Reviewed and Adopted	28 November 2018		
Employment Equity Plan	Reviewed and Adopted	28 November 2018		
Workplace Skills Plan	Reviewed and Adopted	28 November 2018		
Acting Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	28 November 2018		
Attendance & Punctuality Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	28 November 2018		
Chronic Illness Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	28 November 2018		
Disciplinary Code & Procedure	Reviewed and Adopted	28 November 2018		
Employee Wellness Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	28 November 2018		
Employment Benefits & Conditions Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	28 November 2018		
Fleet Management Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	28 November 2018		
Grievance Policy & Procedure	Reviewed and Adopted	28 November 2018		
IPMS Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	28 November 2018		
Job Evaluation Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	28 November 2018		
Leave Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	28 November 2018		
Migration & Placement Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	28 November 2018		
Occupational Health & Safety Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	28 November 2018		
Organisational Design Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	28 November 2018		
Overtime Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	28 November 2018		
Records Management Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	28 November 2018		
Recruitment & Selection Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	28 November 2018		
Remuneration Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	28 November 2018		
Skills Retention Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	28 November 2018		
Termination of Services Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	28 November 2018		
Training & Development Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	28 November 2018		
ICT Governance Framework	Reviewed	March 2019		
ICT Governance Policy	Reviewed	March 2019		
ICT Security Policy	Reviewed	March 2019		

ICT Policy	Reviewed	March 2019
	UNICIPAL MANAGER'S OFFICE	
SECTOR PLAN/POLICY	PLAN/POLICY STATUS	DATE OF ADOPTION BY COUNCIL
Fraud Prevention Strategy	Reviewed and Adopted	04 August 2017
Risk Management Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	28 November 2018
Performance Management Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	04 August 2017
Public Participation Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	04 August 2017
Communication Strategy	Reviewed and Adopted	28 November 2018
Stakeholder Mobilisation Strategy		
Legal Risk Management and Litigation Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	28 November 2018
Audit Charter	Reviewed and Adopted	04 August 2017
System of Delegations	Reviewed and Adopted	04 August 2017
Standing Rules / Orders for Council	Reviewed and Adopted	04 August 2017
Anti – Corruption Strategy	Reviewed and Adopted	04 August 2017
Audit Action Plan	Reviewed and Adopted	04 August 2017
Elderly Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	04 August 2017
Gender Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	04 August 2017
Children Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	04 August 2017
Youth Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	04 August 2017
Customer Care Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	04 August 2017
IGR Terms of Reference	Reviewed and Adopted	04 August 2017
Councillors Special Risk Insurance Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	28 November 2018
	COMMUNITY SERVICES	
SECTOR PLAN/POLICY	PLAN/POLICY STATUS	DATE OF ADOPTION BY COUNCIL
Integrated Waste Management Plan	Reviewed and Adopted	04 August 2017
Disaster Management Plan	Reviewed and Adopted	04 August 2017
Indigent Register	Reviewed and Adopted	04 August 2017
FBS Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	04 August 2017
Social Relief Policy	Reviewed and adopted	28 November 2018
Climate Change Response Strategy	Reviewed and Adopted	00.11
Pound Policy	Reviewed and adopted	28 November 2018
Public Library Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	04 August 2017
Indigent Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	04 August 2017
Recreational Facilities Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	04 August 2017
Coastal Management Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	04 August 2017
Waste Tarrif Policy	Adopted Adopted	04 August 2017 04 August 2017
Ranking Space Allowance Policy		
Security Operating Standards Policy	Adopted ENGINEERING SERVICES	04 August 2017
SECTOR PLAN/POLICY	PLAN/POLICY STATUS	DATE OF ADOPTION BY COUNCIL
Road Master Plan	Reviewed and Adopted	04 August 2017
Storm Water Management Plan	Reviewed and Adopted	04 August 2017
Comprehensive Infrastructure Plan	Reviewed and Adopted	04 August 2017
Integrated Transport Plan	Reviewed and Adopted	04 August 2017
Operations & Maintenance	Reviewed and Adopted	04 August 2017
Foot Ways Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	04 August 2017
EPWP Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	04 August 2017
ISD Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	04 August 2017
SIPDM Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	04 August 2017
Oil Divi 1 Oiloy	BUDGET & TREASURY	

SECTOR PLAN/POLICY	PLAN/POLICY STATUS	DATE OF ADOPTION BY COUNCIL		
Revenue Enhancement Strategy	Reviewed and Adopted	04 August 2017		
Asset Management & Disposal Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	30 May 2019		
Supply Chain Management Policy	Reviewed and adopted			
Municipal Annual Budget 2018/2019	Reviewed and adopted	30 May 2019		
Irregular, Unauthorised, Fruitless and Wasteful Expenditure	Reviewed and Adopted	30 May 2019		
Cash Management and Investment Policy	Reviewed and Adopted	30 May 2019		
Accounts Payables Policy	Reviewed and adopted	30 May 2019		
Budget and IDP Policy	Reviewed and adopted	30 May 2019		
Petty Cash Policy	Reviewed and adopted	30 May 2019		
Credit Control & Debt Management Collection Policy	Reviewed and adopted	30 May 2019		
Tariffs Policy	Reviewed and adopted	30 May 2019		
Property Rates	Reviewed and adopted	30 May 2019		
	DEVELOPMENT PLANNING	DEVELOPMENT PLANNING		
SECTOR PLAN/POLICY	PLAN/POLICY STATUS	DATE OF ADOPTION BY COUNCIL		
Spatial Development Framework	Reviewed and adopted	04 August 2017		
Spatial Development Framework LED Strategy	Reviewed and adopted Reviewed and adopted	04 August 2017		
LED Strategy	Reviewed and adopted	04 August 2017		
LED Strategy Housing Sector Plan	Reviewed and adopted Reviewed and adopted	04 August 2017 04 August 2017		
LED Strategy Housing Sector Plan Tourism Sector Plan	Reviewed and adopted Reviewed and adopted Reviewed and adopted	04 August 2017 04 August 2017 04 August 2017		
LED Strategy Housing Sector Plan Tourism Sector Plan Contractor Development Policy	Reviewed and adopted Reviewed and adopted Reviewed and adopted Reviewed and adopted	04 August 2017 04 August 2017 04 August 2017 04 August 2017		
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LED Strategy Housing Sector Plan Tourism Sector Plan Contractor Development Policy Funding Policy Housing Policy Land Disposal Policy Geographic Information System Strategy Integrated Land Use Scheme Land Use Management System	Reviewed and adopted	04 August 2017 04 August 2017 04 August 2017 04 August 2017 28 November 2018 28 November 2018 28 November 2018 04 August 2017		
LED Strategy Housing Sector Plan Tourism Sector Plan Contractor Development Policy Funding Policy Housing Policy Land Disposal Policy Geographic Information System Strategy Integrated Land Use Scheme	Reviewed and adopted	04 August 2017 04 August 2017 04 August 2017 04 August 2017 28 November 2018 28 November 2018 28 November 2018 04 August 2017 04 August 2017		
LED Strategy Housing Sector Plan Tourism Sector Plan Contractor Development Policy Funding Policy Housing Policy Land Disposal Policy Geographic Information System Strategy Integrated Land Use Scheme Land Use Management System	Reviewed and adopted	04 August 2017 04 August 2017 04 August 2017 04 August 2017 28 November 2018 28 November 2018 28 November 2018 04 August 2017 04 August 2017 04 August 2017		

Part 1 - Annual Budget

9.1. Mayor's Report

The council of Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality, as elected during the 2021 Local Government Elections and now at the beginning of its term, has a responsibility of ensuring that basic service delivery is provided for all within its jurisdiction. This is the provision of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa which is the supreme law of the land. The Municipal Finance Management Act No. 56 of 2003, section 16, provides that a municipality must compile an annual budget before the start of the financial year. A draft budget must be tabled 90 days before the start of the budget year, which means that for a 2022/23 Annual Budget, the draft budget must be tabled to council by March 31, 2022. This draft budget is in response and compliance to the afore-mentioned prescripts. This budget will then be taken to communities for consultation where comments will be solicited and incorporated when the final budget is being prepared for council to approve at least 30 days before the start of the budget year. The municipality's development priorities are basic service delivery (Roads, storm water management, electrification, housing, land use management, educational facilities, community services, recreational facilities and related matters) and Local Economic Development (agriculture, farming, forestry, tourism development, SMME support, Business, trade and manufacturing).

a) Water and sanitation backlogs

The estimated backlog for water service delivery is 25 577 households with no access to clean water resulting in a 42% backlog in the provision of water. The estimated backlog for sanitation service delivery is 25 741 households with no access to sanitation resulting in a 42% backlog in the provision of sanitation services.

The Alfred Nzo District Municipality as reported in the previous budgets has taken proactive action to develop a strategy and plan for water and sanitation backlog eradication. The success of this strategy relies largely on active participation of all stakeholders to achieve its intended objectives.

The Alfred Nzo District Municipality is currently implementing a number of projects to eradicate water and sanitation backlog within the District which also affects Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality.

The following table illustrates the projects that are currently on feasibility and implementation stage in order to eradicate water and sanitation backlogs.

Funding	Project Name	Status	Comments
MIG	Mbizana Town Sewer	Implementation Phase	
MIG	Mbizana Wards 13	Project Approved but not funded (funding constraints)	Detailed Designs Completed
MIG	Mbizana Ward 27	Implementation Phase	
MIG	Mbizana Wards 21,23 & 24	Planning stage	Technical Reports submitted to DWS
MIG	Mbizana Wards 11,14 & 16	Planning stage	Technical Reports submitted to DWS

MIG		Planning stage	Technical Reports submitted to
	Mbizana Wards 29 & 30		DWS

The Greater Mbizana Water Supply project is divided into 17 supply zones. The estimated cost for the bulk water supply (including secondary bulk) for the entire Mbizana is R 3.5 billion. The estimated Phase 1 reticulation cost is R 848 million, broken down into Phase 1 A at R 353 Million and Phase 1 B at R 495 Million. Phase 1 reticulation will cover 9 supply zones out of 17 supply zones.

b) Road Maintenance backlogs

Due the bad conditions of access roads in the entire municipal area, the municipality moved towards insourcing the maintenance of these roads by acquiring two sets of own plant. This was an attempt to maximize the available resources to ensure we maintain as much roads as possible while creating enough capacity within the municipality. Over the past two years the municipality has received substantial amounts of rains which have also caused more damage on our gravel access roads. This has increased the demand whole lowering community's tolerance levels. The municipality has allocated over R18.7 million within the next year to support the municipal plant in the maintenance of road infrastructure.

EPWP contract labourers to maintain the storm water drainage and also to fix the small to medium potholes within our CBD roads are being utilized with the municipality supplying the necessary equipment and material.

It is planned that a total of 200m² of pothole patching will be completed by the end of the current financial year as the service provider was appointed earlier in the month.

In 2022/23 financial year, 400m² is planned to be maintained using both service providers and internal plant.

c) Electrification backlogs and planning

The electricity backlog has decreased to 1836 with the completion of 2019/20 electrification projects which consisted of 1 667 households on both Schedule 6B and 5B. This backlog figure will further decrease to 679 on completion of the 2020/21 6B & 5B project schedules. The municipality and Eskom did a 5-year electrification master plan which when completed the municipality would have reached universal access within its area of Jurisdiction.

The municipality and Eskom did a 5-year electrification master plan which when completed the municipality would have reached universal access within its area of Jurisdiction.

There is a general increase of electricity demand in Mbizana as new households are constructed at a rapid pace than would have been anticipated. It is against this that the INEP Allocation for 2021/22 will be utilized to complete two projects that are currently being implemented by the municipality (Mabhenguteni and Bhekela to Mdatya villages electrification). The balance of the allocation will be ulitilised to implement Xolobeni village which is planned to be completed in the next financial year. Electrification of Lower Ethridge, Msarhweni, Zizityaneni and Nomlacu is planned to commence in the next financial year.

d) Environmental, coastal and waste management

The municipality as a coastal municipality has a responsibility to develop an Integrated Coastal Management Program (ICMP) which has been developed and adopted by the councils, both Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality and Alfred Nzo District Municipality.

Integrated Waste Management Plan was completed and adopted by Council and was sent to MEC for approval. The municipality gazetted refuse Removal & sanitary by-laws which are currently being reviewed as per the NEMWA.

The Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality has adopted a climate change strategy which has been included in the IDP and is currently being reviewed through the services of a profession service provider.

Waste management service is being provided in businesses at an interval of 4 days a week utilising 3 compactor trucks, two 1Ton trucks, 1 Skip truck, permanent employees and EPWP and a total 557 billed businesses and households as well as 989 households receiving our free refuse collection services.

The municipality provides refuse removal service to 1546 households in town, 204 small businesses and 52 big businesses including government departments. The services has also been extended outside the CBD i.e in Governmental institutions and businesses such as Greenville hospital, Mzamba Police Station, Ku bha Service Station, Wild Coast taxi rank, Red Hub Business Emagusheni centre, Zamokuhle Special school, Nompumalanga Special School, Vukuzenzela Special School, Siteto TVET, Seaview business hub Some of the institutions like clinics have hired private service providers for collection but they are obliged to use a municipal dumping site for disposal Planned projects programmes. There is 1 licensed landfill site (GSB type) which is still under construction.

1 Dumping site which will be rehabilitated for closure as soon as the Majazi landfill site is operational which is still under construction after some delays due to contractual disagreements between the implementing agent and the service provider appointed. That process has since been finalized and a new service provider was appointed and introduced to the municipality, however the construction has not commenced due to social issues within the area that are still being attended to. The municipality has since resolved to allocate funds to take over the project and ensure completion which will assist the municipality comply with the legislative requirements on waste management.

The municipality supports recycling initiatives in town while the refuse and sanitary by-laws are under review in preparation for the 2022/23 budget year.

e) Local economic development

The following plans were developed, adopted by council and are being implemented:

- LED strategy
- Tourism Plan
- Agricultural Plan
- Spatial Development Framework.

The municipality initiated and implemented a Contractor Development programme in the previous years which proved to be fruitful and helpful to the emerging contractors even though the project was discontinued due to a number of teething challenges identified. There is however a plan to revive the programme or similar, while addressing the issues that lead to it being discontinued.

A total of 16 enrolled contractors were provided with job opportunities, 12 contractors graduated from Grade 1 to different grades up to Grade 6, 40 contractors were trained on Project Management, Tendering Processes, Quality Management Systems, Occupational Health and Safety, and Contracts Management

LED Success stories

- O. R. Tambo Garden of Remembrance Construction Project Completed
- Khananda Hill Grave Site completed
- Received General Budget Support Grant from National Treasure for Manufacturing Hub
- Agric -park programme about 28 projects benefited
- 30 New cooperatives registered
- Boat launching site approved
- 35 cooperatives assisted with production inputs
- 50 Cooperative and SMMEs have been trained on basic financial management and cooperative governance by SANAMI
- 20 Enterprises benefited in the Business Incubation Programme
- Dept. of Sport, Recreation Arts & Culture (DSRAC) sponsored Artist with a Complete set of Music system
- 15 crafters benefited from Resident Fashion Designer Program facilitated by Alfred Nzo District Municipality (ANDM)
 working with Alfred Nzo Development Agency (ANDA)

LED CHALLENGES HINDERING ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

- Infrastructure
- Access to market opportunities
- Land tenure
- Financial Constrains

RED HUB:

This was funded by ECRDA and Facilitated by Mbizana Local Municipality and Alfred Nzo District Municipality. The RED HUB has planted 638ha from the 2020/2021 planting season and each farmer contributed R1500 per hectares.

This is an Agro-processing business that has 14 primary Cooperatives and one secondary with 759 Beneficiaries and has employed 54 people in various Departments.

The CWP programme is implemented in 19 wards with 1564 participants and the funding allocated for this programme was R16 518 296.00.

The following wards (04,05,06,07,08,12,13,15,17,18,19,20,22,23,26,27,29,30 and 31) have Agriculture, construction and social sectors.

f) Tourism and Agriculture

The tourism plan was developed, executed and is currently being reviewed to ensure relevance with the current tourism trends and opportunities.

Mbizana Municipality in partnership with ECPTA, Wild Coast Sun and South Coast Tourism have signed a MOU for the promotion and marketing of tourism.

The Municipality purchased paddle boats and mountain bikes for Mzamba Ndikini tours which is operating in Mzamba area as part of tourism development.

On an annual basis the municipality identifies a number of projects in the area with the potential to grow the local economy and create employment. These are assessed to identify the support that the municipality may be able to provide to ensure they are sustainable. Below is the list of projects and activities identified and are currently being assisted by the municipality.

AGRICULTURAL MUNICIPAL FUNDED PROJECTS

No.	Project Name	Ward	Activities
01	Ndunge Soycow Cooperative	7	Soya milk
02	Moonlight Glass & Alluminium	01	Aluminium products
03	Blatter's Panel beaters	20	Mechanic
04	Mcmiya (Pty) LTD	24	Mechanic
05	Njilo Kabalisa Agric Co-op	08	Vegetable & Maize Production
06	Lecolin Green	04	Potatoes & Vegetable production
07	Slimdo Pty Ltd	18	Poultry
08	Fula's elect and welding	22	Vegetable Production
09	Masiqhubekeni Project	23	Poultry
10	Amahomba Co-op	05	Vegetable production
11	Mzamba Pig & Poultry co-op	24	Piggery and Poultry
12	Sigidi Development	28	Vegetable production & Small stock
13	Mbizana Wool Growers association	all wards	Sheep and Wool Production
14	Mbizana Fruit & Veg Secondary Co-op (association)	all wards	Potatoes, Maize & Vegetable production
15	Mbizana Poultry farmers (association)	all wards	Poultry Production
	TOTAL EXPENDITURE		R1 935 295.00

g) Land use and spatial planning

Settlement patterns in Mbizana still reflect, to a large extent, spatial planning of the Apartheid past.

The current structure and spread of rural settlements and households therein makes it difficult for the municipality to provide services in an effective and efficient manner.

The municipality has made strides in redressing the imbalances of Apartheid spatial planning in identifying and providing basic services in those areas that were ignored in the past

Land claims still poses a challenge in development of some areas in town but municipality is in talks with CPAs to resolve those issues.

h) Electrification of villages

The Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality has contributed to ensuring that electricity is rolled out to a number of villages within the jurisdiction of the municipality working with Eskom through the INEP grant supplemented by the municipality's own funds. This has seen the electrification of the following villages in the 2020/21 financial period which were implemented: -

Project Name	Allocated amount	Funding Source
Electrification of Mabhenguteni	R 10 139 008.82	INEP/OWN FUNDING
Electrification of Sigidi (Bhekela to Mdatya)	R 14 757 000.00	INEP/OWN FUNDING
Electrification of Mabhenguteni Village	R 11 639 008.82	INEP/OWN FUNDING
8 MVa Backbone line	R 2 054 368.44	INEP
TOTAL	R 38 589 386.08	

This was still however less that the amounts required to complete projects with the municipality toping up with its own resources to ensure these are completed within stipulated times.

This resulted in the electrification of 1250 households when the projects were completed.

In the current financial year (2021/22) Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality received R 28 453 000 INEP funding allocation to implement three (3) projects as per the table below.

Project Name	Allocated Amount	Funding Source
Mabhenguteni Electrification	R 8 291 637.00	INEP
Bhekela/Mdatya Electrification	R 4 569 454.17	INEP
Xholobeni Mgungundlovu Dumasi Village	R 24 150 000.00	INEP/OWN FUNDING
TOTAL	R 37 011 091.47	

For the next three years the municipality will continue to depend on the INEP electrification grant to implement the projects prioritized to strive towards universal access within the municipality. The allocations for the next budget year have been prioritized according to the following projects which are all anticipated to be completed by the end of 2022/23:

Project Name	Allocated amount	Funding Source
Electrification of Lower Etheridge	R 2 100 000.00	INEP
Electrification of Msarhweni Village	R 2 100 000.00	INEP
Xolobeni, Mgungundlovu and Dumasi village	R 8 000 000.00	INEP
Electrification of Zizityaneni Village	R 2 100 000.00	INEP
Electrification of Nomlacu	R 2 100 000.00	INEP
TOTAL	R 16 400 000.00	

The implementation of these projects in conjunction with Eskom projects is expected to reduce the backlogs drastically bringing the municipality close to universal access which is anticipated to be achieved by 2022/23.

i) Infrastructure development

The municipality also receives a Municipal Infrastructure Grant for the construction of infrastructure assets that enhance service delivery to all communities. The total amount to be received of just above R 55 million has been allocated as follows:

NAME OF PROJECT	BUDGETED AMOUNT	
Construction of Sidanga Bridge	R 6 495 967.10	MIG
Construction of Sigingqi to Marina AR with Bridge	R 10 600 000.00	MIG
Construction of Tshongweni AR	R 8 500 000.00	MIG
Construction of Sixhaseni AR	R 6 655 000.00	MIG
Construction of Tshuze to Philisweni AR	R 11 060 927.45	MIG
Construction of Mbizana Town Hall	R 8 974 205.45	MIG
	D 50 000 400	

R 52 286 100

The compilation of the 2022/23 annual budget has also taken into consideration the following key considerations that impact directly to our communities:-

Repairs and Maintenance of Infrastructure and other municipal assets: The municipality has the understanding that at least 8% of its budget must be set aside for the repairs and maintenance of the existing infrastructure. As part of its drive to ensure that road infrastructure assets are maintained adequately, earthmoving plant has been acquired over the past three years so that the municipality would be able to carry out its own repairs and maintenance. Planned maintenance of rural roads and CBD roads has also been planned to be done internally using labor intensive methods while budgeting for procurement of materials and tools to carry out this task. There is however and additional allocation to supplement the internal mechanisms to fast track rural and CBD road maintenance of up to R20.4 million. A further R3.9 million has been set aside for the maintenance of municipal buildings and another R2.8 million for the maintenance of municipal vehicles and plant.

Legacy programmes: The municipality prides itself of being the home of the legendary struggle icons for the freedom of the people of South Africa, Oliver Reginald Tambo and Winnie Madikizela-Mandela. It is a live conviction of this council to ensure that their legacy lives for the generations to come. It is not the wish of this council to only celebrate through events but tangible legacy projects that will ensure that our claim and ownership of these international icons is validated. A budget allocation of R877 thousand has been provided for these important activities.

Public participation: Municipality will continue to embark on community education programs in all wards in order to capacitate our communities on their role during public participation/ hearings on municipal documents. Capacitation of ward committees will also continue getting attention in an attempt to ensure coordinated servicing of our communities as structures closer to people. Program of revival and support of ward war rooms will continue this financial year as part of strengthening community and stakeholder involvement on government programs. An amount of R6.9 million has been set aside for this.

IDP and performance management: Council will continue to ensure that our IDP maintains its high credibility status through enhancing maximum public participation of all role players. We will continue to ensure that our mission of promoting and ensuring

a culture of performance excellence is achieved at all costs. Although resources are very limited, these important planning and monitoring tools have been budgeted for at R1.1 million.

Special Programs and youth Development: Council will always contribute in changing lives of our special groups, our focus will be towards improving education in our region through supporting educational improving initiatives, we will also be strengthening capacity to community based structures that assist particularly in fighting violence and crimes targeting our elderly, children and women. We will continue to ensure that our council educates our communities on rights of people with disabilities and support initiatives that combats discrimination against them. An amount of just above R2.7 million has been set aside for these special groups.

Implementation of SPLUMA: Implementation of the act and running of the municipal tribunal and payment of the members to sit in the tribunal. The municipal council taken a decision to continue utilizing the district tribunal. The tribunal will consider development applications that will in turn increase the revenue base. We trust that the R140 thousand set aside as well for this purpose will be sufficient.

Geographic Information System (GIS): Acquisition tool to assist to improve the immovable asset. It is the compliance issue for spatial analysis. This will also assist in the identification of municipal assets and their locations. An amount of just above R300 thousand has been set aside for this.

The Annual Budget as compiled by the municipality seeks to address the imperatives as set out in the Integrated Development Plan and the indicated Delivery Agreement – outcome 9, which is to ensure a responsive, accountable, effective and efficient local government system so as to restore the confidence of citizens in the local government sphere. As such municipalities need to ensure that the basic needs of communities are met; build clean, effective, efficient, responsive and accountable local government; improve performance and professionalism and strengthen partnerships between local government, communities and civil society. The Outcome consists of seven outputs which need to be achieved, viz.

- Implement a differentiated approach to municipal financing, planning and support;
- Improve access to basic services;
- Implementation of the Community Work Programme;
- Actions supportive of the human settlement outcome;
- Deepen democracy through a refined Ward Committee Model;
- Improve administrative and financial capability;
- A single window of coordination.

The Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality annual budget and the Integrated Development Plan therefore seeks to ensure that the service delivery priorities as mandated by the constitution like electricity, roads, solid waste removal are provided to the communities. This is done at the same time whilst ensuring co-ordination of other organs of state like the District Municipality for the provision of water and sanitation and other provincial departments for respective services to the communities.

j) Council Resolutions

The Council of Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality seat on the 29th of March 2022 to consider the annual budget tabled by the Mayor at least 90 days before the start of the financial year 2022/23 and the Medium Term Revenue and Expenditure Framework. The council must then consider the following resolutions which will become final when the budget is adopted.

The Mayor of Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality, acting in terms of section 16(2)(1) of the Municipal Finance Management Act, (Act 56 of 2003) tabled the draft budget in a council meeting which adopts:

- i. The draft annual budget of the municipality for the financial year 2022/23 and the multi-year and single-year capital appropriations as set out in the following tables:
- Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by functional classification);
- Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by municipal vote);
- Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue by source and expenditure by type); and
- Multi-year and single-year capital appropriations by municipal vote and functional classification and associated funding by source.
- ii. The financial position, cash flow budget, cash-backed reserve/accumulated surplus, asset management and basic service delivery targets are adopted as set out in the following tables:
 - Budgeted Financial Position;
 - Budgeted Cash Flows;
 - Cash backed reserves and accumulated surplus reconciliation;
 - · Asset management; and
 - Basic service delivery measurement.
- iii. The Council of Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality, acting in terms of section 75A of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act (Act 32 of 2000) adopts the following proposed tariffs with effect from 1 July 2022:
 - the tariffs for property rates
 - the tariffs for electricity
 - the tariffs for solid waste services
 - Other municipal charges
- iv. The Council of Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality, acting in terms of 75A of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act (Act 32 of 2000) adopts the proposed tariffs with effect from 1 July 2022 the tariffs for other services, as set out in the paragraphs on tariffs;

- v. To give proper effect to the municipality's annual budget, the Council of Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality adopts:
 - That cash backing is implemented through the utilisation of a portion of the revenue generated from property
 rates to ensure that all capital reserves and provisions, unspent long-term loans and unspent conditional grants
 are cash backed.
- vi. To enable the proper implementation of the municipality's budget, the council of Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality adopts the following budget related policies;
 - The IDP and Budget Policy
 - Credit control and debt collection policy
 - Property Rates Policy
 - Supply Chain Management Policy
 - Tariff Policy
 - Asset Management Policy
 - Supply Chain Policy for Infrastructure Procurement and Delivery Management
 - Cash Management and Investment Policy
 - Contract Management policy
 - Debtors write-off policy
 - Indigent policy
 - Contract Management policy
 - Retention policy
 - Cost Containment Management policy
 - Unauthorised, Irregular, Fruitless and Wasteful Expenditure policy
 - Petty Cash policy
 - Accounts payable policy

9.2. Executive Summary

The municipality continues to find itself highly dependent on grants from the national fiscus which makes it impossible to contribute with the development and service delivery needs as it wishes as these allocations do not depend on the municipality. Despite the municipality having implemented a number of incentives for property rates within the past five years where property rates tariffs remained unchanged, collection levels on household and business debt have not improved putting a strain on the limited resources required to deliver services. Monthly reports continue to show growth in the amounts owed to the municipality while resources are required to deliver services in the town area to keep it attractive for business investments. This unfortunately means that the municipality continues to utilise the grants allocated to assist the poor to deliver services in areas that are expected to be able to fund their own development. The report shows over R30 million increase on the equitable share allocation to the municipality in the next year which will assist in funding the municipal operations and possibly contribute to capital funding, however little. This coupled with debt collection efforts by the municipality with its appointed debt collector is expected to bring in the much-needed financial resources to assist the municipality in the implementation of its programmes and plans. This then requires a serious balancing act that is coupled with realistic analysis of affordability levels before any decision is taken.

9.2.1. Previous years audit outcomes

The municipality has, in the recent years, ensured that there are improved audit outcomes. This has been a concerted effort between the municipality's council and the management in ensuring that there are improved internal controls, historical issues and disparities in the reported information are dealt with and cleared, and that accounting records and procedures are carried out at appropriate intervals. This has seen the municipality receiving unqualified audit opinions since 2015/16 to 2019/20 financial years and a Clean Audit in 2020/21 financial year. The municipality seeks to improve on these achievements and avoid regression at all costs including the formation of a clean audit committee that is tasked with monitoring the implementation of the audit action plan as proposed by management and adopted by council.

9.2.2. mSCOA Implementation

The National Treasury issued a government gazette in 2014, directing that a Municipal Standard Chart of Accounts – mSCOA – would be used by all municipalities from July 01, 2017. This meant that all municipalities will have a common set of accounts from which to choose from, instead of each municipality having its own chart of accounts. This will result in a seamless reporting regime where information from all municipalities can be compared. The introduction of the business reform has meant that management needed to acquaint itself with the requirements and legislations that were meant to ensure implementation of mSCOA by July 01, 2017. The municipality complied with this requirement and the migration from the old system to the new system was done seamlessly with the assistance of the municipality's system vendors.

It is important to note that this did not represent a new system, but rather an introduction of a more detailed and streamlined way of doing business, starting from planning, where it guides you to do proper planning, informed by adequate costing. mSCOA also encourages revenue and expenditure items to be identified for what they really are and not grouped together with no detailed planning and calculation behind. We will now be able to identify the true cost of the projects that the municipality engages on, and be able to identify, from early on, the communities that stand to benefit from those projects.

Mbizana Local Municipality is no different and has ensured that measures are put in place to ensure compliance. It is therefore important to note that we have made all efforts to ensure that the budget that will be approved is mSCOA compliant.

9.2.3. The impact of mSCOA on the virement policy

Earlier treasury circulars highlighted the principles that must be incorporated into municipal virement policies. Those principles are still applicable and relevant. The only difference is that a transaction in mSCOA relates to six regulated segments, therefore all segments must be considered when making a virement. As a result of this we have had to review and update our reference to "vote" to align to the function segment and indicate the funding applicable to the item being transferred in relation to the funding segment. This therefore means that with the implementation of mSCOA, virements can only take place within a function or subfunction and the same source of funding. The creation of new projects and savings across functions can only take place through an adjustment budget. Virements are not permitted from the repairs and maintenance project in the project segment.

9.2.4. Clarification of core and non-core functions

Core functions provides for the matters in terms of section 156 (1) of the Constitution. These are functions performed by local government and constitutionally assigned to local government in terms of Part B of Schedule 4 and Part B of Schedule 5. Non-core functions performed by local government that are constitutionally assigned to provincial government in terms of section 156(4) of the Constitution. Local government are compensated for delivering these functions on behalf of provincial government and typically receive a management fee from the provincial department.

Version changes

Version 6.6.1 of the chart will be released through a patch to accommodate the following changes/conditions published in the 2022 Division of Revenue (DoR) Bill:

- The capital leg of the Local Government Financial Management (FMG) grant that was retired in chart version 6.2 of the chart. As per the conditions published in the 2022 DoR Bill, the grant may be used, inter alia, for the acquisition, upgrade and maintenance of financial management systems to produce multi-year budgets, in-year reports, service; delivery and budget implementation plans, annual financial statements, annual reports and automated financial management practices including the mSCOA,
- Allocation-in-kind for the MIG grant to make provision for the indirect grant portion of the grant; and
- The name change from Municipal Disaster relief grant to Municipal Disaster Response Grant. Municipalities should take note of this change when they report on COVID-19 in terms of mSCOA Circular No. 9.

By now, all municipalities should:

Have acquired, upgraded and maintain the hardware, software and licences required to be and remain mSCOA compliant; Budget, transact and report on all six (6) legislated mSCOA segments and directly on the core financial system and submit the required data strings directly from this system to the LG Portal;

Lock down the budget adopted by Council on the core municipal financial system before submitting the budget (ORGB) data string to the LG portal;

Closed the core financial system at month-end as required in terms of the MFMA before submitting the monthly data string to the LGportal; and

Generate regulated Schedules (A, B, C) directly from the core municipal financial systems.

Municipality that have not achieved the above level of implementation as yet, should do the following:

A road map must be provided to the National and respective provincial treasury to indicate how the municipality will be become mSCOA compliant;

The municipality's mSCOA Project Steering Committee (chaired by the Accounting Officer) must meet at least monthly (if not more often) to track the progress against the road map and take corrective action where required;

Provincial treasury should be invited to the mSCOA Project Steering Committee meeting; and

Progress against the road map should be presented at the Mid-Year Budget and Performance and Budget Benchmark engagements.

Municipalities are reminded to follow the required due diligence processes in terms of MFMA Circulars No. 80 and 93 and mSCOA Circulars No. 5 and 6 when they procure a core financial system. If the procured system will impose financial obligations on the municipality beyond the three years covered in the MTREF budget, then the provisions of Section 33 of the MFMA should be adhered to.

SLAs with system vendors must also be managed properly.

The NT conducted independent audits on all municipal core financial systems in 2020 to determine to what extend these systems comply with the functionality requirements and 15 business processes required in terms of mSCOA. These results will also inform the new transversal tender for the procurement of municipal financial and internal control systems

9.2.5. Balance sheet and Cashflow budgeting

A budgeted balance sheet is a report that management uses to predict the levels of assets, liabilities and equity based on the planned revenue and expenditure the current accounting period. The budgeted balance sheet shows where all of the accounts would be at the end of the period if actual performance matched the budgeted estimates. All revenue and expenditure impacts on the Financial Position of the municipality.

Accurate cash flow information will assist the municipality to calculate the cash available using the historical trends.

The following should be considered when preparing estimations for balance sheet budgeting:

- The estimated revenue billings per month. Importantly, assumptions must be based on historical performance, projected growth, cost drivers and economic factors;
- Information on outstanding debtors, debt impairment and actual debt write offs;
- The roll forward movement accounts to establish opening balances; and
- Historical trends the sale of bulk electricity and water inform the estimation for bulk purchases.

Municipalities must not spend what they do not have available in the bank. It is important to link all revenue and expenditure to a funding source through the Fund segment when budgeting and transacting. The Fund segment must be used correctly for cash receipts and payments (i.e. FD001 and FD002). This will enable budgeting, transacting and reporting on the same data string and the identification of the actual cash available per funding source that can be utilised for service delivery. Non funding should not be used.

Furthermore, budgeting, transacting and reporting must be done directly in and from the integrated ERP system solution on the relevant posting levels to sure that the built-in controls are triggered to prevent unauthorised expenditure. The high levels of

unauthorized expenditure reported by the Auditor-General is evident that a number of municipalities are still working outside of their ERP systems and bypassing budget control functionality.

Municipalities are required to implement balance sheet budgeting and movement accounting to ensure that the cash flow for the 2022/2023 MTREF is populated correctly. If the cash flow is not budget for correctly, transactions will be a challenge.

9.2.6. Depreciation and asset impairment budgeting

In terms of MFMA circular no 115, from the analysis of the mSCOA data strings it is evident that a number of municipalities are allocating non-funding as the funding source in the fund segment for depreciation charges. Depreciation charges must be funded from operational funds such as service charges for electricity if assets are utilised for electricity purposes, service charges water for water management purposes, waste and wastewater management in the same manner and property rates for services like roads that is primarily funded from property rates. When deprecation is funded, it will assist the municipalities to accumulate sufficient surpluses that must be transferred to cash backed reserves. Depreciation is the method to provide for the replacement of the assets. If depreciation remains a journal without the funds being ringfenced, municipalities will not be in a financial position to fund future infrastructure assets.

The above indicates that the municipality must have revenues that are not allocated for spending in its budget to achieve this goal.

9.3. The South African Economy and Inflation Targets

The world economy is expected to grow by 4.4 per cent this year. This is lower than the 4.9 per cent that was anticipated when tabling the medium-term budget policy statement (MTBPS). The Omicron variant of the coronavirus caused many countries to impose restrictions to manage its spread. In addition, continued imbalances in global value chains have limited the pace of the world's economic recovery.

The South African economy has not been shielded from these global developments. National Treasury has revised South Africa's economic growth estimate for 2021 to 4.8 per cent, from 5.1 per cent at the time of the MTBPS.

This revision reflects a combination of the impact of changes in the global environment, along with South Africa's own unique challenges. Commodity prices, which have supported South Africa's economic recovery, slowed in the second half of 2021.

Also, violent unrest in July, and restrictions imposed to manage the third wave of COVID-19 further eroded the gains South Africa made in the first half of the year.

Industrial action in the manufacturing sector, and the re-emergence of loadshedding, also slowed the pace of the recovery.

Real Gross Domestic Product (GDP) growth of 2.1 per cent is projected for 2022. Over the next three years, GDP growth is expected to average 1.8 per cent.

Headline inflation is expected to remain between 3 to 6 per cent target range over the 2022/23 MTEF.

The National Treasury projects real economic growth of 5.1 per cent in 2021, following an expected contraction of 6.4 per cent in 2020. Real GDP growth is expected to moderate to 1.8 per cent in 2022,1.6 per cent in 2023 and 1.7 per cent in 2024.

South Africa experienced its largest recorded decline in economic output in 2020 due to the strict COVID-19 lockdown. Real GDP contracted by 7.2 per cent in 2020 compared to 0.1 per cent increase in 2019. It is expected to increase by 6.2 per cent in 2021/22 and moderate by an average increase of 1.7 per cent over the 2022/23 MTEF.

Manufacturing production grew by 17 per cent in the first six months of 2021 compared with the same period in 2020. Production has not recovered to pre-pandemic levels, although the Absa Purchasing Managers' Index remains above the neutral 50-point mark. Electricity disruptions, raw material shortages and rising input costs will continue to limit output in the short to medium term.

The main risks to the economic outlook are slowdown in economic growth. The evolution of COVID-19 and slow progress in vaccine rollout reinforces uncertainty and poses risks to economic recovery.

Slow implementation of structural reforms continues to weigh on business confidence and private investment. Electricity supply constraints, which could worsen over the short term, are a drag on economic growth. In contrast, progress on energy reforms poses upside risks to fixed investment and the overall economic outlook.

A further deterioration in the public finances due to various spending pressures and the materialisation of contingent liabilities could trigger further credit rating downgrades.

Pressures on the government wage bill ceiling, including the implementation of the nonpensionable salary increases undermine fiscal consolidation measures.

The fiscal framework does not include any additional support to state-owned companies, but the poor financial condition and operational performance of several of these companies remains a large contingent risk. A number of entities may request further bailouts.

Government is strictly enforcing minimum criteria before guaranteeing the debt of state-owned companies, as outlined in the 2021 Budget, which has led to a decline in guarantee requests.

Nonetheless, the broader context of financial distress, weak governance and unsustainable operations in many of these companies remains unaddressed.

Since the 2008 global financial crisis, economic growth has trended downwards, resulting in persistent shortfalls in tax revenue that have not been matched by adjustments to spending growth. This in turn has led to wider budget deficits, higher borrowing and a rapid increase in the ratio of debt to GDP. The reason that the debt servicing costs are growing at a pace that is faster than the rate of GDP growth, and this ratio will continue to increase until government runs a sufficiently large primary budget surplus.

To maximise the value of spending, government needs to contain costs, more especially consumption related spending, exercise prudent and compliant financial management, and eradicate wasteful treatment of public funds and resources. Compensation of employees remains a major cost pressure. It remains critical for municipalities to adhere to compensation ceilings, manage headcounts proactively and conduct staff audit to ensure the staff complement is aligned to the approved organogram. This will assist government is to improve its fiscal position.

Medium-term priorities include: reindustrialising through implementation of the master plans; growing exports through the African Continental Free Trade Area; implementing the Tourism Sector Recovery Plan; supporting township and rural economies; and promoting localisation, inclusive economic growth and job creation.

In 2021/22, gross tax revenue is expected to be R120.3 billion higher than projected in the 2021 Budget, with corresponding improvements of R69.8 billion and R59.5 billion expected in 2022/23 and 2023/24 respectively. This is still well below pre-pandemic revenue estimates, but it provides space for government to deal with immediate fiscal pressures while continuing to stabilise the public finances.

Headline inflation is expected to remain between 3 to 6 per cent target range over the 2022/23 MTEF.

In summary, the tax revenue in 2021/22 was higher than projections and this was mainly due to commodity price rally. However, these are projected to be short term, and as such long-term spending commitments should not be made based on short term revenue benefits. There are measures in place to reduce expenditure to narrow the budget deficit.

9.3.1. Budget Assumptions

As the municipality provides services to the communities, a significant amount of costs are incurred and these must be recovered somehow from the consumers. This is where the issue of tariff setting comes in, and we have in this regard been guided by the municipality's performance in the previous financial years, and the guidelines set by the National Treasury in numerous circulars, last of which was MFMA Treasury Circular No. 112 and 115. According to this circular, municipalities must consider the following consumer price index or inflationary indications:

Fiscal year		2022 Estimate	2022/23 Forecast	2023/24 Forecast	2024/25 Forecast
Consumer	Price	4.5%	4.8%	4.4%	4.5%
Inflation - CPI					

Local government also confronts tough fiscal choices in the face of financial and institutional problems that result in service-delivery breakdowns and unpaid bills. Municipalities can offset these trends by improving its own revenue collection, working more efficiently and implementing cost-containment measures.

The following are the key budget assumptions used to prepare the draft budget with the guidance of National Treasury, NERSA, and SALGBC –

- a) 6% increase on electricity tariffs
- b) 9.6% increase on Electricity Bulk purchases
- c) 4% increase on property rates
- d) 4.9% provision for employee costs which is in line with the SALGB Circular No.: 1/2022
- e) 4.5% increase on the remuneration of councilors
- f) 4.8% for all other expenses, and
- g) 6% for other revenue municipal Tariffs

9.3.2. Revenue budgeting

Similar to the rest of government, municipalities face a difficult fiscal environment. The weak economic growth has put pressure on consumers' ability to pay for services, while transfers from national government are growing more slowly than in the past. Some municipalities have managed these challenges well, but others have fallen into financial distress and face liquidity problems. These include municipalities that are unable to meet their payment obligations to Eskom, Water Boards and other creditors. There is a need for municipalities to focus on collecting revenues owed to them and eliminate wasteful and non-core spending.

Municipalities must ensure that they render basic services, maintain their assets and clean environment. Furthermore, there must be continuous communication with the community and other stakeholders to improve the municipality's reputation. This will assist in attracting investment in the local economy which may result in reduced unemployment. Some municipalities are experiencing serious liquidity challenges. Therefore, the new leadership is advised to:

 Decisively address unfunded budgets by reducing non-priority spending and improving revenue management processes to enable collection; and Address service delivery failures by ensuring adequate maintenance, upgrading and renewal of existing assets to enable reliable service delivery.

It should be noted that it is easier for consumers to pay for services if they are reliable and when the environment is well maintained. National Treasury encourages municipalities to maintain tariff increases at levels that reflect an appropriate balance between the affordability to poorer households and other customers while ensuring the financial sustainability of the municipality. The Consumer Price Index (CPI) inflation is forecasted to be within the lower limit of the 3 to 6 per cent target band; therefore, municipalities are required to justify all increases in excess of the projected inflation target for 2022/23 in their budget narratives and pay careful attention to tariff increases across all consumer groups. In addition, municipalities should include a detail of their revenue growth assumptions for the different service charges in the budget narrative.

9.3.3. Maximising the revenue generation of the municipal revenue base

Reference is made to MFMA Circulars No. 93, paragraph 3.1 and No. 98, paragraph 4.1. The emphasis is on municipalities to comply with Section 18 of the MFMA and ensure that they fund their 2022/23 MTREF budgets from realistically anticipated revenues to be collected. Municipalities are cautioned against assuming collection rates that are unrealistic and unattainable as this is a fundamental reason for municipalities not attaining their desired collection rates.

It is essential that municipalities reconcile their most recent valuation roll data to that of the billing system to ensure that revenue anticipated from property rates are accurate. Municipalities should undertake this exercise as a routine practice during the budget process so that supplementary adjustments to the valuation roll are kept up to date. The list of exceptions derived from this reconciliation will indicate where the municipality may be compromising its revenue generation in respect of property rates. A further test would be to reconcile this information with the Deeds Office registry. In accordance with the MFMA Circular No. 93, municipalities are once more requested to submit their reconciliation of the valuation roll to the billing system to the National Treasury on a quarterly basis.

9.3.4. Setting Cost reflective Tariffs

The setting of cost-reflective tariffs is a requirement of Section 74(2) of the Municipal Systems Act, 2000 which is meant to ensure that municipalities set tariffs that enable them to recover the full cost of rendering the service. This forms the basis of compiling a credible budget. A credible budget is one that ensures the funding of all approved items and is anchored in sound, timely and reliable information on expenditure and service delivery (Financial and Fiscal Commission (FFC), 2011). Credible budgets are critical for local government to fulfil its mandate and ensure financial sustainability.

A credible expenditure budget reflects the costs necessary to provide a service efficiently and effectively, namely:

- A budget adequate to deliver a service of the necessary quality on a sustainable basis; and
- A budget that delivers services at the lowest possible cost.

Municipalities are encouraged to utilise the tariff setting tool referenced in MFMA Circular No. 98, item 4.2. This tool will assist in setting tariffs that are cost-reflective and would enable a municipality to recover costs to fulfil its mandate.

9.3.5. Eskom Bulk tariff Increases

The National Energy Regulator of South Africa (NERSA) is responsible for price determination of the bulk costs for electricity. Bulk electricity costs are consistently much higher than inflation, having gone as high as 17.8 per cent in the 2021/22 municipal financial

year. Eskom's need for increased funding means that over the period ahead they are applying for much higher tariff increases. In their Multi-Year Price Determination (MYPD 5) application Eskom requested approval for municipal bulk tariff increases of 20.5 per cent in 2022/23, 15 per cent in 2023/24 and 10 per cent in 2024/25. NERSA rejected this revenue application at the end of September 2021 and in October 2021 ESKOM filed an application in the High Court to review NERSA's decision. Following the deliberations, NERSA has approved a 9.6 per cent tariff increase for Eskom starting from April 2022 and this figure accounts for a 3.49 per cent increase in 2022/23.

9.3.6. The Public Consultations

Municipalities are advised to refer to the guidance (refer to the email sent by the Department of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs (CoGTA) to all municipalities on 20 October 2021) provided through the joint South African Local Government Association (SALGA)/ Department of Cooperative Governance (DCoG) and National Treasury (NT) Joint Circular No.1 on the transitional measures in relation to the integrated development plan (IDP) consultation process. This circular indicates that the previous municipal councils had an obligation to ensure that the legislative stipulations were complied with. Therefore, they were expected to continue the process of the development of the IDP starting with the development and adoption of the process plans as provided for in section 28 of the Municipal Systems Act 2000. Municipalities should then implement the adopted budget process plan and conduct the public engagements as per dates they have indicated in the process plan.

As detailed in the later paragraphs, the municipality will consult with the communities in relation to this budget and their inputs incorporated before finalization and final approval by council. The draft annual budget as compiled for the 2022/23 financial year and the MTREF therefore addresses priorities as per the IDP consultation processes, bearing in mind the limited resources that the municipality has at its disposal. As indicated in earlier paragraphs, the leading need by the communities is electrification and access roads, the budget is biased towards these. The budget also endeavors to allocate resources for construction and maintenance of access roads that ensure communities have access to schools, clinics and other basic necessities. Sport development is crucial for social cohesion, and central to this is the construction of infrastructure that would ensure that youths in the communities have access to sporting facilities. The budget therefore allocates resources to such, as prioritized by communities.

9.3.7. Policy Review

The municipal council has reviewed a number of policies, proposing amendments to these policies and these are detailed in the later paragraphs in more detail. Most of the adjustments that have been proposed are necessitated by developments and changes in the requirements of key regulatory institutions like the National Treasury and the South African Revenue Services.

The preparation of the budget has relied mainly on the statistics as provided in the Community Survey of 2016 and the recent release. Although this has been the basis, we have kept in mind the growth of communities we serve within the municipality through recent community surveys. The assumptions utilized in the compilation of this budget have also been based on the guidance provided by the National Treasury on the inflationary indicators to be utilized. The guidance has also touched on the requirements and expectations from the National Energy Regulator of South Africa (NERSA) on the percentage increase that can be effected on electricity tariffs.

9.3.8. Measurable Performance Objectives and Indicators

As part of the IDP and budget compilation process, management has identified the strategic objectives and performance indicators that would enable the municipality to achieve on the mandated powers and functions. These have been set out in the IDP with measurable performance indicators, and the budgeted amounts for the 2022/23 financial year and the two outer years. This information has further been detailed more in the draft Service Delivery Budget Implementation Plan for the 2022/23 financial year which must be approved by the Mayor at least 28 days after the adoption of the budget. The objectives have further been provided with projects that will be implemented to achieve the set targets and these projects have been supported by project implementation plans for each of the projects.

In view of the aforementioned, the following table is a consolidated overview of the proposed 2022/23 Medium-term Revenue and Expenditure Framework:

Table 1. Consolidated Overview of the 2022/23 MTREF

EC443 Winnie Madikizela Mandela - Table Description	Ref		2019/20	2020/21		-	ear 2021/22		2022/23 M	ledium Term F	levenue &
Description	Ittel	2010/13	2013/20	2020/21		- Current 10	JUI EVEI/EE		Expe	nditure Frame	work
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2022/23	Budget Year +1 2023/24	Budget Year +2 2024/25
Revenue By Source											
Property rates	2	18,967	16,284	20,145	26,171	21,283	21,283	17,354	21,468	22,323	23,212
Service charges - electricity revenue	2	31,229	33,884	35,679	38,809	38,810	38,810	15,154	30,845	32,203	33,652
Service charges - water revenue	2	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-
Service charges - sanitation revenue	2	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	-	-
Service charges - refuse revenue	2	4,456	4,490	4,578	4,665	4,671	4,671	1,860	5,834	6,096	6,371
Rental of facilities and equipment		2,224	5,097	5,876	3,093	3,452	3,452	1,596	3,893	4,419	4,864
Interest earned - external investments		8,772	9,660	7,604	10,047	10,047	10,047	4,649	8,760	9,146	9,557
			,	4,275	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Interest earned - outstanding debtors		4,047	4,593		5,133	5,133	5,133	1,765	5,378	5,613	5,864
Dividends received		_	_	_		_		_			_
Fines, penalties and forfeits		1,038	2,066	688	938	938	938	27	593	619	647
Licences and permits		2,257	2,237	2,343	2,756	1,879	1,879	862	2,404	2,510	2,623
Agency services		1,271	1,021	1,291	1,265	1,337	1,337	566	1,401	1,463	1,528
Transfers and subsidies		235,075	268,843	338,001	295,690	298,973	298,973	133,151	335,600	342,397	363,947
Other revenue	2	1,537	960	781	1,466	982	982	255	520	537	556
Gains		19,024	7,526	1,069	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers		329,895	356,660	422,331	390,032	387,505	387,505	177,239	416,697	427,325	452,820
and contributions)											
Expenditure By Type								***************************************			
Employ ee related costs	2	102,675	104,852	105,837	126,854	119,529	119,529	45,114	124,615	129,995	135,718
Remuneration of councillors	-	23,244	23,970	23,964	26,007	26,007	26,007	9,757	27,047	28,129	29,254
Debt impairment	3	4,266	7,652	5,208	9,600	9,600	9,600		9,600	9,984	10,383
Depreciation & asset impairment	2	41,890	39,437	40,180	52,682	52,682	52,682	17,854	49,735	50,730	51,744
Finance charges		66	11	1	150	150	150	-	100	104	108
Bulk purchases - electricity	2	30,025	33,255	35,022	40,777	40,777	40,777	15,682	40,005	46,006	50,607
Inventory consumed	8	5,250	8,162	4,798	7,663	7,863	7,863	1,610	7,867	8,181	8,509
Contracted services		55,491	51,003	41,065	98,848	102,070	102,070	39,573	94,342	64,263	66,911
Transfers and subsidies		702	1,418	4,499	5,907	5,623	5,623	273	3,550	3,692	3,840
Other ex penditure	4, 5		44,470	38,313	65,042	75,364	75,364	15,277	82,176	76,143	78,973
Losses	ļ	7,462	55,411	43,425	_	38,718	38,718	_	_	-	_
Total Expenditure	ļ	322,093	369,642	342,313	433,529	478,383	478,383	145,140	439,038	417,228	436,047
Surplus/(Deficit)		7,802	(12,982)	80,018	(43,497)	(90,878)	(90,878)	32,100	(22,341)	10,097	16,773
Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary											
allocations) (National / Provincial and District)		85,899	79,423	77,425	99,296	96,175	96,175	23,293	85,040	85,433	89,241
Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary											
allocations) (National / Provincial Departmental											
Agencies, Households, Non-profit Institutions,											
Private Enterprises, Public Corporatons, Higher											
Educational Institutions)	6	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
24454167141 1115414167167		-	-	•	-	-	-		-	-	-
Transfers and subsidies - capital (in-kind - all)		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Surplus/(Deficit) after capital transfers &		93,702	66,441	157,443	55,799	5,296	5,296	55,393	62,699	95,530	106,014
contributions		55,.52	20,	,	33,.30	5,230	3,250	25,550]	15,550	,
Tax ation		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Surplus/(Deficit) after taxation		93,702	66,441	157,443	55,799	5,296	5,296	55,393	62,699	95,530	106,014
Attributable to minorities		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Surplus/(Deficit) attributable to municipality		93,702	66,441	157,443	55,799	5,296	5,296	55,393	62,699	95,530	106,014
Share of surplus/ (deficit) of associate	7	7	-	101,-140	00,100	0,200	0,230	00,000	02,000	55,500	100,014
	'	93,702	- -	157,443	EE 700	E 200	E 200	EE 202	62 600	05 520	100.044
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	8	93,702	66,441	101,443	55,799	5,296	5,296	55,393	62,699	95,530	106,014

The table above shows the summary of the draft budget for the 2022/23 financial period with the outer years. The table shows that the expected revenue for the 2022/23 financial year adds up to just above R501 million.

The above table continues to show greater dependency of the municipality on the national fiscus through grants as these make up 84% of the municipality's anticipated revenues which is an increase from 81.2% in the prior year with other sources anticipated to generate only 16% which means the municipality has very little resources to spend without prescribed conditions. This has a potential to limit the municipality in terms of the programmes it would like to implement to improve the lives of the people of Mbizana. The overall increase in revenue is around 2% taking the tune from the national performance as well where the country has seen slow to no growth in some sectors. This will unfortunately continue as the world at large continues to experience situations that have a potential of collapsing economies due to the outbreak of Covid-19 and its continued surge.

9.3.9. Revenue

The above table continues to show greater dependency of the municipality on the national fiscus through grants as these make up 84% of the municipality's anticipated revenues which is an increase from 82% in the prior year with other sources anticipated to generate only 16% which means the municipality has very little resources to spend without prescribed conditions. This has a potential to limit the municipality in terms of the programmes it would like to implement to improve the lives of the people of Mbizana. The overall increase in revenue is just above 3.5% taking the tune from the national performance as well where the country has seen slight improvements from no growth and negative in some sectors after the outbreak of Covid-19. This will unfortunately continue as the world at large continues to experience situations that have a potential of collapsing economies due to the outbreak of Covid-19 variants and its continued surge as well as the recent Russian invasion of Ukrain.

9.4. Operating expenditure

9.4.1. Non-cash items

These are expenditure items where no cash will be required to flow as these relate to the accounting for wear and tear of the municipal assets and impairment of potions of debtors considered to be irrecoverable based on the behaviour of individual debtors and their credit profile. These make up 13.48% of the municipality's operating expenditure.

9.4.2. Depreciation and asset impairment

In terms of MFMA circular no 115, from the analysis of the mSCOA data strings it is evident that a number of municipalities are allocating non-funding as the funding source in the fund segment for depreciation charges. Depreciation charges must be funded from operational funds such as service charges for electricity if assets are utilised for electricity purposes, service charges water for water management purposes, waste and wastewater management in the same manner and property rates for services like roads that is primarily funded from property rates. When deprecation is funded, it will assist the municipalities to accumulate sufficient surpluses that must be transferred to cash backed reserves. Depreciation is the method to provide for the replacement of the assets. If depreciation remains a journal without the funds being ringfenced, municipalities will not be in a financial position to fund future infrastructure assets.

The above indicates that the municipality must have revenues that are not allocated for spending in its budget to achieve this goal.

9.4.3. Employee Related Cost

Below are vacant positions that are included in the calculations of these draft budget amounts that have been agreed on with Corporate Services to ensure these are on the municipality's current organisational structure. In line with the national government's call to manage the public sector wage bill the municipality's employee costs budget plus remuneration of councillors makes up 35% of the operating budget including non-cash items which then reaches the maximum limit permitted of 40% when we exclude non-cash items. Below are the details of vacant positions included in the draft budget.

Municipal Manager

- Public Participation Officer
- Legal Officer
- Monitoring and Evaluation Officer
- VIP Protector/Driver

Corporate Services

- IT Technician
- Human Resource Officer: IPMS
- Human Resource Officer: Recruitment

Community Services

- Security
- Cashier
- 2 X Examiners

Refuse Removal

- 8 X General Assistants
- Driver

Engineering Services

- Truck Driver
- Metering Technician
- Artisan
- General Assistant

The above positions include those where recruitment processes have already commenced or concluded but the successful incumbents have not resumed duties yet. This is to ensure that all these are catered for in the municipal budget.

No new positions are proposed to be added on the municipality's organisational structure for the next three financial years.

9.4.4. Remuneration of councillors

An increase of 4.5% was used to accommodate any adjustments that might need to be implemented during the year once a new gazette on the remuneration of office bearers has been issued and also ensuring that we have catered for the grade 4 position of the municipality. The formula for the allocation of the Equitable share includes an allocation to support councillor remuneration and ward committees. This allocation for the budget year is R14.2 million requiring the municipality to also fund the remuneration of councillors from revenues internally generated.

9.4.5. Contracted Services

This item relates to services and goods that can only be provided through the use of external service providers such as catering, hiring of transport, consultants, prepaid electricity vendors, professional services etc. This draft budget includes but not limited to the following allocations:

- R8.3 million for outsourced security services
- R6.3 million for legal services
- R4.1 million for maintenance of Hlalanathi to Dawede Access Road
- R3.2 million for maintenance of Clinic to Mahaha Access Road
- R3 million for maintenance of Khotsho Access Road
- R2.2 million for maintenance of Vuyisile Access Road
- R2.2 million for maintenance of Sizabonke to Ndinomntu Access Road
- R1.7 million for maintenance of Dutyini to Dunga Access Road
- R1 million for maintenance of Andile to Mbongweni Access road
- R1.7 million for CBD road maintenance
- R3.9 million for maintenance of municipal buildings
- R4.2 million for casual labour for refuse removal
- R2 million for security casual labour
- R3.6 million for EPWP implementation
- R1.5 million for maintenance of the landfill site
- R1.2 million for waste management services
- R1.2 million for Internal Audit fees
- R1.6 million for the maintenance and review of the Infrastructure Fixed Asset Register
- R1.1 million for the review and development of municipal policies
- R2.8 million for maintenance of municipal vehicles
- R909 thousand for maintenance of Giniswayo Access Road
- R4.5 million on catering for various municipal activities which is a reduction from R4.8 million in the current year

There are other municipal programmes included as road marking, survey of municipal land, servicing of Skip bins, and all other programmes planned for the municipality.

9.4.6. Other Expenditure

These are all other operational expenses of the municipality such as advertising, travel and subsidies, seminar and workshops etc. The following are some of the items that may require special mention when it comes to these expenditures even though the list does not mean these are the only allocated expenditures:

- R9 million for training of manufacturing hubs
- R5.3 million for compensation of ward committees
- R5.5 million for maintenance of IT systems and rentals thereof

- R3.4 million for License fees
- R2.8 million for communication in the form of telephone, fax and cellphones
- R5.2 million for external audit fees
- R4.8 million for free basic electricity
- R4 million for solar energy subsidy
- R5.2 million for accommodation of Municipal Officials and Councillors which is an increase from R4.2 million in the current year
- R4.2 million for insurance of municipal assets and Workman's compensation
- R2.3 million for SALGA levies and
- R1.1 million for tuitions fees for training and development

There are other smaller items budgeted for that are not included on the explanations above due to their values being small individually.

EC443 Winnie Madikizela Mandela - Tab	le A3	Budgeted Fi	nancial Perfo	rmance (rev	enue and exp	enditure by	municipal v	ote)		
Vote Description	Ref	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	Cui	rent Year 2021	/22		ledium Term R Inditure Frame	
R thousand		Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Year
R tilousaliu		Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	2022/23	+1 2023/24	+2 2024/25
Revenue by Vote	1									
Vote 1 - Executive and Council		150	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Vote 2 - Corporate Services		288	352	405	293	293	293	137	143	149
Vote 3 - Budget Treasury Office		286,287	306,248	354,705	309,070	309,235	309,235	340,189	361,040	383,680
Vote 4 - Community Services		11,387	15,605	12,198	13,743	12,943	12,943	14,517	11,283	11,783
Vote 5 - Dev elopment Planning		316	111	19,267	46,467	41,579	41,579	44,531	22,573	23,468
Vote 6 - Engineering Services		117,367	113,768	113,181	119,755	119,630	119,630	102,363	117,719	122,980
Vote 7 - Null		-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	_
Vote 8 - Null		-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	_
Vote 9 - Null		-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	_
Vote 10 - Null		-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	_
Vote 11 - Null		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Vote 12 - Null		-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	_
Vote 13 - Null		-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	_
Vote 14 - Null		-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	-
Vote 15 - Null		-	-	_	-	-	_	_		_
Total Revenue by Vote	2	415,795	436,083	499,756	489,328	483,680	483,680	501,737	512,758	542,061
Expenditure by Vote to be appropriated	1									
Vote 1 - Executive and Council		75,333	69,498	71,489	83,323	82,105	82,105	84,391	86,141	89,704
Vote 2 - Corporate Services		44,200	48,254	38,505	59,154	63,472	63,472	59,665	61,819	64,055
Vote 3 - Budget Treasury Office		25,305	25,842	21,935	37,982	39,379	39,379	41,521	43,073	44,706
Vote 4 - Community Services		54,695	62,453	62,815	78,225	76,867	76,867	79,162	78,604	81,927
Vote 5 - Dev elopment Planning		17,546	16,060	15,969	29,061	31,046	31,046	36,194	28,011	29,099
Vote 6 - Engineering Services		105,014	147,535	131,601	145,783	185,513	185,513	138,105	119,579	126,556
Vote 7 - Null		_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 8 - Null		_	- 1	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 9 - Null		-	-	-	- 1	-	_	_	_	_
Vote 10 - Null		-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	_
Vote 11 - Null		_	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	_
Vote 12 - Null		_	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	_
Vote 13 - Null		_	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	_
Vote 14 - Null		_	-	-	-	_	-	_	_	_
Vote 15 - Null		_	-	-	-	-	-		_	
Total Expenditure by Vote	2	322,093	369,642	342,313	433,529	478,383	478,383	439,038	417,228	436,047
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	2	93,702	66,441	157,443	55,799	5,296	5,296	62,699	95,530	106,014

9.5. REVENUE

Anticipated revenues have slightly increased compared to the 2021/22 budget and this is due to mainly an increase in grants as may be seen on the table above indicating the grants that have been confirmed for the municipality especially the Equitable share.

This is a worrying picture though considering that the municipality's demands have grown more than the anticipated resources. This is probably one of the most challenging budgets that the municipality will ever produce in the current economic climate.

9.6. EXPENDITURE

MM's Office and Council expense

This has taken into account submissions made during the budget sessions and these have been taken into account using the set limits for the overall expenditures and then using those to reprioritise.

Budget and Treasury

The major contributors are depreciation, external audit fees. Significant projects in the department are those of the review of the infrastructure fixed assets register, implementation of the contract management findings and action plan thereof.

Corporate Services

The major expenditures relate to repairs of municipal vehicles, fuel and oil, ICT licenses, SALGA levies, website maintenance, insurance for municipal assets and employees including councillors, telephone and fax as well as other operational expenses.

Development Planning

The department has made provisions for valuation services, Spluma, Tourism, agricultural events and development of SMME's including any support that is provided by the municipality to those. There are also provisions for surveying of municipal properties including the legal fees involved in the process.

Community and Social Services

The department has made provision for the rehabilitation of the landfill site, provision of security services, public safety awareness campaigns, the operation and maintenance of the municipal pound, provision of free basic energy, protective clothing and other uniforms. The department on top of the EPWP grant funded casuals has made a provision for more casual labour to assist in the refuse removal services of the municipality. They have also requested overtime to be allocated more funds to cater for public holidays and other special events.

Road Engineering

The allocations made relate to the day to day operations of the department. There are also allocations for fuel and oil for the municipal plant which will be used to maintain some of the roads within the municipality. A provision of R20.4 million has been made to cater for external road maintenance and CBD maintenance, and R3.9 million for maintenance of municipal buildings.

Electricity

The department's biggest allocation has gone to the electricity purchases which is paid to Eskom for the supply of electricity. There are also allocations of over R4.2 million that are made for purchase of electrical material and maintenance of electrical infrastructure.

9.7. Operating Revenue Framework

Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality strives to provide its communities with the required services and for it to succeed in doing that, it has to ensure that it has an operating revenue framework that ensures that it is able to fund it operations. This talks to the fact that there must be strategies in place to maximize the collection of revenue from the streams that already exist, but as well identify new revenue streams to augment the existing ones. A revenue enhancement strategy that was approved by the council in 2014 has been reviewed and is accompanied by a proposed implementation plan to ensure implementability which was a big miss on the initial strategy.

The municipality's revenue strategy is built around the following key components:

- National Treasury's guidelines and macroeconomic policy;
- Growth in the Municipal area and continued economic development;
- Efficient revenue management;
- Electricity tariff increases as approved by the National Electricity Regulator of South Africa (NERSA);
- Achievement of full cost recovery of specific user charges especially in relation to trading services;
- Determining the tariff escalation rate by establishing/calculating the revenue requirement of each service;
- The municipality's Property Rates Policy approved in terms of the Municipal Property Rates Act, 2004 (Act 6 of 2004)
 (MPRA) as amended;
- Increase ability to extend new services and recover costs;
- The municipality's Indigent Policy and rendering of free basic services; and
- Tariff policies of the Municipality.

In preparing the budgets, realistically anticipated revenues have been considered, and as has been indicated several times earlier, the tough economic conditions reflect on the reduces anticipated revenues. Electricity and refuse removal show a slight increase and the main consideration has been the declining trend over the past few years, coupled with the weak performance of the said items in terms of revenue collection.

9.8. Reconciliation of grants allocations

Reconciliaton of Winnie Ma	adikizela-Mand	dela Local Muni	cipality allocat	ions for 22/23 I	MTREF
	Revised 2021/22	Change	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
National Allocations					
Operational	317,560,650	33,892,750	351,453,400	344,768,650	366,424,200
Equitable Share	289,620,000	30,475,000	320,095,000	339,797,000	361,325,000
Financial Management Grant	2,000,000	100,000	2,100,000	2,100,000	2,100,000
Expanded Public Works Programme	3,570,000	117,000	3,687,000	-	-
Municipal Infrastructure Grant 5%	2,551,150	200,750	2,751,900	2,871,650	2,999,200
Government Support Grant	19,819,500	3,000,000	22,819,500	-	
Capital	76,924,850	-8,238,750	68,686,100	82,561,350	86,241,800
Municipal Infrastructure Grant	48,471,850	3,814,250	52,286,100	54,561,350	56,984,800
Integrated National Electrification	28,453,000	-12,053,000	16,400,000	28,000,000	29,257,000
		-			
Provincial Allocations					
Operational	500,000	-	500,000	500,000	522,000
Library Grant	500,000	-	500,000	500,000	522,000
		-	-	-	-
		-	-	-	-
TOTAL ALLOCATIONS	394,985,500	25,654,000	420,639,500	427,830,000	453,188,000

The above table shows the total of both conditional and unconditional grants to the municipality as confirmed on the Division of Revenue Bill and the Provincial Treasury Gazette. From the table we see a R12 million reduction in the Integrated National Electrification grants which is used to provide electricity in the rural areas of the municipality, this is an unprecedented 42% reduction in the grant.

Table 2 Summary of revenue classified by main revenue source

EC443 Winnie Madikizela Mandela - Table A4 Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure)

Description	Ref	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21		Current Ye	ar 2021/22			ledium Term R nditure Frame	
		Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Pre-audit		Budget Year	
R thousand	1	Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	outcome	2022/23	+1 2023/24	+2 2024/25
Revenue By Source											
Property rates	2	18,967	16,284	20,145	26,171	21,283	21,283	17,354	21,468	22,323	23,212
Service charges - electricity revenue	2	31,229	33,884	35,679	38,809	38,810	38,810	15,154	30,845	32,203	33,652
Service charges - water revenue	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Service charges - sanitation revenue	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Service charges - refuse revenue	2	4,456	4,490	4,578	4,665	4,671	4,671	1,860	5,834	6,096	6,371
Rental of facilities and equipment		2,224	5,097	5,876	3,093	3,452	3,452	1,596	3,893	4,419	4,864
Interest earned - external investments		8,772	9,660	7,604	10,047	10,047	10,047	4,649	8,760	9,146	9,557
Interest earned - outstanding debtors		4,047	4,593	4,275	5,133	5,133	5,133	1,765	5,378	5,613	5,864
Dividends received		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fines, penalties and forfeits		1,038	2,066	688	938	938	938	27	593	619	647
Licences and permits		2,257	2,237	2,343	2,756	1,879	1,879	862	2,404	2,510	2,623
Agency services		1,271	1,021	1,291	1,265	1,337	1,337	566	1,401	1,463	1,528
Transfers and subsidies		235,075	268,843	338,001	295,690	298,973	298,973	133,151	335,600	342,397	363,947
Other revenue	2	1,537	960	781	1,466	982	982	255	520	537	556
Gains		19,024	7,526	1,069	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)		329,895	356,660	422,331	390,032	387,505	387,505	177,239	416,697	427,325	452,820

Table 3 Percentage growth in revenue by main revenue source

EC443 Winnie Madikizela Mandela - Table A4 Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure)

Description	Ref	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21		Current Ye	ar 2021/22			2022/23 M	ledium Term F	Revenue &
Besonption	I.c.								o/o GOMT		nditure Frame	
R thousand	1	Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Pre-audit	9/0 CE		Budget Year	, ,
		Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	outcome		2022/23	+1 2023/24	+2 2024/25
Revenue By Source			_	_	_	_	_		_			L
Property rates	2	18,967	16,284	20,145	26,171	21,283	21,283	17,354	1%	21,468	22,323	23,212
Service charges - electricity revenue	2	31,229	33,884	35,679	38,809	38,810	38,810	15,154	-21%	30,845	32,203	33,652
Service charges - water revenue	2	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	0%	_	-	-
Service charges - sanitation revenue	2	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	0%	_	-	-
Service charges - refuse revenue	2	4,456	4,490	4,578	4,665	4,671	4,671	1,860	25%	5,834	6,096	6,371
									0%			
Rental of facilities and equipment		2,224	5,097	5,876	3,093	3,452	3,452	1,596	13%	3,893	4,419	4,864
Interest earned - external investments		8,772	9,660	7,604	10,047	10,047	10,047	4,649	-13%	8,760	9,146	9,557
Interest earned - outstanding debtors		4,047	4,593	4,275	5,133	5,133	5,133	1,765	5%	5,378	5,613	5,864
Div idends received		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%	-	-	-
Fines, penalties and forfeits		1,038	2,066	688	938	938	938	27	-37%	593	619	647
Licences and permits		2,257	2,237	2,343	2,756	1,879	1,879	862	28%	2,404	2,510	2,623
Agency services		1,271	1,021	1,291	1,265	1,337	1,337	566	5%	1,401	1,463	1,528
Transfers and subsidies		235,075	268,843	338,001	295,690	298,973	298,973	133,151	12%	335,600	342,397	363,947
Other rev enue	2	1,537	960	781	1,466	982	982	255	-47%	520	537	556
Gains		19,024	7,526	1,069	-	-	-	-	0%	-	-	-
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)		329,895	356,660	422,331	390,032	387,505	387,505	177,239	8%	416,697	427,325	452,820

In line with the formats prescribed by the Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations, capital transfers and contributions are excluded from the operating statement, as inclusion of these revenue sources would distort the calculation of the operating surplus/deficit.

The own revenue generation of the municipality is pillared mainly by electricity distribution and levying of property rates. Although the municipality to a larger extent relies on grants, these own revenue sources remain very important and all efforts need to be made to ensure that maximum returns are realized on them.

Property Rates depend on the availability of the updated valuation roll to be levied. A valuation roll that has been finalized is coming to an end of its validity although it is under constant challenge from the rate payers. The availability of the valuation roll has meant that a detailed and involved process is followed to determine the tariff to be levied instead of using unreliable methods of calculations. The latest valuation roll, updated with the supplementary valuations was utilized in arriving at the possible amounts that can be raised out of property rates.

Electricity distribution forms a significant part of the own funding by the municipality. The performance of this stream of revenue has been under considerable strain over the past few years, and it has become difficult to expect an immediate change out of it, however measures implemented over the past financial year and during the year have begun to show some positive results which still need to be monitored closely.

Table 4 Operating Transfers and Grant Receipts

EC443 Winnie Madikizela Mandela - Supporting Table SA18 Transfers and grant receipts

Description	Ref	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	Cu	rrent Year 202	1/22		Medium Term F enditure Frame	
R thousand		Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	_	Budget Year	1
		Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	2022/23	+1 2023/24	+2 2024/25
RECEIPTS:	1, 2									
Operating Transfers and Grants									•	
National Government:		267,685	296,291	363,013	323,643	326,764	326,764	351,500	369,897	392,682
Local Government Equitable Share		230,525	260,384	332,422	289,620	289,620	289,620	320,095	339,797	361,325
Integrated National Electrification Programme		32,610	31,240	26,202	28,453	28,453	28,453	16,400	28,000	29,257
EPWP Incentive		2,335	2,452	2,389	3,570	3,570	3,570	3,687	-	-
Local Government Financial Management Grant		2,215	2,215	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,100	2,100	2,100
General Budget Support Grant						3,121	3,121	9,218		
Provincial Government:		448	4,501	773	500	500	500	500	500	522
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sport and Recreation		448	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	522
Other			4,001	273						
District Municipality:		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capacity Building and Other		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other			-							
Other grant providers:		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other										
Total Operating Transfers and Grants	5	268,133	300,792	363,786	324,143	327,264	327,264	352,000	370,397	393,204
Capital Transfers and Grants									•	
National Government:		59,416	48,362	49,714	70,843	67,722	67,722	68,640	57,433	59,984
Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG)		-	-			-	-	_	-	_
Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG)		59,416	48,362	45,459	51,023	51,023	51,023	55,038	57,433	59,984
Neighbourhood Development Partnership		_	_	4,255	19,820	16,699	16,699	13,602	_	_
Other				,	.,,			.,		
Provincial Government:		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other										
District Municipality:		-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-
Other										
Other grant providers:		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Other		_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	-
Total Capital Transfers and Grants	5	59,416	48,362	49,714	70,843	67,722	67,722	68,640	57,433	59,984
TOTAL RECEIPTS OF TRANSFERS & GRANTS		327,549	349,154	413,500	394,986	394,986	394,986	420,639	427,830	453,188

Table 4 shows the operating grants that the municipality has been allocated for the 2022/23 financial period and the MTREF. The Equitable Share has increased to R320 million and the municipality revenue has grant funding in the excess of R420 million. It is important to note though that the INEP allocation has also decreased putting more pressure on the municipal resources when it comes to funding of the capital budget.

Financial Management Grant (FMG): This grant is meant to assist in ensuring that financial management systems of
the municipality are functioning and that the staff complement at the Budget and Treasury Office is adequately
capacitated in terms of skill and understanding of accounting and municipal finance.

- Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG) (Operational): The MIG is meant for the development of infrastructure within the municipality, but then 5% of that is utilized for project management, payment of salaries of specific staff members and planning for those infrastructure projects.
- **Department of Sport and Culture Library:** The grant is meant to assist in the running of the library, including ensuring that the library is appropriately stocked with books.
- Expanded Public Works Program Grants: This is meant to assist municipalities and the government to create labour intensive employment opportunities for the previously disadvantaged communities.
- Integrated National Electrification Program Grant: This is mean to assist in the eradication of electricity infrastructure backlogs in the rural communities.

9.9. Tariff Setting for the 2022/23 and MTREF Period

As part of generating own revenue, the municipality needs to set tariffs for the revenue streams for which is has been made responsible for in terms of various legislations. For example the Municipal Property Rates Act empowers the municipality to levy rates on all ratable properties.

A number of considerations have been taken into consideration in setting up the tariffs to be utilized from July 01, 2022 as indicated in earlier paragraphs. The municipality has not been immune to the adverse economic conditions that are currently experienced throughout the country and more so as a result of Covid-19 economic disruptions. These conditions have been taken into consideration as the tariffs were being set and all the input costs that go into providing the specific services.

9.9.1. Property Rates

Property rates cover the cost of the provision of general services. Determining the effective property rate tariff is therefore an integral part of the municipality's budgeting process. In determining the tariff, the municipality has considered the values of properties on which the municipality will levy rates, the amounts desirable from rates for budget purposes, and the historic tariffs of the previous financial years.

The Property Rates policy is one of the most important documents that we utilise in the determination of property rates. It should be kept in mind though that the Municipal Property Rates Act remains the reference point for this policy.

The following stipulations in the Property Rates Policy are highlighted:

- The first R15 000 of the market value of a property used for residential purposes is excluded from the rate-able value (Section 17(h) of the MPRA). In addition to this rebate, a further R40 000 reduction on the market value of a property will be granted in terms of the municipality's own Property Rates Policy. This is maintained from the previous financial year as there has not been any significant changes to the values of the properties;
- Details of further rebates and reductions are provided in the municipality's Property Rates Policy and the Indigent Policy. The tariff structure has basically changed for residential properties as shown in the table below. However, it was brought into our attention by the National CoGTA that we had in the previous financial years unfairly charge government departments a higher rate than all other properties whilst these are not in the business of making profits. The vacant land has been raised higher to discourage hoarding of pieces of land that have not been developed. We have therefore taken these into consideration in arriving at the tariff as shown below

Table 5 Comparison of proposed rates to be levied for the 2022/23 financial year

PROPERTY RATES	2021/2022	2022/2023	2023/2024	2024/2025
	R/c	R/c	R/c	R/c
Agriculture Properties	0.0069	0.0070	0.0072	0.0073
Residential	0.0069	0.0070	0.0072	0.0073
Business	0.0138	0.0144	0.0149	0.0155
Government	0.0125	0.0130	0.0135	0.0141
Vacant Land	0.0104	0.0108	0.0112	0.0117

9.9.2. Sale of Electricity and Impact of Tariff Increases

The municipality distributes electricity in the town area of Mbizana and to do this, a service charge must be levied in order to recover the costs incurred. There has been a noticeable increase in the revenue generated from electricity as a result of projects undertaken that has seen losses reduced. However there is still a lot of work to be done to ensure that this service is at least able to sustain itself, and at some point be able to provide enough revenue for other service delivery imperatives.

As guided by National Treasury Circular 112 & 113, there has been very minimal increase in the electricity tariffs and this is informed by the percentage increase that has been considered for all other services while a decision is awaited from NERSA. We have therefore applied a 6% maximum increase. We have however made a provision of a higher increase of 9.6% increase on electricity purchases budget. This is what has been factored in and the tariffs are as follows:-

Registered indigents will again be granted 50 kWh per 30-day period free of charge.

ELECTRICITY TARIFFS				
DOMESTIC PREPAID				
TARIFF BLOCK	TARIFF 2021/2022 @14.59% c/kwh	DRAFT TARIFF 2022/2023 @9.6% c/kwh	DRAFT TARIFF 2023/2024 @4.4% c/kwh	DRAFT TARIFF 2024/2025 @4.5% c/kwh
Block 1 (0-50 KWh)	1.2583	1.3791	1.4398	1.5046
Block 2 (51-350 KWh)	1.6178	1.7731	1.8511	1.9344
Block 3 (351-600 KWh)	2.2769	2.4955	2.6053	2.7225
Block 4 (>600 KWh)	2.6814	2.9388	3.0681	3.2062
DOMESTIC CONVENTIONAL (c/KWh)	PROPOSED TARIFF 2021/2022 @14.59% c/kwh	DRAFT TARIFF 2022/2023 @9.6% c/kwh	DRAFT TARIFF 2023/2024 @4.4% c/kwh	DRAFT TARIFF 2024/2025 @4.5% c/kwh
TARIFF BLOCK				
Block 1 (0-50 KWh)	1.2583	1.3791	1.4398	1.5046
Block 2 (51-350 KWh)	1.6178	1.7731	1.8511	1.9344
Block 3 (351-600 KWh)	2.2769	2.4955	2.6053	2.7225
Block 4 (>600 KWh)	2.6814	2.9388	3.0681	3.2062
Basic Charge (R/Month)	R257.00	R281.67	294.07	307.30
COMMERCIAL TARIFFS				
COMMERCIAL TARIFFS				

TARIFF 2021/2022 @14.59% c/kwh	DRAFT TARIFF 2022/2023 @9.6% c/kwh	DRAFT TARIFF 2023/2024 @4.4% c/kwh	DRAFT TARIFF 2024/2025 @4.5% c/kwh
R542.86	R595.13	621.31	649.27
2.3814	2.6100	2.7249	2.8475
TARIFF 2021/2022 @14.59% c/kwh	DRAFT TARIFF 2022/2023 @9.6%	DRAFT TARIFF 2023/2024 @4.4%	DRAFT TARIFF 2024/2025 @4.5%
	c/kwh	c/kwh	c/kwh
DE 42 06	D505 12	621.21	649.27
			2.8475
2.3014	2.0100	2.7249	2.0475
TARIFF 2021/2022 @14.59% c/kwh	DRAFT TARIFF 2022/2023 @9.6% c/kwh	DRAFT TARIFF 2023/2024 @4.4% c/kwh	DRAFT TARIFF 2024/2025 @4.5% c/kwh
R1,009.03	R1,105.86	1154.52	1206.48
2.2700	2.4879	2.5974	2.7143
TARIFF 2021/2022 @14.59% c/kwh	DRAFT TARIFF 2022/2023 @9.6% c/kwh	DRAFT TARIFF 2023/2024 @4.4% c/kwh	DRAFT TARIFF 2024/2025 @4.5% c/kwh
R1,016.34	R1,105.86	1154.52	1206.48
2.2700	2.4879	2.5974	2.7143
TARIFF 2021/2022 @14.59%	DRAFT TARIFF 2022/2023	DRAFT TARIFF 2023/2024	DRAFT TARIFF 2024/2025 @4.5%
	2021/2022 @14.59% c/kwh R542.86 2.3814 TARIFF 2021/2022 @14.59% c/kwh R542.86 2.3814 TARIFF 2021/2022 @14.59% c/kwh R1,009.03 2.2700 TARIFF 2021/2022 @14.59% c/kwh R1,016.34 2.2700 TARIFF 2021/2022	2021/2022	2021/2022 TARIFF 2022/2023 2023/2024 @14.59% 2022/2023 @4.4% c/kwh R542.86 R595.13 621.31 2.3814 2.6100 2.7249 TARIFF DRAFT TARIFF 2021/2022 TARIFF 2022/2023 c/kwh 2022/2023 2023/2024 c/kwh 2.6100 2.7249 TARIFF 2021/2022 2023/2024 c/kwh 2.6100 2.7249 TARIFF 2021/2023 2023/2024 c/kwh 2.6100 2.7249 TARIFF 2021/2022 2023/2023 c/kwh 2022/2023 2023/2024 c/kwh 204.4% 2023/2024 c/kwh 2.5974 TARIFF 2021/2022 2023/2023 c/kwh 2022/2023 2023/2024 c/kwh 2.4879 2.5974 TARIFF 2021/2022 2.4879 2.5974 TARIFF 2021/2022 2.5974 TARI

		1	T	T
TARIFF DETAIL				
Basic Charge (R/ Month)	R1,689.07	R1,851.14	1,932.59	2,019.56
Demand Charge (R/KVA)	R2.92	R3.20	3.34	3.49
Energy Charge (c/KWh)	1.1029	1.2088	1.26	1.32
**EXCLUDING VAT (15%)				
Security deposit:-				
	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500
Every applicant for the supply of electricity within the M estimated cost of three months supply of electricity to				
NEW CONNECTION FEES	2021/2022	2022/2023	2023/2024	2024 /2025
NEW CONNECTION I LES	R	R	R	R
20 Arrang / Cingle Phage)	K	K	ĸ	K
20 Amps (Single Phase)	2,381	2,476	2,575	2,691
60 Amps (Single Phase)	4,682	4,869	5,064	5,292
100 Amps (3 Phase)	6,223	6,472	6,472	6,763
Per Kva	6,784	7,055	7,337	7,667
Inspection and testing of installation:- (new)				
To inspect and/or test consumer's installation for the first test	316	328	341	356
Thereafter				
To inspect and/or test consumer's installation per inspection, per visit.	316	328	341	356
Testing of meters:-				330
For the testing of a meter at the consumer's request, per meter, and a refund should the meter prove to be faulty				
Connection fee:-				
The connection fee in respect of any temporary	491	510	530	554
supply, per connection The connection fee / Administration fee in respect of any disconnection and reconnection of services cuttoffs	491	510	530	554
Meter movement fee in respect of meter relocation and redirecting the cable from 1 point to the other	507	527	548	573
Meter Hardware costs				
Meter keypad replacement	636	661	687	718
Meter replacement :20 Amps (Single Phase)	766	796	827	864

Meter replacement :60 Amps (Single Phase)	000	000	070	4.047
	900	936	973	1,017
Meter replacement :100 Amps (3 phase)				
	2,084	2,167	2,253	2,354
Tampering fine (Illegal connection) (no VAT)	2021/2022	2022/2023	2023/2024	2024 /2025
	R	R	R	R
First temper				
·	17,500	18,500	20,000	20,900
Second temper				
·	22,500	25,000	27,500	28,700
Third temper(permanent disconnection)				
, ,	27,500	30,000	32,500	33,900
Plus Cost of New meter - Cost + 10% Admin Fee +				
vat				

Any additional offence will constitute the removal of the supply to the premises concerned inclusive of cable and meters to be replaced at cost + 10% + vat payable in advance provided that any reconnection fee or penalty has to be paid prior to the supply being reconnected. The offences mentioned above will be deemed to be from date of application to date of termination of the electrical supply to the premises in question

Any additional offence will constitute the removal of the supply to the premises concerned inclusive of cable and meters to be replaced at cost + 10% + vat payable in advance provided that any reconnection fee or penalty has to be paid prior to the supply being reconnected.

9.9.3. Waste Removal and Impact of Tariff Increases

Currently solid waste removal is operating at a deficit. It is widely accepted that the rendering of this service should at least break even, which is currently not the case. The Municipality will have to implement a solid waste strategy to ensure that this service can be rendered in a sustainable manner over the medium to long-term. The main contributors to this deficit are repairs and maintenance on vehicles, increases in general expenditure such as petrol and diesel and the cost of remuneration. Considering the deficit, it is recommended that a comprehensive investigation into the cost structure of solid waste function be undertaken, and that this include investigating alternative service delivery models. The outcomes of this investigation will be incorporated into the next planning cycle.

The following table compares current and proposed amounts payable from 1 July 2022:

Table 6 Comparison between current waste removal fees and increases

REFUSE - RESIDENTIAL	2021/2022	2022/2023	2023/2024	2024/2025
	R	R	R	R
Category 1	170	177	185	194
Category 2	341	356	372	389
Category 3	427	445	466	486
Category 4	683	714	746	779
Category 5	768	802	838	875
Category 6	512	535	559	584
Category 7	170	177	185	194
Category 8	322	336	351	367
Category 9	80	83	87	91
Category 10	469	490	512	535
Category 11	658	687	718	750
Category 12	655	683	714	746
**EXCLUDING VAT (15%)				
***ALL TARIFFS ARE INCLUSIVE OF 30% BASI PER CATEGORY	C CHARGE			

REFUSE - COMMERCIAL	2021/2022	2022/2023	2023/2024	2024/2025
	R	R	R	R
Category 1	169	177	184	194
Category 2	458	478	500	522
Category 3.1	1,375	1,435	1,500	1,567
Category 3.2	new	590	617	645
Category 4	1,718	1,794	1,875	1,959
Category 5.1	4,009	4,186	4,374	4,571

REFUSE - COMMERCIAL	2021/2022	2022/2023	2023/2024	2024/2025
Category 5.2	2,864	2,990	3,124	3,265
Category 5.3	1,309	1,367	1,428	1,493
Category 5.4	655	683		746
			714	
Category 6	677	704		766
			733	
**EXCLUDING VAT (15%)				
***ALL TARIFFS ARE INCLUSIVE OF 30% BASIC CATEGORY	CHARGE PER			

DUMPING SITE TARRIFS	2021/2022	2022/2023	2023/2024	2024/2025
Disposal	R	R	R	R
Bakki per load	82	86	90	91
Truck per load(4 ton)	143	150	156	157
Truck per load(8 ton and above)	240	251	261	263
Clean Rubble (clean Rubble)	0	0	0	-
RENT A SKIP SERVICE				
Daily				227
	208	217	226	
Weekly				736
	677	704	733	
Monthly				2,942
	2,707	2,815	2,930	

Hiring of municipal facilities

FACILITIES HIRE	2021/2022	2022/2023	2023/2024	2024/2025
HALL HIRE: URBAN AREA	R	R	R	
Daily rate				1,039
	910	952	994	
Hourly rate				173
	152	159	166	
Monthly rate				25,970
	22,757	23,804	24,851	
IEC Tariffs Daily				631
	553	578	603	
IEC Tariffs Monthly				15,644
	13,761	14,353	14,970	
Security				1,508
	1,321	1,382	1,443	
HALL HIRE: RURAL AREA				
Daily rate				771
	678	707	738	
Hourly rate				173
-	152	159	166	

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Monthly rate				11,217
•	10,276	10,281	10,734	·
IEC Tariffs Daily				273
	250	250	261	
IEC Tariffs Monthly				7,098
	6,503	6,507	6,793	
Security				735
	644	674	704	
COMMUNITY PARKS AND OPEN SPACE				
Group Entertainment				1,637
	1,500	1,501	1,567	

Pound Fees

POUND FEES	2021/2022	2022/2023	2023/2024	2024/2025
	R	R	R	
Cattle, Horses, Donkeys and any other animal of				75.92
similar size per day	67	70	73	
Goats, sheep and other animals of the same size per				45.76
day	40	42	44	
If captured by SAPS(e.g. recovered stolen animals)				45.76
	40	42	44	
Motor vehicles				305.76
	282	293	294	
Other goods				54.08
-	48	50	52	
Admission of guilt/Animal (large stock)				287.04
	265	275	276	
Admission of guilt/Animal (small stock)				118.56
·	106	110	114	

Where there are more than five animals impounded, from the sixth animal, 50% of the daily rate will be charged. This charge will apply for animals belonging to one owner.

Library Services

LIBRARY SERVICES	2021/2022	2022/2023	2023/2024	2024/2025
Library membership	R	R	R	R
Adult	free	free	free	free
Children (12 years & older) per annum	free	free	free	free
Photocopy (B&W per page)	1	1	1	1
Color (per page)	3	3	3	2.65

LIBRARY SERVICES	2021/2022	2022/2023	2023/2024	2024/2025
Photocopying A3 page: Black and White	3	3	3	3.2
Photocopying A3 page: Colour	4	4	4	4
Printing A4: Black and White	5	5	6	5.5
Printing A4: Colour	7	7	8	7.7
Lost book (market value of the book and admin. Fees)	200	209	218	217.56
Overdue book returns	81	84	88	87.88
Book Tempered with	40	42	44	43.66

Cemetery Fees

CEMETERY FEES	2021/2022	2022/2023	2023/2024	2024/2025
	R	R	R	R
Burial site - Adult				803.2
	741	772	803	
Burial site - Children				403.84
	373	388	404	
Burial site - Stillborn				157.93
	146	152	158	
Burrial of ashes in existing grave				225.61
	208	217	226	
Exhumation fee (admin. Fees)				225.61
	208	217	226	
Burial site - Non- resident burial				1128.11
	1,041	1,084	1,128	
Burrial on reserved grave				401.59
	371	386	402	
Pernalty on extending grave				1804.96
	1,666	1,734	1,805	

9.9.4. Other Municipal Tariffs

The municipality has other tariffs that are proposed to increase as follows:

9.9.4.1. Development Planning Tariffs

DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING SERVICES				
**EXCLUDING VAT (15%)	2021/2022	2022/2023	2023/2024	2024 /2025
Rezoning Application per m2	R	R	R	R
Erven 0 – 2500m2				2,580
	2,268	2,370	2,470	
Erven 2501 – 5000m2				4,820
	4,220	4,420	4,610	

**EXCLUDING VAT (15%)	2021/2022	2022/2023	2023/2024	2024 /2025
Erven 5001 0 – 1 Ha				9,490
	8,308	8,700	9,080	
Erven 1, 0001Ha – 5Ha	10,927	11,450	11,950	12,490
Erven over 5Ha				17,200
	14,952	15,670	16,460	
Special Consent / Temporary Departure Application m2				
Erven 0 – 2500m2				2,100
Erven 2501 – 5000m2	1,842	1,930	2,010	4,330
	3,793	3,970	4,140	4,33
Erven 5001 0 – 1 Ha				4,900
Erven 1, 0001Ha – 5Ha	7,940	8,320	4,690	12,280
	10,744	11,260	11,750	·
Erven over 5Ha	14,159	14,840	15,500	16,200
Subdivision Application	14,100	14,040	10,000	
Erven 1-2				2,71
	2,376	2,490	2,600	
Erven 1-3	3,169	3,320	3,466	3,622
Erven 1-4		0,020	0,400	4,528
Erven 1-5	3,962	4,150	4,333	5,128
Eiveii i-o	4,481	4,700	4,907	5,120
Erven 1-6	5.545			6,33
Erven 1-7	5,545	5,810	6,066	7,24
	6,339	6,640	6,932	
Erven 1-8	7,131	7,470	7,799	8,150
Erven 1-9				9,05
Erven 1-10	7,924	8,300	8,665	9,96
LIVEIT I-10	8,716	9,130	9,532	3,30
Erven more than 10	15.047	16 610	17 044	18,12 ⁻
	15,847	16,610	17,341	
Departure Application from the scheme (Building Lines, height,	, coverage etc)		<u>l</u>	
Erven 0 – 530m2				1,70
Erven 531– more	1,492	1,564	1,632	3,01
EIVEIT 331- IIIOIE	2,639	2,766	2,887	3,01
Application for the Removal of Restrictions				12,89
Zoning Certificate	11,281	11,822	12,343	16
	146	153	160	
Town Planning Scheme		_	+	41

DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING SERVICES	0004/0000	2000/0000	2022/2224	2024 /2025
*EXCLUDING VAT (15%)	2021/2022	2022/2023	2023/2024	2024 /2025
Spatial Development Framework	610	639	667	69
Application for Consolidation of Erven	2,439	2,556	2,669	2,789
SG Diagram	1,219	1,278	1,334	1,394
Amendment of the Subdivisional Plan	3,146	3,297	3,442	3,597
Extension of Validity	5,375	5,633	5,881	6,145
Sale or Lease of Land(Application fees)	5,422	5,682	5,932	6,199
Contravention Fines and Penalties	5,422	3,002	3,332	
Newspaper(s) and government gazette Advertising Daily dis	natch or Gov Gazette	Tariff to be bo	rne by the app	licant
Offences for contravention of Zoning: Uses not under Prima	•		•	
Scheme Regulations and Uses not in column 2 of the WMM	Land Use Scheme Re	egulations		
Special Residential	2,300	2,410	2,516	2,630
General Residential	2,760	2,892	3,020	3,15
General Business	2,760	2,892	3,020	3,15
Special Business	2,760	2,892	3,020	3,15
Commercial	2,760	2,892	3,020	3,150
Industrial`	2,760	2,892	3,020	3,15
Institutional	3,220	3,375	3,523	3,68
Educational	2,760	2,892	3,020	3,15
Municipal	2,760	2,892	3,020	3,15
Government	3,220	3,375	3,523	3,682
Public Garage	2,760	2,892	3,020	3,150
Open Space	2,300	2,410	2,516	2,63
Agricultural	2,300	2,410	2,516	2,63
Special	2,300	2,410		2,63
Undetermined			2,516	2,63
	2,300	2,410	2,516	5,25
Proposed New Road and	4,600	4,821	5,033	,

DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING SERVICES				
**EXCLUDING VAT (15%)	2021/2022	2022/2023	2023/2024	2024 /2025
Contravention of section 25				4,208
	3,680	3,857	4,026	·
Offences for contravention of Height: of the Transkei Standard T	own Planning Sc	heme		
Contravention of section 26				4,208
	3,680	3,857	4,026	
4.12 of the WMM Spatial Planning Bylaw Special and General Residential	2 200	2.410	2.516	2,630
Business and Commercial Zones	2,300	2,410	2,516	4,208
Dusiness and Commercial Zones	3,680	3,857	4,026	4,200
Other zones	2 600	2.057	4.000	4,208
	3,680	3,857	4,026	
Offences for contravention of Building Lines: of the Transkei Sta	<u> I </u>	_I ning Scheme C	<u>I</u> Offences for co	I ntravention:
Contravention of s(10)& s(11)				3,682
	3,220	3,375	3,523	
Contravention of s(17); (18); (19); (20); (21); (22); (23); (24);				5,259
(28); (29); (30); (31) and (32)	4,600	4,821	5,033	

9.9.4.2. Town Planning Tariffs

Building Plan Fees	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
Extension 1 and Extension 2				
Fee per 1m ²	R 31.00	R 32.00	R 33.00	R34.00
Swimming Pool	R 493.00	R 503.00	R 513.00	R523.00
Retaining /Boundary wall	R 497.00	R 507.00	R 517.00	R527.00
Building plan elapses after a year	Full Fee	Full Fee	Full Fee	Full Fee

Plan Amendment Fees	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
Amendment				
No increase in floor area	R 477.00	R 487.00	R 497.00	R507.00

Temporary Building/Structure Approved by Council				
	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
Description				
Storage facility per year	R 469.00	R 500.00	R 550.00	R600.00
Container per year	R 469.00	R 500.00	R 550.00	R600.00
Caravan per year	R 469.00	R 500.00	R 550.00	R600.00

Demolitions				
	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25

Per first 100 linear meter	R 442.00	R 452.00	R 462.00	R672.00
Thereof every linear meter exceed 100 meters	R 32.00	R 33.00	R 34.00	R35.00

1977	T			
DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCE	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
Building without approved building plan. S4(4)	R 1,125.00	R 1,500.00	R 1,700.00	R1,900.00
Building in contravention of a notice prohibiting any building work. S10(2)	R 1,125.00	R 1,500.00	R 1,700.00	R1,900.00
Failure to demolish, alter or safeguard. S12(6)	R 1,130.00	R 1,400.00	R 1,600.00	R1,800.00
Submit false certificate or issuing thereof. S14(3)	R 1,135.00	R 1,350.00	R 1,500.00	R1,650.00
Occupy or use of building without occupation certificate. S14(4)(a)	R 1,125.00	R 1,500.00	R 1,700.00	R1,900.00
Preventing a building control officer in the execution of his/her duties. S15(2)	R 1,670.00	R 1,800.00	R 2,000.00	R2,200.00
Prohibition on the use of certain building methods and materials. S19(2)	R 565.00	R 650.00	R 700.00	R750.00
Submit false or misleading information. S(a)(2)(3)(f)	NAG	NAG	NAG	NAG
Failure to maintain, safeguard or service installation. S(a)(15)(5)	R 565.00	R 650.00	R 700.00	R750.00
Illegal or withdrawn certificate of identity. S(a)(17)(4)	NAG	NAG	NAG	NAG
Failure to supervise and/or control plumbing work. S(a)(18) (5)	R 565.00	R 650.00	R 700.00	R750.00
Failure to give notice of intention to commence erection or demolition of a building. S(a)22 (4)	R 1,125.00	R 1,500.00	R 1,700.00	R1,900.00
Use of a building for a purpose other than the purpose shown on approved plans. S(a)25 (2)	R 1,125.00	R 1,500.00	R 1,700.00	R1,900.00
Deviation from approved building plan. S (A)25 (5)	R 1,125.00	R 1,500.00	R 1,700.00	R1,900.00
Failure to comply with any provision of or any notice issued in terms of Regulation A25 General Enforcement. A25 (11)	R 1,125.00	R 1,500.00	R 1,700.00	R1,900.00
Failure to safeguard a swimming pool. D4 (2)	R 1,125.00	R 1,500.00	R 1,700.00	R1,900.00

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCE	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
Failure to apply for written permission for demolition. E1 (1)	R 1,125.00	R 1,500.00	R 1,700.00	R1,900.00
Failure to safeguard demolition work. E1 (3)	R 1,700.00	R 1,900.00	R 2,100.00	R2,300.00
Failure to comply with any provision of or any notice ssued in terms of Regulation F1 Protection of the public. F1 (6)	R 1,700.00	R 1,900.00	R 2,100.00	R2,300.00
Failure to control dust and noise. F6 (3)	R 570.00	R 650.00	R 700.00	R750.00
Failure to comply with any provision of or any notice ssued in terms of Regulation F6 regarding the Cutting into, laying open and demolishing certain work. F7 (5)	R 570.00	R 650.00	R 700.00	R750.00
Failure to comply with a notice to remove waste material on site. F8 (2)	R 570.00	R 650.00	R 700.00	R750.00
Failure to comply with any provision of or any notice ssued in terms of Regulation F9 Cleaning of site. F9 (2)	R 570.00	R 650.00	R 700.00	R750.00
Failure to comply with any provision of or any notice ssued in terms of Regulation F10 Builder's sheds. F10 (7)	R 1,125.00	R 1,500.00	R 1,700.00	R1,900.00
Failure to comply with any provision of or any notice ssued terms if Regulation F11 Sanitary facilities. F11 (2)	R 570.00	R 650.00	R 700.00	R750.00
Failure to comply with any provision of or any notice ssued in terms of Regulation P1 Compulsory drainage building. P1 (5)	R 570.00	R 650.00	R 700.00	R750.00
Failure to comply with any provision of or any notice ssued in terms off Regulation P3 Control of objectionable discharge. P3 (5)	R 570.00	R 650.00	R 700.00	R750.00
Failure to comply with any provision of or any notice n terms of Regulation P4 Industrial effluent. P4 (2)	R 1,125.00	R 1,500.00	R 1,700.00	R1,900.00
Failure to comply with any provision of or any notice n terms of Regulation P5 Disconnections. P5 (4)	R 570.00	R 650.00	R 700.00	R750.00
Failure to comply with any provision of or any notice ssued in terms of Regulation P6 Unauthorized drainage work. P6 (2)	R 1,125.00	R 1,500.00	R 1,700.00	R1,900.00

NATIONAL BUILDING REGULATIONS AND BUILD 1977	ACT, 103 OF			
DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCE	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
Failure to comply with any provision of or any notice issued in terms of Regulations P7 Inspection and testing of drainage installations. P7 (4)	R 1,125.00	R 1,500.00	R 1,700.00	R1,900.00
Failure to make and maintain adequate provision in terms of the requirements of Regulation T1 (1) (e) or failure to comply with relevant SABS specifications. T2 (1)	R 1,125.00	R 1,500.00	R 1,700.00	R1,900.00
Obstructing or causing to be obstructed of an escape route. T2 (2)	R 1,125.00	R 1,500.00	R 1,700.00	R1,900.00

WAYLEAVE				
	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
Application	R 2,096.00	R 3,000.00	R 3,500.00	R4,000
Fine	R 4,192.00	R 5,000.00	R 7,000.00	R9,000

PROPERTY VALUATION				
	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
Valuation certificate	new	R 153.00	R 160.00	R170.00

9.9.4.3. GIS Tariffs

GIS Tariffs Printing Charges Paper size - Full Ink	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
A4	R 13.00	R 14.00	R 15.00	R 16.00
A3	R 33.00	R 34.00	R 35.00	R 36.00
A2	R 53.00	R 54.00	R 55.00	R 56.00
A1	R 80.00	R 81.00	R 82.00	R 83.00
A0	R 106.00	R 107.00	R 108.00	R 109.00

GIS Tariffs Printing Charges Paper size - Line Map	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
A4	R 8.00	R 9.00	R10.00	R11.00
A3	R 18.00	R 19.00	R20.00	R21.00
A2	R 28.00	R 29.00	R30.00	R31.00
A1	R 45.00	R 46.00	R47.00	R48.00
A0	R 56.00	R 57.00	R58	R59.00

9.9.4.4. Business Licensing and Other Tariffs

	2021/2022	2022/2023	2023/2024	2024/2025
	R	R	R	R
Registration for permit for hawker with table	160	120	124	128
Renewal for permit of hawker with table		100	104	108
Registration of permit for hawker with shelter		300	312	324
Renewal for hawker with shelter	310	350	364	378
Registration of permit for bakkies	390	500	520	540
Renewal of permit for bakkies	650	500	520	540
Registration hawkers outside of town with table	65	70	72	75
Renewal of hawkers outside of town with table		70	72	75
Registration for hawkers with shelter outside town	130	150	156	162
Renewal for hawkers with shelter outside town	130	150	156	162
Penalty fee for failure to adhere to by-laws		350	364	379
Penalty fee for confiscated goods		500	520	541

BUSINESS LICENSING FEES - FORMAL BUSINESS TARIFF									
	2021/2022	2022/2023	2023/2024	2024/2025					
	R	R	R	R					
Registration fee: Sale and supply of meals	150	160	166	173					
Registration fee: Health and entertainment	150	160	166	173					
Registration fee: Mechanical electrical apparatus or devices (games) 3 or more	150	160	166	173					
NOTE: These fees are once off and only for registration fee.									
Annual License fees (One year fee): Sale and supply of meals	380	400	416	433					
Annual License fees (One year fee): Health and entertainment	380	400	416	433					
Annual License fees (One year fee): Mechanical electrical apparatus or devices (games) 3 or more	380	400	416	433					

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Taxi rank taffifs	2021/2023	2022/2023	2023/2024	2024/2025
	R	R	R	R
Taxi per year at stand A	new	500	520	541
Taxi per year at stand B	new	350	364	379
Bus per year	new	500	520	541
Truck per year	new	500	520	541
Meter Taxi per year	new	150	156	162
Bakkie per year	new	150	156	162
Taxi from outside per load	new	50	52	54

BILLBOARD LOCAL	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
1m (h) x 1.5m(h) per month	R 442.00	R 542.00	R 642.00	R742.00
1.5m(h) x 2m(w) per month	R 515.00	R 615.00	R 715.00	R815.00
2m(h) x 3m(w) per panel per month	R 560.00	R 660.00	R 760.00	R860.00
3(m) x 4m(w) per structure per month	R 661.00	R 761.00	R 861.00	R961.00

BILLBOARD	NATIONAL	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
1.5m(h) x 3m(w)		R 1,472.00	R 1,572.00	R 1,672.00	R1,772.00
3m(h) x 6m(w)		R 2,209.00	R 2,309.00	R 2,409.00	R2,509.00
6m(h) x 4m(w)		R 2,945.00	R 3,045.00	R 3,145.00	R3,245.00
9m(h) x 6m(w)		R 7,362.00	R 7,462.00	R 7,562.00	R7,662.00

BILLBOARD ANNUAL FEES	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
Directional Sign (Per sign face)	R 658.00	R 758.00	R 858.00	R959.00
Illuminated sign (per sign face)	R 856.00	R 956.00	R 1,056.00	R1,156.00
Litter Bins	R 461.00	R 561.00	R 661.00	R761
Permanent Street Pole Poster	R 625.00	R 725.00	R 825.00	R925.00
Seating Bench	R 725.00	R 825.00	R 925.00	R1,025
Encroaching Sign	R 725.00	R 825.00	R 925.00	R1,025.00

PERMIT FEES	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
Banner	R 462.00	R 562.00	R 662.00	R762.00
Mobile Signs	R 1,582.00	R 1,682.00	R 1,782.00	R1,882.00
Poster maximum 100	R 1,318.00	R 1,418.00	R 1,518.00	R1,618.00
Standard signage	R 311.00	R 411.00	R 511.00	R611.00

DEPOSITS	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25

Banner	R 770.00	R 870.00	R 970.00	R1,070.00
For Sale	R 1,266.00	R 1,366.00	R 1,466.00	R1,566.00
Poster	R 1,266.00	R 1,366.00	R 1,466.00	R1,566.00
Election Poster (per party)	R 6,590.00	R 6,690.00	R 6,790.00	R7,790.00

9.10. Operating Expenditure Framework

The Municipality's expenditure framework for the 2022/23 budget and MTREF is informed by the following:

- Balanced budget constraint (operating expenditure should not exceed operating revenue) unless there are existing
 uncommitted cash-backed reserves to fund any deficit;
- Funding of the budget over the medium-term as informed by Section 18 and 19 of the MFMA;
- The capital programme is aligned to the asset renewal strategy and backlog eradication plan;
- Operational gains and efficiencies will be directed to funding the capital budget and other core services; and
- Strict adherence to the principle of no project plan no budget. If there is no business plan no funding allocation can be
 made.

The following table is a high-level summary of the 2022/23 budget and MTREF (classified per main type of operating expenditure):

EC443 Winnie Madikizela Mandela - Table A4 Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure)

Description	Ref	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21		Current Yo	ear 2021/22			edium Term Revenue & nditure Framework	
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	•	Budget Year +1 2023/24	
Expenditure By Type						-					
Employ ee related costs	2	102,675	104,852	105,837	126,854	119,529	119,529	45,114	124,615	129,995	135,718
Remuneration of councillors		23,244	23,970	23,964	26,007	26,007	26,007	9,757	27,047	28,129	29,254
Debt impairment	3	4,266	7,652	5,208	9,600	9,600	9,600	-	9,600	9,984	10,383
Depreciation & asset impairment	2	41,890	39,437	40,180	52,682	52,682	52,682	17,854	49,735	50,730	51,744
Finance charges		66	11	1	150	150	150	-	100	104	108
Bulk purchases - electricity	2	30,025	33,255	35,022	40,777	40,777	40,777	15,682	40,005	46,006	50,607
Inventory consumed	8	5,250	8,162	4,798	7,663	7,863	7,863	1,610	7,867	8,181	8,509
Contracted services		55,491	51,003	41,065	98,848	102,070	102,070	39,573	94,342	64,263	66,911
Transfers and subsidies		702	1,418	4,499	5,907	5,623	5,623	273	3,550	3,692	3,840
Other expenditure	4, 5	51,022	44,470	38,313	65,042	75,364	75,364	15,277	82,176	76,143	78,973
Losses		7,462	55,411	43,425	-	38,718	38,718	_	_	-	-
Total Expenditure		322,093	369,642	342,313	433,529	478,383	478,383	145,140	439,038	417,228	436,047

The parties, SALGA, IMATU and SAMWU at the executive committee meeting held on 7 March 2022, agreed that the salary and wage increases for the 2022/23 financial year as per the salary and wage collective agreement dated 15 September 2021 shall be 4.9% with effect from 1 July 2022. Therefore, municipalities are advised to take into account their financial sustainability when considering salary increases. It has been observed over the previous years that salary increases were above inflation. In addition, municipalities that could not afford such increases did not apply for exemption as provided by SALGBC.

Given the current economic condition exacerbated by the COVID-19 pandemic, municipalities are urged to consider projecting increases to wage that would reflect their affordability. Some municipalities are already not able to afford the current wage cost and would indeed have to apply no more than a zero per cent increase in the 2022/23 MTREF and exercise the option for exemption for any negotiated increase above the level of their affordability.

Therefore, should accounting officers fail to consider salary increases within the ambit of the municipality's available resources and financial position, such failure will constitute an act of financial misconduct as defined in section 171 of the MFMA read with the Municipal Regulations on Financial Misconduct Procedures and Criminal Proceedings

Below are vacant positions that are included in the calculations of these draft budget amounts that have been agreed on with Corporate Services to ensure these are on the municipality's current organisational structure. In line with the national government's call to manage the public sector wage bill the municipality's employee costs budget plus remuneration of councillors makes up 35% of the operating budget including non-cash items which then reaches the maximum limit permitted of 40% when we exclude non-cash items. Below are the details of vacant positions included in the draft budget.

Municipal Manager

- Public Participation Officer
- Legal Officer
- Monitoring and Evaluation Officer
- VIP Protector/Driver

Corporate Services

- IT Technician
- Human Resource Officer: IPMS
- Human Resource Officer: Recruitment

Community Services

- Security
- Cashier
- 2 X Examiners

Refuse Removal

- 8 X General Assistants
- Driver

Engineering Services

- Truck Driver
- Metering Technician
- Artisan
- General Assistant

The above positions include those where recruitment processes have already commenced or concluded but the successful incumbents have not resumed duties yet. This is to ensure that all these are catered for in the municipal budget.

No new positions are proposed to be added on the municipality's organisational structure for the next three financial years.

9.10.1. Free Basic Services: Basic Social Services Package

The social package assists households that are poor or face other circumstances that limit their ability to pay for services. To receive these free services the households are required to register in terms of the Municipality's Indigent Policy.

The cost of the social package of the registered indigent households is largely financed by national government through the local government equitable share received in terms of the annual Division of Revenue Act.

Table 9 Summary of operating expenditure by functional classification item

EC443 Winnie Madikizela Mandela - Table A2 Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by functional classification)										
Functional Classification Description	Ref	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	Cui	rrent Year 2021	/22		ledium Term R nditure Frame	
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2022/23	Budget Year +1 2023/24	Budget Year +2 2024/25
Revenue - Functional										
Governance and administration		286,725	306,600	374,264	335,534	330,811	330,811	361,794	383,507	407,042
Executive and council		- 1	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Finance and administration		286,725	306,600	374,264	335,534	330,811	330,811	361,794	383,507	407,042
Internal audit		-	-	-	- 1	-	-	_	-	-
Community and public safety		4,597	5,779	4,828	5,479	4,673	4,673	4,966	5,158	5,384
Community and social services		135	328	544	681	681	681	623	623	645
Sport and recreation		-	_	-	- 1	-	_	_	-	-
Public safety		4,463	5,451	4,285	4,798	3,992	3,992	4,344	4,535	4,739
Housing		- 1	-	-	- 1	-	_	_	_	-
Health		-	_	-	-	-	_	_	-	-
Economic and environmental services		53,646	54,440	45,586	71,475	71,348	71,348	78,100	57,682	60,240
Planning and development		357	307	127	20,452	20,325	20,325	23,062	249	256
Road transport		53,289	54,133	45,459	51,023	51,023	51,023	55,038	57,433	59,984
Environmental protection		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Trading services		70,825	69,264	75,078	76,840	76,847	76,847	56,876	66,411	69,395
Energy sources		64,036	59,438	67,709	68,576	68,577	68,577	47,325	60,286	62,996
Water management		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Waste water management		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Waste management		6,789	9,826	7,369	8,264	8,270	8,270	9,550	6,125	6,400
Other	4	-	-	-,555	0,20.	-	-	-	0,120	-
Total Revenue - Functional	2	415,795	436,083	499,756	489,328	483,680	483,680	501,737	512,758	542,061
Expenditure - Functional										
Governance and administration		151,698	153,993	144,640	195,801	200,566	200,566	201,712	207,838	215,974
Executive and council		56,846	54,296	54,961	62,138	61,135	61,135	64,094	65,154	67,832
Finance and administration		91,957	96,856	86,227	127,983	134,083	134,083	132,936	137,806	143,056
Internal audit		2,894	2,841	3,452	5,679	5,348	5,348	4,682	4,878	5,086
Community and public safety		25,959	29,327	24,150	31,625	30,690	30,690	32,316	33,641	35,064
Community and social services		6,825	8,044	7,338	11,967	11,789	11,789	12,944	13,437	13,976
Sport and recreation		7,723	7,497	1,968	2,853	2,558	2,558	2,369	2,471	2,581
Public safety		11,295	13,777	14,083	15,769	15,372	15,372	15,956	16,641	17,368
Housing		116	9	762	1,037	971	971	1,046	1,091	1,139
Health		-	_	_	,567	_	-			., 100
Economic and environmental services		75,511	68,983	67,912	105,923	117,631	117,631	105,502	79,978	82,559
Planning and development		21,194	19,309	21,005	31,356	32,901	32,901	37,697	29,584	30,747
Road transport		50,453	47,085	45,335	72,029	82,151	82,151	65,153	47,631	48,929
Environmental protection		3,863	2,589	1,572	2,539	2,578	2,578	2,651	2,764	2,883
Trading services		65,992	115,120	102,932	96,328	125,216	125,216	95,515	91,607	98,109
Energy sources		51,464	96,848	79,676	68,375	98,132	98,132	68,108	66,893	72,346
Water management		- 01,-104	J0,040 -	75,070	-	50,152	50,152	- 00,100	-	72,540
Waste water management		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Waste management		14,528	18,271	23,256	27,952	27,084	27,084	27,406	24,715	25,764
Other	4	2,934	2,220	2,678	3,853	4,279	4,279	3,994	4,162	4,340
Total Expenditure - Functional	3	322,093	369,642	342,313	433,529	478,383	478,383	439,038	417,228	436,047
	+	93,702	66,441	157,443	55,799	5,296	5,296	62,699	95,530	106,014
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year		93,102	00,441	151,443	25,199	3,296	5,296	02,099	90,030	100,014

The table above gives an overview of the operational expenditure per functional classification or by functional areas within the municipality.

9.10.2. Priority given to repairs and maintenance

Aligned to the priority being given to preserving and maintaining the Municipality's current infrastructure, the 2022/23 budget and MTREF provide for extensive growth in the area of asset maintenance. In terms of the Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations, operational repairs and maintenance is not considered a direct expenditure driver but an outcome of certain other expenditures, such as remuneration, purchases of materials and contracted services. Considering these cost drivers, the following table is a consolidation of all the expenditures associated with repairs and maintenance:

Table 10 Operational repairs and maintenance

Description	Ref	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	Cui	rrent Year 2021	/22		ledium Term R Inditure Frame	
		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2022/23	Budget Year +1 2023/24	Budget Year +2 2024/25
R thousand										
Repairs and Maintenance										
by Expenditure Item	8									
Employ ee related costs		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Inventory Consumed (Project Maintenance)		12	377	50	63	63	63	63	66	68
Contracted Services		5,796	12,496	5,564	34,208	33,601	33,601	33,092	14,869	15,469
Other Expenditure		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Repairs and Maintenance Expenditure	9	5,809	12,873	5,614	34,271	33,664	33,664	33,155	14,935	15,537
Inventory Consumed										
Inventory Consumed - Water		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Inventory Consumed - Other		5,250	8,162	4,798	7,663	7,863	7,863	7,867	8,181	8,509
Total Inventory Consumed & Other Material		5,250	8,162	4,798	7,663	7,863	7,863	7,867	8,181	8,509
Renewal and upgrading of Existing Assets as % of total capex		24%	26%	44%	35%	55%	55%	10%	43%	10%
Renewal and upgrading of Existing Assets as % of deprecn		59%	58%	156%	78%	196%	196%	22%	126%	22%
R&M as a % of PPE		1%	2%	1%	5%	4%	4%	4%	2%	2%
Renewal and upgrading and R&M as a % of PPE		4%	5%	9%	11%	21%	21%	6%	11%	3%

An amount of R33.1 million has been set aside in the 2022/23 financial period for the maintenance of municipal assets. The amount is lower than the recommended treasury percentages, the municipality has taken a decision to rather purchase municipal plant and machinery which will be used to repair road infrastructure. This will ensure that there is improved access to all the wards in the municipality. There is also an increased need to repair other infrastructure assets like the municipal offices, community halls and the municipal vehicles.

Table 11 MBRR Table A8 - Cash Backed Reserves/Accumulated Surplus Reconciliation

Description	Ref	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21		Current Ye	ar 2021/22		1	edium Term R nditure Frame	
R thousand		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2022/23	Budget Year +1 2023/24	Budget Year +2 2024/25
Cash and investments available											
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end	1	123,463	173,644	258,161	191,598	201,887	201,887	369,850	381,408	286,379	255,189
Other current investments > 90 days		-	0	-	(0)	(0)	(0)	(167,962)	-	-	_
Non current assets - Investments	1	-	- 1	-	- [-	-	(99,999)	-	-	_
Cash and investments available:		123,463	173,644	258,161	191,598	201,887	201,887	101,888	381,408	286,379	255,189
Application of cash and investments											
Unspent conditional transfers		6,687	7,575	5,058	0	0	0	(3,814)	_	_	_
Unspent borrowing		_		_	_ 1	_	_	(-,- ,	_	_	_
Statutory requirements	2										
Other working capital requirements	3	(53,759)	(8,309)	(21,184)	(65,830)	(34,276)	(34,276)	(85,478)	(18,675)	(5,934)	(14,223)
Other provisions				()		` '	(, ,	, ,	()	` '	
Long term investments committed	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reserves to be backed by cash/investments	5										
Total Application of cash and investments:		(47,072)	(735)	(16,126)	(65,830)	(34,276)	(34,276)	(89,292)	(18,675)	(5,934)	(14,223
Curning/abortfall)	_	170,535	174,379	274,286	257,428	236,163	236,163	191,180	400,084	292,313	269,412
Surplus(shortfall)	9 9	,	117,515	,				,			
References		,	174,073	2,200	.,.,		,	,	100,000		
. ,		,	174,373	2,200			,	101,100	100,000		
References 1. Must reconcile with Budgeted Cash Flows 2. For example: VAT, taxation		, 1		, ,	- 1	, 8	· · ·	101,100	,		,
References 1. Must reconcile with Budgeted Cash Flows 2. For example: VAT, taxation 3. Council approval for policy required - include su		t working capital		, ,	- 1	, 8	· · ·	101,100	,	, , , , , ,	
References 1. Must reconcile with Budgeted Cash Flows 2. For example: VAT, taxation 3. Council approval for policy required - include su 4. For example: sinking fund requirements for bor	rowing	t working capital	(e.g. allowing fo	or a % of curren	- 1	, 8	· · ·	101,100	,	, ,,,,,,,	
References 1. Must reconcile with Budgeted Cash Flows 2. For example: VAT, taxation 3. Council approval for policy required - include su	rowing	t working capital	(e.g. allowing fo	or a % of curren	- 1	, 8	· · ·	,		, ,,,,,,,	
References 1. Must reconcile with Budgeted Cash Flows 2. For example: VAT, taxation 3. Council approval for policy required - include su 4. For example: sinking fund requirements for bor	rowing	t working capital	(e.g. allowing fo	or a % of curren	- 1	, 8	· · ·	13 , 132			
References 1. Must reconcile with Budgeted Cash Flows 2. For example: VAT, taxation 3. Council approval for policy required - include su 4. For example: sinking fund requirements for bor 5. Council approval required for each reserve crea	rowing	t working capital	(e.g. allowing fo	or a % of curren	- 1	, 8	· · ·	13,132	,		
References 1. Must reconcile with Budgeted Cash Flows 2. For example: VAT, taxation 3. Council approval for policy required - include su 4. For example: sinking fund requirements for bor 5. Council approval required for each reserve crea Other working capital requirements	rowing	t working capital	(e.g. allowing for	or a % of curren	t debtors > 90 d	as uncollec	ctable)			,	
References 1. Must reconcile with Budgeted Cash Flows 2. For example: VAT, taxation 3. Council approval for policy required - include su 4. For example: sinking fund requirements for born 5. Council approval required for each reserve crea Other working capital requirements Debtors	rowing	t working capital d basis of cash 79,438	(e.g. allowing for backing of reservance)	or a % of current ves 65,538	t debtors > 90 d	ays as uncolled	stable) 88,894	109,192	59,195	56,222	64,748
References 1. Must reconcile with Budgeted Cash Flows 2. For example: VAT, taxation 3. Council approval for policy required - include su 4. For example: sinking fund requirements for bor 5. Council approval required for each reserve crea Other working capital requirements Debtors Creditors due	rowing	t working capital d basis of cash 79,438 25,679	(e.g. allowing for backing of reservants) 38,540 30,231	or a % of current rves 65,538 44,354	94,758 28,928	88,894 54,618	88,894 54,618	109,192 23,714	59,195 40,520	56,222 50,288	64,748 50,525
References 1. Must reconcile with Budgeted Cash Flows 2. For example: VAT, taxation 3. Council approval for policy required - include su 4. For example: sinking fund requirements for bon 5. Council approval required for each reserve crea Other working capital requirements Debtors Creditors due	rowing	t working capital d basis of cash 79,438	(e.g. allowing for backing of reservance)	or a % of current ves 65,538	t debtors > 90 d	ays as uncolled	stable) 88,894	109,192	59,195	56,222	64,748
References 1. Must reconcile with Budgeted Cash Flows 2. For example: VAT, taxation 3. Council approval for policy required - include su 4. For example: sinking fund requirements for bor 5. Council approval required for each reserve crea Other working capital requirements Debtors Creditors due Total	rowing	t working capital d basis of cash 79,438 25,679	(e.g. allowing for backing of reservants) 38,540 30,231	or a % of current rves 65,538 44,354	94,758 28,928	88,894 54,618	88,894 54,618	109,192 23,714	59,195 40,520	56,222 50,288	64,748 50,525
References 1. Must reconcile with Budgeted Cash Flows 2. For example: VAT, taxation 3. Council approval for policy required - include su 4. For example: sinking fund requirements for born 5. Council approval required for each reserve crea Other working capital requirements Debtors	rowing	t working capital d basis of cash 79,438 25,679	(e.g. allowing for backing of reservants) 38,540 30,231	or a % of current rves 65,538 44,354	94,758 28,928	88,894 54,618	88,894 54,618	109,192 23,714	59,195 40,520	56,222 50,288	64,748 50,525

The table above shows the budgeted cash reserves and these are based on the current cash reserves in the municipality. As indicated by the table, there is a need to ensure that these reserves are preserved and built up again. This is after these reserves have been made available for infrastructure development within the municipality.

9.11. Capital expenditure

The following table provides a breakdown of budgeted capital expenditure by vote:

Vote Description	Ref	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	Cui	rent Year 2021	/22	2022/23 Medium Ter Expenditure Fra			
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2022/23	Budget Year +1 2023/24	Budget Year +2 2024/25	
Capital expenditure - Vote											
Multi-year expenditure to be appropriated	2										
Vote 1 - Executive and Council		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Vote 2 - Corporate Services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Vote 3 - Budget Treasury Office		-	2,304	-	-	-	-	8,974	16,000	1,200	
Vote 4 - Community Services		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	
Vote 5 - Development Planning		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Vote 6 - Engineering Services		23,458	22,483	29,576	29,902	86,505	86,505	_	_	-	
Capital multi-year expenditure sub-total	7	23,458	24,787	29,576	29,902	86,505	86,505	8,974	16,000	1,200	
Single-year expenditure to be appropriated	2										
Vote 1 - Executive and Council		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	
Vote 2 - Corporate Services		4,295	2,630	6,269	7,028	9,298	9,298	11,900	10,500	2,500	
Vote 3 - Budget Treasury Office		-	-	2,096	-	-	-	_	-	-	
Vote 4 - Community Services		926	5,164	3,035	3,150	4,278	4,278	13,000	12,100	2,600	
Vote 5 - Development Planning		-	-	1,447	21,420	19,030	19,030	15,702	3,640	2,700	
Vote 6 - Engineering Services		70,178	55,620	99,009	56,227	69,573	69,573	59,512	106,011	98,742	
Capital single-year expenditure sub-total		75,399	63,415	111,856	87,825	102,178	102,178	100,114	132,251	106,542	
Total Capital Expenditure - Vote		98,857	88,202	141,432	117,727	188,684	188,684	109,088	148,251	107,742	

Corporate services

The department has budgeted for the purchase of Municipal Vehicles, IT equipment, cabling and wifi installation as well as office furniture including that for the Civic Center.

Development Planning

The department has budgeted for the construction of manufacturing hubs, a market place to assist with the cleaning and regulation of trading in the town area as well as beach infrastructure.

Community & Social Services

The department has budgeted for fencing of recreational facilities, purchase of Disaster Bakkie, installation of CCTV cameras and Security equipment.

Refuse Removal

The department has budgeted for the construction of Majazi Landfill site.

Road works and Engineering

The following are the projects budgeted for implementation based on the available resources:

• Construction of Tshuze to Luphilisweni AR

R 11 million

• Construction of Sigingqi to Marina with a bridge

R 10.6 million

Construction of Tshongweni AR
 Construction of Sixhaseni AR
 Construction of Manufacturing Hubs
 Construction of Mbizana Civic Center
 Construction of Ward 13 ECDC
 Buildings (Municipal Building renewal)

R 8.5 million
R 9.9 million
R 3.5 million
R 2 million

Electricity

Included in the electricity budget are the following projects as per the available resources for the next financial year:

• Electrification of Xholobeni Mgungundlovu Dumasi Village R 8 million

Supply and Installation of High Mast
 Electrification of Lower Etheridge
 Electrification of Msarhweni Village
 Electrification of Zizityaneni Village
 Electrification of Nomlacu
 R 2.1 million
 R 2.1 million

Table 12 2022/23 Medium-term capital budget by vote, functional classification and funding

Vote Description	Ref	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	Cui	rrent Year 2021	/22		ledium Term F nditure Frame	
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2022/23	Budget Year +1 2023/24	Budget Year +2 2024/25
Capital expenditure - Vote										
Multi-year expenditure to be appropriated	2									
Vote 3 - Budget Treasury Office		-	2,304	-	-	-	_	8,974	16,000	1,200
Vote 6 - Engineering Services		23,458	22,483	29,576	29,902	86,505	86,505	_	-	_
Capital multi-year expenditure sub-total	7	23,458	24,787	29,576	29,902	86,505	86,505	8,974	16,000	1,200
Single-year expenditure to be appropriated	2									
Vote 1 - Executive and Council	www	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 2 - Corporate Services		4,295	2,630	6,269	7,028	9,298	9,298	11,900	10,500	2,500
Vote 3 - Budget Treasury Office		-	-	2,096	-	-	_	_	-	-
Vote 4 - Community Services	•	926	5,164	3,035	3,150	4,278	4,278	13,000	12,100	2,600
Vote 5 - Dev elopment Planning		- 1	-	1,447	21,420	19,030	19,030	15,702	3,640	2,700
Vote 6 - Engineering Services		70,178	55,620	99,009	56,227	69,573	69,573	59,512	106,011	98,742
Capital single-year expenditure sub-total		75,399	63,415	111,856	87,825	102,178	102,178	100,114	132,251	106,542
Total Capital Expenditure - Vote		98,857	88,202	141,432	117,727	188,684	188,684	109,088	148,251	107,742
Capital Expenditure - Functional										
Governance and administration		9,277	5,265	8,470	7,028	9,498	9,498	12,300	10,900	2,900
Finance and administration		9,277	5,265	8,470	7,028	9,498	9,498	12,300	10,900	2,900
Community and public safety		2,408	1,902	1,875	2,450	2,258	2,258	1,900	1,500	2,000
Community and social services	woowo	2,408	160	980	1,650	1,358	1,358	1,900	1,500	2,000
Sport and recreation	•	-	-	_	_	100	100	_	_	_
Public safety		-	1,742	896	800	800	800	_	_	_
Economic and environmental services		22,397	57,899	95,848	85,891	147,508	147,508	73,488	95,251	70,885
Planning and development		_	26,486	44,271	72,822	115,735	115,735	30,176	24,640	13,900
Road transport		22,397	31,413	51,577	13,070	31,773	31,773	43,312	70,611	56,985
Environmental protection		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Trading services		64,775	23,135	35,239	22,357	29,420	29,420	21,400	40,600	31,957
Energy sources		64,775	20,204	34,185	21,657	27,600	27,600	10,700	30,400	31,757
Waste management			2,932	1,054	700	1,820	1,820	10,700	10,200	200
Other		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total Capital Expenditure - Functional	3	98,857	88,202	141,432	117,727	188,684	188,684	109,088	148,251	107,742
Funded by:			-				*			
National Gov ernment		69,652	60,628	67,776	86,399	80,762	80,762	74,288	82,561	86,242
Provincial Government				200	_	_	_	_	_	_
Transfers recognised - capital	4	69,652	60,628	67,976	86,399	80,762	80,762	74,288	82,561	86,242
Borrowing	6	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Internally generated funds		29,205	27,574	73,456	31,328	107,921	107,921	34,800	65,690	21,500
Total Capital Funding	7	98,857	88,202	141,432	117,727	188,684	188,684	109,088	148,251	107,742

For the 2022/23 Annual budget, there is a decrease in the capital budget of the municipality. This accounts for about R109 million of the budget and this is mainly funded from the MIG for roads, community facilities and Sport facilities, GBS grant for Manufacturing Hubs and INEP for electrification. It is important though to note that even though the budget seems to have a gradual increase over the medium-term, the municipality's own funding of the capital budget decreases. It must be understood though that local government is heading for elections which will see new five year plans being developed and implemented.

The above table shows that the municipality's anticipated total capital budget is R109 million for the 2022/23 financial year which increases in the following year as a result of the increases in the grants allocation for infrastructure development.

A summary of proposed allocations is as follows only highlighting the major line items allocated:

•	Road i	nfrastructure	R 43 million
	0	Construction of Tshuze to Luphilisweni AR	R 11 million
	0	Construction of Sigingqi to Marina with a bridge	R 10.6 million
	0	Construction of Tshongweni AR	R 8.5 million
	0	Construction of Sixhaseni AR	R 6.6 million
	0	Construction of Sidanga bridge	R 6.4 million
•	Electri	city infrastructure	R 18.7 million
	0	Electrification of Xholobeni Mgungundlovu Dumasi Village	R 8 million
	0	Supply and Installation of High Mast	R 2.3 million
	0	Electrification of Lower Etheridge	R 2.1 million
	0	Electrification of Msarhweni Village	R2.1 million
	0	Electrification of Zizityaneni Village	R 2.1 million
	0	Electrification of Nomlacu	R 2.1 million
•	Comm	unity Facilities	R 29.3 million
	0	Construction of Manufacturing Hubs	R 13.6 million
	0	Construction of Mbizana Civic Center	R 8.9 million
	0	Construction of Ward 13 ECDC	R 3.5 million
	0	Construction of Market Place	R 1.6 million
	0	Fencing of Recreational Facilities	R 1.2 million
	0	Beach Infrastructure	R 500 thousand
•	Transpo	ort Assets	R 3.3 million
•	Furnitu	re and Office Equipment	R 7.7 million
•	Solid W	aste Infrastructure (Majazi Landfill Site)	R 10 million
•	Building	gs (Municipal Building renewal)	R 2 million
•	Comput	er Equipment	R 2.5 million
•	Security	r Equipment	R200 thousand

These are funded from conditional grants and internal funds which shows the municipality's commitment into delivering services.

9.12.	Annual Budget Ta	bles							
The following	pages present the main	budget tables	as required in term	s of section	8 of the	Municipal	Budget	and R	eporting
Regulations.	These tables set out the	municipality's	2022/23 budget an	d MTREF a	s approve	ed by the	Council.	Each	table is
accompanied	by explanatory adopts on	the facing pag	je.						

Table 13 MBRR Table A1 - Budget Summary

EC443 Winnie Madikizela Mandela - Table A	1 Budget Su	mmary								
Description	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21		Current Ye	ear 2021/22			edium Term R nditure Frame	
R thousands	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2022/23	Budget Year +1 2023/24	Budget Year +2 2024/25
Financial Performance										
Property rates	18,967	16,284	20,145	26,171	21,283	21,283	17,354	21,468	22,323	23,212
Service charges	35,685	38,374	40,257	43,474	43,481	43,481	17,014	36,680	38,299	40,022
Investment revenue	8,772	9,660	7,604	10,047	10,047	10,047	4,649	8,760	9,146	9,557
Transfers recognised - operational	235,075	268,843	338,001	295,690	298,973	298,973	133,151	335,600	342,397	363,947
Other own revenue	31,397	23,499	16,324	14,651	13,721	13,721	5,072	14,189	15,160	16,081
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and	329,895	356,660	422,331	390,032	387,505	387,505	177,239	416,697	427,325	452,820
contributions)										
Employ ee costs	102,675	104,852	105,837	126,854	119,529	119,529	45,114	124,615	129,995	135,718
Remuneration of councillors	23,244	23,970	23,964	26,007	26,007	26,007	9,757	27,047	28,129	29,254
Depreciation & asset impairment	41,890	39,437	40,180	52,682	52,682	52,682	17,854	49,735	50,730	51,744
Finance charges	66	11	1	150	150	150		100	104	108
Inventory consumed and bulk purchases	35,276	41,417	39,820	48,440	48,640	48,640	17,292	47,872	54,188	59,115
Transfers and grants	702	1,418	4,499	5,907	5,623	5,623	273	3,550	3,692	3,840
Other ex penditure	118,240	158,537	128,012	173,490	225,752	225,752	54,849	186,110	150,382	156,258
Total Expenditure	322,093	369,642	342,313	433,529	478,383	478,383	145,140	439,029	417,219	436,038
Surplus/(Deficit)	7,802	(12,982)	80,018	(43,497)	(90,878)	(90,878)	32,100	(22,333)	10,106	16,782
Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary										
allocations) (National / Provincial and District)	85,899	79,423	77,425	99,296	96,175	96,175	23,293	85,040	85,433	89,241
Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary										
allocations) (National / Provincial Departmental										
Agencies, Households, Non-profit Institutions,										
Priv ate Enterprises, Public Corporatons, Higher										
Educational Institutions) & Transfers and subsidies -										
capital (in-kind - all)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Surplus/(Deficit) after capital transfers &	02.702	66 441		FF 700	F 206	F 206	EE 202	60.707	05 530	106 022
, , .	93,702	66,441		55,799	5,296	5,296	55,393	62,707	95,539	106,023
contributions										
Share of surplus/ (deficit) of associate	-	-	_	-	-			-	-	-
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	93,702	66,441	-	55,799	5,296	5,296	55,393	62,707	95,539	106,023
Capital expenditure & funds sources										
Capital expenditure	98,857	88,202	141,432	117,727	188,684	188,684	35,538	109,088	148,251	107,742
Transfers recognised - capital	69,652	60,628	67,976	86,399	80,762	80,762	21,460	74,288	82,561	86,242
Borrowing	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Internally generated funds	29,205	27,574	73,456	31,328	107,921	107,921	14,078	34,800	65,690	21,500
Total sources of capital funds	98,857	88,202	141,432	117,727	188,684	188,684	35,538	109,088	148,251	107,742
Financial position										
Total current assets	204,603	255,161	364,659	277,032	277,878	277,878	319,348	438,634	348,854	326,337
Total non current assets	675,090	680,111	739,453	789,359	836,767	836,767	657,067	798.736	883,059	956,654
Total current liabilities	51,366	58,261	69,907	49,384	75,113	75,113	58,691	55,301	64,840	64,840
Total non current liabilities	3,920	5,495	5,246	5,495	5,246	5,246	_	5,246	5,246	5,246
Community wealth/Equity	824,407	871,515	1,028,958	1,011,512	1,034,286	1,034,286	1,080,441	1,176,824	1,161,826	1,212,904
Cash flows			,	*		•	*	,		·
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	124 504	136,790	200 606	120 527	126 155	126 155	152 105	148,553	148,698	165 005
Net cash from (used) operating Net cash from (used) investing	121,501 (92,567)	(86,608)	209,606 (125,089)	129,537 (119,176)	126,155 (182,428)	126,155 (182,428)	152,105 (40,416)	(119,428)	(197,357)	165,995 (107,742)
Net cash from (used) financing	(32,307)	(50,006)	(120,009)	(113,170)	(102,420)	(102,420)	(40,410)	(113,420)	(101,301)	(101,142)
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end	- 123,463	- 173,644	258,161	- 191,598	201,887	201,887	369,850	385,303	- 336,644	- 394,897
	0,-00	0,044	230, 101	.51,000	231,007	231,007		230,000	550,044	551,007
Cash hacking/surplus reconciliation								00= 000	290,429	259,401
Cash backing/surplus reconciliation Cash and investments available	123 463	173 644	258 161	191 598	201 887	201 887	101 888	385 303		
Cash and investments available	123,463 (47,072)	173,644 (735)	258,161 (16,126)	191,598 (65,830)	201,887 (34,276)	201,887 (34,276)	101,888	385,303 (34,941)		(18 731)
Cash and investments available Application of cash and investments	(47,072)	(735)	(16,126)	(65,830)	(34,276)	(34,276)	(89,292)	(34,941)	(6,906)	(18,731) 278 132
Cash and investments available Application of cash and investments Balance - surplus (shortfall)										(18,731) 278,132
Cash and investments available Application of cash and investments Balance - surplus (shortfall) Asset management	(47,072) 170,535	(735) 174,379	(16,126) 274,286	(65,830) 257,428	(34,276) 236,163	(34,276) 236,163	(89,292) 191,180	(34,941) 420,244	(6,906) 297,335	278,132
Cash and investments available Application of cash and investments Balance - surplus (shortfall) Asset management Asset register summary (WDV)	(47,072) 170,535 678,643	(735) 174,379 680,111	(16,126) 274,286 739,453	(65,830) 257,428 682,761	(34,276) 236,163 661,231	(34,276) 236,163 661,231	(89,292) 191,180 661,231	(34,941) 420,244 703,348	(6,906) 297,335 745,908	278,132 852,012
Cash and investments available Application of cash and investments Balance - surplus (shortfall) Asset management Asset register summary (WDV) Depreciation	(47,072) 170,535 678,643 39,506	(735) 174,379 680,111 39,437	(16,126) 274,286 739,453 40,180	(65,830) 257,428 682,761 52,682	(34,276) 236,163 661,231 52,682	(34,276) 236,163 661,231 52,682	(89,292) 191,180 661,231 52,682	(34,941) 420,244 703,348 49,735	(6,906) 297,335 745,908 50,730	278,132 852,012 51,744
Cash and investments available Application of cash and investments Balance - surplus (shortfall) Asset management Asset register summary (WDV) Depreciation Renewal and Upgrading of Existing Assets	(47,072) 170,535 678,643 39,506 23,458	(735) 174,379 680,111 39,437 22,731	(16,126) 274,286 739,453 40,180 62,811	(65,830) 257,428 682,761 52,682 40,902	(34,276) 236,163 661,231 52,682 103,405	(34,276) 236,163 661,231 52,682 103,405	(89,292) 191,180 661,231 52,682 103,405	(34,941) 420,244 703,348 49,735 10,974	(6,906) 297,335 745,908 50,730 64,105	278,132 852,012 51,744 11,200
Cash and investments available Application of cash and investments Balance - surplus (shortfall) Asset management Asset register summary (WDV) Depreciation Renew al and Upgrading of Existing Assets Repairs and Maintenance	(47,072) 170,535 678,643 39,506	(735) 174,379 680,111 39,437	(16,126) 274,286 739,453 40,180	(65,830) 257,428 682,761 52,682	(34,276) 236,163 661,231 52,682	(34,276) 236,163 661,231 52,682	(89,292) 191,180 661,231 52,682	(34,941) 420,244 703,348 49,735	(6,906) 297,335 745,908 50,730	278,132 852,012 51,744
Cash and investments available Application of cash and investments Balance - surplus (shortfall) Asset management Asset register summary (WDV) Depreciation Renew al and Upgrading of Existing Assets Repairs and Maintenance Free services	(47,072) 170,535 678,643 39,506 23,458 5,809	(735) 174,379 680,111 39,437 22,731 12,873	(16,126) 274,286 739,453 40,180 62,811 5,614	(65,830) 257,428 682,761 52,682 40,902 34,271	(34,276) 236,163 661,231 52,682 103,405 33,664	(34,276) 236,163 661,231 52,682 103,405 33,664	(89,292) 191,180 661,231 52,682 103,405 33,664	(34,941) 420,244 703,348 49,735 10,974 33,155	(6,906) 297,335 745,908 50,730 64,105 14,935	278,132 852,012 51,744 11,200 15,537
Cash and investments available Application of cash and investments Balance - surplus (shortfall) Asset management Asset register summary (WDV) Depreciation Renewal and Upgrading of Existing Assets Repairs and Maintenance Free services Cost of Free Basic Services provided	(47,072) 170,535 678,643 39,506 23,458	(735) 174,379 680,111 39,437 22,731	(16,126) 274,286 739,453 40,180 62,811	(65,830) 257,428 682,761 52,682 40,902 34,271	(34,276) 236,163 661,231 52,682 103,405 33,664	(34,276) 236,163 661,231 52,682 103,405 33,664 1,156	(89,292) 191,180 661,231 52,682 103,405 33,664 4,800	(34,941) 420,244 703,348 49,735 10,974 33,155	(6,906) 297,335 745,908 50,730 64,105 14,935	278,132 852,012 51,744 11,200 15,537 5,192
Cash and investments available Application of cash and investments Balance - surplus (shortfall) Asset management Asset register summary (WDV) Depreciation Renew al and Upgrading of Existing Assets Repairs and Maintenance Free services Cost of Free Basic Services provided Revenue cost of free services provided	(47,072) 170,535 678,643 39,506 23,458 5,809	(735) 174,379 680,111 39,437 22,731 12,873	(16,126) 274,286 739,453 40,180 62,811 5,614	(65,830) 257,428 682,761 52,682 40,902 34,271	(34,276) 236,163 661,231 52,682 103,405 33,664	(34,276) 236,163 661,231 52,682 103,405 33,664	(89,292) 191,180 661,231 52,682 103,405 33,664	(34,941) 420,244 703,348 49,735 10,974 33,155	(6,906) 297,335 745,908 50,730 64,105 14,935	278,132 852,012 51,744 11,200 15,537
Cash and investments available Application of cash and investments Balance - surplus (shortfall) Asset management Asset register summary (WDV) Depreciation Renewal and Upgrading of Existing Assets Repairs and Maintenance Free services Cost of Free Basic Services provided Revenue cost of free services provided Households below minimum service level	(47,072) 170,535 678,643 39,506 23,458 5,809	(735) 174,379 680,111 39,437 22,731 12,873	(16,126) 274,286 739,453 40,180 62,811 5,614	(65,830) 257,428 682,761 52,682 40,902 34,271	(34,276) 236,163 661,231 52,682 103,405 33,664	(34,276) 236,163 661,231 52,682 103,405 33,664 1,156	(89,292) 191,180 661,231 52,682 103,405 33,664 4,800	(34,941) 420,244 703,348 49,735 10,974 33,155 4,800	(6,906) 297,335 745,908 50,730 64,105 14,935	278,132 852,012 51,744 11,200 15,537 5,192
Cash and investments available Application of cash and investments Balance - surplus (shortfall) Asset management Asset register summary (WDV) Depreciation Renewal and Upgrading of Existing Assets Repairs and Maintenance Free services Cost of Free Basic Services provided Revenue cost of free services provided Households below minimum service level Water:	(47,072) 170,535 678,643 39,506 23,458 5,809 1,561	(735) 174,379 680,111 39,437 22,731 12,873 1,819 -	(16,126) 274,286 739,453 40,180 62,811 5,614 1,373	(65,830) 257,428 682,761 52,682 40,902 34,271 1,156 408	(34,276) 236,163 661,231 52,682 103,405 33,664 1,156 408	(34,276) 236,163 661,231 52,682 103,405 33,664 1,156 408	(89,292) 191,180 661,231 52,682 103,405 33,664 4,800 597	(34,941) 420,244 703,348 49,735 10,974 33,155 4,800 597	(6,906) 297,335 745,908 50,730 64,105 14,935 4,992 608	278,132 852,012 51,744 11,200 15,537 5,192 621
Cash and investments available Application of cash and investments Balance - surplus (shortfall) Asset management Asset register summary (WDV) Depreciation Renew al and Upgrading of Existing Assets Repairs and Maintenance Free services Cost of Free Basic Services provided Revenue cost of free services provided Households below minimum service level Water: Sanitation/sewerage:	(47,072) 170,535 678,643 39,506 23,458 5,809 1,561	(735) 174,379 680,111 39,437 22,731 12,873 1,819 -	(16,126) 274,286 739,453 40,180 62,811 5,614 1,373	(65,830) 257,428 682,761 52,682 40,902 34,271 1,156 408	(34,276) 236,163 661,231 52,682 103,405 33,664 1,156 408	(34,276) 236,163 661,231 52,682 103,405 33,664 1,156 408	(89,292) 191,180 661,231 52,682 103,405 33,664 4,800 597	(34,941) 420,244 703,348 49,735 10,974 33,155 4,800 597	(6,906) 297,335 745,908 50,730 64,105 14,935 4,992 608	278,132 852,012 51,744 11,200 15,537 5,192 621
Cash and investments available Application of cash and investments Balance - surplus (shortfall) Asset management Asset register summary (WDV) Depreciation Renewal and Upgrading of Existing Assets Repairs and Maintenance Free services Cost of Free Basic Services provided Revenue cost of free services provided Households below minimum service level Water:	(47,072) 170,535 678,643 39,506 23,458 5,809 1,561	(735) 174,379 680,111 39,437 22,731 12,873 1,819 -	(16,126) 274,286 739,453 40,180 62,811 5,614 1,373	(65,830) 257,428 682,761 52,682 40,902 34,271 1,156 408	(34,276) 236,163 661,231 52,682 103,405 33,664 1,156 408	(34,276) 236,163 661,231 52,682 103,405 33,664 1,156 408	(89,292) 191,180 661,231 52,682 103,405 33,664 4,800 597	(34,941) 420,244 703,348 49,735 10,974 33,155 4,800 597	(6,906) 297,335 745,908 50,730 64,105 14,935 4,992 608	278,132 852,012 51,744 11,200 15,537 5,192 621

Explanatory adopts to MBRR Table A1 - Budget Summary

- 1. Table A1 is a budget summary and provides a concise overview of the municipality's budget from all of the major financial perspectives (operating, capital expenditure, financial position, cash flow, and MFMA funding compliance).
- The table provides an overview of the amounts for possible approval by Council for operating performance, resources
 deployed to capital expenditure, financial position, cash and funding compliance, as well as the municipality's commitment to
 eliminating basic service delivery backlogs.
- 3. Financial management reforms emphasizes the importance of the municipal budget being funded. This requires the simultaneous assessment of the Financial Performance, Financial Position and Cash Flow Budgets, along with the Capital Budget. The Budget Summary provides the key information in this regard:
 - The operating surplus/deficit (after Total Expenditure) is positive over the MTREF
 - b. Capital expenditure is balanced by capital funding sources, of which
 - i. Transfers recognized is reflected on the Financial Performance Budget;
 - ii. Borrowing is incorporated in the net cash from financing on the Cash Flow Budget
 - iii. Internally generated funds is financed from a combination of the current operating surplus and accumulated cash-backed surpluses from previous years. The amount is incorporated in the Net cash from investing on the Cash Flow Budget. The fact that the municipality's cash flow remains positive, and is improving indicates that the necessary cash resources are available to fund the Capital Budget.
- 4. Efforts have been made in compiling the budget to ensure that the budget is cash backed. This is reflected by the positive cash flows that the municipality has. This requires the municipality to maintain its prudence to ensure that positive cash flows are maintained over the long term whilst ensuring that there is spending on projects that make a difference to people's livelihoods.
- 5. Even though the Council is placing great emphasis on securing the financial sustainability of the municipality, this is not being done at the expense of services to the poor. The section of Free Services shows that the amount spent on Free Basic Services and the revenue cost of free services provided by the municipality continues to increase. In addition, the municipality continues to make progress in addressing service delivery backlogs.

Table 14 MBRR Table A2 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by functional classification)

EC443 Winnie Madikizela Mandela - Tal	ole A2	Budgeted Fi	nancial Perfo	rmance (rev	enue and exp	penditure by	functional o	classification)	
Functional Classification Description	Ref	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	Cui	rrent Year 2021	/22		ledium Term F enditure Frame	
R thousand	1	Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Budget Year	Budget Year	1 -
		Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	2022/23	+1 2023/24	+2 2024/25
Revenue - Functional										
Governance and administration		286,725	306,600	374,264	335,534	330,811	330,811	361,794	383,507	407,042
Executive and council		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance and administration		286,725	306,600	374,264	335,534	330,811	330,811	361,794	383,507	407,042
Internal audit		-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-
Community and public safety		4,597	5,779	4,828	5,479	4,673	4,673	4,966	5,158	5,384
Community and social services		135	328	544	681	681	681	623	623	645
Sport and recreation		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety		4,463	5,451	4,285	4,798	3,992	3,992	4,344	4,535	4,739
Housing		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic and environmental services		53,646	54,440	45,586	71,475	71,348	71,348	78,100	57,682	60,240
Planning and development		357	307	127	20,452	20,325	20,325	23,062	249	256
Road transport		53,289	54,133	45,459	51,023	51,023	51,023	55,038	57,433	59,984
Environmental protection		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trading services		70,825	69,264	75,078	76,840	76,847	76,847	56,876	66,411	69,395
Energy sources		64,036	59,438	67,709	68,576	68,577	68,577	47,325	60,286	62,996
Water management		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Waste water management		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Waste management		6,789	9,826	7,369	8,264	8,270	8,270	9,550	6,125	6,400
Other	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-
Total Revenue - Functional	2	415,795	436,083	499,756	489,328	483,680	483,680	501,737	512,758	542,061
Expenditure - Functional										
Governance and administration		151,698	153,993	144,640	195,801	200,566	200,566	201,712	207,838	215,974
Executive and council		56,846	54,296	54,961	62,138	61,135	61,135	64,094	65,154	67,832
Finance and administration		91,957	96,856	86,227	127,983	134,083	134,083	132,936	137,806	143,056
Internal audit		2,894	2,841	3,452	5,679	5,348	5,348	4,682	4,878	5,086
Community and public safety		25,959	29,327	24,150	31,625	30,690	30,690	32,307	33,633	35,055
Community and social services		6,825	8,044	7,338	11,967	11,789	11,789	12,936	13,429	13,967
Sport and recreation		7,723	7,497	1,968	2,853	2,558	2,558	2,369	2,471	2,581
Public safety		11,295	13,777	14,083	15,769	15,372	15,372	15,956	16,641	17,368
Housing		116	9	762	1,037	971	971	1,046	1,091	1,139
Health		- 1	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	_
Economic and environmental services		75,511	68,983	67,912	105,923	117,631	117,631	105,502	79,978	82,559
Planning and development		21,194	19,309	21,005	31,356	32,901	32,901	37,697	29,584	30,747
Road transport		50,453	47,085	45,335	72,029	82,151	82,151	65,153	47,631	48,929
Environmental protection		3,863	2,589	1,572	2,539	2,578	2,578	2,651	2,764	2,883
Trading services		65,992	115,120	102,932	96,328	125,216	125,216	95,515	91,607	98,109
Energy sources		51,464	96,848	79,676	68,375	98,132	98,132	68,108	66,893	72,346
Water management		_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Waste water management		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Waste management		14,528	18,271	23,256	27,952	27,084	27,084	27,406	24,715	25,764
Other	4	2,934	2,220	2,678	3,853	4,279	4,279	3,994	4,162	4,340
Total Expenditure - Functional	3	322,093	369,642	342,313	433,529	478,383	478,383	439,029	417,219	436,038
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year		93,702	66,441	157,443	55,799	5,296	5,296	62,707	95,539	106,023

Explanatory adopts to MBRR Table A2 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by functional classification)

The above table shows the allocations made by the municipality to the different classes or functions within the municipality and the contributions that will be made per standard class. It is pleasing to note that the table shows that the municipality's bigger share is allocated to service deliver functions as well as governance and administration. These are complementary in nature hence the allocations.

Table 15 MBRR Table A3 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by municipal vote)

EC443 Winnie Madikizela Mandela - Table	e A3	Budgeted Fi	nancial Perfo	rmance (rev	enue and exp	enditure by	municipal v	ote)		
Vote Description	Ref	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	Cur	rent Year 2021	/22		edium Term R nditure Frame	
R thousand		Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Year
		Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	2022/23	+1 2023/24	+2 2024/25
Revenue by Vote	1									
Vote 1 - Executive and Council		150	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 2 - Corporate Services		288	352	405	293	293	293	137	143	149
Vote 3 - Budget Treasury Office		286,287	306,248	354,705	309,070	309,235	309,235	340,189	361,040	383,680
Vote 4 - Community Services		11,387	15,605	12,198	13,743	12,943	12,943	14,517	11,283	11,783
Vote 5 - Development Planning		316	111	19,267	46,467	41,579	41,579	44,531	22,573	23,468
Vote 6 - Engineering Services		117,367	113,768	113,181	119,755	119,630	119,630	102,363	117,719	122,980
Vote 7 - Null		-	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Vote 8 - Null		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Vote 9 - Null		-	_	-	-	- 1	-	_	-	-
Vote 10 - Null		-	-	_	-	-	_	_	-	-
Vote 11 - Null		-	-	_	-	- 1	_	_	-	-
Vote 12 - Null		-	_	_	-	-	_	_	-	-
Vote 13 - Null		-	_	_	-	- 1	_	_	-	-
Vote 14 - Null		-	_	_	-	-	_	_	-	-
Vote 15 - Null		-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-
Total Revenue by Vote	2	415,795	436,083	499,756	489,328	483,680	483,680	501,737	512,758	542,061
Expenditure by Vote to be appropriated	1						•••••			
Vote 1 - Executive and Council		75,333	69,498	71,489	83,323	82,105	82,105	84,391	86,141	89,704
Vote 2 - Corporate Services		44,200	48,254	38,505	59,154	63,472	63,472	59,665	61,819	64,055
Vote 3 - Budget Treasury Office		25,305	25,842	21,935	37,982	39,379	39,379	41,521	43,073	44,706
Vote 4 - Community Services		54,695	62,453	62,815	78,225	76,867	76,867	79,162	78,604	81,927
Vote 5 - Development Planning		17,546	16,060	15,969	29,061	31,046	31,046	36,186	28,003	29,090
Vote 6 - Engineering Services		105,014	147,535	131,601	145,783	185,513	185,513	138,105	119,579	126,556
Vote 7 - Null		_	_	_	_	- 1	_	_	_	_
Vote 8 - Null		-	_	_	_	-	_	_	-	-
Vote 9 - Null		_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Vote 10 - Null		_	_	_	-	- 1	_	_	_	-
Vote 11 - Null		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 12 - Null		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 13 - Null		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 14 - Null		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 15 - Null		_	_	_	_	_ [_	_	_	_
Total Expenditure by Vote	2	322,093	369,642	342,313	433,529	478,383	478,383	439,029	417,219	436,038
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	2	93,702	66,441	157,443	55,799	5,296	5,296	62,707	95,539	106,023

Listed in the table above are the revenue and expenditure classifications for all the departments within the municipality. Explanatory adopts to MBRR Table A3 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by municipal vote)

1. Table A3 is a view of the budgeted financial performance in relation to the revenue and expenditure per municipal vote. This table facilitates the view of the budgeted operating performance in relation to the organizational structure of the Municipality. This means it is possible to present the operating surplus or deficit of a vote.

Table 16 MBRR Table A4 - Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure)

EC443 Winnie Madikizela Mandela - Tablo	e A4	Budgeted Fi	nancial Perfo	rmance (rev	enue and ex	penditure)						
Description	Ref	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21		Current Ye	ear 2021/22		2022/23 Medium Term Revenue & Expenditure Framework			
R thousand	1	Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Pre-audit	Budget Year	Budget Year		
		Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	outcome	2022/23	+1 2023/24	+2 2024/25	
Revenue By Source		_	_		_		_		_	_	-	
Property rates	2	18,967	16,284	20,145	26,171	_	21,283	17,354	21,468	22,323	23,212	
Service charges - electricity revenue	2	31,229	33,884	35,679	38,809	38,810	38,810	15,154	30,845	32,203	33,652	
Service charges - water revenue	2	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	_	-		
Service charges - sanitation revenue	2	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	-		
Service charges - refuse revenue	2	4,456	4,490	4,578	4,665	4,671	4,671	1,860	5,834	6,096	6,371	
Rental of facilities and equipment		2,224	5,097	5,876	3,093	3,452	3,452	1,596	3,893	4,419	4,864	
Interest earned - external investments		8,772	9,660	7,604	10,047	10,047	10,047	4,649	8,760	9,146	9,557	
Interest earned - outstanding debtors		4,047	4,593	4,275	5,133	5,133	5,133	1,765	5,378	5,613	5,864	
Dividends received		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	· _	
Fines, penalties and forfeits		1,038	2,066	688	938	938	938	27	593	619	647	
Licences and permits		2,257	2,237	2,343	2,756	1,879	1,879	862	2,404	2,510	2,623	
Agency services		1,271	1,021	1,291	1,265	1,337	1,337	566	1,401	1,463	1,528	
Transfers and subsidies		235,075	268,843	338,001	295,690	298,973	298,973	133,151	335,600	342,397	363,947	
Other revenue	2	1,537	960	781	1,466	982	982	255	520	537	556	
Gains	-	19,024	7,526	1,069	1,400	302	302	200	320	337	330	
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers		329,895	356,660	422,331	390,032	387,505	387,505	177,239	416,697	427,325	452,820	
·		329,093	330,000	422,331	390,032	301,303	367,303	177,239	410,097	421,323	432,020	
and contributions)	╁											
Expenditure By Type		100.075	404.050	405.007	400.054	440.500			404.045	400.005	105.710	
Employ ee related costs	2	102,675	104,852	105,837	126,854	119,529	119,529	45,114	124,615	129,995	135,718	
Remuneration of councillors Debt impairment	3	23,244 4,266	23,970 7,652	23,964 5,208	26,007 9,600	26,007 9,600	26,007 9,600	9,757	27,047 9,600	28,129 9,984	29,254 10,383	
Depreciation & asset impairment	2	41,890	39,437	40,180	52,682	52,682	52,682	17,854	49,735	50,730	51,744	
Finance charges	-	66	11	1	150	150	150	-	100	104	108	
Bulk purchases - electricity	2	30,025	33,255	35,022	40,777	40,777	40,777	15,682	40,005	46,006	50,607	
Inventory consumed	8	5,250	8,162	4,798	7,663	7,863	7,863	1,610	7,867	8,181	8,509	
Contracted services		55,491	51,003	41,065	98,848	102,070	102,070	39,573	94,339	64,260	66,907	
Transfers and subsidies		702	1,418	4,499	5,907	5,623	5,623	273	3,550	3,692	3,840	
Other ex penditure	4, 5	51,022	44,470	38,313	65,042		75,364	15,277	82,171	76,137	78,967	
Losses	ļ	7,462	55,411	43,425	-	38,718	38,718	-	-	-	_	
Total Expenditure	ļ	322,093	369,642	342,313	433,529	478,383	478,383	145,140	439,029	417,219	436,038	
Surplus/(Deficit) Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary		7,802	(12,982)	80,018	(43,497)	(90,878)	(90,878)	32,100	(22,333)	10,106	16,782	
allocations) (National / Provincial and District)		85,899	79,423	77,425	99,296	96,175	96,175	23,293	85,040	85,433	89,241	
Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary												
allocations) (National / Provincial Departmental												
Agencies, Households, Non-profit Institutions,												
Priv ate Enterprises, Public Corporatons, Higher												
Educational Institutions)	6	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			
Transfers and subsidies - capital (in-kind - all)		-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	
Surplus/(Deficit) after capital transfers &		93,702	66,441	157,443	55,799	5,296	5,296	55,393	62,707	95,539	106,023	
contributions												
Tax ation		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Surplus/(Deficit) after taxation		93,702	66,441	157,443	55,799	5,296	5,296	55,393	62,707	95,539	106,023	
Attributable to minorities		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	
Surplus/(Deficit) attributable to municipality		93,702	66,441	157,443	55,799	5,296	5,296	55,393	62,707	95,539	106,023	
Share of surplus/ (deficit) of associate	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year		93,702	66,441	157,443	55,799	5,296	5,296	55,393	62,707	95,539	106,023	

Table 17 MBRR Table A5 - Budgeted Capital Expenditure by vote, functional classification and funding source

Vote Description	Ref	2018/19	2019/20 Audited	2020/21	Cui	rent Year 2021	1/22		ledium Term F enditure Frame	
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2022/23	Budget Year +1 2023/24	Budget Year +2 2024/25
Capital expenditure - Vote										
Multi-year expenditure to be appropriated	2									
Vote 3 - Budget Treasury Office		-	2,304	-	-	-	-	8,974	16,000	1,200
Vote 6 - Engineering Services		23,458	22,483	29,576	29,902	86,505	86,505	-	_	_
Capital multi-year expenditure sub-total	7	23,458	24,787	29,576	29,902	86,505	86,505	8,974	16,000	1,200
Single-year expenditure to be appropriated	2									
Vote 1 - Executive and Council		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 2 - Corporate Services		4,295	2,630	6,269	7,028	9,298	9,298	11,900	10,500	2,500
Vote 3 - Budget Treasury Office		-	-	2,096	-	-	-	_	_	-
Vote 4 - Community Services		926	5,164	3,035	3,150	4,278	4,278	13,000	12,100	2,600
Vote 5 - Dev elopment Planning		-	-	1,447	21,420	19,030	19,030	15,702	3,640	2,700
Vote 6 - Engineering Services		70,178	55,620	99,009	56,227	69,573	69,573	59,512	106,011	98,742
Capital single-year expenditure sub-total		75,399	63,415	111,856	87,825	102,178	102,178	100,114	132,251	106,542
Total Capital Expenditure - Vote		98,857	88,202	141,432	117,727	188,684	188,684	109,088	148,251	107,742
Capital Expenditure - Functional										
Governance and administration		9,277	5,265	8,470	7,028	9,498	9,498	12,300	10,900	2,900
Finance and administration		9,277	5,265	8,470	7,028	9,498	9,498	12,300	10,900	2,900
Community and public safety		2,408	1,902	1,875	2,450	2,258	2,258	1,900	1,500	2,000
Community and social services		2,408	160	980	1,650	1,358	1,358	1,900	1,500	2,000
Sport and recreation		-	_	_	_	100	100	_	_	-
Public safety		-	1,742	896	800	800	800	_	-	-
Economic and environmental services		22,397	57,899	95,848	85,891	147,508	147,508	73,488	95,251	70,885
Planning and development		_	26,486	44,271	72,822	115,735	115,735	30,176	24,640	13,900
Road transport		22,397	31,413	51,577	13,070	31,773	31,773	43,312	70,611	56,985
Environmental protection		-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	-
Trading services		64,775	23,135	35,239	22,357	29,420	29,420	21,400	40,600	31,957
Energy sources		64,775	20,204	34,185	21,657	27,600	27,600	10,700	30,400	31,757
Waste management			2,932	1,054	700	1,820	1,820	10,700	10,200	200
Other		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total Capital Expenditure - Functional	3	98,857	88,202	141,432	117,727	188,684	188,684	109,088	148,251	107,742
Funded by:			-	•		-				
National Government		69,652	60,628	67,776	86,399	80,762	80,762	74,288	82,561	86,242
Provincial Government	6			200	_	-	_	_	_	-
Transfers recognised - capital	4	69,652	60,628	67,976	86,399	80,762	80,762	74,288	82,561	86,242
Borrowing	6	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_
Internally generated funds		29,205	27,574	73,456	31,328	107,921	107,921	34,800	65,690	21,500
Total Capital Funding	7	98,857	88,202	141,432	117,727	188,684	188,684	109,088	148,251	107,742

Explanatory adopts to Table A5 - Budgeted Capital Expenditure by vote, functional classification and funding source

The table above shows capital expenditure by vote and functional classification as well as funding for the expenditure forecasted.

This shows how the municipality's capital budget funding is highly dependent on grant funding.

Table 18 MBRR Table A6 - Budgeted Financial Position

EC443 Winnie Madikizela Mandela - Table A6 Budgeted Financial Position

Description	Ref	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	Cu	rrent Year 2021	/22		ledium Term R nditure Frame	
R thousand		Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Year
		Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	2022/23	+1 2023/24	+2 2024/25
ASSETS										
Current assets										
Cash		3,962	3,611	9,353	12,892	9,353	9,353	19,720	14,494	10,338
Call investment deposits	1	119,501	170,033	248,808	178,706	192,534	192,534	365,583	275,935	249,063
Consumer debtors	1	35,907	47,615	56,547	46,512	41,771	41,771	19,654	24,311	32,710
Other debtors		43,963	31,859	47,905	37,398	32,244	32,244	31,799	32,102	32,122
Current portion of long-term receivables		-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1.070	-	-
Inventory	2	1,271	2,042	2,046	1,524	1,976	1,976	1,878	2,012	2,104
Total current assets		204,603	255,161	364,659	277,032	277,878	277,878	438,634	348,854	326,337
Non current assets										
Long-term receiv ables		-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Investments		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment property		25,097	32,436	36,655	32,436	36,655	36,655	36,655	36,655	36,655
Investment in Associate		-		_	_	_	_	_		_
Property, plant and equipment	3	648,433	646,245	701,498	755,509	798,882	798,882	760,851	845,173	918,768
Biological		-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Intangible		329	198	69	73	-	-	-	-	-
Other non-current assets		1,231	1,231	1,231	1,341	1,231	1,231	1,231	1,231	1,231
Total non current assets		675,090	680,111	739,453	789,359	836,767	836,767	798,736	883,059	956,654
TOTAL ASSETS		879,693	935,272	1,104,112	1,066,391	1,114,645	1,114,645	1,237,371	1,231,913	1,282,990
LIABILITIES										
Current liabilities										
Bank overdraft	1	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	-
Borrowing	4	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	_	-
Consumer deposits		529	503	505	503	505	505	505	505	505
Trade and other payables	4	32,366	37,805	49,412	28,928	54,618	54,618	34,806	44,345	44,345
Provisions		18,471	19,953	19,990	19,953	19,990	19,990	19,990	19,990	19,990
Total current liabilities		51,366	58,261	69,907	49,384	75,113	75,113	55,301	64,840	64,840
Non current liabilities										
Borrowing		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Provisions		3,920	5,495	5,246	5,495	5,246	5,246	5,246	5,246	5,246
Total non current liabilities		3,920	5,495	5,246	5,495	5,246	5,246	5,246	5,246	5,246
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	55,286	63,756	75,153	54,879	80,359	80,359	60,547	70,086	70,086
NET ASSETS	5	824,407	871,515	1,028,958	1,011,512	1,034,286	1,034,286	1,176,824	1,161,826	1,212,904
COMMUNITY WEALTH/EQUITY										
Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit)		824,407	871,515	1,028,958	1,011,512	1,034,286	1,034,286	1,176,824	1,161,826	1,212,904
Reserves	4	- 024,407		1,020,000	- 1,011,012	- 1,004,200	- 1,004,200	- 1,170,024	- 1,101,020	- 1,212,304
	5	004 407	074 545	4 000 050	1 044 540	1 024 200	1 024 200	1 176 004	1 164 000	4 242 004
TOTAL COMMUNITY WEALTH/EQUITY	5	824,407	871,515	1,028,958	1,011,512	1,034,286	1,034,286	1,176,824	1,161,826	1,212,904

Explanatory adopts to Table A6 - Budgeted Financial Position

- 1. Table A6 is consistent with international standards of good financial management practice, and improves understandability for councilors and management of the impact of the budget on the statement of financial position (balance sheet).
- 2. This format of presenting the statement of financial position is aligned to GRAP1, which is generally aligned to the international version which presents Assets less Liabilities as "accounting" Community Wealth. The order of items within each group illustrates items in order of liquidity; i.e. assets readily converted to cash, or liabilities immediately required to be met from cash, appear first.
- 3. The municipal equivalent of equity is Community Wealth/Equity. The justification is that ownership and the net assets of the municipality belong to the community.
- 4. Any movement on the Budgeted Financial Performance or the Capital Budget will inevitably impact on the Budgeted Financial Position. As an example, the collection rate assumption will impact on the cash position of the municipality and subsequently inform the level of cash and cash equivalents at year end. Similarly, the collection rate assumption should inform the budget appropriation for debt impairment which in turn would impact on the provision for bad debt. These budget and planning assumptions form a critical link in determining the applicability and relevance of the budget as well as the determination of ratios and financial indicators. In addition, the funding compliance assessment is informed directly by forecasting the statement of financial position.

Table 19 MBRR Table A8 - Cash Backed Reserves/Accumulated Surplus Reconciliation

									2022/23 M	edium Term R	evenue &
Description	Ref	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21		Current Ye	ar 2021/22		Expe	nditure Frame	work
R thousand		Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Pre-audit	Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Year
R thousand		Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	outcome	2022/23	+1 2023/24	+2 2024/25
Cash and investments available											
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end	1	123,463	173,644	258,161	191,598	201,887	201,887	369,850	385,303	336,644	394,897
Other current investments > 90 days		-	0	-	(0)	(0)	(0)	(167,962)	0	(46,215)	(135,496)
Non current assets - Investments	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	(99,999)	-	-	-
Cash and investments available:	\Box	123,463	173,644	258,161	191,598	201,887	201,887	101,888	385,303	290,429	259,401
Application of cash and investments											
Unspent conditional transfers		6,687	7,575	5,058	0	0	0	(3,814)	_	_	_
Unspent borrowing		_	_	-	_ 1	_		(=,=,	_	_	_
Statutory requirements	2										
Other working capital requirements	3	(53,759)	(8,309)	(21,184)	(65,830)	(34,276)	(34,276)	(85,478)	(34,941)	(6,906)	(18,731)
Other provisions		```		` ' '		· · · · · · · · ·	(, , ,	, , ,	()		,
Long term investments committed	4	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-
Reserves to be backed by cash/investments	5										
Total Application of cash and investments:	П	(47,072)	(735)	(16,126)	(65,830)	(34,276)	(34,276)	(89,292)	(34,941)	(6,906)	(18,731
Surplus(shortfall)	П	170,535	174,379	274,286	257,428	236,163	236,163	191,180	420,244	297,335	278,132
<u>References</u>											
Must reconcile with Budgeted Cash Flows											
2. For example: VAT, taxation											
3. Council approval for policy required - include sui		working capital	(e.g. allowing fo	or a % of curren	t debtors > 90 a	lays as uncolled	table)				
Council approval for policy required - include sul For example: sinking fund requirements for born	owing				t debtors > 90 a	lays as uncolled	table)				
Council approval for policy required - include sul For example: sinking fund requirements for born	owing				t debtors > 90 a	lays as uncolled	table)				
3. Council approval for policy required - include sui	owing				t debtors > 90 a	lays as uncollec	table)				
Council approval for policy required - include sur For example: sinking fund requirements for borr Council approval required for each reserve creat	owing				t debtors > 90 a 94,758	lays as uncolled 88,894	<i>table)</i> 88,894	109,192	69,747	51,251	63,076
Council approval for policy required - include sur For example: sinking fund requirements for borr Council approval required for each reserve creat Other working capital requirements	owing	d basis of cash i	backing of reser	ves 65,538	94,758	88,894	88,894	,	,	•	63,076 44,345
3. Council approval for policy required - include suit 4. For example: sinking fund requirements for born 5. Council approval required for each reserve creat Other working capital requirements Debtors	owing	d basis of cash I	backing of rese	ves			ŕ	109,192 23,714 85,478	69,747 34,806 34,941	51,251 44,345 6,906	44,345
3. Council approval for policy required - include suit 4. For example: sinking fund requirements for born 5. Council approval required for each reserve creat Other working capital requirements Debtors Creditors due	owing	79,438 25,679	38,540 30,231	ves 65,538 44,354	94,758 28,928	88,894 54,618	88,894 54,618	23,714	34,806	44,345	44,345
3. Council approval for policy required - include sul 4. For example: sinking fund requirements for borr 5. Council approval required for each reserve creat Other working capital requirements Debtors Creditors due	owing	79,438 25,679	38,540 30,231	ves 65,538 44,354	94,758 28,928	88,894 54,618	88,894 54,618	23,714	34,806	44,345	63,076 44,345 18,731 64,831

Explanatory adopts to Table A8 - Cash Backed Reserves/Accumulated Surplus Reconciliation

The above table shows how the municipality's funding will be applied and the targets set for cash backed reserves over the medium. This is informed by anticipated year end targets as well as the plans to be implemented over the medium-term, especially on the revenue management, debt collection as well as expenditure management.

Table 19 MBRR Table A7 – Budgeted Cash Flows

Description	Ref	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21		Current Ye	ar 2021/22			edium Term R nditure Frame	
R thousand		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Pre-audit outcome	Budget Year 2022/23	Budget Year +1 2023/24	Budget Year +2 2024/25
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES											
Receipts											
Property rates		13,841	12,522	15,110	56,951	56,951	56,951	16,158	34,817	19,285	22,310
Service charges		29,464	19,588	23,019	29,346	29,346	29,346	17,404	54,588	40,481	45,128
Other revenue	9	23,357	2,142	9,342	8,896	7,966	7,966	3,245	8,650	9,082	9,731
Transfers and Subsidies - Operational	1	243,983	270,716	335,485	295,690	295,853	295,853	224,068	335,600	342,397	363,947
Transfers and Subsidies - Capital	1	83,685	78,660	77,425	99,296	99,296	99,296	28,513	85,040	85,433	89,241
Interest		12,820	14,253	11,879	10,047	10,047	10,047	80	8,760	9,146	9,557
Dividends		-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	_
Payments											
Suppliers and employees		(285,583)	(261,080)	(262,653)	(370,638)	(373,254)	(373,254)	(137,363)	(378,802)	(357,022)	(373,811)
Finance charges		(66)	(11)	(1)	(50)	(50)	(50)		(100)	(104)	(108
Transfers and Grants	1	-	_ '	_	_	-	_	_			_
NET CASH FROM/(USED) OPERATING ACTIVIT	İES	121,501	136,790	209,606	129,537	126,155	126,155	152,105	148,553	148,698	165,995
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES											
Receipts	0000										
Proceeds on disposal of PPE		96	196	276	-	-	-	_	_	_	_
Decrease (increase) in non-current receivables		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Decrease (increase) in non-current investments		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Payments											
Capital assets		(92,663)	(86,804)	(125,365)	(119,176)	(182,428)	(182,428)	(40,416)	(119,428)	(197,357)	(107,742)
NET CASH FROM/(USED) INVESTING ACTIVITIE	 S	(92,567)	(86,608)	(125,089)	(119,176)	(182,428)	(182,428)	(40,416)		(197,357)	(107,742
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	l										
Receipts											
Short term loans		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Borrowing long term/refinancing		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Increase (decrease) in consumer deposits		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Payments											
Repayment of borrowing		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
NET CASH FROM/(USED) FINANCING ACTIVITI	ES	-	_	_	_	_	-		_	-	-
NET INCREASE/ (DECREASE) IN CASH HELD	l	28,935	50,182	84,516	10,361	(56,273)	(56,273)	111,689	29,125	(48,659)	58,253
Cash/cash equivalents at the year begin:	2	94,528	123,463	173,644	181,236	258,161	258,161	258,161	356,178	385,303	336,644
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end:	2	123,463	173,644	258.161	191,598	201,887	201,887	369.850	385,303	336,644	394,897

Table 20 MBRR Table A10 – Basic Service Delivery Measurement

EC443 Winnie Madikizela Mandela - Table A10 Basic service delive	ŗy m	easurement		1	ı			ı		
Pagazintian	Ref	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	Cui	rrent Year 2021	/22	1	edium Term R nditure Frame	
Description	ref	Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2022/23	Budget Year +1 2023/24	Budget Year +2 2024/25
Household service targets	1									
Water: Piped water inside dwelling						_	_	_		
Piped water inside dwelling Piped water inside yard (but not in dwelling)		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Using public tap (at least min.service level)	2	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Other water supply (at least min.service level) Minimum Service Level and Above sub-total	4									
Using public tap (< min.service level)	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other water supply (< min.service level)	4	_	-		-	-	-	-	_	_
No water supply Below Minimum Service Level sub-total		_ _			_ _	_ _			-	
Total number of households	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitation/sewerage:										
Flush toilet (connected to sewerage) Flush toilet (with septic tank)		_	_		-	- -	_ _	_	_	_
Chemical toilet		-	_	_	-	-	-	_	-	-
Pit toilet (ventilated)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other toilet provisions (> min.service level) Minimum Service Level and Above sub-total		_		_	_ _	-	-		-	_
Bucket toilet		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Other toilet provisions (< min.service level) No toilet provisions		_	-		-	-	- -	-	_	_
No tollet provisions Below Minimum Service Level sub-total					_ _					_
Total number of households	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Energy:										
Electricity (at least min.service level) Electricity - prepaid (min.service level)		200 22,346	200 22,346	200 22,346	287 22,346	287 22,346	287 22,346	290 23,886	325 25,531	330 27,290
Minimum Service Level and Above sub-total		22,546	22,546	22,546	22,633	22,633	22,633	24,176	25,856	27,290
Electricity (< min.service level)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electricity - prepaid (< min. service level) Other energy sources		6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	- 6,000	- 6,000	5,000	- 4,200	- 3,150
Below Minimum Service Level sub-total		6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	5,000	4,200	3,150
Total number of households	5	28,546	28,546	28,546	28,633	28,633	28,633	29,176	30,056	30,770
Refuse:		000	000		000	000	000	050		000
Removed at least once a week Minimum Service Level and Above sub-total		800 800	800 800	800 800	800 800	800 800	800 800	850 850	880 880	900 900
Removed less frequently than once a week		157	157	157	157	157	157	169	172	180
Using communal refuse dump		250 _	250	250 _	250 _	250 _	250 _	260	280	290 _
Using own refuse dump Other rubbish disposal		3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
No rubbish disposal		47,480	47,480	47,480	47,480	47,480	47,480	48,480	48,499	50,123
Below Minimum Service Level sub-total Total number of households	5	47,890 48,690	47,890 48,690	47,890 48,690	47,890 48,690	47,890 48,690	47,890 48,690	48,912 49,762	48,954 49,834	50,596 51,496
	}									,
Households receiving Free Basic Service Water (6 kilolitres per household per month)	7	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Sanitation (free minimum level service)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electricity/other energy (50kwh per household per month)		-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Refuse (removed at least once a week) Cost of Free Resic Services provided - Formal Settlements (P'000)	0	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	-
Cost of Free Basic Services provided - Formal Settlements (R'000) Water (6 kilolitres per indigent household per month)	8	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Sanitation (free sanitation service to indigent households)		-	-	-			-	-	_	-
Electricity/other energy (50kwh per indigent household per month) Refuse (removed once a week for indigent households)		1,561 _	1,819	1,373	1,156	1,156 _	1,156 _	4,800	4,992	5,192 _
Cost of Free Basic Services provided - Informal Formal Settlements (R'000)		_			_				_	
Total cost of FBS provided		1,561	1,819	1,373	1,156	1,156	1,156	4,800	4,992	5,192
Highest level of free service provided per household										
Property rates (R v alue threshold) Water (kilolitres per household per month)										
Sanitation (kilolitres per household per month)										
Sanitation (Rand per household per month)										
Electricity (kwh per household per month) Refuse (average litres per week)										
Revenue cost of subsidised services provided (R'000)	9									
Property rates (tariff adjustment) (impermissable values per section 17 of										
MPRA) Property rates exemptions, reductions and rebates and impermissable										
values in excess of section 17 of MPRA)		_	_	_	408	408	408	597	608	621
Water (in excess of 6 kilolitres per indigent household per month)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitation (in excess of free sanitation service to indigent households)	l net.	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	-
Electricity/other energy (in excess of 50 kwh per indigent household per me Refuse (in excess of one removal a week for indigent households)	onth)	_ _	-	_	- -	_	- -	_	_	_ _
Municipal Housing - rental rebates										
Housing - top structure subsidies Other	6									
Total revenue cost of subsidised services provided		-	_	-	408	408	408	597	608	621
provided	3					+50	-300	. 557	. 556	1 021

Part 2 – Supporting Documentation

10.1. Overview of the annual budget process

A budget and IDP process plan was tabled to the municipal council 10 months before the start of the 2022/23 financial year as required by the Municipal Finance Management Act. The process plan sets out a road map with timeframes and tasks clearly set with responsible officials or institutions. The process plan in part of the IDP document and efforts have been made to ensure that these timelines are adhered to the latter.

A draft budget has been tabled to council on 29 March 2022. Inputs will then be sought from all stakeholders within the communities and therefore community consultations will be carried out in April and May 2022. The final budget adoption will have to take into consideration these inputs.

Other inputs will be received from the Provincial Treasury after having received the draft, and an engagement between the Provincial Treasury and the Municipality that will take place. A review document will be produced by the Provincial Treasury and concerns raised in this document and the engagement will, as far as possible, be taken into consideration in the final compilation.

10.2. Overview of budget related-policies

The budget preparation process cannot be separated from the review of related policies that enable the implementation of the budget. The following is a brief look at the budget related policies and where applicable, changes that have been proposed during the budget review:-

10.2.1. Review of credit control and debt collection policy

It is vital to the long term financial viability of the Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality that it collects the revenues (such as service charges, rates and taxes) due to it for services rendered. In terms of s96 of the Systems Act, a municipality: must collect all money that is due and payable to it subject to this Act and any other applicable legislation; and For this purpose, must adopt, maintain and implement a credit control and debt collection policy, which is consistent with rates and tariff policies and complies with the provisions of this Act. This means that appropriate credit control and debtors mechanisms must be maintained. The services provided by the Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality include electricity, refuse removal and other municipal services.

10.2.2. Supply Chain Management Policy

The SCM policy aims to ensure that Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality procures goods and services in a manner that is efficient, timely and cost-effective, ensures customer satisfaction, pursues socio-economic objectives through a preference system and demonstrates compliance with the constitution and all relevant legislation.

A few changes have been proposed to the SCM Policy and these have been necessitated mainly by changes introduced by the National Treasury as well as the South African Revenue Services.

Central Supplier Database: The National Treasury has introduced a requirement that all service provider purporting to do business with government institutions must be registered in a central database maintained by the National Treasury. Important information that relates to the registration of all companies and compliance with various requirements of various institutions is monitored through this database. Our policy should therefore make reference to this.

SARS Pin: The SARS has in the past made used the tax clearance certificate, valid for a year, to confirm the good standing of companies that do business with the municipality. All companies have now been issued with a SARS pin which enables organs of state to directly enquire on the status of the companies at any given time. This has made the submission of the tax certificate not compulsory, but that of the SARS Pin. This development must again be reflected in the SCM policy of the municipality.

Preferential Procurement Regulations, 2017: The Minister of Finance, in terms of section 5 of the Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act, 2000, made the regulations set out in the schedule, and issued in terms of a government gazette in January 2017. The Preferential Procurement Regulations 2017 therefore set out a number of regulations that must be implemented by all organs of the state from April 01, 2017. Some of the regulations set out affect the municipality's Supply Chain Management policy, and as such the policy must be amended to give effect to those.

The following are some of the major changes that the regulations present:-

- Pre-qualification criteria for preferential procurement: Where an organ of state decides to apply pre-qualification criteria to advance certain designated groups, an organ of state must advertise the tender with specific tendering condition that one or more of the type of tenderers may respond. These include amongst others:-
 - A tenderer having a stipulated minimum B-BBEE status level of contributor;
 - An EME (exempt micro enterprise) or QSE (qualifying small business);
 - A tenderer subcontracting a minimum of 30% to:-
 - An EME or QSE which is at least 51% owned by black people;
 - An EME or QSE which is at least 51% owned by black people who are youth;
 - An EME or QSE which is at least 51% owned by black people who are women; and a number of other criteria as stated in the regulations.
- 80/20 preference point system for acquisition of goods or services for Rand value equal to or above R30 000
 and up to R50 million: This point scoring system is now applicable to all procurement from R30 000 to R50 million
 where as it before only up to R1 million.
- 90/10 preference point system for acquisition of goods or services for Rand value above R50 million: The point scoring system that used to be applicable from the Rand value of R1 million is now only applicable from a Rand value of more than R50 million.
- **Subcontracting after award of tender**: The regulations make specific considerations relating to subcontracting after the award and the following points are important:
 - A person awarded a contract may only enter into a subcontracting arrangement with the approval of the state;
 - A person awarded a contract may not subcontract more than 25% of the value of the contract to any other enterprise that that does not have an equal or higher B-BBEE status level of contributor than the person concerned, unless the contract is subcontracted to an EME that has the capability and ability to execute the subcontract.

Emergency procurement

- This is to facilitate a standard approach in procurement processes to respond to emergency situations including saving of lives
- To assist formalize the processes followed especially in the municipality's fleet maintenance processes

10.2.3. Budget Policy

The objective of the budget policy is to set out:

- The principles which the municipality will follow in preparing each medium term revenue and expenditure framework budget,
- The responsibilities of the mayor, the accounting officer, the chief financial officer and other senior managers in compiling the budget, and
- To establish and maintain procedures to ensure adherence to Mbizana's IDP review and budget processes.

This policy also needs to see a number of changes which are necessitated by the introduction of mSCOA. The various segments introduced with mSCOA have meant that the levels of authority cannot be left unchanged as some transfers and virements require a higher level of authorization, up to a level where council must take a decision.

10.2.4. Cash Management and Investment Policy

An Accounting Officer has an obligation to ensure that cash resources are managed as effectively, efficiently and economically as possible. Effective cash management and competitive investment ensures both short-term and long-term viability and sustainability of the municipality. Hence, it is critical for the Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality to have its own Cash Management and Investment Policy located within the local government legislative framework.

The primary and ultimate goal of the investment of funds is to secure the safety, integrity and wholeness of the invested capital, managing liquidity requirements and ensuring the earning of the highest possible return on invested capital at minimum risk (i.e. whilst not risking the partial or total loss of invested capital), within the parameters of authorised instruments as per the MFMA. The policy ensures the municipality's cash and cash equivalents are managed in a manner that is in line with the MFMA and other regulations governing the municipal cash management and should also take into account comments made by the National Treasury thought the Financial Maturity model assessments performed on the municipality. The revisions also relating to the banks the municipality may make investments with

10.2.5. Tariff Policies

In terms of section 62 (1) of the Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA), Act no 56 of 2003, the Accounting Officer of a municipality is responsible for managing the financial administration of the municipality, and must for this purpose take all reasonable steps to ensure that, inter alia, the municipality has and implements a tariff policy referred to in section 74 of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act (MSA), Act no 32 of 2000 as amended.

In terms of section 74 of the Municipal Systems Act the municipal council hereby adopts a tariff policy on the levying of fees for municipal services provided by the municipality itself or by way of service delivery agreements.

10.2.6. Property rates policy

This policy guides the annual setting (or revision) of property rates tariffs. It does not necessarily make specific property rates tariff proposals. Details pertaining to the applications of the various property rates tariffs are annually published in the Provincial Gazette and the municipality's schedule of tariffs, which must be read in conjunction with this policy.

In imposing the rate in the rand for each annual operating budget component, the municipality shall grant exemptions, rebates and reductions to the categories of properties and categories of owners as allowed for in this policy document.

10.2.7. Asset management policy

The objective of this Asset Management Policy is to ensure that the municipality:

- has consistent application of asset management principles;
- implements accrual accounting;
- complies with the MFMA and other related legislation;
- correctly accounts for Assets under the GRAP accounting framework;
- safeguards and controls the assets of the municipality; and
- Optimizes asset usage.

During the review it was identified that the Asset Management committee did not include the councilors responsible for asset management and this was the proposed change to the policy.

10.2.8. SCM Policy for Infrastructure Procurement and Delivery Management

The National Treasury issued a circular in October 2015 in relation to the introduction of this policy. The intention of the circular was to a policy that would enable a municipality to separate the supply chain management requirements for general goods and services from those for infrastructure delivery. The infrastructure delivery encompasses a whole range of competencies including planning, technical, administrative and managerial actions associated with the construction, supply, renovation, rehabilitation, alteration, maintenance, operation or disposal of infrastructure.

10.2.9. Accounts Payable policy

The policy ensures that services providers are paid within 30 days which includes setting of procedures and processes to ensure that is realized.

10.2.10. Indigent policy

The municipality being a rural municipality has a big number of people living below the poverty line which means that there is a number of people requiring free basic services and this policy governs that part.

10.2.11. Debt Impairment Policy

The policy seeks to give guidelines on how to treat long outstanding debtors including making provisions for impairment of those debtors when it is not probable that the municipality will recover.

10.2.12. Inventory Management policy

This is a policy introduced to regulate the management of the municipality's consumable stores and also ensure adequate stock levels are kept at all times.

10.3. Overview of budget assumptions

The budget compilation has been driven by a few assumptions based on the information available to the municipality. As indicated in the earlier paragraphs, the MFMA Treasury Budget Circulars have been used as a basis for the assumptions made. The inflationary outlook as per the circulars is as follows:

Fiscal year	2022 Estimate	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
		Forecast	Forecast	Forecast
Consumer Price Inflation - CPI	4.5%	4.8%	4.4%	4.5%

The following are the key budget assumptions used to prepare the draft budget with the guidance of National Treasury, NERSA, and SALGBC –

- a) 6% increase on electricity tariffs
- b) 9.6% increase on Electricity Bulk purchases
- c) 4% increase on property rates
- d) 4.9% provision for employee costs which is in line with SALGBC Circular No: 1/2022.
- e) 4.5% increase on the remuneration of councilors
- f) 4.8% for all other expenses, and
- g) 6% for other revenue municipal Tariffs

10.4. Councilor and employee benefits

Table 21 MBRR SA22 - Summary of councilor and staff benefits

EC443 Winnie Madikizela Mandela - Supporting Table SA22 Summary councillor and staff benefits

Summary of Employee and Councillor remuneration	Ref	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	Cui	rrent Year 2021	/22		ledium Term F nditure Frame	
R thousand		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2022/23	Budget Year +1 2023/24	Budget Year +2 2024/25
	1	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I
Councillors (Political Office Bearers plus Other)										
Basic Salaries and Wages		12,290	12,740	12,723	13,837	13,837	13,837	14,390	14,966	15,565
Pension and UIF Contributions		1,024	1,062	1,064	1,153	1,153	1,153	1,199	1,247	1,297
Medical Aid Contributions		1,025	1,062	1,064	1,153	1,153	1,153	1,199	1,247	1,297
Motor Vehicle Allowance		5,121	5,309	5,318	5,765	5,765	5,765	5,996	6,236	6,485
Cellphone Allowance		3,764	3,798	3,796	4,098	4,098	4,098	4,262	4,433	4,610
Sub Total - Councillors		23,223	23,970	23,964	26,007	26,007	26,007	27,047	28,129	29,254
% increase	4		3.2%	(0.0%)	8.5%	-	_	4.0%	4.0%	4.0%
Senior Managers of the Municipality	2									
Basic Salaries and Wages		4,030	4,908	4,526	5,261	5,261	5,261	5,728	5,976	6,241
Pension and UIF Contributions		-	85	84	91	93	93	97	102	106
Medical Aid Contributions		-	416	416	441	441	441	463	483	504
Overtime		-	-	_	_	-	_	_	-	-
Performance Bonus		-	-	_	_	-	_	_	-	_
Motor Vehicle Allowance	3	1,365	1,517	1,517	1,608	1,608	1,608	1,689	1,762	1,840
Cellphone Allowance	3	-	124	124	131	131	131	138	144	150
Housing Allow ances	3	-	430	430	456	456	456	478	499	521
Other benefits and allowances	3	1,226	-	_	_	-	_	_	-	-
Sub Total - Senior Managers of Municipality		6,621	7,481	7,097	7,987	7,989	7,989	8,593	8,966	9,363
% increase	4		13.0%	(5.1%)	12.5%	0.0%	_	7.6%	4.3%	4.4%
Other Municipal Staff										
Basic Salaries and Wages		62,091	63,982	65,302	77,216	69,893	69,893	73,295	76,484	79,848
Pension and UIF Contributions		6,969	8,624	8,885	11,108	11,109	11,109	12,204	12,733	13,296
Medical Aid Contributions		4,427	4,368	4,513	5,685	5,685	5,685	5,964	6,223	6,499
Overtime		1,833	2,488	1,300	3,048	3,048	3,048	2,811	2,934	3,065
Performance Bonus		4,633	4,648	4,833	5,653	5,653	5,653	5,882	6,137	6,409
Motor Vehicle Allowance	3	5,932	5,958	6,533	7,469	7,469	7,469	7,432	7,756	8,101
Cellphone Allowance	3	399	612	605	958	953	953	891	900	940
Housing Allow ances	3	3,099	3,232	3,332	4,118	4,118	4,118	3,945	4,116	4,297
Other benefits and allowances	3	2,308	4,799	2,977	3,611	3,611	3,611	3,597	3,745	3,900
Pay ments in lieu of leav e		8,305	_	_	_	_	_		_	_
Long service awards		638	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Sub Total - Other Municipal Staff		100,634	98,711	98,279	118,867	111,539	111,539	116,022	121,029	126,355
% increase	4		(1.9%)	(0.4%)	20.9%	(6.2%)		4.0%	4.3%	4.4%
Total Parent Municipality		130,479	130,161	129,340	152,861	145,536	145,536	151,662	158,124	164,972
			(0.2%)	(0.6%)	18.2%	(4.8%)	_	4.2%	4.3%	4.3%
TOTAL SALARY, ALLOWANCES & BENEFITS		130,479	130,161	129,340	152,861	145,536	145,536	151,662	158,124	164,972
							,	_	-	
% increase	4		(0.2%)	(0.6%)	18.2%	(4.8%)	_	4.2%	4.3%	4.3%

10.4.1. Employee costs

Below are vacant positions that are included in the calculations of these draft budget amounts that have been agreed on with Corporate Services to ensure these are on the municipality's current organisational structure. In line with the national government's call to manage the public sector wage bill the municipality's employee costs budget plus remuneration of councillors makes up 35% of the operating budget including non-cash items which then reaches the maximum limit permitted of 40% when we exclude non-cash items. Below are the details of vacant positions included in the draft budget.

Municipal Manager

- Public Participation Officer
- Legal Officer
- Monitoring and Evaluation Officer
- VIP Protector/Driver

Corporate Services

- IT Technician
- Human Resource Officer: IPMS
- Human Resource Officer: Recruitment

Community Services

- Security
- Cashier
- 2 X Examiners

Refuse Removal

- 8 X General Assistants
- Driver

Engineering Services

- Truck Driver
- Metering Technician
- Artisan
- General Assistant

The above positions include those where recruitment processes have already commenced or concluded but the successful incumbents have not resumed duties yet. This is to ensure that all these are catered for in the municipal budget.

No new positions are proposed to be added on the municipality's organisational structure for the next three financial years.

10.4.2. Remuneration of councillors and Senior Managers

An increase of 4.5% was used to accommodate any adjustments that might need to be implemented during the year once a new gazette on the remuneration of office bearers has been issued and also ensuring that we have catered for the grade 4 position of the municipality. The formula for the allocation of the Equitable share includes an allocation to support councillor remuneration and ward committees. This allocation for the budget year is R14.2 million requiring the municipality to also fund the remuneration of councillors from revenues internally generated.

EC443 Winnie Madikizela Mandela - Supporting Table SA23 Salaries, allowances & benefits (political office bearers/councillors/senior managers)

			Salary		Allowances	Performance	In-kind	Total
Disclosure of Salaries, Allowances & Benefits 1.	Ref	No.		Contribution s		Bonuses	benefits	Package
Rand per annum				1.				2.
Councillors	3							
Speaker	4	1	482,154	80,368	287,254			849,776
Chief Whip		1	452,019	75,338	272,187			799,544
Executive Mayor		1	602,694	100,442	347,524			1,050,660
Deputy Executive Mayor		-						-
Executive Committee		10	3,507,692	584,618	2,233,622			6,325,932
Total for all other councillors		50	9,345,802	1,557,642	7,117,810			18,021,254
Total Councillors	8	63	14,390,361	2,398,408	10,258,397			27,047,166
Senior Managers of the Municipality	5							
Municipal Manager (MM)		1	1,087,063	117,665	445,161			1,649,889
Chief Finance Officer		1	806,375	2,253	539,085			1,347,713
Senior Manager - Engineering		1	870,552	123,548	350,406			1,344,506
Senior Manager - Corporate Services		1	915,076	114,517	314,557			1,344,150
Senior Manager - Community Services		1	913,294	101,040	328,034			1,342,368
Senior Manager - Development Planning		1	919,709	101,040	328,034			1,348,783
Total Senior Managers of the Municipality	8,10	6	5,512,069	560,063	2,305,277	_		8,377,409
TOTAL COST OF COUNCILLOR, DIRECTOR and EXECUTIVE REMUNERATION	10	69	19,902,430	2,958,471	12,563,674	-		35,424,575

Table 22 MBRR SA19 – Expenditure on transfers and grant programmes

EC443 Winnie Madikizela Mandela - Sup	porti	ng Table SA1	9 Expenditu	re on transfe	ers and grant	programme		0000100		
Description	Ref	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	Cur	rent Year 2021	/22		edium Term R nditure Frame	
R thousand		Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Year
EXPENDITURE:	1	Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	2022/23	+1 2023/24	+2 2024/25
Operating expenditure of Transfers and Grants										
National Government:	1	267,685	291,411	368,781	323,643	326,764	326.764	351,500	369,897	392,682
Local Government Equitable Share		230,525	260,606	332,421	289,620	289,620	289,620	320,095	339,797	361,325
Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Manager Ex panded Public Works Programme Integrate		- 2,335	- 2,452	2,389	- 3,570	- 3,570	- 3,570	- 3,687	_	
Local Gov ernment Financial Management Gra		2,215	2,167	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,100	2,100	2,100
Municipal Disaster Relief Grant		-	710	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Municipal Systems Improvement Grant Municipal Disaster Recovery Grant		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Municipal Disaster Recovery Grant Municipal Demarcation Transition Grant			_	_	_	_	Ξ		Ξ	Ξ.
Integrated City Development Grant		-	-	_	-	-	_	_	-	-
Municipal Infrastructure Grant			-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Water Services Infrastructure Grant Neighbourhood Development Partnership Gra	nt	_	_	Ξ	_	- 3,121	3,121	9,218	_	Ξ.
Public Transport Network Grant		-	-	_	-	_	_	_	-	-
Rural Road Asset Management Systems Gra	int	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Urban Settlement Development Grant Integrated National Electrification Programme	Gran	- 32,610	- 25,476	- 31,966	28,453	- 28,453	28,453	16,400	- 28,000	- 29,257
Municipal Rehabilitation Grant	Ī	-		-				-		-
Municipal Emergency Housing Grant		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant Metro Informal Settlements Partnership Grant		_	_	Ξ	_	Ξ			_	
Integrated Urban Development Grant		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other		_								
Provincial Government:		175	3,130	1,185	500	500	500	500	500	522
Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Capacity Building and Other Other		175	246 2,884	511 675	500	500	500	500	500	522
District Municipality: Infrastructure										
Capacity Building and Other		_	_	_	_	_		_	Ξ	Ξ
			_							
Other grant providers:		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Departmental Agencies and Accounts		-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-
Foreign Government and International Organi Households	isatior	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	-	-
Non-profit Institutions		_	Ξ	Ξ	_	Ξ	Ξ.		Ξ	Ξ.
Private Enterprises		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Corporations		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Higher Educational Institutions Parent Municipality		_	Ξ	Ξ	_	Ξ	Ξ		_	Ξ.
Other										
Total operating expenditure of Transfers and G	rants	267,860	294,541	369,967	324,143	327,264	327,264	352,000	370,397	393,204
Capital expenditure of Transfers and Grants										
National Government:		53,289	53,947	45,459	70,843	67,722	67,722	68,640	57,433	59,984
Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Manager		-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Ex panded Public Works Programme Integrate Local Government Financial Management Gra		-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-
Municipal Disaster Relief Grant	anı	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Municipal Systems Improvement Grant										
Municipal Disaster Recovery Grant		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Municipal Demarcation Transition Grant Integrated City Development Grant		_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Municipal Infrastructure Grant		53,289	53,947	45,459	E4 003					
Water Services Infrastructure Grant	1.	-			51,023	51,023	51,023	55,038	- 57,433	- 59,984
Neighbourhood Development Partnership Gra Public Transport Network Grant	rit i		-	_	-	-	_	-	-	i –
Rural Road Asset Management Systems Gra		_	_ _ _		19,820 –	51,023 - 16,699 -	51,023 - 16,699 -	55,038 - 13,602 -	57,433 - - -	59,984 - - -
		_ _ _	_ _ _ _	- - -	-	-	_	-	-	-
Urban Settlement Development Grant	ınt	_ _ _ _	- - - -	- - - -	-	- 16,699 -	_	-	-	i –
	ınt	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	-	- 16,699 -	_	-	-	i –
Urban Settlement Development Grant Integrated National Electrification Programme	ınt	- - - -	- - - - -	-	-	- 16,699 -	_	-	-	i –
Urban Settlement Dev elopment Grant Integrated National Electrification Programme i Municipal Rehabilitation Grant Municipal Emergency Housing Grant Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	ınt	- - - - -	- - - - -		-	16,699 - - - - - -	_	-	-	-
Urban Settlement Dev elopment Grant Integrated National Electrification Programme i Municipal Rehabilitation Grant Municipal Emergency Housing Grant Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant Metro Informal Settlements Partnership Grant	ınt	- - - - - -		-	-	 16,699 _ _ _ _ _ _	16,699 - - - - - - -	-	-	i –
Urban Settlement Dev elopment Grant Integrated National Electrification Programme i Municipal Rehabilitation Grant Municipal Emergency Housing Grant Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant	ınt	-	-		-	16,699 - - - - - -	_	-	-	i –
Urban Settlement Dev elopment Grant Integrated National Electrification Programme in Municipal Rehabilitation Grant Municipal Emergency Housing Grant Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant Metro Informal Settlements Partnership Grant Integrated Urban Dev elopment Grant Other	ınt	-	-	-	-	 16,699 _ _ _ _ _ _	16,699 - - - - - - -	-	-	
Urban Settlement Dev elopment Grant Integrated National Electrification Programme of Municipal Rehabilitation Grant Municipal Emergency Housing Grant Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant Metro Informal Settlements Partnership Grant Integrated Urban Dev elopment Grant	ınt	-		-	19,820 - - - - - - - -	- 16,699 - - - - - - - -	16,699 - - - - - - - -	13,602 - - - - - - - -	-	i –
Urban Settlement Dev elopment Grant Integrated National Electrification Programme Municipal Rehabilitation Grant Municipal Emergency Housing Grant Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant Metro Informal Settlements Partnership Grant Integrated Urban Development Grant Other Provincial Government:	ınt		_	-	- 19,820 - - - - - - - -	- 16,699 - - - - - - - -	16,699 - - - - - - - - -	13,602 - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - -	-
Urban Settlement Dev elopment Grant Integrated National Electrification Programme Municipal Rehabilitation Grant Municipal Emergency Housing Grant Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant Metro Informal Settlements Partnership Grant Integrated Urban Dev elopment Grant Other Provincial Government: Infrastructure	ınt	-	_ _ _	-	- 19,820 - - - - - - - -	- 16,699 - - - - - - - -	16,699 - - - - - - - - -	13,602 - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - -	-
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Urban Settlement Dev elopment Grant Integrated National Electrification Programme Municipal Rehabilitation Grant Municipal Emergency Housing Grant Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant Metro Informal Settlements Partnership Grant Integrated Urban Dev elopment Grant Other Provincial Government: Infrastructure Capacity Building and Other Other District Municipality: Infrastructure	ınt	- - -	- - - -	-	- 19,820 - - - - - - - -	- 16,699 - - - - - - - -	16,699 - - - - - - - - -	13,602 - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - -	-
Urban Settlement Dev elopment Grant Integrated National Electrification Programme in Municipal Rehabilitation Grant Municipal Emergency Housing Grant Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant Metro Informal Settlements Partnership Grant Integrated Urban Dev elopment Grant Other Provincial Government: Infrastructure Capacity Building and Other District Municipality: Infrastructure Capacity Building and Other Capacity Building and Other	ınt	- - -	- - -	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	19,820 - - - - - - - - - -	- 16,699 	16,699	13,602 - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - -	-
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Urban Settlement Dev elopment Grant Integrated National Electrification Programme Municipal Rehabilitation Grant Municipal Emergency Housing Grant Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant Metro Informal Settlements Partnership Grant Integrated Urban Dev elopment Grant Other Provincial Government: Infrastructure Capacity Building and Other Other District Municipality: Infrastructure Capacity Building and Other Other Other Other Other Other	ınt	- - -	- - -	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	19,820 - - - - - - - - - -	- 16,699 	16,699	13,602 - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - -	-
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Urban Settlement Dev elopment Grant Integrated National Electrification Programme of Municipal Rehabilitation Grant Municipal Emergency Housing Grant Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant Metro Informal Settlements Partnership Grant Integrated Urban Dev elopment Grant Other Provincial Government: Infrastructure Capacity Building and Other Other District Municipality: Infrastructure Capacity Building and Other Other Other Other grant providers: Departmental Agencies and Accounts Foreign Government and International Organi Households Non-profit Institutions Private Enterprises	***** int	- - - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - -	19,820 	16,699 	- 16,699	13,602	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Urban Settlement Dev elopment Grant Integrated National Electrification Programme in Municipal Rehabilitation Grant Municipal Emergency Housing Grant Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant Metro Informal Settlements Partnership Grant Integrated Urban Dev elopment Grant Other Provincial Government: Infrastructure Capacity Building and Other Other District Municipality: Infrastructure Capacity Building and Other Other Other Other grant providers: Departmental Agencies and Accounts Foreign Government and International Organi Households Non-profit Institutions Private Enterprises Public Corporations Higher Educational Institutions	***** int	- - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	19,820 	- 16,699	- 16,699	13,602	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	
Urban Settlement Dev elopment Grant Integrated National Electrification Programme of Municipal Rehabilitation Grant Municipal Emergency Housing Grant Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant Metro Informal Settlements Partnership Grant Integrated Urban Dev elopment Grant Other Provincial Government: Infrastructure Capacity Building and Other Other District Municipality: Infrastructure Capacity Building and Other Other Other Other Other Other Other Other Infrastructure Capacity Building and Other Other Other Other Other Other Other Institutions Private Enterprises Public Corporations Higher Educational Institutions Parent Municipality Parent Municipality Parent Municipality Parent Municipality Parent Municipality	***** int	- - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	19,820 		- 16,699 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	13,602		
Urban Settlement Dev elopment Grant Integrated National Electrification Programme in Municipal Rehabilitation Grant Municipal Emergency Housing Grant Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant Metro Informal Settlements Partnership Grant Integrated Urban Dev elopment Grant Other Provincial Government: Infrastructure Capacity Building and Other Other District Municipality: Infrastructure Capacity Building and Other Other Other Other Grant providers: Departmental Agencies and Accounts Foreign Government and International Organi Households Non-profit Institutions Private Enterprises Public Corporations Higher Educational Institutions Parent Municipality Other	Gran	- - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	19,820 	16,699		13,602		
Urban Settlement Dev elopment Grant Integrated National Electrification Programme of Municipal Rehabilitation Grant Municipal Emergency Housing Grant Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant Metro Informal Settlements Partnership Grant Integrated Urban Dev elopment Grant Other Provincial Government: Infrastructure Capacity Building and Other Other District Municipality: Infrastructure Capacity Building and Other Other Other Other Other Other Other Other Infrastructure Capacity Building and Other Other Other Other Other Other Other Institutions Private Enterprises Public Corporations Higher Educational Institutions Parent Municipality Parent Municipality Parent Municipality Parent Municipality Parent Municipality	Gran	- - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	19,820 		- 16,699 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	13,602		

Table 23 MBRR SA20 – Reconciliation of transfers, grant receipts and unspent funds

EC443 Winnie Madikizela Mandela - Suppo	rting	Table SA20		on of transfe						
Description	Ref		2019/20	2020/21		rent Year 2021			edium Term R nditure Frame	
L., .		Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Year
R thousand		Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	2022/23	+1 2023/24	+2 2024/25
Operating transfers and grants:	1,3				- J	Ű				
National Government:										
Balance unspent at beginning of the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Current y ear receipts		235,075	265,766	337,089	295,190	298,473	298,473	335,100	341,897	363,425
Conditions met - transferred to revenue		235,075	265,713	337,089	295,190	298,473	298,473	335,100	341,897	363,425
Conditions still to be met - transferred to liabilities		-	53	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Provincial Government:										
Balance unspent at beginning of the year		112	560	1,216	-	-	-	-	-	-
Current y ear receipts		448	3,786	500	500	500	500	500	500	522
Conditions met - transferred to revenue		-	3,130	912	500	500	500	500	500	522
Conditions still to be met - transferred to liabilities		560	1,216	804	-	-	-	-	-	-
District Municipality:										
Balance unspent at beginning of the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Current y ear receipts		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Conditions met - transferred to revenue		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Conditions still to be met - transferred to liabilities		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other grant providers:										
Balance unspent at beginning of the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Current y ear receipts		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Conditions met - transferred to revenue		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Conditions still to be met - transferred to liabilities		-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Total operating transfers and grants revenue		235,075	268,843	338,001	295,690	298,973	298,973	335,600	342,397	363,947
Total operating transfers and grants - CTBM	2	560	1,269	804	-	-	-	_	_	-
<u>Capital transfers and grants:</u> National Government:	1,3									
Balance unspent at beginning of the year		-	6,127	6,305	-	-	-	-	-	-
Current y ear receipts		75,779	79,602	75,374	86,399	80,762	80,762	74,288	82,561	86,242
Conditions met - transferred to revenue		69,652	79,423	77,425	86,399	80,762	80,762	74,288	82,561	86,242
Conditions still to be met - transferred to liabilities		6,127	6,305	4,255	-	-	-	-	-	-
Provincial Government:										
Balance unspent at beginning of the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Current y ear receipts		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Conditions met - transferred to revenue		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Conditions still to be met - transferred to liabilities		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District Municipality:										
Balance unspent at beginning of the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Current y ear receipts		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Conditions met - transferred to revenue		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-
Conditions still to be met - transferred to liabilities		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other grant providers:										
Balance unspent at beginning of the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Current y ear receipts		_	_		_				_	_
Conditions met - transferred to revenue		-	-	_	-	_	-	-	_	_
Conditions still to be met - transferred to liabilities	<u> </u>	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Total capital transfers and grants revenue	Ļ	69,652	79,423	77,425	86,399	80,762	80,762	74,288	82,561	86,242
Total capital transfers and grants - CTBM	2	6,127	6,305	4,255	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL TRANSFERS AND GRANTS REVENUE		304,727	348,266	415,426	382,089	379,736	379,736	409,888	424,958	450,189
TOTAL TRANSFERS AND GRANTS - CTBM		6,687	7,575	5,058	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 24 MBRR SA24 – Summary of personnel numbers

EC443 Winnie Madikizela Mandela - Supporting T			, μ							
Summary of Personnel Numbers	Ref		2020/21		Cui	rent Year 202	1/22	Bu	dget Year 2022	2/23
Number	1,2	Positions	Permanent employees	Contract employees	Positions	Permanent employees	Contract employees	Positions	Permanent employees	Contract employees
Municipal Council and Boards of Municipal Entities										
Councillors (Political Office Bearers plus Other Councillors)		74		74	74		74	74		7
Board Members of municipal entities	4									
Municipal employees	5									
Municipal Manager and Senior Managers	3	6	6	_	6	6	-	6	6	-
Other Managers	7	19	19	-	20	20	-	19	19	-
Professionals		8	8	-	8	8	_	8	8	-
Finance		3	3	_	3	3	_	3	3	-
Spatial/town planning										
Information Technology		1	1	_	1	1	_	1	1	_
Roads		2	2	_	2	2	_	2	2	
Electricity		1	1	_	1	1	_	1	1	
Water			_	_			_			
Sanitation		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Refuse		1	1	_	1	1	_	1	1	_
Other				_			_			_
Technicians		18	18	_	18	18	_	18	18	_
Finance		7	7	_	7	7	_	7	7	_
Spatial/town planning				_			_			_
Information Technology		2	2	_	2	2	_	2	2	_
Roads		5	5	_	5	5	_	5	5	
Electricity		2	2	_	2	2	_	2	2	
Water			_	_			_	_		
Sanitation			_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Refuse		2	2	_	2	2	_	2	2	
Other			_		_	_	_	_		
Clerks (Clerical and administrative)		104	99	_	104	99	_	104	104	
Service and sales workers		104	_	_	-	_	_	-	-	
Skilled agricultural and fishery workers		_	_	_ _	_	_	_	_	_	
Craft and related trades		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Plant and Machine Operators		_	- 9	- 4	_	- 9	- 4	5	- 5	-
Elementary Occupations		118	112	- -	118	112	_ 4	118	118	
TOTAL PERSONNEL NUMBERS	9	347	271	- 78	348	272	78	352	278	-
% increase	٦	341	211	10	0.3%	0.4%		1.1%	2.2%	(5.1
										(3.1
Total municipal employees headcount	6, 10				77	75	2	70	68	
Finance personnel headcount	8, 10				32	31	1	30	29	
Human Resources personnel headcount	8, 10				45	44	1	40	39	

EC443 Winnie Madikizela Mandela - Supporting Table SA22 Summary councillor and staff benefits

Summary of Employee and Councillor remuneration	Ref	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	Cui	rrent Year 2021	/22		ledium Term R nditure Frame	
R thousand		Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2022/23	Budget Year +1 2023/24	Budget Year +2 2024/25
	1	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I
Councillors (Political Office Bearers plus Other)										
Basic Salaries and Wages		12,290	12,740	12,723	13,837	13,837	13,837	14,390	14,966	15,565
Pension and UIF Contributions		1,024	1,062	1,064	1,153	1,153	1,153	1,199	1,247	1,297
Medical Aid Contributions		1,025	1,062	1,064	1,153	1,153	1,153	1,199	1,247	1,297
Motor Vehicle Allowance		5,121	5,309	5,318	5,765	5,765	5,765	5,996	6,236	6,485
Cellphone Allowance		3,764	3,798	3,796	4,098	4,098	4,098	4,262	4,433	4,610
Sub Total - Councillors		23,223	23,970	23,964	26,007	26,007	26,007	27,047	28,129	29,254
% increase	4		3.2%	(0.0%)	8.5%	-	-	4.0%	4.0%	4.0%
Senior Managers of the Municipality	2									
Basic Salaries and Wages		4,030	4,908	4,526	5,261	5,261	5,261	5,728	5,976	6,241
Pension and UIF Contributions		-	85	84	91	93	93	97	102	106
Medical Aid Contributions		-	416	416	441	441	441	463	483	504
Ov ertime		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Performance Bonus		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Motor Vehicle Allowance	3	1,365	1,517	1,517	1,608	1,608	1,608	1,689	1,762	1,840
Cellphone Allowance	3	-	124	124	131	131	131	138	144	150
Housing Allowances	3	-	430	430	456	456	456	478	499	521
Other benefits and allowances	3	1,226	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Sub Total - Senior Managers of Municipality		6,621	7,481	7,097	7,987	7,989	7,989	8,593	8,966	9,363
% increase	4		13.0%	(5.1%)	12.5%	0.0%	-	7.6%	4.3%	4.4%
Other Municipal Staff										
Basic Salaries and Wages		62,091	63,982	65,302	77,216	69,893	69,893	73,295	76,484	79,848
Pension and UIF Contributions		6,969	8,624	8,885	11,108	11,109	11,109	12,204	12,733	13,296
Medical Aid Contributions		4,427	4,368	4,513	5,685	5,685	5,685	5,964	6,223	6,499
Ov ertime		1,833	2,488	1,300	3,048	3,048	3,048	2,811	2,934	3,065
Performance Bonus		4,633	4,648	4,833	5,653	5,653	5,653	5,882	6,137	6,409
Motor Vehicle Allowance	3	5,932	5,958	6,533	7,469	7,469	7,469	7,432	7,756	8,101
Cellphone Allowance	3	399	612	605	958	953	953	891	900	940
Housing Allowances	3	3,099	3,232	3,332	4,118	4,118	4,118	3,945	4,116	4,297
Other benefits and allowances	3	2,308	4,799	2,977	3,611	3,611	3,611	3,597	3,745	3,900
Payments in lieu of leave		8,305	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long service awards		638	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub Total - Other Municipal Staff		100,634	98,711	98,279	118,867	111,539	111,539	116,022	121,029	126,355
% increase	4		(1.9%)	(0.4%)	20.9%	(6.2%)	-	4.0%	4.3%	4.4%
Total Parent Municipality		130,479	130,161	129,340	152,861	145,536	145,536	151,662	158,124	164,972
	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		(0.2%)	(0.6%)	18.2%	(4.8%)	_	4.2%	4.3%	4.3%
TOTAL SALARY, ALLOWANCES & BENEFITS		130,479	130,161	129,340	152,861	145,536	145,536	151,662	158,124	164,972
% increase	4		(0.2%)	(0.6%)	18.2%	(4.8%)		4.2%	4.3%	4.3%
TOTAL MANAGERS AND STAFF	5,7	107,255	106,191	105,376	126,854	119,529	119,529	124,615	129,995	135,718

10.6. Monthly targets for revenue, expenditure and cash flow

EC443 Winnie Madikizela Mandela - Supporting Table S	A30 Budge	ted monthly	y cash flow												
MONTHLY CASH FLOWS						Budget Ye	ar 2022/23						Medium Tern	n Revenue and Framework	Expenditure
	1												Budget Year		Budget Year
R thousand	July	August	Sept.	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	2022/23	+1 2023/24	+2 2024/25
Cash Receipts By Source															
Property rates	2,901	2,901	2,901	2,901	2,901	2,901	2,901	2,901	2,901	2,901	2,901	2,901	34,817	19,285	22,310
Service charges - electricity revenue	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	44,323	44,351	32,711	38,180
Service charges - water revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_
Service charges - sanitation revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	-
Service charges - refuse revenue	853	853	853	853	853	853	853	853	853	853	853	853	10,237	7,770	6,948
Rental of facilities and equipment	324	324	324	324	324	324	324	324	324	324	324	324	3,893	4,419	4,864
Interest earned - external investments	730	730	730	730	730	730	730	730	730	730	730	730	8,760	9,146	9,557
Interest earned - outstanding debtors												_			
Dividends received	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Fines, penalties and forfeits	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	39	462	185	193
Licences and permits	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	2,404	2,510	2,623
Agency services	117	117	117	117	117	117	117	117	117	117	117	117	1,401	1,463	1,528
Transfers and Subsidies - Operational	133,373	3,022	500		1,659	106,698		1,106	80,024			9,218	335,600	342,397	363,947
Other revenue	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	490	506	523
Cash Receipts by Source	138,581	8,230	5,708	5,208	6,867	111,906	5,208	6,314	85,232	5,208	5,208	58,746	442,415	420,391	450,673
													<u> </u>		
Other Cash Flows by Source															
Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary allocations) (National															
/ Provincial and District)	16,290	5,705	16,995	9,128	4,611	14,837		6,025	11,450			_	85,040	85,433	89,241
Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary allocations) (National	10,290	3,703	10,995	9,120	4,011	14,037		0,023	11,450			_	03,040	05,455	05,241
/ Provincial Departmental Agencies, Households, Non-profit															
Institutions, Private Enterprises, Public Corporatons, Higher															
Educational Institutions)															
Proceeds on Disposal of Fixed and Intangible Assets	_ [_ []		_			_ [_ []			_				_ [
Short term loans	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Borrowing long term/refinancing		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_
Increase (decrease) in consumer deposits	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Decrease (increase) in non-current receivables	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Decrease (increase) in non-current investments	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-
Total Cash Receipts by Source	154,871	13,935	22,703	14,335	11,478	126,744	5,208	12,339	96,681	5,208	5,208	58,746	527,455	505,824	539,914
Cash Payments by Type															
Employ ee related costs	12,495	12,495	12,724	12,724	12,724	12,724	12,724	12,724	12,724	12,724	12,724	13,133	152,643	159,148	166,041
Remuneration of councillors												_			
Finance charges	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	100	104	108
Bulk purchases - electricity	3,334	3,334	3,334	3,334	3,334	3,334	3,334	3,334	3,334	3,334	3,334	3,334	40,005	46,006	50,607
Acquisitions - water & other inventory	656	656	656	656	656	656	656	656	656	656	656	656	7,867	8,181	8,509
Contracted services	7,195	7,195	7,195	7,195	7,195	7,195	7,195	7,195	7,195	7,195	7,195	7,195	86,342	64,876	66,911
Transfers and grants - other municipalities	.,.50	.,.50	.,.50	.,.00	.,.00	.,.50	.,.30	.,.30	.,.30	.,.50	.,.50		55,512	2.,3.0	,5
Transfers and grants - other	_	_		_	_	_		_	_		_	_	_	_	_
Other expenditure	6,533	6,533	7,666	7,666	7,666	7,666	7,666	7,666	7,666	7,666	7,666	9,883	91,945	78,811	81,744
Cash Payments by Type	30,221	30,221	31,584	31,584	31,584	31,584	31,584	31,584	31,584	31,584	31,584	34,209	378,902	357,126	373,919
	30,221	30,221	01,004	01,004	01,004	01,004	31,004	01,004	01,004	01,004	31,304	04,203	070,302	337,120	0,0,010
Other Cash Flows/Payments by Type										_					
Capital assets	9,886	9,886	9,886	9,886	9,886	9,886	9,886	9,886	9,886	9,886	9,886	10,686	119,428	197,357	107,742
Repay ment of borrowing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	-
Other Cash Flows/Payments	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-		_	_	-
Total Cash Payments by Type	40,106	40,106	41,469	41,469	41,469	41,469	41,469	41,469	41,469	41,469	41,469	44,895	498,330	554,483	481,661
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD	114,764	(26,171)	(18,767)	(27,134)	(29,992)	85,274	(36,261)	(29,130)	55,212	(36,261)	(36,261)		29,125	(48,659)	58,253
Cash/cash equivalents at the month/year begin:	356,178	470,942	444,771	426,004	398,870	368,879	454,153	417,892	388,762	443,974	407,712	371,451	356,178	385,303	336,644 394,897
Cash/cash equivalents at the month/year end:	470,942	444,771	426,004	398,870	368,879	454,153	417,892	388,762	443,974	407,712	371,451	385,303	385,303	336,644	394,897

Table 25 MBRR SA25 – Budgeted monthly revenue and expenditure

EC443 Winnie Madikizela Mandela - Supp	porti	ng Table S	A25 Budget	ed monthly	revenue ai	nd expendi	ture									
Description	Ref						Budget Ye	ear 2022/23						Medium Term	Revenue and Framework	Expenditure
R thousand		July	August	Sept.	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	Budget Year 2022/23	Budget Year +1 2023/24	Budget Year +2 2024/25
Revenue By Source																
Property rates		1,789	1,789	1,789	1,789	1,789	1,789	1,789	1,789	1,789	1,789	1,789	1,789	21,468	22,323	23,212
Service charges - electricity revenue		2,570	2,570	2,570	2,570	2,570	2,570	2,570	2,570	2,570	2,570	2,570	2,570	30,845	32,203	33,652
Service charges - water revenue		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-]	- [-	-	-	-	_
Service charges - sanitation revenue		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	
Service charges - refuse revenue		486	486	486	486	486	486	486	486	486	486	486	486	5,834	6,096	6,371
Rental of facilities and equipment		324	324	324	324	324	324	324	324	324	324	324	324	3,893	4,419	4,864
Interest earned - external investments		730	730	730	730	730	730	730	730	730	730	730	730	8,760	9,146	9,557
Interest earned - outstanding debtors		448	448	448	448	448	448	448	448	448	448	448	448	5,378	5,613	5,864
Dividends received		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fines, penalties and forfeits		49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	593	619	647
Licences and permits		200	200	200	200	200 117	200	200 117	200	200	200 117	200	200	2,404	2,510 1.463	2,623
Agency services		117	117	117	117	8	117		117	117	2	117	117	1,401	,	1,528
Transfers and subsidies		27,967	27,967	27,967	27,967	27,967	27,967	27,967	27,967	27,967	27,967	27,967	27,967	335,600	342,397	363,947
Other revenue Gains		43	43	43	43	43	43 _	43	43	43	43	43	43	520 -	537	556
ਰਗਾਂਤ Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and	cont	34,725	34,725	34,725	- 34,725	34,725	34,725	34,725	34,725	34,725	34,725	34,725	- 34,725	416,697	427,325	- 452,820
· • •	1	34,723	34,723	34,723	34,123	54,725	34,723	34,723	34,723	34,723	34,723	34,723	34,723	410,037	421,323	432,020
Expenditure By Type		40.005	40.005	40.005	40.005	10.005	10.005	10.005	40.005	10.005	10.005	40.005	40.005	404.045	400 005	405 740
Employ ee related costs		10,385	10,385	10,385	10,385	10,385	10,385	10,385	10,385	10,385	10,385	10,385	10,385	124,615	129,995	135,718
Remuneration of councillors		2,254	2,254	2,254	2,254	2,254	2,254	2,254	2,254	2,254	2,254	2,254 800	2,254	27,047	28,129	29,254
Debt impairment		800 4,145	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	4,145	800	9,600 49,735	9,984 50,730	10,383 51,744
Depreciation & asset impairment Finance charges		4, 145 8	4,145 8	4,145 8	4,145 8	4,145 8	4,145 8	4,145 8	4,145 8	4,145 8	4,145 8	4, 145 8	4,145 8	100	104	108
Bulk purchases - electricity		3,334	3,334	3,334	3,334	3,334	3,334	3,334	3,334	3,334	3,334	3,334	3,334	40,005	46,006	50,607
Inventory consumed		5,33 4 656	5,334 656	656	656	656	656	656	5,334 656	656	656	5,33 4 656	656	7,867	46,006 8,181	8,509
Contracted services		7,862	7,862	7,862	7,862	7,862	7,862	7,862	7,862	7,862	7,862	7,862	7,859	94,339	64,260	66,907
Transfers and subsidies		296	296	296	296	296	296	296	296	296	296	296	296	3,550	3,692	3,840
Other ex penditure		6,848	6,848	6,848	6,848	6,848	6,848	6,848	6,848	6,848	6,848	6,848	6,843	82,171	76,137	78,967
Losses		0,040	0,040	0,040	0,040	0,040	0,040	0,040	0,040	0,040	0,040	0,040	0,043	02,171	70,157	70,507
Total Expenditure		36,586	36,586	36,586	36,586	36,586	36,586	36,586	36,586	36,586	36,586	36,586	36,578	439,029	417,219	436,038
'	ļ								·							
Surplus/(Deficit)		(1,862)	(1,862)	(1,862)	(1,862)	(1,862)	(1,862)	(1,862)	(1,862)	(1,862)	(1,862)	(1,862)	(1,854)	(22,333)	10,106	16,782
Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary																
allocations) (National / Provincial and District)		7,087	7,087	7,087	7,087	7,087	7,087	7,087	7,087	7,087	7,087	7,087	7,087	85,040	85,433	89,241
Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary																
allocations) (National / Provincial Departmental										9						
Agencies, Households, Non-profit Institutions,																
Private Enterprises, Public Corporatons, Higher											-					
Educational Institutions)		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_ #	_	_	_	_	_
Transfers and subsidies - capital (in-kind - all)		_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_]	_ [_	_	_	_	_
Surplus/(Deficit) after capital transfers &											F 00-			20 70-	o= =o-	400 0
contributions		5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,233	62,707	95,539	106,023
Taxation		_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	- "	_	-	_	-	_
Attributable to minorities		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	- "	-	_	-	-	_
Share of surplus/ (deficit) of associate		-	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	- 1	_ "	-	-	-	-	_
Surplus/(Deficit)	1	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,233	62,707	95,539	106,023

Table 26 MBRR SA26 – Budgeted monthly revenue and expenditure (municipal vote)

Revenue by Vote Vote 1 - Executive and Council Vote 2 - Corporate Services Vote 3 - Budget Treasury Office Vote 4 - Community Services Vote 5 - Dev elopment Planning Vote 6 - Engineering Services Vote 7 - Null		July			Budget Year 2022/23												
Vote 1 - Executive and Council Vote 2 - Corporate Services Vote 3 - Budget Treasury Office Vote 4 - Community Services Vote 5 - Development Planning Vote 6 - Engineering Services	8	July	August	Sept.	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	Budget Year 2022/23	Budget Year +1 2023/24	Budget Year +2 2024/25	
Vote 2 - Corporate Services Vote 3 - Budget Treasury Office Vote 4 - Community Services Vote 5 - Development Planning Vote 6 - Engineering Services												l					
Vote 3 - Budget Treasury Office Vote 4 - Community Services Vote 5 - Development Planning Vote 6 - Engineering Services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	
Vote 4 - Community Services Vote 5 - Development Planning Vote 6 - Engineering Services		11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	137	143	149	
Vote 5 - Dev elopment Planning Vote 6 - Engineering Services		28,349	28,349	28,349	28,349	28,349	28,349	28,349	28,349	28,349	28,349	28,349	28,349	340,189	361,040	383,680	
Vote 6 - Engineering Services		1,210	1,210	1,210	1,210	1,210	1,210	1,210	1,210	1,210	1,210	1,210	1,210	14,517	11,283	11,783	
		3,711	3,711	3,711	3,711	3,711	3,711	3,711	3,711	3,711	3,711	3,711	3,711	44,531	22,573	23,468	
Vote 7 - Null		8,530	8,530	8,530	8,530	8,530	8,530	8,530	8,530	8,530	8,530	8,530	8,530	102,363	117,719	122,980	
		-	- 1	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	- 1	-	_	_	_	_	
Vote 8 - Null		-	- 1	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	- 1	-	_	_	_	_	
Vote 9 - Null		-	- (_	-	-	-	_	-	-	- 1	-	_	_	_	_	
Vote 10 - Null		_	- 1	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	- 1	-	_	_	_	_	
Vote 11 - Null		_	_]	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Vote 12 - Null		_	- 1	_	_	-	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Vote 13 - Null		_	_ [_	-	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Vote 14 - Null		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Vote 15 - Null		_	_ [_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
otal Revenue by Vote		41,811	41,811	41,811	41,811	41,811	41,811	41,811	41,811	41,811	41,811	41,811	41,811	501,737	512,758	542,061	
expenditure by Vote to be appropriated			***************************************														
Vote 1 - Executive and Council		7,033	7,033	7,033	7,033	7,033	7,033	7,033	7,033	7,033	7,033	7,033	7,033	84,391	86,141	89,704	
Vote 2 - Corporate Services		4,972	4,972	4,972	4,972	4,972	4,972	4,972	4,972	4,972	4,972	4,972	4,972	59,665	61,819	64,055	
Vote 3 - Budget Treasury Office		3,460	3,460	3,460	3,460	3,460	3,460	3,460	3,460	3,460	3,460	3,460	3,460	41,521	43,073	44,706	
Vote 4 - Community Services		6,597	6,597	6,597	6,597	6,597	6,597	6,597	6,597	6,597	6,597	6,597	6,597	79,162	78,604	81,927	
Vote 5 - Dev elopment Planning		3,016	3,016	3,016	3,016	3,016	3,016	3,016	3,016	3,016	3,016	3,016	3,008	36,186	28,003	29,090	
Vote 6 - Engineering Services		11,509	11,509	11,509	11,509	11,509	11,509	11,509	11,509	11,509	11,509	11,509	11,509	138,105	119,579	126,556	
Vote 7 - Null		-	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	-	-	-	_	_	
Vote 8 - Null		-	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	-	_	-	_	_	
Vote 9 - Null		-	- 1	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	- 1	-	_	_	_	_	
Vote 10 - Null		-	- 1	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	- 1	-	_	_	_	_	
Vote 11 - Null		-	- 1	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	- 1	-	_	_	_	_	
Vote 12 - Null		-	- 1	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	- 1	-	_	_	_	_	
Vote 13 - Null		_	_]	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Vote 14 - Null		_	- 1	_	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	-	
Vote 15 - Null		_	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
otal Expenditure by Vote		36,586	36,586	36,586	36,586	36,586	36,586	36,586	36,586	36,586	36,586	36,586	36,578	439,029	417,219	436,038	
Surplus/(Deficit) before assoc.		5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,233	62,707	95,539	106,023	
Taxation		_	_ [_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Attributable to minorities			_]	_	_	_		_		_	_		_	1 _	_		
							_		_						_	_	
Share of surplus/ (deficit) of associate Surplus/(Deficit)	1	- 5,225	- 5,225	- 5,225	- 5,225	- 5,225	5,225	- 5,225	- 5,225	- 5,225	- 5,225	- 5,225	5,233	62,707	95,539	106,023	

Table 27 MBRR SA27 – Budgeted monthly revenue and expenditure (standard classification

EC443 Winnie Madikizela Mandela - Su																	
Description F	Ref	Budget Year 2022/23													Medium Term Revenue and Expenditure Framework		
		July	August	Sept.	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	Мау	June	Budget Year 2022/23	Budget Year +1 2023/24	Budget Year +2 2024/25	
Revenue - Functional		00.450	00.450	00.450	00.450	00.450	00.450	00.450	00.450	20.452	00.450	00.450	00.440	004 704	200 507	407.040	
Governance and administration		30,150	30,150	30,150	30,150	30,150	30,150	30,150	30,150	30,150	30,150	30,150	30,149	361,794	383,507	407,042	
Executive and council		20.450	20.450	20.450	20.450	20.450	20.450	20.450	20.450	- 20.450	20.450	20.450	20.440	204 704	- 202 507	407.040	
Finance and administration		30,150	30,150	30,150	30,150	30,150	30,150	30,150	30,150	30,150	30,150	30,150	30,149	361,794	383,507	407,042	
Internal audit		-	414	-	414	414	414	414	414	414	-	414	-	4 000	- 5,158	5,384	
Community and public safety		414 52	414 52	414 52	52	414 52	52	52	52	414 52	414 52	414 52	414 52	4,966 623	623	645	
Community and social services		52	52	52	52 _	52	52	52	52 _	52	52	- -	52	023	623	645	
Sport and recreation		- 362	- 362	- 362	- 362	- 362	362	- 362	- 362	- 362	- 362	- 362	362	4,344	- 4,535	4,739	
Public safety			302		- -		362 -	302	302	302	302	302	302	4,344	4,555	4,739	
Housing Health		-	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	
Economic and environmental services		6,508	6,508	6,508	6,508	6,508	6,508	6,508	6,508	6,508	6,508	6,508	6,508	78,100	57,682	60,240	
Planning and development		1,922	1,922	1,922	1,922	1,922	1,922	1,922	1,922	1,922	1,922	1,922	1,922	23,062	249	256	
Road transport		4,587	4,587	4,587	4,587	4,587	4,587	4,587	4,587	4,587	4,587	4,587	4,587	55,038	57,433	59,984	
Environmental protection		4,507	4,507	-,507	4,307	4,567	4,507	4,567	4,567	4,567	4,567	-,507	4,507	33,030	57,455	33,304	
Trading services		4,740	4,740	4,740	4,740	4,740	4,740	4,740	4,740	4,740	4,740	4,740	4,740	56,876	66,411	69,395	
Energy sources		3,944	3,944	3,944	3,944	3,944	3,944	3,944	3,944	3,944	3,944	3,944	3,944	47,325	60,286	62,996	
Water management		3,344	3,344	3,344	5,544	3,344	3,344	3,344	3,344	3,344	5,544	5,544	3,344	47,525	00,200	02,550	
Waste water management		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Waste management		796	796	796	796	796	796	796	796	- 796	796	- 796	796	9,550	6,125	6,400	
Other		750	750	750	750	750	750	750	750	750	750	750	750	3,330	0,123	0,400	
Total Revenue - Functional		41,811	41,811	41,811	41,811	41,811	41,811	41,811	41,811	41,811	41,811	41,811	41,811	501,737	512,758	542,061	
Expenditure - Functional							0000										
Governance and administration		16,809	16,809	16,809	16,809	16,809	16,809	16,809	16,809	16,809	16,809	16,809	16,809	201,712	207,838	215,974	
Executive and council		5,341	5,341	5,341	5,341	5,341	5,341	5,341	5,341	5,341	5,341	5,341	5,341	64,094	65,154	67,832	
Finance and administration		11,078	11,078	11,078	11,078	11,078	11,078	11,078	11,078	11,078	11,078	11,078	11,078	132,936	137,806	143,056	
Internal audit		390	390	390	390	390	390	390	390	390	390	390	390	4,682	4,878	5,086	
Community and public safety		2,693	2,693	2,693	2,693	2,693	2,693	2,693	2,693	2,693	2,693	2,693	2,685	32,307	33,633	35,055	
Community and social services		1,079	1,079	1,079	1,079	1,079	1,079	1,079	1,079	1,079	1,079	1,079	1,070	12,936	13,429	13,967	
Sport and recreation		197	197	197	197	197	197	197	197	197	197	197	197	2,369	2,471	2,581	
Public safety		1,330	1,330	1,330	1,330	1,330	1,330	1,330	1,330	1,330	1,330	1,330	1,330	15,956	16,641	17,368	
Housing		87	87	87	87	87	87	87	87	87	87	87	87	1,046	1,091	1,139	
Health		-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	
Economic and environmental services		8,792	8,792	8,792	8,792	8,792	8,792	8,792	8,792	8,792	8,792	8,792	8,792	105,502	79,978	82,559	
Planning and development		3,141	3,141	3,141	3,141	3,141	3,141	3,141	3,141	3,141	3,141	3,141	3,141	37,697	29,584	30,747	
Road transport		5,429	5,429	5,429	5,429	5,429	5,429	5,429	5,429	5,429	5,429	5,429	5,429	65,153	47,631	48,929	
Environmental protection		221	221	221	221	221	221	221	221	221	221	221	221	2,651	2,764	2,883	
Trading services		7,960	7,960	7,960	7,960	7,960	7,960	7,960	7,960	7,960	7,960	7,960	7,960	95,515	91,607	98,109	
Energy sources		5,676	5,676	5,676	5,676	5,676	5,676	5,676	5,676	5,676	5,676	5,676	5,676	68,108	66,893	72,346	
Water management		-	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	-	_	-	
Waste water management		-	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	
Waste management		2,284	2,284	2,284	2,284	2,284	2,284	2,284	2,284	2,284	2,284	2,284	2,284	27,406	24,715	25,764	
Other		333	333	333	333	333	333	333	333	333	333	333	333	3,994	4,162	4,340	
Total Expenditure - Functional		36,586	36,586	36,586	36,586	36,586	36,586	36,586	36,586	36,586	36,586	36,586	36,578	439,029	417,219	436,038	
Surplus/(Deficit) before assoc.		5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,233	62,707	95,539	106,023	
Share of surplus/ (deficit) of associate													-	_	-	_	
Surplus/(Deficit)	1	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,225	5,233	62,707	95,539	106,023	

Table 28 MBRR SA28 – Budgeted monthly capital expenditure (municipal vote)

EC443 Winnie Madikizela Mandela - Sup	porti	ng Table S <i>i</i>	A28 Budget	ed monthly	capital exp	enditure (n	nunicipal v	ote)						_		
Description	Ref						Budget Ye	ar 2022/23						Medium Tern	n Revenue and	l Expenditure
2333			,				3		,	,			,		Framework	·
R thousand		July	August	Sept.	October	Nov.	Dec.	January	Feb.	March	April	May	June	Budget Year 2022/23	Budget Year +1 2023/24	Budget Year +2 2024/25
Multi-year expenditure to be appropriated	1															
Vote 1 - Executive and Council		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Vote 2 - Corporate Services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Vote 3 - Budget Treasury Office		748	748	748	748	748	748	748	748	748	748	748	748	8,974	16,000	1,200
Vote 4 - Community Services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Vote 5 - Development Planning		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Vote 6 - Engineering Services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	_
Vote 7 - Null		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_
Vote 8 - Null		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_
Vote 9 - Null		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_
Vote 10 - Null		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	_
Vote 11 - Null		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_
Vote 12 - Null		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_
Vote 13 - Null		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_
Vote 14 - Null		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	_
Vote 15 - Null		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	_
Capital multi-year expenditure sub-total	2	748	748	748	748	748	748	748	748	748	748	748	748	8,974	16,000	1,200
Single-year expenditure to be appropriated																
Vote 1 - Executive and Council		_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 2 - Corporate Services		992	992	992	992	992	992	992	992	992	992	992	992	11,900	10,500	2,500
Vote 3 - Budget Treasury Office		_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 4 - Community Services		1,083	1,083	1,083	1,083	1,083	1,083	1,083	1,083	1,083	1,083	1,083	1,083	13,000	12,100	2,600
Vote 5 - Development Planning		1,308	1,308	1,308	1,308	1,308	1,308	1,308	1,308	1,308	1,308	1,308	1,308	15,702	3,640	2,700
Vote 6 - Engineering Services		4,959	4,959	4,959	4,959	4,959	4,959	4,959	4,959	4,959	4,959	4,959	4,959	59,512	106,011	98,742
Vote 7 - Null		_	-	_	-	-	_	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	_
Vote 8 - Null		_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 9 - Null		_	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	_
Vote 10 - Null		_	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 11 - Null		_	-	_	-	-	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 12 - Null		_	-	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 13 - Null		_	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 14 - Null		_	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vote 15 - Null		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Capital single-year expenditure sub-total	2	8,343	8,343	8,343	8,343	8,343	8,343	8,343	8,343	8,343	8,343	8,343	8,343	100,114	132,251	106,542
Total Capital Expenditure	2	9,091	9,091	9,091	9,091	9,091	9,091	9,091	9,091	9,091	9,091	9,091	9,091	109,088	148,251	107,742

Table 29 MBRR SA29 – Budgeted monthly capital expenditure (functional classification)

EC443 Winnie Madikizela Mandela - Sup	porti	ng Table S	A29 Budget	ed monthly	capital exp	enditure (f	unctional c	lassificatio	n)							
Description	Ref						Budget Ye	ear 2022/23						Medium Terr	n Revenue and Framework	d Expenditure
R thousand		July	August	Sept.	October	Nov.	Dec.	January	Feb.	March	April	May	June	Budget Year 2022/23	Budget Year +1 2023/24	Budget Year +2 2024/25
Capital Expenditure - Functional	1															
Governance and administration		53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	11,713	12,300	10,900	2,900
Executive and council													-	_	_	_
Finance and administration		53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	11,713	12,300	10,900	2,900
Internal audit		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_
Community and public safety		69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	1,145	1,900	1,500	2,000
Community and social services		84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	980	1,900	1,500	2,000
Sport and recreation		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	_
Public safety		(15)	(15)	(15)	(15)	(15)	(15)	(15)	(15)	(15)	(15)	(15)	165	_	_	_
Housing		-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_
Health		-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_
Economic and environmental services		3,120	3,120	3,120	3,120	3,120	3,120	3,120	3,120	3,120	3,120	3,120	39,169	73,488	95,251	70,885
Planning and development		2,143	2,143	2,143	2,143	2,143	2,143	2,143	2,143	2,143	2,143	2,143	6,605	30,176	24,640	13,900
Road transport		977	977	977	977	977	977	977	977	977	977	977	32,564	43,312	70,611	56,985
Environmental protection		-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_
Trading services		1,729	1,729	1,729	1,729	1,729	1,729	1,729	1,729	1,729	1,729	1,729	2,385	21,400	40,600	31,957
Energy sources		837	837	837	837	837	837	837	837	837	837	837	1,493	10,700	30,400	31,757
Water management		-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	_	_
Waste water management		-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	_	_
Waste management		892	892	892	892	892	892	892	892	892	892	892	892	10,700	10,200	200
Other		-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_
Total Capital Expenditure - Functional	2	4,971	4,971	4,971	4,971	4,971	4,971	4,971	4,971	4,971	4,971	4,971	54,412	109,088	148,251	107,742
Frankad brit																
Funded by:		C 101	C 101	C 101	C 101	C 101	C 101	C 404	C 404	C 101	C 101	C 101	C 404	74 200	00.564	06 242
National Government		6,191	6,191	6,191	6,191	6,191	6,191	6,191	6,191	6,191	6,191	6,191	6,191	74,288	82,561	86,242
Provincial Government		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	_
District Municipality Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	_
allocations) (National / Provincial																
Departmental Agencies, Households, Non-																
profit Institutions, Private Enterprises, Public		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Transfers recognised - capital		6,191	6,191	6,191	6,191	6,191	6,191	6,191	6,191	6,191	6,191	6,191	6,191	74,288	82,561	86,242
Borrowing		- 0,131	-	0,131	-	-	-	-	-	- 0,131	-	-	0,131	14,200	02,001	00,2-12
Internally generated funds		2,900	2,900	2,900	2,900	2,900	2,900	2,900	2,900	2,900	2,900	2,900	2,900	34,800	65,690	21,500
Total Capital Funding	+	9,091	9.091	9,091	9,091	9.091	9,091	9,091	9,091	9,091	9.091	9.091	9,091	109.088	148,251	107,742
iolai Gapilai Fullulliy		3,031	3,031	3,031	3,031	5,031	3,031	3,091	3,091	3,031	3,031	3,091	3,091	103,000	140,201	107,742

Table 30 MBRR SA30 – Budgeted monthly cash flow

EC443 Winnie Madikizela Mandela - Supporting Table	SA30 Budge	ted monthly	y cash flow	,											
MONTHLY CASH FLOWS						Budget Ye	ar 2022/23						Medium Tern	n Revenue and Framework	Expenditure
R thousand	July	August	Sept.	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	Budget Year 2022/23	Budget Year +1 2023/24	Budget Year +2 2024/25
Cash Receipts By Source															
Property rates	2,901	2,901	2,901	2,901	2,901	2,901	2,901	2,901	2,901	2,901	2,901	2,901	34,817	19,285	22,310
Service charges - electricity revenue	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	44,323	44,351	32,711	38,180
Service charges - water revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Service charges - sanitation revenue	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-
Service charges - refuse revenue	853	853	853	853	853	853	853	853	853	853	853	853	10,237	7,770	6,948
Rental of facilities and equipment	324	324	324	324	324	324	324	324	324	324	324	324	3,893	4,419	4,864
Interest earned - external investments	730	730	730	730	730	730	730	730	730	730	730	730	8,760	9,146	9,557
Interest earned - outstanding debtors												_			
Div idends received	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Fines, penalties and forfeits	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	39	462	185	193
Licences and permits	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	2,404	2,510	2,623
Agency services	117	117	117	117	117	117	117	117	117	117	117	117	1,401	1,463	1,528
Transfers and Subsidies - Operational	133,373	3,022	500		1,659	106,698		1,106	80,024			9,218	335,600	342,397	363,947
Other revenue	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	490	506	523
Cash Receipts by Source	138,581	8.230	5.708	5.208	6,867	111,906	5.208	6,314	85,232	5.208	5.208	58,746	442,415	420.391	450.673
Other Cash Flows by Source						,									
Other Cash Flows by Source															
Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary allocations) (National															
/ Provincial and District)	16,290	5,705	16,995	9,128	4,611	14,837		6,025	11,450			_	85,040	85,433	89,241
Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary allocations) (National	10,230	0,700	10,555	3,120	4,011	14,007		0,020	11,400				00,040	00,400	03,241
/ Provincial Departmental Agencies, Households, Non-profit															
Institutions, Private Enterprises, Public Corporatons, Higher															
Educational Institutions)															
Proceeds on Disposal of Fixed and Intangible Assets	- II	_ [- []	- [- [- [- []	- [- [- [- [- [- I		- I
Short term loans	_	_		_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Borrowing long term/refinancing	_	_		_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Increase (decrease) in consumer deposits	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	-	-
Decrease (increase) in non-current receivables	-	_		_	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	-	-
Decrease (increase) in non-current investments	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-
Total Cash Receipts by Source	154,871	13,935	22,703	14,335	11,478	126,744	5,208	12,339	96,681	5,208	5,208	58,746	527,455	505,824	539,914
Cash Payments by Type															
Employ ee related costs	12,495	12,495	12,724	12,724	12,724	12,724	12,724	12,724	12,724	12,724	12,724	13,133	152,643	159,148	166,041
Remuneration of councillors												_			
Finance charges	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	100	104	108
Bulk purchases - electricity	3,334	3,334	3,334	3,334	3,334	3,334	3,334	3,334	3,334	3,334	3,334	3,334	40,005	46,006	50,607
Acquisitions - water & other inventory	656	656	656	656	656	656	656	656	656	656	656	656	7,867	8,181	8,509
Contracted services	7,195	7,195	7,195	7,195	7,195	7,195	7,195	7,195	7,195	7,195	7,195	7,195	86,342	64,876	66,911
Transfers and grants - other municipalities	1,.55	.,	.,	.,	.,	.,	.,	.,	.,	.,	.,	F .,	33,3.=	,	
Transfers and grants - other	_	_		_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other expenditure	6,533	6,533	7,666	7,666	7,666	7,666	7,666	7,666	7,666	7,666	7,666	9,883	91,945	78,811	81,744
Cash Payments by Type	30,221	30,221	31,584	31,584	31,584	31,584	31,584	31,584	31,584	31,584	31,584	34,209	378,902	357,126	373,919
	33,221	00,221	0.,004	5.,564	5.,504	5.,554	5.,554	5.,554	0.,004	5.,554	5.,554	0.,200	5.5,502	33.,120	0.0,010
Other Cash Flows/Payments by Type															
Capital assets	9,886	9,886	9,886	9,886	9,886	9,886	9,886	9,886	9,886	9,886	9,886	10,686	119,428	197,357	107,742
Repay ment of borrowing	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Other Cash Flows/Payments	-	-	-		_	-	_	_	-	-	-		_	_	
Total Cash Payments by Type	40,106	40,106	41,469	41,469	41,469	41,469	41,469	41,469	41,469	41,469	41,469	44,895	498,330	554,483	481,661
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD	114,764	(26,171)	(18,767)	(27,134)	(29,992)	85,274	(36,261)	(29,130)	55,212	(36,261)	(36,261)	13,852	29,125	(48,659)	58,253
Cash/cash equivalents at the month/year begin:	356,178	470,942	444,771	426,004	398,870	368,879	454,153	417,892	388,762	443,974	407,712	371,451	356,178	385,303	336,644
Cash/cash equivalents at the month/year end:	470,942	444,771	426,004	398,870	368,879	454,153	417,892	388,762	443,974	407,712	371,451	385,303	385,303	336,644	394,897

10.7. Contracts having future budgetary implications

EC443 Winnie Madikizela Mandela -	Supporti	ng Table SA	35 Future fin	ancial implic	ations of the	capital bud	get	
Vote Description	Ref		edium Term R nditure Frame			Fore	casts	
R thousand		Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Year	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Present
it inousunu		2022/23	+1 2023/24	+2 2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	value
Capital expenditure	1							
Vote 1 - Executive and Council		-	-	-				
Vote 2 - Corporate Services		11,900	10,500	2,500				
Vote 3 - Budget Treasury Office		8,974	16,000	1,200				
Vote 4 - Community Services		13,000	12,100	2,600				
Vote 5 - Development Planning		15,702	3,640	2,700				
Vote 6 - Engineering Services		59,512	106,011	98,742				
Vote 7 - Null		-	-	-				
Vote 8 - Null		-	-	-				
Vote 9 - Null		-	-	-				
Vote 10 - Null		-	-	-				
Vote 11 - Null		_	_	-				
Vote 12 - Null		-	-	_				
Vote 13 - Null		-	-	_				
Vote 14 - Null		-	-	_				
Vote 15 - Null		-	-	_				
List entity summary if applicable								
Total Capital Expenditure		109.088	148.251	107,742	-	_	-	-

In terms of the municipality's Supply Chain Management policy, no contracts are awarded beyond the medium-term revenue and expenditure framework (three years). In ensuring adherence to this contractual time frame limitation, all reports submitted to either the Bid Evaluation and Adjudication Committees must obtain formal financial management comments and budget confirmation from the Budget and Treasury office.

10.8. Detailed Capital budget

EC443 Winnie Madikizela Mande	ela - Supporting Table SA36 Detailed capital budget		,											*******		
R thousand															edium Term Re nditure Framew	
		1										* Nand	Current Year			·
Function	Project Description	Project Number	Туре	MTSF Service Outcome	IUDF	Own Strategic Objectives	Asset Class	Asset Sub-Class	Ward Location	GPS Longitude	GPS Lattitude	Audited Outcome	2021/22		Budget Year	Budget Year
runcaon	Froject Description	Project number	iype	Misr service outcome	IODF	OWI dirategic Objectives	Mooti Gidoo	Woods Ann-Class	Walu Location	Gro Longitude	Gro Latitique	2020/21	Full Year	2022/23	+1 2023/24	+2 2024/25
Parent municipality:													Forecast			
List all capital projects grouped by F	unction														1	
Community and Social Services												1,875	2,258			
	Fencing of Recreational Facilities		New	accountable, effective and efficient local	Growth	o protect the municipal buildin	Community Facilities	Halls	Ward 27					1,200 700	1,500	2,000
	Disaster Bakkie		New	accountable, effective and efficient local	Inclusion and access	ure electricity problem are atter	Transport Assets	Unspecified	Admin					700		
Energy Sources												34,185	27,600			
	MV Networks:Electrification of Nomlacu		New	th Africa and contribute to a better Africa	Inclusion and access	sion of electricity to the rural of	Electrical Infrastructure	MV Networks	Ward 26					2,100	6,000	-
	LV Networks:Supply and Installation of High Master		New	th Africa and contribute to a better Africa	Inclusion and access	Insallation of High Matser	Electrical Infrastructure	LV Networks	Ward 1					2,300	2,400	2,500
	HV Substations:Construction of Subtstation		New	th Africa and contribute to a better Africa	Inclusion and access	sion of electricity to the rural co	Electrical Infrastructure	MV Networks	Ward 1					- 0.400	-	29,257
	MV Networks:Electrification of Lower Etheridge MV Networks:Electrification of Msarhweni		New New	th Africa and contribute to a better Africa th Africa and contribute to a better Africa	Inclusion and access Inclusion and access	sion of electricity to the rural c sion of electricity to the rural c	Electrical Infrastructure Electrical Infrastructure	MV Networks MV Networks	Ward 20 Ward 22					2,100 2,100	6,000 6,000	-
	MV Networks:Electrification of Zizity aneni		New	th Africa and contribute to a better Africa	Inclusion and access	sion of electricity to the rural c	Electrical Infrastructure	MV Networks	Ward 31					2,100	10,000	Ī.
Finance and Administration												8,470	9,498			
	Computer Equipment Computer Equipment		New	accountable, effective and efficient local	Governance	r perfom and improve service	Computer Equipment	Unspecified	admin					2,500	-	-
	Halls:Mbizana Town Hall in Ward1 Furniture and Office Equipment Mbizana Civic Centre		New New	accountable, effective and efficient local accountable, effective and efficient local	Governance Governance	working conditions for all emp working conditions for all emp	Furniture and Office Equipment Furniture and Office Equipment	Unspecified Unspecified	admin admin					5,000	6,000 4,000	-
	Furniture and Office Equipment Office Equipment		New New	accountable, effective and efficient local accountable, effective and efficient local	Governance	working conditions for all emp	Furniture and Office Equipment Furniture and Office Equipment	Unspecified	admin admin					5,000	500	500
	Cabling and Wifi Network		New	accountable, effective and efficient local,	Governance	working conditions for all emp	Furniture and Office Equipment	Unspecified	admin					2,000	-	-
	Furniture and Office Equipment Security Equipment		New	accountable, effective and efficient local	Governance	Safety of the municipal assets	Furniture and Office Equipment	Unspecified	admin					200	200	200
	Furniture and Office Equipment CCTV cameras		New	accountable, effective and efficient local	Governance	Safety of the municipal assets	Furniture and Office Equipment	Unspecified	admin					200	200	200
	Transport Assets:Transport Assets		New	accountable, effective and efficient local	Governance	better service delivery	Transport Assets	Unspecified	admin					1,900	-	2,000
Planning and Development												44,271	115,735			
Flairing and Development	Creches:ECDC Ward 13		New	th Africa and contribute to a better Africa	Inclusion and access	cting of Creshe for Ward 1 con	Community Facilities	Crèches	Ward 13			44,271	113,733	3,500	_	_
	Municipal Offices:Buildings		Upgrading	effective and development-oriented public	Governance	a better standard of our of offi	Operational Buildings	Municipal Offices	Wrad 1					2,000	5,000	10,000
	Outdoor Facilities:Beach Infrastructure Development		New	long and healthy life for all South African	Growth	construct Beach Ablution facili	Community Facilities	Public Ablution Facilities	Ward 24					500	1,040	-
	Outdoor Facilities: Mputhumi Mafumbatha Stadium			th Africa and contribute to a better Africa	Inclusion and access	ucting a stadium for the Bizand	Community Facilities	Outdoor Facilities	Ward 1					-	16,000	1,200
	Manufacturing Plant Construction of Hubs Markets:Market Place		New New	th Africa and contribute to a better Africa th Africa and contribute to a better Africa	Inclusion and access Growth	ng 3 manufacturing hub in Biza w the local economy to 20 % b	Community Facilities Community Facilities	Manufacturing Plant Markets	Wrd 4 Ward 1					13,602 1,600	2,600	2,700
	Halls:Mbizana Town Hall in Ward1			ath Africa and contribute to a better Africa.	Inclusion and access	fulti-Purpose Town in Bizana bi	Community Facilities	Halls	Ward 1					8.974	2,000	2,700
	Tails. MolEdia 10W11 Iai III Wala		opgraamg	an rend and company to a porter renda	mendon and decess	Tala - arpose fountin bizana b	Community r delices	71000	Wald I					0,074		
Road Transport												51,577	31,773			
	Roads:Upgrade of Mhlwazini Access Road			th Africa and contribute to a better Africa,	Inclusion and access	cess roads backlog by constru	Roads Infrastructure	Roads	:Ward 16					-	3,955	-
	Roads:Upgrade of Mgqutsalala Access Road	١		th Africa and contribute to a better Africa	Inclusion and access	cess roads backlog by constru	Roads Infrastructure Roads Infrastructure	Roads Roads	Ward 18 Ward 21					-	4,879 5,235	-
	Roads:Upgrade of Mbongwana via Dotye to Greenville Hospital Ac Road Structures:Construction of Bhukuveni to Ntshikintshane Conc			th Africa and contribute to a better Africa th Africa and contribute to a better Africa	Inclusion and access Inclusion and access	cess roads backlog by constru- cess roads backlog by constru-	Roads Infrastructure Roads Infrastructure	Roads Roads	Ward 21 Ward 8						4,939	
	Road Structures: Thaleni Bridge	l cab	New	th Africa and contribute to a better Africa	Inclusion and access	cess roads backlog by constru	Roads Infrastructure	Roads	Ward 27					_	3,568	28,492
	Roads:Rehabilitation of Ndlolothi to Thaleni AR(Sizindeni)		Renewal	th Africa and contribute to a better Africa	Inclusion and access	cess roads backlog by constru	Roads Infrastructure	Roads	Ward 27					-	2,100	-
	Roads:Rehabilitation of Emithini Emikhulu to section C AR			th Africa and contribute to a better Africa	Inclusion and access	cess roads backlog by constru	Roads Infrastructure	Roads	Ward 1					-	675	-
	Roads:Rehabilitation of Mdeni AR			th Africa and contribute to a better Africa	Inclusion and access	cess roads backlog by constru	Roads Infrastructure	Roads	Ward 4					-	3,450	-
	Roads:Rehabilitation of R61 to Malola AR Roads:Upgrade of Mgomazi Access Road- Phase 2		Renewal Upgrading	th Africa and contribute to a better Africa th Africa and contribute to a better Africa	Inclusion and access Inclusion and access	cess roads backlog by constru- cess roads backlog by constru-	Roads Infrastructure Roads Infrastructure	Roads Roads	Ward 26 Ward 14					-	9,825 6,986	
	Roads: Opgrade of Myornazi Access Road- Priase 2 Roads: Sidanga Bridge		New	th Africa and contribute to a better Africa	Inclusion and access	cess roads backlog by constru	Roads Infrastructure	Roads	Ward 28					6,496	25,000	28,492
	Roads:Sigingqi to Marina AR with bridge		New	th Africa and contribute to a better Africa	Inclusion and access	cess roads backlog by constru	Roads Infrastructure	Roads	Ward 23					10,600	-	-
	Roads:Tshongweni Access Road		New	th Africa and contribute to a better Africa	Inclusion and access	cess roads backlog by constru	Roads Infrastructure	Roads	Ward 16					8,500	-	-
	Roads:Sixhaseni Access Road		New	th Africa and contribute to a better Africa	Inclusion and access	cess roads backlog by constru	Roads Infrastructure	Roads	Ward 31					6,655	-	-
	Roads:Tshuze to Philisweni Access Road		New	th Africa and contribute to a better Africa	Inclusion and access	cess roads backlog by construc	Roads Infrastructure	Roads	Ward 9					11,061	-	-
Waste Management												1.054	1.820			
	Landfill Sites:Landfill		New	hance our environmental assets and nate	Inclusion and access	ispose waste in an acceptable of	Solid Waste Infrastructure	Landfill Sites	Ward 7			1,304	.,320	10,000	10,000	_
	Machinery and Equipment Grass cutting Machine		New	t effective and development-oriented pub	Governance	the grass cutting is being done	Machinery and Equipment	Unspecified	whole					-	200	200
	Transport Assets: Transport Assets		New	t effective and development-oriented pub.	Governance	ortaioncof refuse from different	Transport Assets	Unspecified	admin					700	-	-
Parent Capital expenditure										L	L	141,432	188,684	109.088	148.251	107,742
												141,432	100,004	.05,000	170,201	107,7-12
Entities:																
List all capital projects grouped by E	ntity															
Entity A																
Water project A																
Entity B Electricity project B																
Economy project b																
Entity Capital expenditure		L	L												, ,	,
Total Capital expenditure												141,432	188,684	109,088	148,251	107,742
	 											,		,	-,	. ,

10.9. Capital Expenditure details

Table 31 MBRR SA34a - Capital expenditure on new assets by asset class

EC443 Winnie Madikizela Mandela - Supporting Table SA34a Capital expenditure on new assets by asset class

Description	Ref	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	Cu	rrent Year 2021	1/22		ledium Term F nditure Frame	
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2022/23	Budget Year +1 2023/24	Budget Year +2 2024/25
Capital expenditure on new assets by Asset Class/Sub-class										
								L		
Infrastructure		63,714	51,369	64,182	34,277	41,901	41,901	64,012	73,907	88,742
Roads Infrastructure		22,397	31,165	31,539	13,070	14,843	14,843	43,312	33,507	56,985
Roads		22,397	31,165	31,539	13,070	14,843	14,843	43,312	25,000	28,492
Electrical Infrastructure		41,317	20,204	32,643	20,957	26,900	26,900	10,700	30,400	31,757
HV Substations		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,257
MV Networks		41,317	20,204	30,937	18,107	24,150	24,150	8,400	28,000	-
LV Networks		-		1,707	2,850	2,750	2,750	2,300	2,400	2,500
Solid Waste Infrastructure		-	-	-	250	158	158	10,000	10,000	-
Landfill Sites		-	-	-	-	-	-	10,000	10,000	-
Waste Drop-off Points		-	-	-	250	158	158	-	-	-
Community Assets		2,408	4,003	2,803	13,500	13,731	13,731	6,800	5,140	4,700
Community Facilities		2,408	4,003	2,803	13,500	13,000	13,000	6,300	4,100	4,700
Halls		-	4,003	1,356	8,400	8,200	8,200	1,200	1,500	2,000
Centres		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Crèches		2,408	-	-	3,500	3,200	3,200	3,500	-	-
Markets		-	-	1,447	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600	2,600	2,700
Sport and Recreation Facilities		-	-	-	-	731	731	500	1,040	-
Outdoor Facilities		-	-	-	_	731	731	500	1,040	-
Heritage assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment properties		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Other assets		- 1	1,289	736	19,820	16,699	16,699	13,602	-	-
Operational Buildings		-	1,289	736	19,820	16,699	16,699	13,602	-	-
Yards		-	1,289	736	_	-	-	_	-	-
Manufacturing Plant		-	_	-	19,820	16,699	16,699	13,602	-	-
Biological or Cultivated Assets		-	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	-
Intangible Assets		-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Computer Equipment		1,762	3,400	5,784	1,248	5,598	5,598	2,500	_	_
Computer Equipment		1,762	3,400	5,784	1,248	5,598	5,598	2,500	_	-
Furniture and Office Equipment		785	1,170	1,154	6,280	2,940	2,940	7,900	4,900	900
Furniture and Office Equipment		785	1,170	1,154	6,280	2,940	2,940	7,900	4,900	900
Machinery and Equipment		3,933	2,625	1,987	300	360	360	_	200	200
Machinery and Equipment		3,933	2,625	1,987	300	360	360	_	200	200
Transport Assets		2,796	1,614	1,974	1,400	4,050	4,050	3,300	-	2,000
Transport Assets		2,796	1,614	1,974	1,400	4,050	4,050	3,300	_	2,000
Total Capital Expenditure on new assets	1	75,399	65,471	78,620	76,825	85,278	85,278	98,114	84,147	96,542

Table 32 MBRR SA34b - Capital Expenditure on Renewal of Existing Assets by asset class

EC443 Winnie Madikizela Mandela - Supporting Table SA34b Capital expenditure on the renewal of existing assets by asset class

Description	Ref	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	Cur	rent Year 2021	/22		ledium Term R nditure Frame	
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2022/23	Budget Year +1 2023/24	Budget Year +2 2024/25
Capital expenditure on renewal of existing assets by Asset Class/Sub-class										
<u>Infrastructure</u>		-		16,495	_	16,000	16,000	_	16,050	_
Roads Infrastructure		-	-	16,495	-	16,000	16,000	-	16,050	-
Roads		-	-	16,495	-	16,000	16,000	-	16,050	-
Community Assets		-	541	12,588	11,000	27,815	27,815	_	_	-
Community Facilities		-	541	12,588	11,000	27,815	27,815	-	_	-
Taxi Ranks/Bus Terminals		-	541	12,588	11,000	27,815	27,815	-	_	-
Other assets		-	_		-	-		2,000	5,000	10,000
Operational Buildings		-	-	_	-	-	_	2,000	5,000	10,000
Municipal Offices		-	-	-	-	-	_	2,000	5,000	10,000
Total Capital Expenditure on renewal of existing assets	1	-	541	29,083	11,000	43,815	43,815	2,000	21,050	10,000
Renewal of Existing Assets as % of total capex		0.0%	0.6%	20.6%	9.3%	23.2%	23.2%	1.8%	14.2%	9.3%
Renewal of Existing Assets as % of deprecn"		0.0%	1.4%	72.4%	20.9%	83.2%	83.2%	4.0%	41.5%	19.3%

Table 33 MBRR SA34c - Repairs and maintenance by asset class

EC443 Winnie Madikizela Mandela - Supporting Table SA34c Repairs and maintenance expenditure by asset class

Description	Ref	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	Cui	rrent Year 2021	/22		ledium Term R Inditure Frame	
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2022/23	Budget Year +1 2023/24	Budget Year +2 2024/25
Repairs and maintenance expenditure by Asset Class/Sub-class										
<u>Infrastructure</u>		3,530	7,707	(1,227)	24,763	24,593	24,593	25,876	7,386	7,681
Roads Infrastructure		3,378	6,196	(1,566)	20,663	20,493	20,493	21,612	2,951	3,069
Roads		271	259	3	616	616	616	640	666	692
Road Structures		2,879	5,877	(2,068)	19,548	19,378	19,378	20,452	1,745	1,815
Road Furniture		228	59	500	500	500	500	520	541	562
Capital Spares		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Storm water Infrastructure		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electrical Infrastructure		152	1,511	339	4,100	4,100	4,100	4,264	4,435	4,612
MV Networks		152	1,511	339	4,100	4,100	4,100	4,264	4,435	4,612
Community Assets		383	20	515	903	1,090	1,090	519	516	539
Community Facilities		383	20	515	903	1,090	1,090	519	516	539
Halls		383	20	27	300	400	400	250	260	270
Libraries				281	183	270	270	155	138	146
Parks				207	420	420	420	114	118	123
		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Heritage assets		-	_	-	_	-	_	_	-	-
Other assets		1,330	3,963	4,043	4,439	4,375	4,375	4,274	4,445	4,623
Operational Buildings		1,330	3,963	4,043	4,439	4,375	4,375	4,274	4,445	4,623
Municipal Offices		1,330	3,963	3,894	4,231	4,231	4,231	4,125	4,290	4,462
Yards			_	149	208	144	144	149	155	161
Computer Equipment		102	27	72	100	50	50	50	52	54
Computer Equipment		102	27	72	100	50	50	50	52	54
Furniture and Office Equipment		-	_	-	_	-		-	-	-
Machinery and Equipment		464	1,082	324	570	530	530	500	522	546
Machinery and Equipment		464	1,082	324	570	530	530	500	522	546
<u>Transport Assets</u>		-	74	1,886	3,496	3,026	3,026	1,936	2,013	2,094
Transport Assets		_	74	1,886	3,496	3,026	3,026	1,936	2,013	2,094
Total Repairs and Maintenance Expenditure	1	5,809	12,873	5,614	34,271	33,664	33,664	33,155	14,935	15,537
	3	<u> </u>				<u> </u>			·	,
R&M as a % of PPE		0.9%	2.0%	0.8%	4.5%	4.2%	4.2%	4.6%	2.0%	1.8%
R&M as % Operating Expenditure		1.8%	3.5%	1.6%	7.9%	7.0%	7.0%	22.8%	3.4%	3.7%

Table 34 MBRR SA34d – Depreciation by asset class

EC443 Winnie Madikizela Mandela - Supporting Table SA34d Depreciation by asset class

Description	Ref	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	Cui	rrent Year 2021	/22	1	ledium Term F enditure Frame	
R thousand	1	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Full Year Forecast	Budget Year 2022/23	Budget Year +1 2023/24	Budget Year +2 2024/25
Depreciation by Asset Class/Sub-class										
<u>Infrastructure</u>		31,106	29,533	29,666	39,754	39,754	39,754	32,624	33,277	33,942
Roads Infrastructure		30,449	28,729	29,499	38,934	38,934	38,934	31,239	31,863	32,501
Roads		30,449	28,729	29,499	38,934	38,934	38,934	13,524	13,795	14,071
Road Structures		-	-	-	-	-	_	17,251	17,596	17,948
Road Furniture		- 07	-	-	- 404	-	- 101	463	473	482
Storm water Infrastructure		97	93	-	121	121	121	558	569	581
Drainage Collection		97	93	-	121	121	121	210	214	219
Storm water Conveyance		-	-	-	- 400	-	400	348	355	362
Electrical Infrastructure		390	545	-	488	488	488	656	669	683
HV Transmission Conductors		189	181	-	235	235	235	-	-	-
MV Substations		19	18	-	24	24	24	53	54	55
MV Switching Stations		32	31	-	43	43	43	-	_	-
MV Networks		82	251	-	102	102	102	444	453	462
LV Networks		68	65	-	84	84	84	160	163	166
Solid Waste Infrastructure		171	167	167	212	212	212	172	175	179
Landfill Sites		171	167	167	212	212	212	172	175	179
Community Assets		2,108	2,233	2,371	2,755	2,755	2,755	7,176	7,320	7,466
Community Facilities		2,108	2,233	2,371	2,755	2,755	2,755	5,075	5,177	5,280
Halls		1,117	1,092	2,371	1,358	1,358	1,358	3,574	3,646	3,719
Centres		977	1,128		1,379	1,379	1,379		_	_
Crèches		-	-	-		_ 		304	310	316
Cemeteries/Crematoria		14	13	-	17	17	17	14	14	14
Parks		-	-	-	-	-	-	1,014	1,035	1,055
Public Ablution Facilities		-	-	-	-	-	-	108	110	112
Stalls		-	-	-	-	-	-	61	62	64
Sport and Recreation Facilities		-	-	-	-	-	-	2,101	2,143	2,186
Outdoor Facilities		_	-	-	-	-	-	2,101	2,143	2,186
Other assets		862	727	722	1,128	1,128	1,128	693	707	721
Operational Buildings		862	727	722	1,128	1,128	1,128	680	693	707
Municipal Offices		862	727	722	1,128	1,128	1,128	366	374	381
Pay/Enquiry Points		-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	4
Yards		-	-	-	-	-	-	79	80	82
Stores		-	-	-	-	-	-	118	121	123
Laboratories		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Training Centres		-	-	-	-	-	-	113	115	117
Housing		-	-	-	-	-	-	13	14	14
Social Housing		-	-	-	-	-	-	13	14	14
Intangible Assets		445	131	129	100	100	100	-	_	-
Licences and Rights		445	131	129	100	100	100	-	_	-
Computer Software and Applications		445	131	129	100	100	100	-	-	-
Computer Equipment		335	315	186	400	400	400	2,223	2,268	2,313
Computer Equipment		335	315	186	400	400	400	2,223	2,268	2,313
Furniture and Office Equipment		2,359	2,636	2,797	3,174	3,174	3,174	1,274	1,299	1,325
Furniture and Office Equipment		2,359	2,636	2,797	3,174	3,174	3,174	1,274	1,299	1,325
Machinery and Equipment		846	2,497	2,856	3,179	3,179	3,179	4,321	4,408	4,496
Machinery and Equipment		846	2,497	2,856	3,179	3,179	3,179	4,321	4,408	4,496
Transport Assets		1,444	1,365	1,452	2,191	2,191	2,191	1,423	1,452	1,481
Transport Assets		1,444	1,365	1,452	2,191	2,191	2,191	1,423	1,452	1,481
Total Depreciation	1	39,506	39,437	40,180	52,682	52,682	52,682	49,735	50,730	51,744

10.10.

Table 34 MBRR SA34e – Capital Expenditure on upgrading of existing assets by asset class

EC443 Winnie Madikizela Mandela - Supporting Table SA34e Capital expenditure on the upgrading of existing assets by asset class

Description	Ref	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	Cur	rent Year 2021	/22		edium Term R nditure Frame	
R thousand	1	Audited	Audited	Audited	Original	Adjusted	Full Year	Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Year
N ulousaliu	'	Outcome	Outcome	Outcome	Budget	Budget	Forecast	2022/23	+1 2023/24	+2 2024/25
Capital expenditure on upgrading of existing assets by Asset Class/Sub-class										
<u>Infrastructure</u>		-	248	4,152	_	900	900	_	21,055	_
Roads Infrastructure		-	248	3,543	-	900	900	-	21,055	-
Roads		-	248	3,543	-	900	900	-	21,055	-
Electrical Infrastructure		-	-	609	-	-	-	-	-	-
LV Networks		-	-	609	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community Assets		23,458	21,941	29,576	29,902	58,690	58,690	8,974	22,000	1,200
Community Facilities		10,901	16,058	19,643	28,402	28,402	28,402	8,974	6,000	-
Halls		10,901	16,058	19,643	28,402	28,402	28,402	8,974	6,000	-
Sport and Recreation Facilities		12,557	5,884	9,933	1,500	30,288	30,288	-	16,000	1,200
Outdoor Facilities		12,557	5,884	9,933	1,500	30,288	30,288	-	16,000	1,200
Total Capital Expenditure on upgrading of existing assets	1	23,458	22,189	33,728	29,902	59,590	59,590	8,974	43,055	1,200
Upgrading of Existing Assets as % of total capex		0.0%	25.2%	23.8%	25.4%	31.6%	31.6%	8.2%	29.0%	1.1%
Upgrading of Existing Assets as % of deprecn"		59.4%	56.3%	83.9%	56.8%	113.1%	113.1%	18.0%	84.9%	2.3%

11. Legislation compliance status

Compliance with the MFMA implementation requirements have been substantially adhered to through the following activities:

11.1. In year reporting

Reporting to National Treasury in electronic format was fully complied with on a monthly basis through the submission of Section 71 reports to the Mayor, National Treasury, Provincial Treasury and other stakeholders within 10 working days of the end of each month.

Quarterly reports in terms of s52d have been tabled to the municipal council by the Mayor within 30 days of the end of each quarter and further submitted to all relevant stakeholders as required by law.

The municipality's mid-year assessment report has been tabled to the municipal council by 25 January 2022 and further submitted to the relevant stakeholders as required by s72 of the MFMA

11.2. Internship programme

The Municipality is participating in the Municipal Financial Management Internship programme and has employed five interns undergoing training in various divisions of the Financial Services Department. Of the interns trained over the years 12 were absorbed within the municipality's budget and treasury office while 4 have found employment in other municipality's and are now at managerial level. Since the introduction of the Internship programme the Municipality has successfully employed and trained 24 interns through this programme.

11.3. Budget and Treasury Office

The Budget and Treasury Office has been established in accordance with the MFMA headed by the Chief Financial Officer. The department has the following sections, each with its own head:

- Supply Chain Management
- Revenue and Management
- Budgeting and Reporting
- Asset Management and stores management

11.4. Audit Committee

The new municipal has extended the term of the current Audit Committee that was established by the previous due to the fact that it was considered to be fully functional. Even though the Audit Committee had resignations in the previous year, an appointment of the new member has been made.

11.5. Service Delivery and Implementation Plan

The municipality has run concurrently the process of developing a detailed SDBIP together with the draft budget to ensure alignment of these plans. The detail SDBIP document is at a draft stage and will be finalized after approval of the 2022/23 MTREF in May 2022 directly aligned and informed by the 2022/23 MTREF.

11.6. Financial Misconduct Disciplinary Board

The municipality established the financial misconduct disciplinary board in 2019 with its term coming to an end on 30 June 2021. The council, in a council meeting held on 28 February 2022 took a resolution to re-establish the disciplinary board to assist council in dealing with possible acts of financial misconduct within the municipality.

11.7. Procurement plans

The municipality has also made sure draft procurement plans are developed together with the draft budget to ensure full alignment of this plan as well. The procurement plan will be reviewed and revised where necessary to ensure that it assists the municipality in delivering services within planned timeframes.

11.8. Unauthorised, Irregular, Fruitless and Wasteful Expenditure Reduction Plans and Strategy

National Treasury has instructed municipalities to develop and adopt plans to reduce UIFW&E over the five year period. Even though the municipality had already cleared these expenditures a reduction strategy was developed and adopted by the municipal council on the 28th February 2022 to ensure the municipality continues to find ways to prevent these expenditures from happening.

11.9. Annual Report

Annual report has been compiled in terms of the MFMA and National Treasury requirements and an oversight report has also been presented to council on the 29th March 2022 after an extensive exercise by the MPAC and consultations with communities.

11.10. mSCOA

The municipality has been implementing mSCOA like all municipalities in the country as a business reform since its introduction from 1 July 2017. This was introduced to address among other things ensuring standardisation of treatment of transactions and reporting across all municipalities, to encourage proper planning and put controls in terms of revenue and expenditure management. Introduction of new and improved versions of the mSCOA chart has proven to present problems that sometimes make it impossible to operate normally requiring some extra effort to be put into the operations of the municipality to fulfil its service delivery mandate.

The municipality is in the process of making sure that all mSCOA structures are function through replacement of members who have since left the municipality and developing a schedule of meetings for these structures.

11.11. Budget steering committee

The Mayor of the municipality appointed members of the executive committee chaired by the Budget and Treasury Portfolio head together with members of Senior management as well as the managers responsible for IDP and Budget within the municipality.

12. APPROVAL OF THE IDP BY THE COUNCIL

This Draft 2022 / 2027 IDP has been tabled to council for adoption on the council meeting held on the 29 March 2022. This draft will be used on road shows / ward consultative meetings to present the draft IDP and budget 2022/2027 to our communities and invite their comments and inputs. This draft IDP document will also be submitted to MEC for assessment. Copies will be made available in key strategic accessible points for all interested stakeholders to read, make inputs and comments on this draft.

All received inputs will be considered and consolidated into the final document. The inputs are expected from communities, provincial government, sector departments, internal municipal department and other relevant stakeholders of the municipality.

The Winnie Madikizela – Mandela Municipal council is satisfied that all necessary planning activities as envisaged in the IDP process plan were carried out accordingly and therefore RESOLVES to adopt this document as its draft IDP review for 2022/ 2027 financial year.

DECLARATION OF ADOPTION

SIGNATURES

Chimia	29/03/2022
MR L. MAHLAKA	DATE
MUNICIPAL MANAGER	
A	
	29/03/2022
HON ELLR T. D. MAFUMBATHA	DATE

THE MAYOR

Winnie Madikizela-Mandela Local Municipality

Physical Address
51 Winnie Madikizela
Mandela Street
Postal Address
P O Box 12
Bizana



Office of the Municipal Manager Tel: 039 251 0230 Fax: 039 251 0917 mahlakal@mbizana.gov.za

EXTRACT FROM THE MINUTES OF THE ORDINARY COUNCIL MEETING

Date

29th MARCH 2022

Time

10Hrs

Venue

MULTI-PURPOSE YOUTH CENTER

7. EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE REPORTS

7.1. Draft IDP 2022- 2027 FY

On the motion of Councillor Ndovela seconded by Councillor Yalo it was resolved that:

- The Draft Integrated Development Plan 2022-2027 FY be noted by Municipal Council.
- \bullet The amended Mission and Values be adopted as new Values and Mission of WMM LM.

Signed by

Cllr Z Mhlwazi

The Speaker

WINNIE MADIKIZELA-MANDELA LOCAL MUNICIPALITY PO BCX 12 BIZALA 4800

2022 -03- 3 0

OFFICE OF THE SPEAKER TEL: 039 251 0230 FAX: 039 251 0917

14. COGTA PLANNING INDICATORS ACCORDING TO CIRCULA 88 OF THE MFMA

MUNIC CODE	Ex. EC	£443
	Ex. W	innie Madikizela Mandela
NAME OF LOCAL MUNICIPALITY	Local	Municipality
DISTRICT MUNIC CODE	DC44	
DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY	Alfrea	Ndzo District Municipality
PROVINCE	Easte	rn Cape
PERIOD FOR THIS REPORT		
DATE	2022-	2023
NAME OF PERSON COMPLETING REPORT	Ms. P.	Luhabe
CONTACT DETAILS OF PERSON COMPLETING THIS REPORT	Pho	
	ne	
	(lan	
	d)	0392510230
	Pho	
	ne	
	(cell	
)	0836993493
	Ema	
	il	luhabep@mbizana.gov.za

Output Reporting Template: 2022-23

Only when an indicator or data element is not reported during the pilot

2022-23									auring the pi	ΙΟι	
	Performance indicator	Ref	Data element	Baselin	Annual	Va	Re	Re	Reasons for no data, if	Ste	Est
		No.		е	target	ria	as	me	not provided	ps	im
				(Annua	for	tio	on(dia		und	ate
				1	2022/23	n	s)	I		erta	d
				Perfor			for	act		ken	dat
				mance			var	ion		, or	е
				of			iati			to	wh
				2021/2			on			be	en
				2						und	dat
				estimat						erta	а
				ed)						ken	will
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										pro	av
										vid	ail
										е	abl
										dat	е
			_								

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EE1.11 Number of dwellings provided with connections to mains electricity supply by the municipality EE1. (1) Number of residential supply points energised and commissioned by the municipality 42 159 731	re
EE1. (1) Number of residential supply points energised and commissioned by the municipality 42 159 731 11(1) points energised and commissioned by the municipality 42 159 731 11(1) points energised and commissioned by the municipality 42 159 731 11(1) points energised and commissioned by the municipality 42 159 731 11(1) 11	
EE3.11 Percentage of unplanned outages that are restored to supply within industry standard timeframes EE3. (1) Number of residential supply points energised and commissioned by the municipality 42 159 731 7	
EE3.11 Percentage of unplanned outages that are restored to supply within industry standard timeframes EE3. (1) Number of unplanned outages restored within x hours (2) Total number of unplanned outages restored within x hours (2) Total number of unplanned outages (2) Total number of unplanned outages (2) Total number of preventative maintenance (2) Budgeted number of maintenance (2) Budgeted number of maintenance (2) Budgeted number of preventative maintenance (3) Budgeted number of preventative maintenance (4) In a control of preventative maintenance (5) In a control of preventative maintenance (6) In a control of preventative maintenance (6) In a control of preventative maintenance (7) In a control of preventative (7) In a con	
EE3. (1) Number of unplanned outages restored within x hours (2) Total number of unplanned outages restored within x hours (2) Total number of unplanned outages 118 19 118 19 118 19 118 19 118 19 118 19 118 19 118 19 19	
EE3. 21 Percentage of planned maintenance performance EE3. 21(1) Festored within x hours (2) Total number of unplanned outages EE3. 21(1) Actual number of maintenance (2) Budgeted number of maintenance (2) Budgeted number of maintenance (2) Budgeted number of maintenance (3) Budgeted number of maintenance (4) Budgeted number of maintenance (5) For planned or preventative maintenance (5) For planned or preventative maintenance (6) For planned or preventative maintenance (7) For planned or preventative maintenance (8) For planned or preventative maintenance (8) For planned or preventative maintenance (9) For planned or prevent	
EE3. 21 Percentage of planned maintenance performance EE3. 21(1) (1) Actual number of maintenance (2) Budgeted number of maintenance (2) Budgeted number of maintenance (3) Budgeted number of maintenance (4) Budgeted number of maintenance (5) Budgeted number of maintenance (6) Budgeted number of maintenance (7) Budgeted number of maintenance (8) Budgeted number	
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21(1) 'jobs' for planned or preventative maintenance EE3. (2) Budgeted number of maintenance 'jobs' for planned or preventative maintenance or preventative maintenance maintenance	
21(2) maintenance 'jobs' for planned or preventative maintenance	
WS1. (1) Number of new sewer connection to consumer units (2) Number of new sewer (2) Number of new sewer (2) Number of new sewer (3) Alfred Ndzo District (4/0)	
facilities Connections to communal follet Municipality Function	
WS2.11 Number of new water connections meeting minimum standards	
WS2. (1) Number of new water connections to piped (tap) water Alfred Ndzo District Municipality Function	
WS2. 11(2)	
WS3.11 Percentage of callouts responded to within 24 hours (sanitation/wastewater)	
WS3. (1) Number of callouts responded to within 24 hours (sanitation/wastewater) Alfred Ndzo District Municipality Function	
WS3. (2) Total number of callouts 11(2) (sanitation/wastetwater) Alfred Ndzo District Municipality Function	
WS3.21 Percentage of callouts responded to within 24 hours (water)	

	21(1) wi) Number of callouts responded to ithin 24 hours (water)				Alfred Ndzo District Municipality Function	
		2) Total water service callouts				Alfred Ndzo District	
TR6.12	21(2) re Percentage of surfaced municipal road lanes which has been resurface	eceived ed and resealed				Municipality Function	
1110.12							
	TR6. (1 12(1) la	Kilometres of municipal road resurfaced and resealed	1	0,60			
		2) Kilometres of surfaced municipal bad lanes	755	0,00		There is no planned kilometres of surfaced municipal road lanes	
TR6.13	KMs of new municipal road lanes built					manioipai roda farico	
		Number of kilometres of esurfaced road lanes built	755	0		There are no kilometers of resurfaced road lanes built	
	TR6. (2 13(2) ur	Number of kilometres of nsurfaced road lanes built	755	13.2			
TR6.21	Percentage of reported pothole complaints resolved within standard mu	unicipal response time					
	21(1) re	Number of pothole complaints solved within the standard time fter being reported	294	200,00			
		2) Number of potholes reported	200m²	200,00			
FD1.11	Percentage of compliance with the required attendance time for structu	ural firefighting incidents					
	11(1) in) Number of structural fire icidents where the attendance time ias less than 14 minutes				Alfred Ndzo District Municipality Function	
		2) Total number of distress calls for				Alfred Ndzo District	
LED1.11	11(2) st Percentage of total municipal operating expenditure spent on contracte within the municipal area	tructural fire incidents received ed services physically residing				Municipality Function	
	.11(1 or) m	R-value of operating expenditure contracted services within the inicipal area	65 462 278,00	24 711 903,00			
		2) Total municipal operating expenditure on contracted services	93 517 540,00	216 574 422,00			
LED1.21	Number of work opportunities created through Public Employment Progother related employment programmes)						
	LED1 (1 .21(1 pr) th	Number of work opportunities rovided by the municipality through ne Expanded Public Works rogramme	256	400			
	LED1 (2	2) Number of work opportunities rovided through the Community	256	400,00			
		Daga 412 of 420					

			Works Programme and other related infrastructure initiatives					
LED2.12	Percentage of the municipality's operating budget spent or	n indigen	t relief for free basic services					
		GG6. 11(1)	expenditure spent on free basic services	6 342 508,00	5 717 559,00			
		GG6. 11(2)	(2) Total operating budgets for the municipality	403 926 326,00	433 529 368,00			
LED3.11	Average time taken to finalise business licence application	s	ı	020,00				
		LED3 .11(1	(1) Sum of the total working days per business application finalised	14	14			
		LED3 .11(2	(2) Number of business applications finalised	7	8			
LED3.31	Average number of days from the point of advertising to the	e letter c	of award per 80/20 procurement					
	process	LED3 .31(1)	(1) Sum of the number of days from the point of advertising a tender in terms of the 80/20 procurement process to the issuing of the letter	109	109			
		LED3 .31(2	of award (2) Total number of 80/20 tenders awarded as per the procurement process	42	42		Some tenders were re- advertised due to non- responsiveness of Bids	
LED3.32	Percentage of municipal payments made to service provided days of invoice submission	ers who	submitted complete forms within 30-					
		LED3 .32(1	(1) Number of municipal payments within 30-days of complete invoice receipt made to service providers	1518	1500			
		LED3 .32(2	(2) Total number of complete invoices received (30 days or older)	1518	1500			
GG1.21	Staff vacancy rate							
		GG1. 21(1)	(1) The number of employees on the approved organisational structure	282	0		Recruitment happens as and when there is a termination in an already existing position, that is the reason why recruitment is not tabulated on the SDBIP	

00400	GG1. 21(2)	(2) The number of permanent employees in the municipality	266	0,00		Recruitment happens as and when there is a termination in an already existing position, that is the reason why recruitment is not tabulated on the SDBIP	
GG1.22	Percentage of vacant posts filled within 3 months						
	GG1. 22(1)	(1) Number of vacant posts filled within 3 months since the date (dd/mm/yyyy) of authority to proceed with filling the vacancy	40	16			
	GG1. 21(2)	(2) Number of vacant posts that	17	16,00			
GG2.11	Percentage of ward committees with 6 or more ward committee me	embers (excluding the ward councillor)					
	GG2. 11(1)	(1) Total number of ward committees with 6 or more members	310	310			
	GG2. 11(2)	(2) Total number of wards	31	31			
GG2.12	Percentage of wards that have held at least one councillor-convene	ed community meeting					
	GG2. 12(1)	(1) Total number of councillor convened ward community meetings	31	31			
	GG2. 12(2)	(2) Total number of wards	31	31			
GG2.31	Percentage of official complaints responded to through the municip	al complaint management system					
	GG2. 31(1)	(1) Number of official complaints responded to according to municipal norms and standards	15	40			
	GG2. 31(2)	(2) Number of official complaints received	20	40			
GG4.11	Number of agenda items deferred to the next council meeting	received					
	GG4. 11(1)	(1) Sum total number of all council agenda items deferred to the next meeting	3			unable to etimate before the seating of the Council	
GG5.11	Number of active suspensions longer than three months	13					
	GG5. 11(1)	(1) Simple count of the number of active suspensions in the municipality lasting more than three months	1			unable to estimate	
GG5.12	Quarterly salary bill of suspended officials						

GG5. (1) Sum of the salary bill for all suspended officials for the report period		
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QUARTERLY COMPLIANCE INDICATORS

C1.	Number of signed performance agreements by the MM and section 56 managers	6	6	All position filled	
C2.	Number of ExCo or Mayoral Executive meetings held	8	4,00		
C3.	Number of Council portfolio committee meetings held	42	36,00		
C4.	Number of MPAC meetings held	3	4,00		
C6.	Number of formal (minuted) meetings between the Mayor, Speaker and MM were held to deal with municipal matters	0	None	Meetings convened between Mayor, Speaker and MM are not minuted or scheduled.	
C7.	Number of formal (minuted) meetings - to which all senior managers were invited- held	3	3,00		
C8.	Number of councillors completed training	0	62,00		
C9.	Number of municipal officials completed training	0	102,00		
C10.	Number of work stoppages occurring	0	0,00	There are no work stoppages occurring	
C11.	Number of litigation cases instituted by the municipality	4	0,00	Unable to predict the number of litigation cases to be instituted on quarterely basis. Litigation cannot be planned. As Legal Services we mitigate litigation, idealy litigation should not be encouraged.	
C12.	Number of litigation cases instituted against the municipality	15	0,00	Unable to predict the number of litigation cases to be instituted on quarterely basis. Litigation cannot be planned. As Legal Services we mitigate litigation, idealy litigation should not be encouraged.	
		0	0,00	Forensic invetigations are	
C13.	Number of forensic investigations instituted	0	0,00	not instituted Forensic invetigations are	
C14.	Number of forensic investigations conducted	374	0	not conducted	
C15.	Number of days of sick leave taken by employees	224	16	Unable to estimate	
C16.	Number of permanent employees employed	224	10		

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C17.	Number of temporary employees employed	0	0		No temporary positions within the municipality	
C18.	Number of approved demonstrations in the municipal area	0			Unable to estimate up until they are reported	
C19.	Number of recognised traditional and Khoi-San leaders in attendance (sum of) at all council meetings	12	12,00		Traditional leaders	
C20.	Number of permanent environmental health practitioners employed by the municipality	0	1			
C22.	Number of Council meetings held	9	4,00			
C23.	Number of disciplinary cases for misconduct relating to fraud and corruption	3	0		Unable to estimate	
C24.	Number of council meetings disrupted	0	None		Council meetings are held virtual	
C25.	Number of protests reported	2	0,00		Unable to estimate up until they are reported	
G25.	Number of protests reported	113	198 655		The Variance is coursed by	
C26.	R-value of all tenders awarded	150 433,00	807,81		number of re-adverts made	
C27.	Number of all awards made in terms of Section 36 of the MFMA Municipal Supply Chain Management Regulations	0	0			
	R-value of all awards made in terms of Section 36 of the MFMA Municipal Supply Chain Management	0	0			
C28.	Regulations	3	3,00			
C29.	Number of approved applications for rezoning a property for commercial purposes	8	8,00			
C30.	Number of business licenses approved	1	1			
C32.	Number of positions filled with regard to municipal infrastructure	48	48			
C22	Number of tanders over P200 000 averded	10	10			
C33.	Number of tenders over R200 000 awarded	47	12			
C34.	Number of months the Municipal Managers' position has been filled (not Acting)	45	12			
C35.	Number of months the Chief Financial Officers' position has been filled (not Acting)	0	0			
C36.	Number of vacant posts of senior managers	30	0			
C38.	Number of filled posts in the treasury and budget office	20	0			
C40.	Number of filled posts in the development and planning department	0	0		no registered engineering	
C42.	Number of registered engineers employed in approved posts		0		postions	
C43.	Number of engineers employed in approved posts	0	0		no registered engineering postions	
C44.	Number of disciplinary cases in the municipality	3	0		unable to estimate	
C45.	Number of finalised disciplinary cases	0	0		unable to estimate	
C47.	Number of waste management posts filled	2	2			

		1 2			
C49.	Number of electricians employed in approved posts	3	2		
054		0	0,00	Alfred Ndzo District	
C51.	Number of filled water and wastewater management posts Number of customers provided with an alternative energy supply (e.g. LPG or paraffin or biogel	5600	5150,00	Municipality Function	
C56.	according to supply level standards)				
C57.	Number of registered electricity consumers with a mini grid-based system in the municipal service area	5150	5150,00		
007.	Number of regional discussive conduction with a mining of business dystem in the manishpar convice and	155039	0,00	Lossses cannot be	
050	T	.57		planned for until they	
C58.	Total non-technical electricity losses in MWh (estimate)	Kwh 0	2,00	happen Solar installed in municipal	
			2,00	buildings but not yet	
C59.	Number of municipal buildings that consume renewable energy			operating	
C61.	Total number of chemical toilets in operation	0		Alfred Ndzo District Municipality Function	
C01.	Total number of chemical tollets in operation	0		Alfred Ndzo District	
C63.	Total volume of water delivered by water trucks	· ·		Municipality Function	
007		0		Alfred Ndzo District	
C67.	Number of paid full-time firefighters employed by the municipality	0		Municipality Function Alfred Ndzo District	
C68.	Number of part-time and firefighter reservists in the service of the municipality			Municipality Function	
000		0		No displaced persons in	
C69.	Number of 'displaced persons' to whom the municipality delivered assistance	0		the municipality	
C71.	Number of procurement processes where disputes were raised			No Disputes are raised	
				Alfred Ndzo District Municipality Function	
				under disaster	
C73.	Number of structural fires occurring in informal settlements			management unit	
				Alfred Ndzo District	
				Municipality Function under disaster	
C74.	Number of dwellings in informal settelements affected by structural fires (estimate)			management unit	
	Number of SMMEs and informal businesses benefitting from municipal digitisation support programmes		20,00	No municipal digitisation	
C76.	rolled out directly or in partnership with other stakeholders			support programmes planned	
	,			Total amount spent on	
		248 279	324 993 591,00	more than 51% at least	
C77.	B-BBEE Procurement Spend on Empowering Suppliers that are at least 51% black owned based	971,00	591,00	black woman owwed	
				Total amount spent on	
		198	216 662 394,00	30% at least black woman	
C78.	B-BBEE Procurement Spend on Empowering Suppliers that are at least 30% black women owned	983 977,00	394,00	owwed	
				Total amount on B-BBEE	
		298	541 655	Procurement Spend from	
C79.	B-BBEE Procurement Spend from all Empowering Suppliers based on the B-BBEE Procurement	475 965,00	985,00	all Empowering Suppliers	
			_		

					based on the B-BBEE Procurement	
C86.	Number of households in the municipal area registered as indigent	11 908,00	17215,0 0			
C89.	Number of meetings of the Excutive or Mayoral Committee postponed due to lack of quorum	0			unable to estimate how many meeting will be postponed due to lack of quorum	

000.	Number of freelings of the Excurve of Mayoral Committee postponed due to lack of quorum	quotum
	COMPLIANCE QUE	STIONS
Q1.	Does the municipality have an approved Performance Management Framework?	Yes
Q2.	Has the IDP been adopted by Council by the target date?	Yes
Q3.	Does the municipality have an approved LED Strategy?	yes
Q4.	What are the main causes of work stoppage in the past quarter by type of stoppage?	None
Q5.	How many public meetings were held in the last quarter at which the Mayor or members of the Mayoral/Executive committee provided a report back to the public?	35
Q6.	When was the last scientifically representative community feedback survey undertaken in the municipality?	2015
Q7.	What are the biggest causes of complaints or dissatisfaction from the community feedback survey? Indicate the top four issues in order of priority.	Road construction and maintenance,water shortage, provision of RDP Houses, health care facilities.
Q8.	Please list the locality, date and cause of each incident of protest within the municipal area during the reporting period:	0
Q9.	Does the municipality have an Internal Audit Unit?	Yes
Q10.	Is there a dedicated position responsible for internal audits?	Yes
Q11.	Is the internal audit position filled or vacant?	2
Q12.	Has an Audit Committee been established? If so, is it functional?	Yes, it is functional
Q13.	Has the internal audit plan been approved by the Audit Committee?	Yes

Q14.	Has an Internal Audit Charter and Audit Committee charter been approved and adopted?	Yes			
Q15.	Does the internal audit plan set monthly targets?	Yes			
Q16.	How many monthly targets in the internal audit plan were not achieved?	0			
Q17.	Does the Municipality have a dedicated SMME support unit or facility in place either directly or in partnership with a relevant roleplayer?	yes			
Q18.	What economic incentive policies adopted by Council does the municipality have by date of adoption?	No			
Q19.	Is the municipal supplier database aligned with the Central Supplier Database?	Yes			
Q20.	What is the number of steps a business must comply with when applying for a construction permit before final document is received?				
Q22	Please list the name of the structure and date of every meeting of an official IGR structure that the municipality participated in this quarter:	7 Sept 2022			
Q23.	Where is the organisational responsibility for the IGR support function located within the municipality (inclusive of the reporting line)?	Municipal Managers Office - Communications Section			
Q24.	Is the MPAC functional? List the reasons why if the answer is not 'Yes'.	Yes			
Q25.	Has a report by the Executive Committee on all decisions it has taken been submitted to Council this financial year?	Yes			